

Prueba de Laboratorio [Solución]

Modelo C01 – Paso de Mensajes

APELLIDOS: _____

NOMBRE: _____

GRUPO DE LABORATORIO: _____

Indicaciones:

- No se permiten libros, apuntes ni teléfonos móviles.
- Cuando tenga una solución al ejercicio (compilación + ejecución) muéstrela al profesor.
- Debe anotar su solución por escrito en el espacio disponible en este cuestionario.

Calificación

Enunciado

Construya, utilizando ANSI C estándar, tres ejecutables que modelen el siguiente sistema. La simulación constará de un proceso *manager* que almacenará en un array una cadena de caracteres obtenida de la línea de órdenes y encargará su procesamiento a procesos de dos tipos: *processor* y *decoder*. El usuario ejecutará un proceso *manager* indicándole cuatro argumentos:

```
./exec/manager <encoded_data> <key> <n_processors> <n_subvectors>
```

Este proceso *manager* cargará un vector con los elementos de la cadena *encoded_data*, empleando el punto como separador de elementos. Este vector estará formado por números enteros que tendrán que tratar los *processors* y el proceso *decoder*. Esta cadena se dividirá en tantos subvectores como se indique en el cuarto argumento *n_subvectors*. En *n_processors* se indicará el número de procesos de tipo *processor* que se lanzarán para tratar los subvectores.

Los *processors* se encargarán de sumar el valor especificado en el parámetro *key* a cada elemento del vector. Así, el proceso *manager* se encargará de repartir el procesamiento del vector original en subvectores, asignando en cada momento un subvector a un *processor* que esté ocioso, hasta que se asignen todos los subvectores. En cada asignación, el proceso *manager* les indicará a los *processors* el fragmento del vector que deben procesar, junto con la clave (*key*) que indicó el usuario por línea de órdenes.

Cuando todos los subvectores hayan sido procesados, el *manager* llamará al **único proceso *decoder*** del sistema, el cual se encargará de decodificar cada número del vector de elementos (ya procesados por los *processors*) en un carácter ASCII. El *decoder* trabajará directamente con el vector completo. La correspondencia de traducción se resume en la siguiente tabla (la última fila de la tabla es la correspondencia del carácter con su código ASCII necesario para realizar la decodificación). Si el número entero a decodificar es mayor que 52, se traducirá siempre como un espacio en blanco.

Entero	1	2	...	25	26	27	28	...	51	52	>52
Traducción	a	b	...	y	z	A	B	...	Y	Z	(Espacio Blanco)
Código ASCII	97	98	...	121	122	65	66	...	89	90	32

Consideraciones

- No es obligatorio, aunque sí muy recomendable, incluir la comprobación de errores.
- Preste especial atención a lograr el máximo paralelismo posible en la solución.

Resolución

Utilice el código fuente suministrado a continuación como plantilla para resolver el ejercicio. Este código no debe ser modificado. Únicamente debe incorporar su código en las secciones indicadas.

A continuación se muestra una tabla con los buzones de mensajes utilizados.

Buzón	Uso
MQ_RAW_DATA	Usado por el <i>manager</i> para enviar subvectores
MQ_PROCESSED_DATA	Usado por los <i>processors</i> para enviar subvectores ya procesados (clave sumada)
MQ_ENCODED_DATA	Usado por el <i>manager</i> para enviar todo el vector codificado
MQ_DECODED_DATA	Usado por el <i>decoder</i> para enviar todo el vector decodificado

Test de Resultado Correcto

Una vez resuelto el ejercicio, si ejecuta el *manager* con los siguientes argumentos (4 subvectores, 2 procesadores, empleando como clave 4), se debe obtener el resultado indicado a continuación. Lógicamente, los PIDs asociados a los *processors*, y el orden de ejecución de los mismos, podrá ser diferente.

```
./exec/manager 45.1.8.8.56.0.11.10.1 4 2 4
```

```
[MANAGER] 2 PROCESSOR processes created.
[MANAGER] 1 DECODER processes created.

----- [MANAGER] Tasks sent -----

[PROCESSOR] 2850 | Start: 2 End: 3
[PROCESSOR] 2851 | Start: 0 End: 1
[PROCESSOR] 2851 | Start: 4 End: 5
[PROCESSOR] 2850 | Start: 6 End: 8

----- [MANAGER] Printing result -----
Decoded result: Well done

----- [MANAGER] Terminating running child processes -----
[MANAGER] Terminating PROCESSOR process [2850]...
[MANAGER] Terminating PROCESSOR process [2851]...

----- [MANAGER] Freeing resources -----
```

✂ Complete el resultado obtenido de la ejecución con la siguiente lista de argumentos (make solution):

```
./exec/manager 19.5.4.-3.8.-9.10.9.62.5.4.62.-9.62.23.5.5.-6.62.26.5.-8 10 4 7
```

Mensaje decodificado:

Resultado: **Congrats on a Good Job**

Esqueleto de Código Fuente

A continuación se muestra el esqueleto de código fuente para resolver el ejercicio.

