



KIBABII UNIVERSITY

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR**

SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS

SECOND YEAR SECOND SEMESTER

**FOR DEGREE IN
COMPUTER SCIENCE**

COURSE CODE: CSC 220

COURSE TITLE: AUTOMATA THEORY

DATE: 13/01/2022 TIME: 02.00 P.M – 04.00 P.M

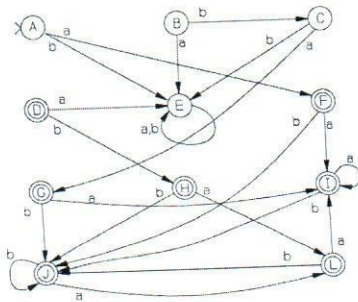
INSTRUCTIONS

ANSWER QUESTION ONE AND ANY OTHER TWO QUESTIONS.

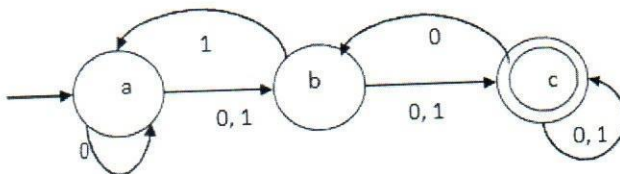
- a.i) An automaton that produces outputs based on current input and/or previous state
a.ii) an abstract self-propelled computing device which follows predetermined sequence of operations automatically.

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) [30 MARKS]

- a) Define the following terms as used in automata theory. [2Mks]
i. Transducer
ii. Automata
b) DFA and N DFA are Finite Automata. Sighting reasons, which one is superior. [4Mks]
c) Given the following state diagram, draw its transitional table. [6Mks]



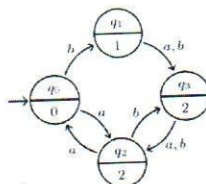
- d) Convert the following N DFA to DFA? [6Mks]



- e) Minimize the following DFA resulting from d) above using Equivalence Theorem showing tables after each step. [8Mks]
f) Describe criteria used to decide on the equivalence of two states. [4Mks]

QUESTION TWO [20 MARKS]

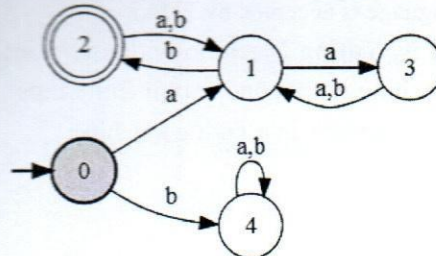
- a) Define the following terms. [2Mks]
i) Moore Machine (Mo) The output depends only on the current state.
ii) Grammar denote syntactical rules for conversation in natural languages.
b) Describe conditions that must be satisfied for a grammar to be in Type-1. [4Mks]
c) Convert the following Moore Machine to Mealy Machine. [6Mks]



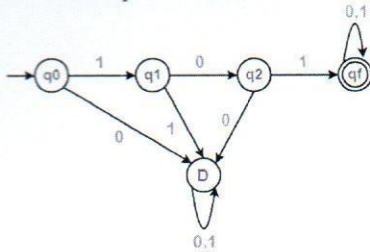
- d) Given Grammar $G = (\{S\}, \{0,1\}, S, \{ S \rightarrow 0S1S \mid 1S0S \mid \epsilon \})$, show how you can derive String **1001101100** [4Mks]

QUESTION THREE [20 MARKS]

- a) Explain the following concepts used in Automata Theory. [2Mks]
 a. Regular Grammar
 b. Null Moves
- b) Give Regular Set generated by the following Regular Expression. [4Mks]
 i) $(a^*b)^*ab^*bb$
 ii) $(0+1)^*1(0+1)+(0+1)^*1(0+1)(0+1)$
- c) Arden's Theorem is used to find a regular expression of a finite automaton, using this theorem construct a regular expression corresponding to the following automata. [6Mks]



- d) Construct a Finite Automaton from the following Regular Expression. [4Mks]
 $(0+1)^*1(0+1)+(0+1)^*1(0+1)(0+1)$
- e) Find the complement of the following DFA. [4Mks]



QUESTION FOUR [20 MARKS]

- a) Explain the following terms as used in Automata Theory. [4Mks]
 i) Context-free grammar
 ii) Sentential Form
- b) Let any set of production rules in a CFG $S \rightarrow 0S1S/1S0S/\epsilon$, generate Rightmost derivation of **1001101100** and draw equivalent derivation tree. [6Mks]
- c) Remove Unit Productions from the following production rules. [6Mks]
 $S \rightarrow WX$
 $W \rightarrow aWb \mid X$
 $X \rightarrow XY \mid Z$
 $Y \rightarrow cY$
 $Z \rightarrow dZd \mid d$
- d) Convert the following Grammar G to Chomsky Normal Form. [4Mks]

$$S \rightarrow ABa \mid AC$$

$$A \rightarrow Ab \mid a$$

$$B \rightarrow b \mid C \mid \lambda$$

$$C \rightarrow aa \mid AA$$

QUESTION FIVE [20 MARKS]

- a) Define the following terms. [2Mks]
i) Push Down Automata (PDA)
ii) Turing Machine(TM)
- b) Explain how context free language is accepted by PDA? [8Mks]
- c) Show that L is recognized by Turing Machine with a two infinite tape if and only if it is recognized by a Turing Machine with a one way infinite tape. [8Mks]
- d) Explain the role of checking of Symbols in a Turing Machine. [2Mks]

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