UMU Online Library System - Technical Documentation

Version: 1.0

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1. System Overview

The UMU Online Library System is a dynamic web application built with PHP, CSS, and JavaScript, powered by a MySQL database. It provides students and administrators of Uganda Martyrs University with a platform to manage and access digital study materials and books online.

The system features a dual-role architecture (Student and Admin) with distinct functionalities and views tailored to each role. It is designed to be a centralized, secure, and user-friendly portal for academic resources, accessible from any modern web browser.

1.1. Core Objectives

- To provide students with 24/7 access to a wide range of academic materials.
- To centralize the management of digital resources for university staff.
- To automate the process of borrowing and returning digital items.
- To offer a modern, responsive, and intuitive user experience for all users.

1.2. Key Features

- Role-Based Access Control:
 - Student View: Access to browse and borrow materials, and manage personal account details.
 - Administrator View: A comprehensive backend panel for full system management.
- **Dynamic Content Management:** All materials (books, PDFs, videos, etc.) are managed through the database, allowing for easy updates without changing any code.
- **Student Account Management:** Students can self-register (restricted to a valid university email domain), log in, edit their profile information (including password), and view their borrowing history.

• Comprehensive Admin Panel: A secure backend for administrators to perform full CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations on both library materials and user accounts.

Interactive UI/UX:

- Modern, responsive design that adapts to desktop, tablet, and mobile devices.
- o AJAX-powered real-time filtering on content pages.
- o Modal pop-overs for all forms, providing a seamless "app-like" workflow.

Core Library Functions:

- Functionality to borrow, return, and download materials is fully implemented.
- o Real-time updates to stock levels (available_copies) for physical books.

2. Technology Stack & Environment

- Backend Language: PHP 8.x
- Database: MySQL (tested with MariaDB 10.4+ via XAMPP)
- Frontend Technologies: HTML5, CSS3, Vanilla JavaScript (ES6+)
- Database Interface: PDO (PHP Data Objects) is used exclusively for all database interactions. This provides a consistent, secure interface that helps prevent SQL injection vulnerabilities.
- **Development Environment:** XAMPP Version 3.3.0 or higher (Apache, MySQL, PHP).

3. Installation and Setup Guide

Follow these steps precisely to set up the system on a local development machine.

3.1. Prerequisites

- A functioning local web server environment (e.g., **XAMPP**).
- Access to a MySQL database management tool (e.g., phpMyAdmin).
- A modern web browser (e.g., Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox).

3.2. Installation Steps

1. Project Files:

- Download or clone the project repository.
- Place the entire project folder, named online-library, inside your web server's root directory. For XAMPP, this is typically C:/xampp/htdocs/. The final path should be C:/xampp/htdocs/online-library/.

2. Server Services:

- o Open the XAMPP Control Panel.
- o Ensure the **Apache** and **MySQL** services are running.

3. Database Creation:

- o Navigate to http://localhost/phpmyadmin/ in your browser.
- o Click the "SQL" tab at the top of the main page.
- Copy the entire content of the provided library_db.sql script and paste it into the SQL query box.
- Click the "Go" button. This script will automatically create the online_library_db database, all necessary tables with their relationships, and insert the default administrator account.

4. Application Configuration:

- Navigate to the includes/ directory within your project and open the config.php file in a code editor.
- Verify the following database credentials. For a standard XAMPP setup with the custom 'Library' user, these are the correct defaults.

Generated php

```
$db_host = "localhost";

$db_user = "Library";

$db_pass = "";

$db_name = "online_library_db";

$db_port = "3308"; // IMPORTANT: Adjust if your MySQL runs on a different port.
```

 Confirm that the BASE_URL constant correctly points to your project folder:

Generated php

```
define('BASE_URL', 'http://localhost/online-library');
```

IGNORE_WHEN_COPYING_START

content_copy download

Use code with caution. PHP

IGNORE_WHEN_COPYING_END

5. Access and Test:

- Open your browser and navigate to the BASE_URL: http://localhost/online-library/.
- o The system homepage should load with all styles and images.

4. System Architecture & File Structure

The project is organized into a modular structure to enforce separation of concerns, making the codebase cleaner and easier to maintain.

Generated code

```
– images/
                  # Static images (logos, backgrounds)
                 # Authentication logic
— auth/
   — handlers/
                    # Login/signup form processing
    — login.php
    - signup.php
— handlers/
                    # General-purpose backend handlers (e.g., AJAX filtering)
— includes/
                   # Core backend files shared across the application
   — templates/ # Reusable public header and footer
   — config.php
                     # (CRITICAL) Database connection and site-wide constants
    — functions.php # Global helper functions (isLoggedIn(), sanitize(), etc.)
  — student/
                   # Student-only pages and logic
   ├— handlers/ # Scripts for borrow, return, profile updates
   — dashboard.php
  – uploads/
                  # Directory for user-uploaded content
  — book covers/
                      # Stores cover images for materials
  ___ study_materials/ # Stores downloadable files (PDFs, PPTs, etc.)
IGNORE_WHEN_COPYING_START
content_copy download
Use code with caution.
IGNORE_WHEN_COPYING_END
```

5. Database Schema

The system's data is organized into four main relational tables.

- users: Stores information for all system users.
 - Fields: id, full_name, email, student_number, password (hashed), course, role (enum('student', 'admin')).
- materials: A unified table for all library items, both physical (books) and digital.
 - Fields: id, title, author_lecturer, description, material_type (enum),
 genre_course, cover_image, file_path, total_copies, available_copies.
- borrowings: Tracks every borrowing transaction, creating a historical log.
 - Fields: Links user_id and material_id. Stores borrow_date, due_date, return_date, and status (enum('borrowed', 'returned', 'overdue')).
- **notifications**: A table for system-generated messages sent to users (e.g., confirmation of borrowing).
 - Fields: Links user_id. Stores message and is_read status.

Data Integrity: Foreign key constraints are established with ON DELETE CASCADE. This is an important feature that ensures if a user or material is deleted, all associated records (like borrowings and notifications) are automatically removed, preventing orphaned data in the database.

6. Default Administrator Credentials

For initial setup and testing, a default administrator account is created by the SQL script.

Email / Login Identifier: admin@umu.ac.ug

Password: password123

Security Note: It is highly recommended that the administrator changes this default password immediately after their first successful login. This can be done via the "Manage Users" page in the admin panel.

7. Future Maintenance & Customization

 Adding Approved Courses: The dropdown list of courses on the student dashboard is controlled by a PHP array. To add or remove courses, modify the \$approved_courses array in both student/dashboard.php and student/handlers/profile_handler.php.

- Adjusting Pagination: The number of items displayed per page on the "Books" and "Study Materials" pages is controlled by the \$items_per_page variable at the top of handlers/filter_handler.php.
- **System Backups:** For a production environment, it is critical to perform regular backups of two locations:
 - 1. The uploads/ directory (which contains all user-uploaded files).
 - 2. The online_library_db database (via a SQL dump from phpMyAdmin or a command-line tool).