CS231 Computer Systems and Organization Department of Computer Science School of Science and Technology

Lab 3

Submit your work to moodle before the deadline

1. Implement a 'replace' procedure (function) in MIPS assembly language that, given an array of integers Arr, its length, integers x and y, replaces all x with y in Arr. Then your program should print out all values of Arr.

```
For example, if Arr = \{21, 20, 51, 83, 20, 20\}, length = 6, x = 20, y = 5 and index = 0, then after running your program the values of Arr MUST be Arr = \{21, 5, 51, 83, 5, 5\} and the values MUST be printed out. Your procedure must follow the MIPS procedure call conventions.
```

In the program, we assume the variables (e..g, *Arr*, *length*, *x*, *y* and *index*) should be declared and initialized manually in the .data section.

The signature of this procedure in a high level language would look like this:

```
void replace(int Arr[], int length, int x, int y);
```

2. Additionally, implement a 'printArrInt' procedure in MIPS assembly language that prints each element of the *Arr* using its *length*. Call this function twice to print the *Arr*. (i.e., before and after the **replace** procedure call).

The signature of this procedure in a high level language would look like this:

void printArrInt(int Arr[], int length);

Output: 21 20 51 83 20 20 21 5 51 83 5 5

NOTES: How to print Integers and Strings/space/newline using 'syscall'

```
.data
x:
               .word 5
                .asciiz "x="
msg1:
                .asciiz "\n"
nl:
                .asciiz ""
space:
main:
        # Register assignments
        \# \$s0 = x
        # Initialize registers
                $s0, x
                                 \# \text{Reg } \$ s0 = x
        # Print msg1
                $v0, 4
                                 # print string syscall code = 4
        la
                $a0, msg1
```

syscall

```
# Print result (x)
        $v0,1
                       # print_int syscall code = 1
li
                       # Load integer to print in $a0
move $a0, $s0
syscall
# Print newline
                       # print_string syscall code = 4
li
        $v0,4
la
        $a0, nl
syscall
# Exit
        $v0,10
                       # exit
li
syscall
```