# Learning the Stock Market: Deep Learning and Sentiment Analysis-Based Stock Price Prediction

Computer Science Tripos – Part II

Trinity College

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## Proforma

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College: Trinity College

Project Title: Learning the Stock Market: Deep Learning

and Sentiment Analysis-Based Stock Price

Prediction

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Project Originator: Ian Tai

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#### Original Aims of the Project

Deep Learning has increasingly been applied to many fields of industry. Among Finance, the applications of Deep Learning in predicting stock market prices is an increasingly popular research field. This dissertation proposes a method of stock price prediction using a combination of Long Short-Term Memory Recurrent Neural Networks and a variety of Sentiment Analysis techniques. The project aims to apply this method to collected news headlines from selected news agencies on Twitter and stock price data from the latter two quarters of 2017.

#### Work Completed

This project has been successful; all success criteria have been met. I collected financial data from various sources, parsing and converting the data. I built a data collection and processing system for the Twitter dataset. I implemented a Gaussian Naive Bayes Classifier, a Multinomial Naive Bayes Classifier, and used the Scikit-Learn library for implementing Multi-Class Support Vector Machines and Semi-Supervised Support Vector Machines for Twitter sentiment analysis. Finally, I built a Long Short-Term Memory Recursive Neural Network for stock price prediction.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This word count was computed by T<sub>F</sub>Xcount

## Special Difficulties

Finding appropriate Twitter datasets proved to be more difficult than was foreseen, which led to trying various sources of data, different models of classification, and ultimately, manual classification of the data for train/test purposes.

### Declaration

I, Ian Tai of Trinity College, being a candidate for Part II of the Computer Science Tripos, hereby declare that this dissertation and the work described in it are my own work, unaided except as may be specified below, and that the dissertation does not contain material that has already been used to any substantial extent for a comparable purpose.

Signed: Ian Tai

Date: April 25, 2018

# Contents

1	Introduction					
	1.1	Motivation & Aims	11			
2	Prep	paration	13			
3	Imp	lementation	15			
	3.1	Verbatim text	15			
	3.2	Tables	16			
	3.3	Simple diagrams	16			
	3.4	Adding more complicated graphics	16			
4	Eval	uation	19			
	4.1	Printing and binding	19			
	4.2	Further information	19			
5	5 Conclusion		21			
Bi	Bibliography					
$\mathbf{A}$	A Latex source					
В	B. Project Proposal					

# List of Figures

3.1	A picture composed of boxes and vectors	16
3.2	A diagram composed of circles, lines and boxes	17
3.3	Example figure where a picture can be pasted in	18

## Acknowledgements

I would like to thank the following people for the help they have given me: TODO: COMPLETE AFTERWARDS

## Introduction

TODO: Starting sentence

## 1.1 Motivation & Aims

# Preparation

This chapter is empty!

## **Implementation**

#### 3.1 Verbatim text

Verbatim text can be included using \begin{verbatim} and \end{verbatim}. I normally use a slightly smaller font and often squeeze the lines a little closer together, as in:

```
GET "libhdr"
GLOBAL { count:200; all }
LET try(ld, row, rd) BE TEST row=all
                         THEN count := count + 1
                         ELSE { LET poss = all & ~(ld | row | rd)
                                 UNTIL poss=0 DO
                                 { LET p = poss \& -poss
                                   poss := poss - p
try(ld+p << 1, row+p, rd+p >> 1)
                               }
LET start() = VALOF
{ all := 1
  FOR i = 1 TO 12 DO
  { count := 0
    try(0, 0, 0)
    writef("Number of solutions to %i2-queens is %i5*n", i, count)
    all := 2*all + 1
  RESULTIS 0
```



Figure 3.1: A picture composed of boxes and vectors.

#### 3.2 Tables

Here is a simple example of a table.

Left	Centred	Right
Justified		Justified
First	A	XXX
Second	AA	XX
Last	AAA	X

There is another example table in the proforma.

#### 3.3 Simple diagrams

Simple diagrams can be written directly in LaTeX. For example, see figure ?? on page ?? and see figure ?? on page ??.

### 3.4 Adding more complicated graphics

The use of LaTeX format can be tedious and it is often better to use encapsulated postscript (EPS) or PDF to represent complicated graphics. This is my recommended way of drawing

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A footnote

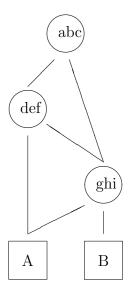


Figure 3.2: A diagram composed of circles, lines and boxes.

all diagrams.

Figure 3.3: Example figure where a picture can be pasted in

## **Evaluation**

### 4.1 Printing and binding

Use a "duplex" laser printer that can print on both sides to print two copies of your dissertation. Then bind them, for example using the comb binder in the Computer Laboratory Library.

#### 4.2 Further information

See the Unix Tools notes at

http://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/teaching/current-1/UnixTools/materials.html

# Conclusion

I hope that this rough guide to writing a dissertation is LATEX has been helpful and saved you time.

# Appendix A

# Latex source

# Appendix B<br/> Project Proposal