Makefile

```

1  DIROBJ := obj/
2  DIREXE := exec/
3  DIRHEA := include/
4  DIRSRC := src/
5
6  CFLAGS := -I$(DIRHEA) -c -Wall -std=c99
7  LDLIBS := -lrt
8  CC := gcc
9
10 all : dirs manager processor decoder
11
12 dirs:
13     mkdir -p $(DIROBJ) $(DIREXE)
14
15 manager: $(DIROBJ)manager.o
16     $(CC) -o $(DIREXE)$@ $^ $(LDLIBS)
17 processor: $(DIROBJ)processor.o
18     $(CC) -o $(DIREXE)$@ $^ $(LDLIBS)
19 decoder: $(DIROBJ)decoder.o
20     $(CC) -o $(DIREXE)$@ $^ $(LDLIBS)
21
22 $(DIROBJ)%.o: $(DIRSRC)%.c
23     $(CC) $(CFLAGS) $^ -o $@
24
25 test:
26     ./exec/manager 45.1.8.8.56.0.11.10.1 4 2 4
27 solution:
28     ./exec/manager 19.5.4.-3.8.-9.10.9.62.5.4.62.-9.62.23.5.5.-6.62.26.5.-8 10 4 7
29
30 clean :
31     rm -rf *~ core $(DIROBJ) $(DIREXE) $(DIRHEA)*~ $(DIRSRC)*~

```

definitions.h

```

32 #define MQ_RAW_DATA           "/mq_raw_data"
33 #define MQ_PROCESSED_DATA     "/mq_processed_data"
34 #define MQ_ENCODED_DATA      "/mq_encoded_data"
35 #define MQ_DECODED_DATA      "/mq_decoded_data"
36
37 #define PROCESSOR_CLASS      "PROCESSOR"
38 #define PROCESSOR_PATH       "./exec/processor"
39 #define DECODER_CLASS        "DECODER"
40 #define DECODER_PATH         "./exec/decoder"
41
42 #define MAX_ARRAY_SIZE 1024
43 #define NUM_DECODERS 1
44 #define SEPARATOR "."
45 #define TRUE 1
46 #define FALSE 0
47
48 /* Used in MQ_RAW_DATA and MQ_PROCESSED_DATA */
49 struct MsgProcessor_t {
50     char data[MAX_ARRAY_SIZE]; /* Data of the subvector to be processed */
51     int index_start;           /* Start subvector index */
52     int n_elements;            /* Number of elements in the subvector */
53     int key;                   /* Key to carry out the 'processing' */
54 };
55
56 /* Used in MQ_ENCODED_DATA and MQ_DECODED_DATA */
57 struct MsgDecoder_t {
58     char data[MAX_ARRAY_SIZE]; /* Full vector to be decoded */
59     int n_elements;            /* Number of elements to be decoded */
60 };
61
62 enum ProcessClass_t {PROCESSOR, DECODER};
63
64 struct TProcess_t {
65     enum ProcessClass_t class; /* PROCESSOR or DECODER */
66     pid_t pid;                /* Process ID */
67     char *str_process_class;   /* String representation of the process class */
68 };

