

```
In [ ]: #Parkinson's Disease Detection using Machine Learning
```

```
In [46]: # Data manipulation
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

# Model training and evaluation
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn import svm
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

```
In [ ]: #Data Collection & Analysis
```

```
In [12]: # Loading the data from csv file to a Pandas DataFrame
parkisons_data = pd.read_csv("parkisons.csv")
```

```
In [13]: # number of rows and columns in the dataframe
parkisons_data.shape
```

```
Out[13]: (195, 24)
```

```
In [14]: # printing the first 5 rows of the dataframe
parkisons_data.head()
```

```
Out[14]:
```

	name	MDVP:Fo(Hz)	MDVP:Fhi(Hz)	MDVP:Flo(Hz)	MDVP:Jitter(%)	MDVP:Jitter(Abs)	MDVP:RA
0	phon_R01_S01_1	119.992	157.302	74.997	0.00784	0.00007	0.0037
1	phon_R01_S01_2	122.400	148.650	113.819	0.00968	0.00008	0.0046
2	phon_R01_S01_3	116.682	131.111	111.555	0.01050	0.00009	0.0054
3	phon_R01_S01_4	116.676	137.871	111.366	0.00997	0.00009	0.0050
4	phon_R01_S01_5	116.014	141.781	110.655	0.01284	0.00011	0.0065

5 rows × 24 columns



```
In [15]: # getting more information about the dataset
parkisons_data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 195 entries, 0 to 194
Data columns (total 24 columns):
 #   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   name                  195 non-null   object
 1   MDVP:Fo(Hz)           195 non-null   float64
 2   MDVP:Fhi(Hz)          195 non-null   float64
 3   MDVP:Flo(Hz)          195 non-null   float64
 4   MDVP:Jitter(%)        195 non-null   float64
 5   MDVP:Jitter(Abs)      195 non-null   float64
 6   MDVP:RAP              195 non-null   float64
 7   MDVP:PPQ              195 non-null   float64
 8   Jitter:DDP            195 non-null   float64
 9   MDVP:Shimmer          195 non-null   float64
10   MDVP:Shimmer(dB)      195 non-null   float64
11   Shimmer:APQ3          195 non-null   float64
12   Shimmer:APQ5          195 non-null   float64
13   MDVP:APQ              195 non-null   float64
14   Shimmer:DDA           195 non-null   float64
15   NHR                   195 non-null   float64
16   HNR                   195 non-null   float64
17   status                195 non-null   int64
18   RPDE                  195 non-null   float64
19   DFA                   195 non-null   float64
20   spread1               195 non-null   float64
21   spread2               195 non-null   float64
22   D2                    195 non-null   float64
23   PPE                   195 non-null   float64
dtypes: float64(22), int64(1), object(1)
memory usage: 36.7+ KB
```

```
In [16]: # checking for missing values in each column
parkisons_data.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[16]: name                0
MDVP:Fo(Hz)                0
MDVP:Fhi(Hz)               0
MDVP:Flo(Hz)               0
MDVP:Jitter(%)             0
MDVP:Jitter(Abs)           0
MDVP:RAP                   0
MDVP:PPQ                   0
Jitter:DDP                 0
MDVP:Shimmer               0
MDVP:Shimmer(dB)           0
Shimmer:APQ3               0
Shimmer:APQ5               0
MDVP:APQ                   0
Shimmer:DDA                0
NHR                        0
HNR                        0
status                     0
RPDE                       0
DFA                        0
spread1                    0
spread2                    0
D2                         0
PPE                        0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [17]: # getting some statistical measures about the data
parkisons_data.describe()
```

Out[17]:

	MDVP:Fo(Hz)	MDVP:Fhi(Hz)	MDVP:Flo(Hz)	MDVP:Jitter(%)	MDVP:Jitter(Abs)	MDVP:RAP	MDVP:PPQ
count	195.000000	195.000000	195.000000	195.000000	195.000000	195.000000	195.000000
mean	154.228641	197.104918	116.324631	0.006220	0.000044	0.003306	0.003446
std	41.390065	91.491548	43.521413	0.004848	0.000035	0.002968	0.002759
min	88.333000	102.145000	65.476000	0.001680	0.000007	0.000680	0.000920
25%	117.572000	134.862500	84.291000	0.003460	0.000020	0.001660	0.001860
50%	148.790000	175.829000	104.315000	0.004940	0.000030	0.002500	0.002690
75%	182.769000	224.205500	140.018500	0.007365	0.000060	0.003835	0.003955
max	260.105000	592.030000	239.170000	0.033160	0.000260	0.021440	0.019580

8 rows × 23 columns



