

PROTECTING THE PUBLIC AT FIXED CONSTRUCTION SITES





Line Managers/Supervisors MUST ensure that all work activities and all other activities associated with

STAGE

PLANNING

Protecting the Public at Fixed Construction Sites are assessed at the planning stage and also on site at the operational stage.

FENCING Line Managers/Supervisors MUST at the planning stage of an undertaking, identify the type of perimeter fencing required, the size of the perimeter and how perimeter

IDENTIFYING THE

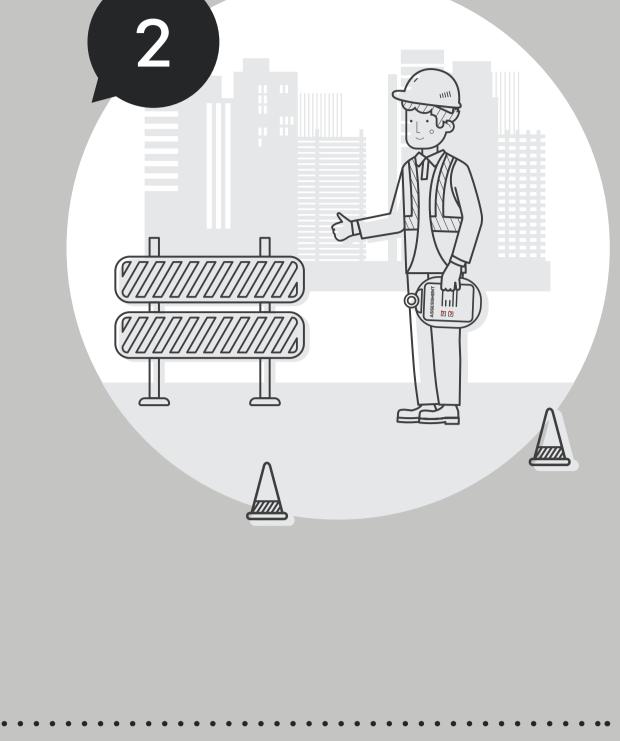
TYPE OF

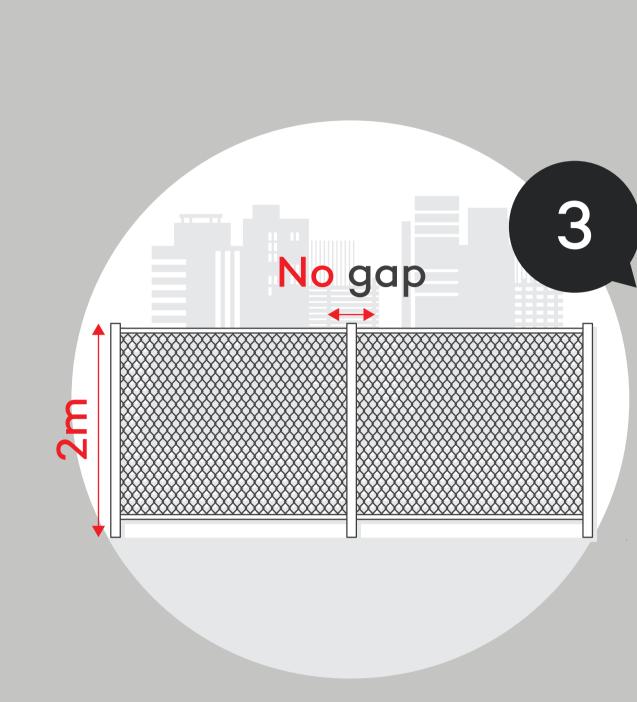
PERIMETER

fencing shall be maintained to ensure site is secure. Factors to consider include: · The nature and type of construction work · How heavily populated is the area · Who will need to visit the site during the work

- Whether the site may attract children
- Site characteristics







ACCESS

Ensure access and egress to the site is controlled.