```

manager.c

```

69 #define _POSIX_SOURCE
70 #define _BSD_SOURCE
71
72 #include <errno.h>
73 #include <mqueue.h>
74 #include <signal.h>
75 #include <stdio.h>
76 #include <stdlib.h>
77 #include <string.h>
78 #include <sys/mman.h>
79 #include <sys/stat.h>
80 #include <sys/types.h>
81 #include <sys/wait.h>
82 #include <unistd.h>
83
84 #include <definitions.h>
85
86 /* Total number of processes */
87 int g_nProcesses;
88 /* 'Process table' (child processes) */
89 struct TProcess_t *g_process_table;
90
91 /* Process management */
92 void create_processes_by_class(enum ProcessClass t class, int n_processes,
93                               int index_process_table);
94 pid_t create_single_process(const char *class, const char *path, const char *argv);
95 void get_str_process_info(enum ProcessClass t class, char **path, char **str_process_class);
96 void init_process_table(int n_processors, int n_decoders);
97 void terminate_processes();
98 void wait_processes();
99
100 /* Message queue management */
101 void create_message_queue(const char *mq_name, mode_t mode, long mq_maxmsg, long mq_msgsize,
102                           mqd_t *q_handler);
103 void close_message_queues(mqd_t q_handler_raw_data, mqd_t q_handler_processed_data,
104                           mqd_t q_handler_encoded_data, mqd_t q_handler_decoded_data);
105
106 /* Task management */
107 void send_raw_data(int key, int n_subvectors, struct MsgProcessor t *msg_task,
108                  struct MsgDecoder t *msg_result, mqd_t q_handler_raw_data);
109 void receive_encoded_data(int n_subvectors, struct MsgProcessor t *msg_task,
110                           struct MsgDecoder t *msg_result, mqd_t q_handler_processed_data);
111 void decode(struct MsgDecoder t *msg_result, mqd_t q_handler_encoded_data,
112             mqd_t q_handler_decoded_data);
113
114 /* Auxiliar functions */
115 void free_resources();
116 void generate_message_with_input_data(struct MsgDecoder t *msg_result,
117                                       char *encoded_input_data);
118 void install_signal_handler();
119 void parse_argv(int argc, char *argv[], char **p_encoded_input_data, int *key,
120                int *n_processors, int *n_subvectors);
121 void print_result(struct MsgDecoder t *msg_result);
122 void signal_handler(int signo);
123
124 /***** Main function *****/
125
126 int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
127     mqd_t q_handler_raw_data, q_handler_processed_data;
128     mqd_t q_handler_encoded_data, q_handler_decoded_data;
129     mode_t mode_create_read_only = (O_RDONLY | O_CREAT);
130     mode_t mode_create_write_only = (O_WRONLY | O_CREAT);
131     struct MsgProcessor t msg_task;
132     struct MsgDecoder t msg_result;
133
134     char *encoded_input_data;
135     int key, n_processors, n_subvectors;
136
137     /* Install signal handler and parse arguments */
138     install_signal_handler();
139     parse_argv(argc, argv, &encoded_input_data, &key, &n_processors, &n_subvectors);
140
141     /* Init the process table */
142     init_process_table(n_processors, NUM_DECODERS);
143
144     /* Create message queues */
145     create_message_queue(MQ_RAW_DATA, mode_create_write_only, n_subvectors,
146                         sizeof(struct MsgProcessor t), &q_handler_raw_data);
147     create_message_queue(MQ_PROCESSED_DATA, mode_create_read_only, n_subvectors,
148                         sizeof(struct MsgProcessor t), &q_handler_processed_data);
149     create_message_queue(MQ_ENCODED_DATA, mode_create_write_only, 1,
150                         sizeof(struct MsgDecoder t), &q_handler_encoded_data);
151     create_message_queue(MQ_DECODED_DATA, mode_create_read_only, 1,
152                         sizeof(struct MsgDecoder t), &q_handler_decoded_data);
153
154     /* Create processes */
155     create_processes_by_class(PROCESSOR, n_processors, 0);
156     create_processes_by_class(DECODER, NUM_DECODERS, n_processors);