```
In [18]: # distribution of target Variable
parkisons_data['status'].value_counts()
```

Out[18]:

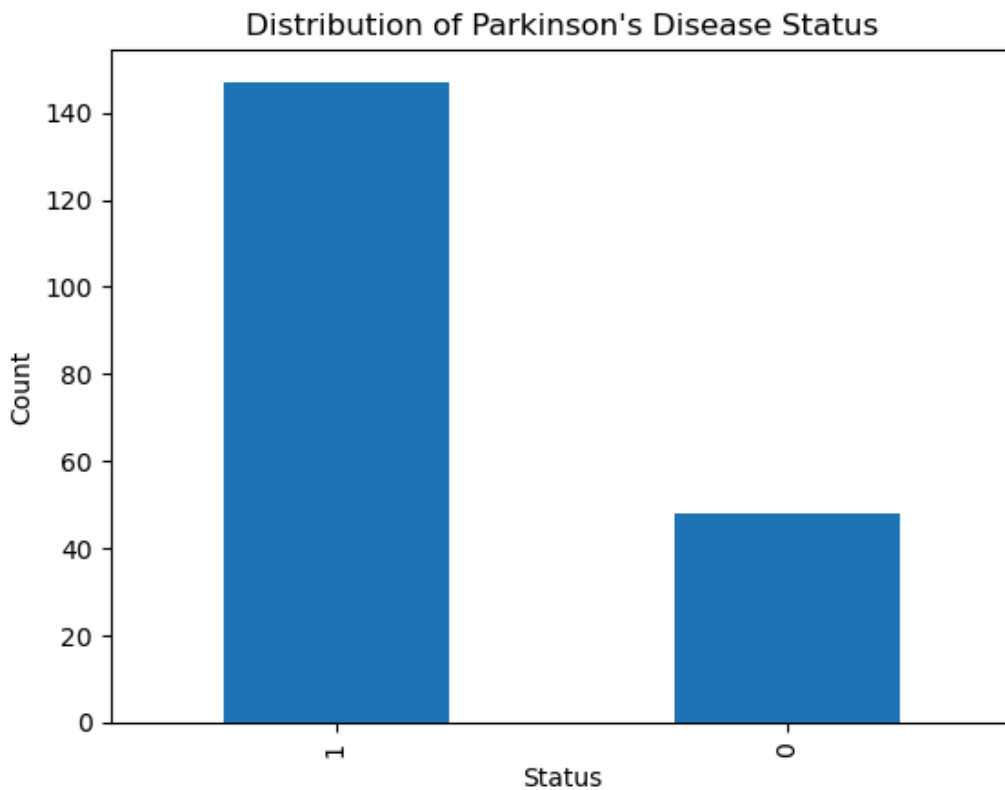
1	147
0	48

Name: status, dtype: int64

```
In [ ]: #1 --> Parkinson's Positive
        #0 --> Healthy
```

```
In [47]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

parkisons_data['status'].value_counts().plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('Distribution of Parkinson\'s Disease Status')
plt.xlabel('Status')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```



```
In [19]: # grouping the data bas3ed on the target variable
parkisons_data.groupby('status').mean()
```