sides, does not allow hand or footholds, for climbing when undertaking Major Construction Works. • If there is a need to remove an in-

SPECIFICATION

Ensure that the fencing is 2m high, locked together, no gaps at base or

FENCING/

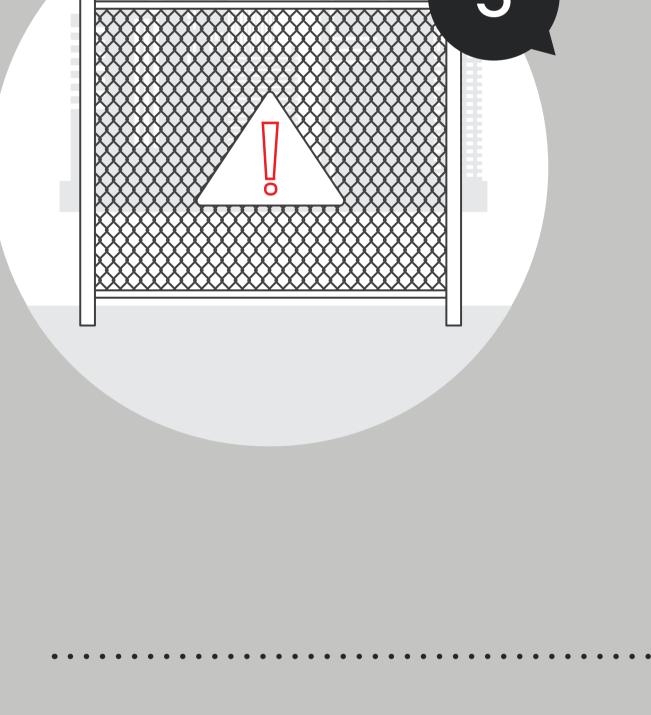
BARRIER

situ barrier system, then the Line Manager/Supervisor MUST ensure a specification for replacement and/ or temporary replacement is obtained from the barrier owner Temporary physical barriers MUST

- be sourced in line with specification prior to work activity commencing Temporary physical barriers MUST be installed immediately Temporary barriers MUST remain in place until work activity allows permanent barrier system to be re-
- installed All employees on site MUST be made aware of the need to ensure a physical barrier remains in place at all times
- · All associated hazards and subsequent controls are documented within the site specific Risk Assessment Line Manager/Supervisor MUST
- Line Manager/Supervisor MUST ensure replacement and/ or temporary barrier replacement MUST be sourced to the equivalent standard of the physical barrier in situ, as a minimum, prior to work activity commencing.







information to be made available to employees and others who may visit the site. • Site PPE requirements if applicable

on signage in prominent positions

Speed restrictions

• Parking restrictions

both internally and externally to any site in order for **health and safety**

• Vehicle movement requirements • Location of reception/site office • Fire assembly points First Aid points Any other site specific information/restrictions • Specified hazards

- equipment • Hazardous substances · Storing and stacking material • Electricity and other energy sources

SPECIFIED

HAZARDS

Ensure that account is

and controls are clearly documented. Types of

• Scaffolding and other access equipment

pedestrian areas

· Plant/machinery and

Openings and excavations

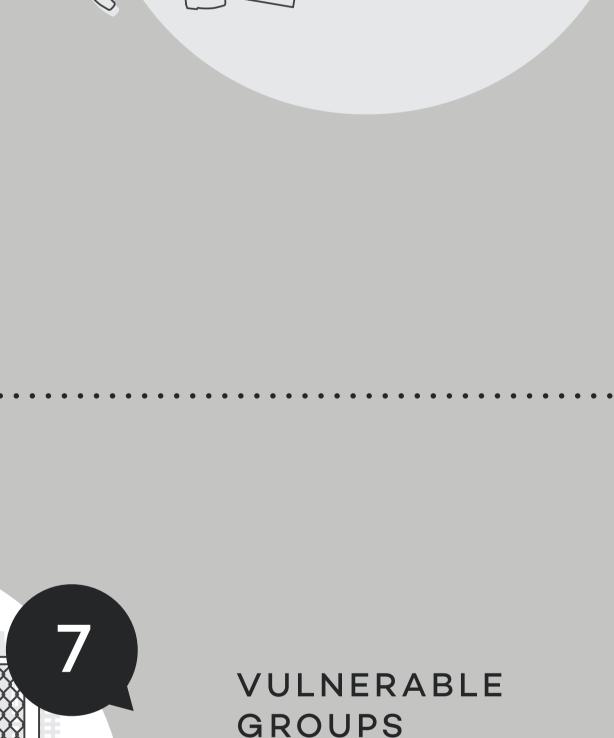
· Slips, trips and falls within

taken of specified hazards

specified hazards include:

sparks • Falling objects · Deliveries, loading and unloading

• Dust, noise, vibration and





with or are in the vicinity of vulnerable groups/premises

• Respective responsibilities

• Mechanisms of co-operation

• Controlling access to the areas

where construction works

are being carried out

Emergency procedures

give consideration of:

and co-ordination

• Providing information

about risks

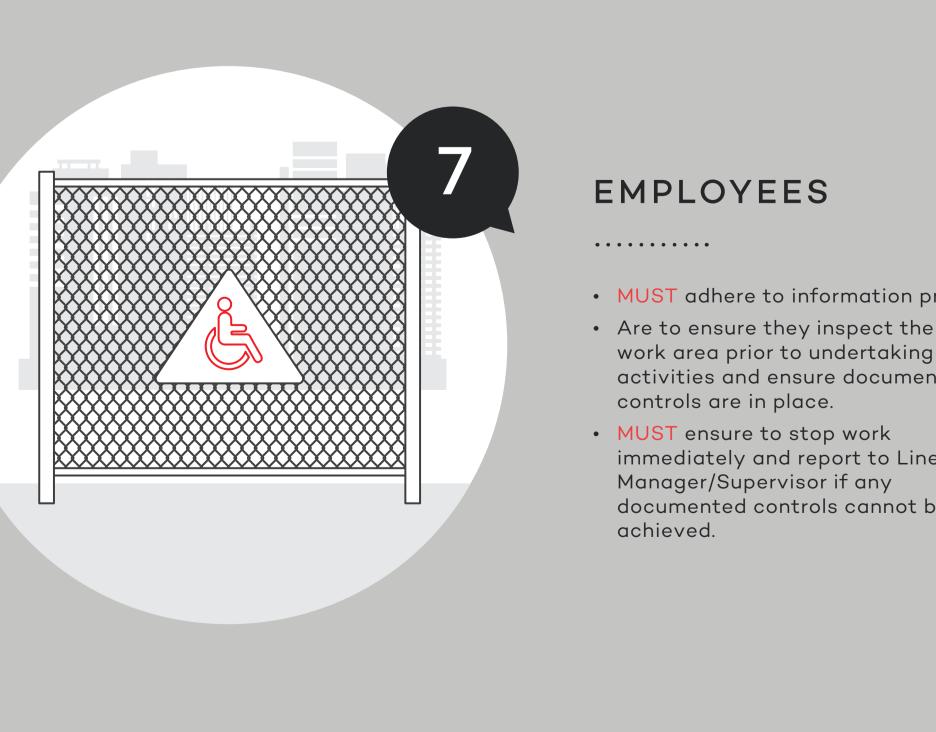
Ensure that account is taken for

controls clearly documented.

vulnerable groups and premises, and

• The disabled, elderly and children,

schools, hospitals and care homes



· Work activities associated with protecting the public are to be assessed at the planning and on site operational stages · Identify the type of perimeter fencing required, size of perimeter and

achieved

SUMMARY





FOR MORE INFORMATION OR IF YOU

HAVE ANY CONCERNS CONTACT