```

```

145  /* Generate a message with the input data */
146  generate_message_with_input_data(&msg_result, encoded_input_data);
147
148  /* Manage tasks */
149  send_raw_data(key, n_subvectors, &msg_task, &msg_result, q_handler_raw_data);
150  receive_encoded_data(n_subvectors, &msg_task, &msg_result, q_handler_processed_data);
151  decode(&msg_result, q_handler_encoded_data, q_handler_decoded_data);
152
153  /* Wait for the decoder process */
154  wait_processes();
155
156  /* Print the decoded text */
157  print_result(&msg_result);
158
159  /* Free resources and terminate */
160  close_message_queues(q_handler_raw_data, q_handler_processed_data,
161                      q_handler_encoded_data, q_handler_decoded_data);
161  terminate_processes();
162  free_resources();
163
164  return EXIT_SUCCESS;
165 }
166
167 /***** Process Management *****/
168
169 void create_processes_by_class(enum ProcessClass_t class, int n_processes,
170                              int index_process_table) {
171     char *path = NULL, *str_process_class = NULL;
172     int i;
173     pid_t pid;
174
175     get_str_process_info(class, &path, &str_process_class);
176
177     for (i = index_process_table; i < (index_process_table + n_processes); i++) {
178         pid = create_single_process(path, str_process_class, NULL);
179
180         g_process_table[i].class = class;
181         g_process_table[i].pid = pid;
182         g_process_table[i].str_process_class = str_process_class;
183     }
184
185     printf("[MANAGER] %d %s processes created.\n", n_processes, str_process_class);
186     sleep(1);
187 }
188
189 pid_t create_single_process(const char *path, const char *class, const char *argv) {
190     pid_t pid;
191
192     switch (pid = fork()) {
193     case -1:
194         fprintf(stderr, "[MANAGER] Error creating %s process: %s.\n", class, strerror(errno));
195         terminate_processes();
196         free_resources();
197         exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
198     /* Child process */
199     case 0:
200         if (execl(path, class, argv, NULL) == -1) {
201             fprintf(stderr, "[MANAGER] Error using execl() in %s process: %s.\n",
202                     class, strerror(errno));
203             exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
204         }
205     }
206
207     /* Child PID */
208     return pid;
209 }
210
211 void get_str_process_info(enum ProcessClass_t class, char **path,
212                          char **str_process_class) {
213     switch (class) {
214     case PROCESSOR:
215         *path = PROCESSOR_PATH;
216         *str_process_class = PROCESSOR_CLASS;
217         break;
218     case DECODER:
219         *path = DECODER_PATH;
220         *str_process_class = DECODER_CLASS;
221         break;
222     }
223 }
224
225 void init_process_table(int n_processors, int n_decoders) {
226     int i;
227
228     /* Number of processes to be created */
229     g_nProcesses = n_processors + n_decoders;
230     /* Allocate memory for the 'process table' */
231     g_process_table = malloc(g_nProcesses * sizeof(struct TProcess_t));
232
233     /* Init the 'process table' */
234     for (i = 0; i < g_nProcesses; i++) {
235         g_process_table[i].pid = 0;
236     }
237 }

```

```

235 void terminate_processes() {
236     int i;
237
238     printf("\n----- [MANAGER] Terminating running child processes ----- \n");
239     for (i = 0; i < g_nProcesses; i++) {
240         /* Child process alive */
241         if (g_process_table[i].pid != 0) {
242             printf("[MANAGER] Terminating %s process [%d]...\n",
243                 g_process_table[i].str_process_class, g_process_table[i].pid);
244             if (kill(g_process_table[i].pid, SIGINT) == -1) {
245                 fprintf(stderr, "[MANAGER] Error using kill() on process %d: %s.\n",
246                     g_process_table[i].pid, strerror(errno));
247             }
248         }
249     }
250 }
251
252 void wait_processes() {
253     int i;
254     pid_t pid;
255
256     /* Wait for the termination of the DECODER process */
257     pid = wait(NULL);
258     for (i = 0; i < g_nProcesses; i++) {
259         if (pid == g_process_table[i].pid) {
260             /* Update the 'process table' */
261             g_process_table[i].pid = 0;
262             /* Child process found */
263             break;
264         }
265     }
266 }
267
268 /***** Message queue management *****/
269 void create_message_queue(const char *mq_name, mode_t mode, long mq_maxmsg, long mq_msgsize,
270     mqd_t *q_handler) {
271     struct mq_attr attr;
272
273     attr.mq_maxmsg = mq_maxmsg;
274     attr.mq_msgsize = mq_msgsize;
275     *q_handler = mq_open(mq_name, mode, S_IWUSR | S_IRUSR, &attr);
276 }
277
278 void close_message_queues(mqd_t q_handler_raw_data, mqd_t q_handler_processed_data,
279     mqd_t q_handler_encoded_data, mqd_t q_handler_decoded_data) {
280     mq_close(q_handler_raw_data);
281     mq_close(q_handler_processed_data);
282     mq_close(q_handler_encoded_data);
283     mq_close(q_handler_decoded_data);
284 }
285
286 /***** Task management *****/
287 void send_raw_data(int key, int n_subvectors, struct MsgProcessor_t *msg_task,
288     struct MsgDecoder_t *msg_result, mqd_t q_handler_raw_data) {
289     int i;
290
291     msg_task->key = key;
292     /* n subvectors tasks to be sent */
293     for (i = 0; i < n_subvectors; i++) {
294         /* Set the subvector indexes */
295         msg_task->index_start = i * (msg_result->n_elements / n_subvectors);
296         msg_task->n_elements = msg_result->n_elements / n_subvectors;
297         /* Last task -> adjust the value of n_elements */
298         if (i == n_subvectors - 1) {
299             msg_task->n_elements = msg_result->n_elements - msg_task->index_start;
300         }
301         /* Beware! Copy only the data related to a single subvector */
302         memcpy(msg_task->data, &(msg_result->data[msg_task->index_start]),
303             msg_task->n_elements * sizeof(char));
304         mq_send(q_handler_raw_data, (const char *)msg_task, sizeof(struct MsgProcessor_t), 0);
305     }
306     printf("\n----- [MANAGER] Tasks sent ----- \n\n");
307 }
308
309 void receive_encoded_data(int n_subvectors, struct MsgProcessor_t *msg_task,
310     struct MsgDecoder_t *msg_result, mqd_t q_handler_processed_data) {
311     int i;
312
313     /* n subvectors tasks to be received */
314     for (i = 0; i < n_subvectors; i++) {
315         mq_receive(q_handler_processed_data, (char *)msg_task,
316             sizeof(struct MsgProcessor_t), NULL);
317         /* Beware! Copy only the data related to the processed subvector */
318         memcpy(&(msg_result->data[msg_task->index_start]), msg_task->data,
319             msg_task->n_elements * sizeof(char));
320     }
321 }