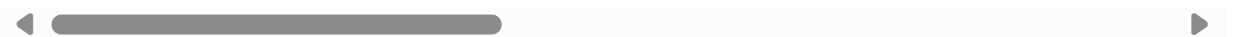
C:\Users\HP\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_2660\3254148987.py:2: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrameGroupBy.mean is deprecated. In a future version, numeric_only will default to False. Either specify numeric_only or select only columns which should be valid for the function.

```
parkisons_data.groupby('status').mean()
```

Out[19]:

	MDVP:Fo(Hz)	MDVP:Fhi(Hz)	MDVP:Flo(Hz)	MDVP:Jitter(%)	MDVP:Jitter(Abs)	MDVP:RAP	MDVP:PPC
status							
0	181.937771	223.636750	145.207292	0.003866	0.000023	0.001925	0.002056
1	145.180762	188.441463	106.893558	0.006989	0.000051	0.003757	0.003900

2 rows × 22 columns



```
In [ ]: #Data Pre-Processing

#Separating the features & Target
```

```
In [48]: X = parkisons_data.drop(columns=['name', 'status'], axis=1)# Drop the target column to g
Y = parkisons_data['status']# Target column
```

```
In [25]: print(X)
```

	MDVP:Fo(Hz)	MDVP:Fhi(Hz)	MDVP:Flo(Hz)	MDVP:Jitter(%)	\
0	119.992	157.302	74.997	0.00784	
1	122.400	148.650	113.819	0.00968	
2	116.682	131.111	111.555	0.01050	
3	116.676	137.871	111.366	0.00997	
4	116.014	141.781	110.655	0.01284	
..	
190	174.188	230.978	94.261	0.00459	
191	209.516	253.017	89.488	0.00564	
192	174.688	240.005	74.287	0.01360	
193	198.764	396.961	74.904	0.00740	
194	214.289	260.277	77.973	0.00567	

	MDVP:Jitter(Abs)	MDVP:RAP	MDVP:PPQ	Jitter:DDP	MDVP:Shimmer	\
0	0.00007	0.00370	0.00554	0.01109	0.04374	
1	0.00008	0.00465	0.00696	0.01394	0.06134	
2	0.00009	0.00544	0.00781	0.01633	0.05233	
3	0.00009	0.00502	0.00698	0.01505	0.05492	
4	0.00011	0.00655	0.00908	0.01966	0.06425	
..	
190	0.00003	0.00263	0.00259	0.00790	0.04087	
191	0.00003	0.00331	0.00292	0.00994	0.02751	
192	0.00008	0.00624	0.00564	0.01873	0.02308	
193	0.00004	0.00370	0.00390	0.01109	0.02296	
194	0.00003	0.00295	0.00317	0.00885	0.01884	

	MDVP:Shimmer(dB)	...	MDVP:APQ	Shimmer:DDA	NHR	HNR	RPDE	\
0	0.426	...	0.02971	0.06545	0.02211	21.033	0.414783	
1	0.626	...	0.04368	0.09403	0.01929	19.085	0.458359	
2	0.482	...	0.03590	0.08270	0.01309	20.651	0.429895	
3	0.517	...	0.03772	0.08771	0.01353	20.644	0.434969	
4	0.584	...	0.04465	0.10470	0.01767	19.649	0.417356	
..	
190	0.405	...	0.02745	0.07008	0.02764	19.517	0.448439	
191	0.263	...	0.01879	0.04812	0.01810	19.147	0.431674	
192	0.256	...	0.01667	0.03804	0.10715	17.883	0.407567	
193	0.241	...	0.01588	0.03794	0.07223	19.020	0.451221	
194	0.190	...	0.01373	0.03078	0.04398	21.209	0.462803	