```

```

316 void decode(struct MsgDecoder t *msg_result, mqd_t q_handler_encoded_data,
              mqd_t q_handler_decoded_data) {
317     /* Rendezvous with the DECODER process */
318     mq_send(q_handler_encoded_data, (const char *)msg_result, sizeof(struct MsgDecoder_t), 0);
319     mq_receive(q_handler_decoded_data, (char *)msg_result, sizeof(struct MsgDecoder_t), NULL);
320 }
321
322 /***** Auxiliar functions *****/
323
324 void free_resources() {
325     printf("\n----- [MANAGER] Freeing resources ----- \n");
326
327     /* Free the 'process table' memory */
328     free(g_process_table);
329
330     /* Remove message queues */
331     mq_unlink(MQ_RAW_DATA);
332     mq_unlink(MQ_PROCESSED_DATA);
333     mq_unlink(MQ_ENCODED_DATA);
334     mq_unlink(MQ_DECODED_DATA);
335 }
336
337 void generate_message_with_input_data(struct MsgDecoder t *msg_result,
                                      char *encoded_input_data) {
338     int i = 0;
339     char *encoded_character;
340
341     msg_result->data[0] = atoi(strtok(encoded_input_data, SEPARATOR));
342     while ((encoded_character = strtok(NULL, SEPARATOR)) != NULL) {
343         msg_result->data[++i] = atoi(encoded_character);
344     }
345     msg_result->n_elements = ++i;
346 }
347
348 void install_signal_handler() {
349     if (signal(SIGINT, signal_handler) == SIG_ERR) {
350         fprintf(stderr, "[MANAGER] Error installing signal handler: %s.\n", strerror(errno));
351         exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
352     }
353 }
354
355 void parse_argv(int argc, char *argv[], char **p_encoded_input_data, int *key,
                int *n_processors, int *n_subvectors) {
356     if (argc != 5) {
357         fprintf(stderr, "Synopsis: ./exec/manager <encoded_data> <key> <n_processors>
358             <n_subvectors>.\n");
359         exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
360     }
361     *p_encoded_input_data = argv[1];
362     *key = atoi(argv[2]);
363     *n_processors = atoi(argv[3]);
364     *n_subvectors = atoi(argv[4]);
365 }
366
367 void print_result(struct MsgDecoder_t *msg_result) {
368     int i;
369
370     printf("\n----- [MANAGER] Printing result ----- \n");
371     printf("Decoded result: ");
372     for (i = 0; i < msg_result->n_elements; i++) {
373         putchar(msg_result->data[i]);
374     }
375     printf("\n");
376 }
377
378 void signal_handler(int signo) {
379     printf("\n[MANAGER] Program termination (Ctrl + C).\n");
380     terminate_processes();
381     free_resources();
382     exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
383 }

```

processor.c

```

384 #include <fcntl.h>
385 #include <mqueue.h>
386 #include <stdio.h>
387 #include <stdlib.h>
388 #include <sys/stat.h>
389 #include <sys/types.h>
390 #include <unistd.h>
391
392 #include <definitions.h>
393
394 /* Message queue management */
395 void open_message_queue(const char *mq_name, mode_t mode, mqd_t *q_handler);
396
397 /* Task management */
398 void process_raw_data(mqd_t q_handler_raw_data, mqd_t q_handler_processed_data);
399
400 /***** Main function *****/
401
402 int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
403     mqd_t q_handler_raw_data, q_handler_processed_data;
404     mode_t mode_read_only = O_RDONLY;
405     mode_t mode_write_only = O_WRONLY;
406
407     /* Open message queues */
408     open_message_queue(MQ_RAW_DATA, mode_read_only, &q_handler_raw_data);
409     open_message_queue(MQ_PROCESSED_DATA, mode_write_only, &q_handler_processed_data);
410
411     /* Task management */
412     while (TRUE) {
413         process_raw_data(q_handler_raw_data, q_handler_processed_data);
414     }
415
416     return EXIT_SUCCESS;
417 }
418
419 /***** Message queue management *****/
420
421 void open_message_queue(const char *mq_name, mode_t mode, mqd_t *q_handler) {
422     *q_handler = mq_open(mq_name, mode);
423 }
424
425 /***** Task management *****/
426
427 void process_raw_data(mqd_t q_handler_raw_data, mqd_t q_handler_processed_data) {

```

✂ Incluye el código para procesar subvectores (*Longitud aprox. ≈ 9 Líneas de código*)

```

int i;
struct MsgProcessor_t msg_task;

mq_receive(q_handler_raw_data, (char *)&msg_task, sizeof(struct MsgProcessor_t), NULL);
/* Only process the data related to the subvector received */
for (i = 0; i < msg_task.n_elements; i++) {
    msg_task.data[i] += msg_task.key;
}
mq_send(q_handler_processed_data, (const char *)&msg_task, sizeof(struct MsgProcessor_t), 0);

printf("[PROCESSOR] %d | Start: %d End: %d\n", getpid(), msg_task.index_start,
        msg_task.index_start + msg_task.n_elements - 1);
/* Dont remove; simulates complexity */
sleep(1);

428
429 }

```


decoder.c

```

430 #include <fcntl.h>
431 #include <mqueue.h>
432 #include <stdio.h>
433 #include <stdlib.h>
434 #include <sys/stat.h>
435 #include <sys/types.h>
436 #include <unistd.h>
437
438 #include <definitions.h>
439
440 /* Message queue management */
441 void open_message_queue(const char *mq_name, mode_t mode, mqd_t *q_handler);
442
443 /* Task management */
444 void decode_data(mqd_t q_handler_encoded_data, mqd_t q_handler_decoded_data);
445
446 /* Auxiliar functions */
447 void decode_single_character(char *c);
448
449 /***** Main function *****/
450
451 int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
452     mqd_t q_handler_encoded_data, q_handler_decoded_data;
453     mode_t mode_read_only = O_RDONLY;
454     mode_t mode_write_only = O_WRONLY;
455
456     /* Open message queues */
457     open_message_queue(MQ_ENCODED_DATA, mode_read_only, &q_handler_encoded_data);
458     open_message_queue(MQ_DECODED_DATA, mode_write_only, &q_handler_decoded_data);
459
460     /* Task management */
461     decode_data(q_handler_encoded_data, q_handler_decoded_data);
462
463     return EXIT_SUCCESS;
464 }

```

✂ Incluye el resto de código del proceso *decoder* (Longitud aprox. ≈ 20 Líneas de código)

```

/***** Message queue management *****/

void open_message_queue(const char *mq_name, mode_t mode, mqd_t *q_handler) {
    *q_handler = mq_open(mq_name, mode);
}

/***** Task management *****/

void decode_data(mqd_t q_handler_encoded_data, mqd_t q_handler_decoded_data) {
    int i;
    struct MsgDecoder_t msg_result;

    mq_receive(q_handler_encoded_data, (char *)&msg_result, sizeof(struct MsgDecoder_t), NULL);
    /* Decode all the encoded data */
    for (i = 0; i < msg_result.n_elements; i++) {
        decode_single_character(&(msg_result.data[i]));
    }
    mq_send(q_handler_decoded_data, (const char *)&msg_result, sizeof(struct MsgDecoder_t), 0);

    /* Dont remove; simulates complexity */
    sleep(1);
}

/***** Auxiliar functions *****/

void decode_single_character(char *c) {
    if (*c <= 26) *c += 96; /* Lowercase */
    else if (*c <= 52) *c += 38; /* Uppercase */
    else *c = 32; /* Blank */
}

```