	DFA	spread1	spread2	D2	PPE
0	0.815285	-4.813031	0.266482	2.301442	0.284654
1	0.819521	-4.075192	0.335590	2.486855	0.368674
2	0.825288	-4.443179	0.311173	2.342259	0.332634
3	0.819235	-4.117501	0.334147	2.405554	0.368975
4	0.823484	-3.747787	0.234513	2.332180	0.410335
..
190	0.657899	-6.538586	0.121952	2.657476	0.133050
191	0.683244	-6.195325	0.129303	2.784312	0.168895
192	0.655683	-6.787197	0.158453	2.679772	0.131728
193	0.643956	-6.744577	0.207454	2.138608	0.123306
194	0.664357	-5.724056	0.190667	2.555477	0.148569

[195 rows x 22 columns]

```
In [26]: print(Y)
```

```
0      1
1      1
2      1
3      1
4      1
..
190    0
191    0
192    0
193    0
194    0
Name: status, Length: 195, dtype: int64
```

```
In [27]: #Splitting the data to training data & Test data
```

```
In [50]: X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2, random_state=2)
```

```
In [29]: print(X.shape, X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
```

```
(195, 22) (156, 22) (39, 22)
```

```
In [31]: #Data Standardization
```

```
In [32]: scaler = StandardScaler()
```

```
In [33]: scaler.fit(X_train)
```

```
Out[33]: 

StandardScaler


StandardScaler()
```

```
In [34]: X_train = scaler.transform(X_train)
```

```
X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

```
In [35]: print(X_train)
```

```
[[ 0.63239631 -0.02731081 -0.87985049 ... -0.97586547 -0.55160318
  0.07769494]
 [-1.05512719 -0.83337041 -0.9284778 ... 0.3981808 -0.61014073
  0.39291782]
 [ 0.02996187 -0.29531068 -1.12211107 ... -0.43937044 -0.62849605
 -0.50948408]
 ...
 [-0.9096785 -0.6637302 -0.160638 ... 1.22001022 -0.47404629
 -0.2159482 ]
 [-0.35977689 0.19731822 -0.79063679 ... -0.17896029 -0.47272835
  0.28181221]
 [ 1.01957066 0.19922317 -0.61914972 ... -0.716232 1.23632066
 -0.05829386]]
```

```
In [36]: #Model Training
```

```
#Support Vector Machine Model
```

```
In [37]: model = svm.SVC(kernel='linear')
```

```
In [38]: #training the SVM model with training data
model.fit(X_train, Y_train)
```

```
Out[38]: SVC
SVC(kernel='linear')
```

```
In [39]: #Model Evaluation

#Accuracy Score
```

```
In [40]: # accuracy score on training data
X_train_prediction = model.predict(X_train)
training_data_accuracy = accuracy_score(Y_train, X_train_prediction)
```

```
In [41]: print('Accuracy score of training data : ', training_data_accuracy)

Accuracy score of training data : 0.8846153846153846
```

```
In [42]: # accuracy score on training data
X_test_prediction = model.predict(X_test)
test_data_accuracy = accuracy_score(Y_test, X_test_prediction)
```

```
In [43]: print('Accuracy score of test data : ', test_data_accuracy)

Accuracy score of test data : 0.8717948717948718
```

```
In [44]: #Building a Predictive System
```

```
In [45]: input_data = (197.07600,206.89600,192.05500,0.00289,0.00001,0.00166,0.00168,0.00498,0.00000)

# changing input data to a numpy array
input_data_as_numpy_array = np.asarray(input_data)

# reshape the numpy array
input_data_reshaped = input_data_as_numpy_array.reshape(1,-1)

# standardize the data
std_data = scaler.transform(input_data_reshaped)

prediction = model.predict(std_data)
print(prediction)

if (prediction[0] == 0):
    print("The Person does not have Parkinsons Disease")
else:
    print("The Person has Parkinsons")
```

```
[0]
The Person does not have Parkinsons Disease
```

```
C:\Users\HP\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:464: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but StandardScaler was fitted with feature names
warnings.warn(
```

In []: