

# UEFI & EDK II Training

**UEFI Aware Operating System** 

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## LESSON OBJECTIVE

- Explain How the OS and UEFI Work together
- Explain the UEFI Requirements for UEFI aware OS
- Explain How Secure Boot Fits with UEFI



# UEFI AWARE OS REQUIREMENTS

Common Requirements



### UEFI OPERATING SYSTEMS

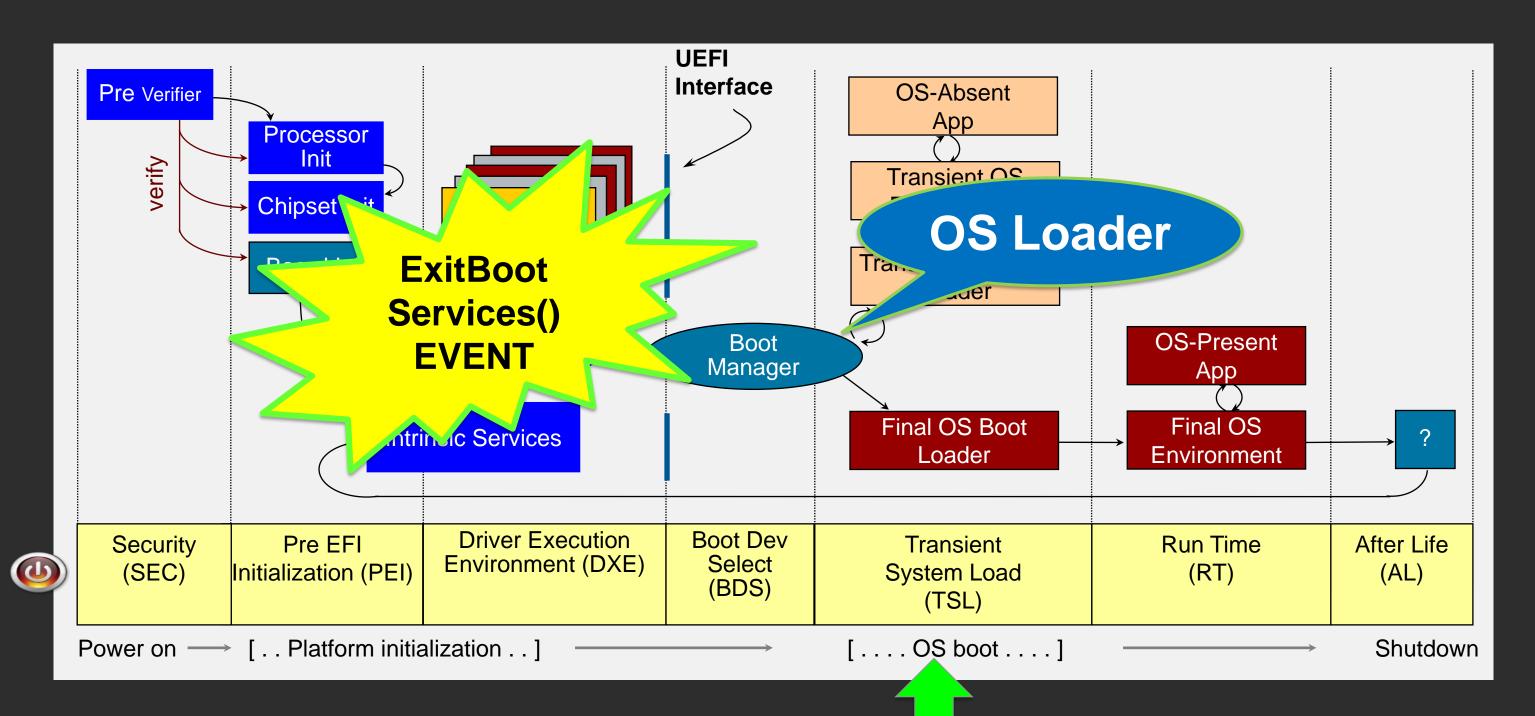






## UEFI - PI & EDK II BOOT FLOW

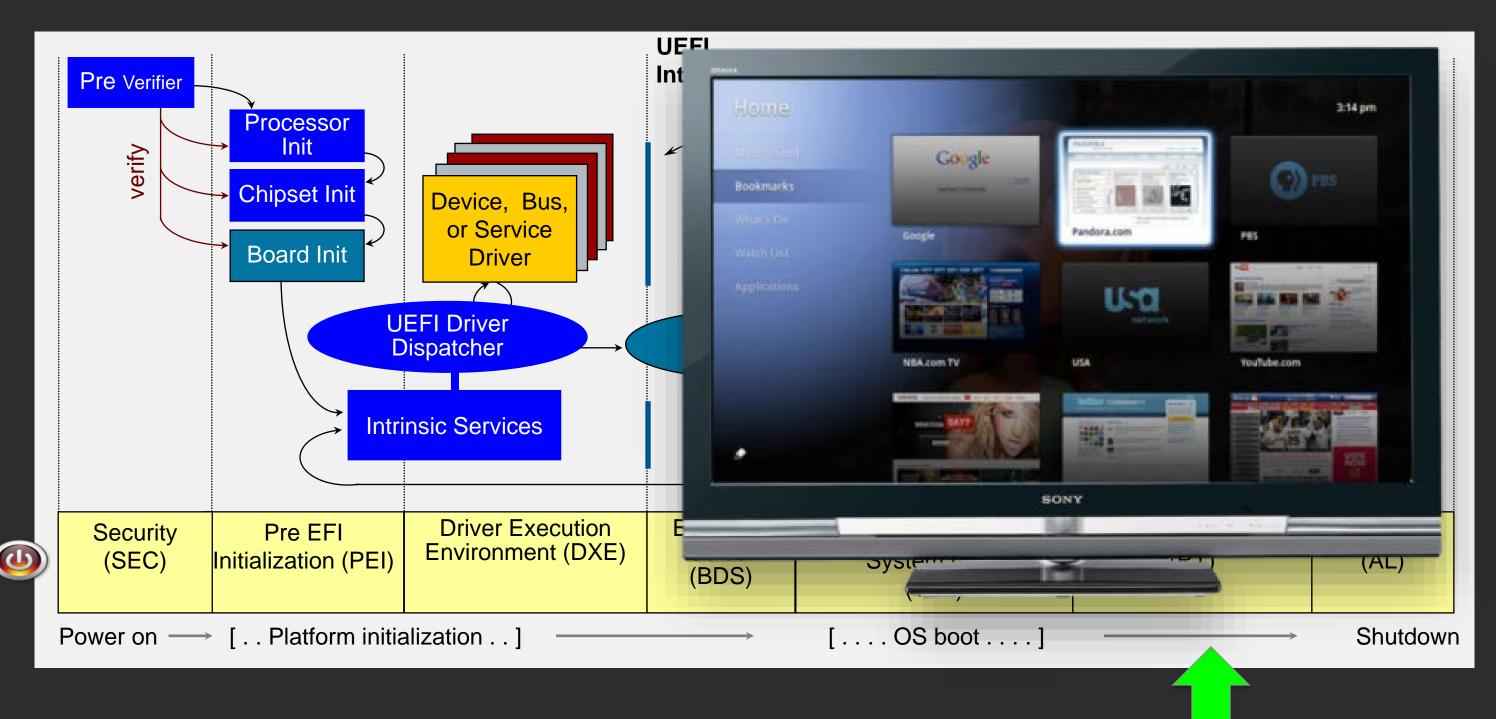
### - REVIEW





# UEFI - PI & EDK II BOOT FLOW

### - REVIEW





### **UEFI OS REQUIREMENTS**

UEFI Drivers:
Boot devices/console

UEFI OS installer

UEFI OS Loader

Disk Partition/Formats

Firmware Requirements

Set Boot Path to Boot to UEFI OS



# UEFI System Classes (based on firmware interfaces)

### **UEFI Class 0**

- Boots Legacy int 19 ONLY
- Legacy BIOS Only (16 bit)
- No UEFI or UEFI PI Interfaces

### **UEFI Class 1**

- Boots Legacy int 19 ONLY
- Uses UEFI / PI Interfaces
- Only legacy BIOS runtime Interfaces

### **UEFI Class 2**

- Boots Legacy int 19 or UEFI
- Uses UEFI / PI Interfaces
- Legacy BIOS runtime Interfaces w/ CSM

#### **Limited Benefits**

- ✓ OEMs / ODMs Internal
- ✓ Double code development
- ✓ Compromised security MBR exposure



# UEFI System Classes (based on firmware interfaces)

### **UEFI Class 0**

- Boots Legacy int 19 ONLY
- Legacy BIOS Only (16 bit)
- No UEFI or UEFI PI Interfaces

### **UEFI Class 1**

- Boots Legacy int 19 ONLY
- Uses UEFI / PI Interfaces
- Only legacy BIOS runtime Interfaces

### **UEFI Class 2**

- Boots Legacy int 19 or UEFI
- Uses UEFI / PI Interfaces
- Legacy BIOS runtime Interfaces w/ CSM

#### **UEFI Class 3**

- Boots ONLY UEFI
- Uses UEFI / PI Interfaces
- Runtime exposes only UEFI interfaces



## UEFI System Classes (based on firmware interfaces)

### **Full Benefits**

- ✓ UEFI Innovation
- ✓ Smaller code size/ Validation
- ✓ Extensibility

### Only Class after 2020

**Enabling Secure Boot** creates another Class

### UEFI Class 3 +

- Boots ONLY UEFI
- Uses UEFI / PI Interfaces
- Runtime exposes only UEFI interfaces

**UEFI Secure Boot "ON"** 



### Required UEFI Drivers: OS Install & Boot

**Boot Device** 

**Console Output** 

Console Input

**NVRAM** Driver



### **UEFI OS LOADER**

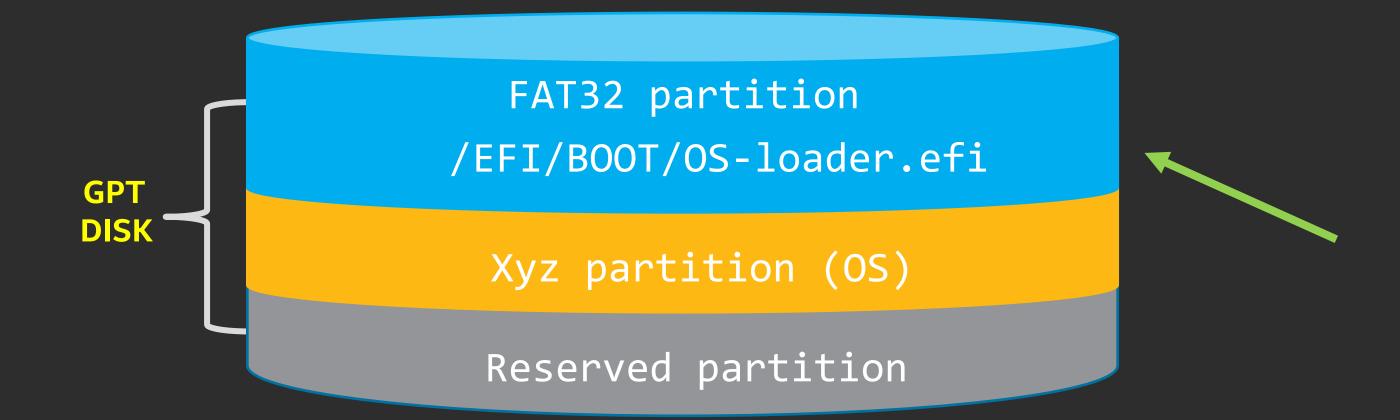
- OS install process includes UEFI loader
  - /efi/boot/bootx64.efi /efi/redhat/grub.efi
- Call UEFI boot & runtime services to start OS
- Exit UEFI Boot Services
- Transfer control to native OS

### **UEFI OS INSTALLER**

- Discover UEFI storage devices
- Setup storage device: GPT w/ FAT32 boot partition
- Create boot variables BootXXXX and set the BootNext



### **Disk Partition and Format**





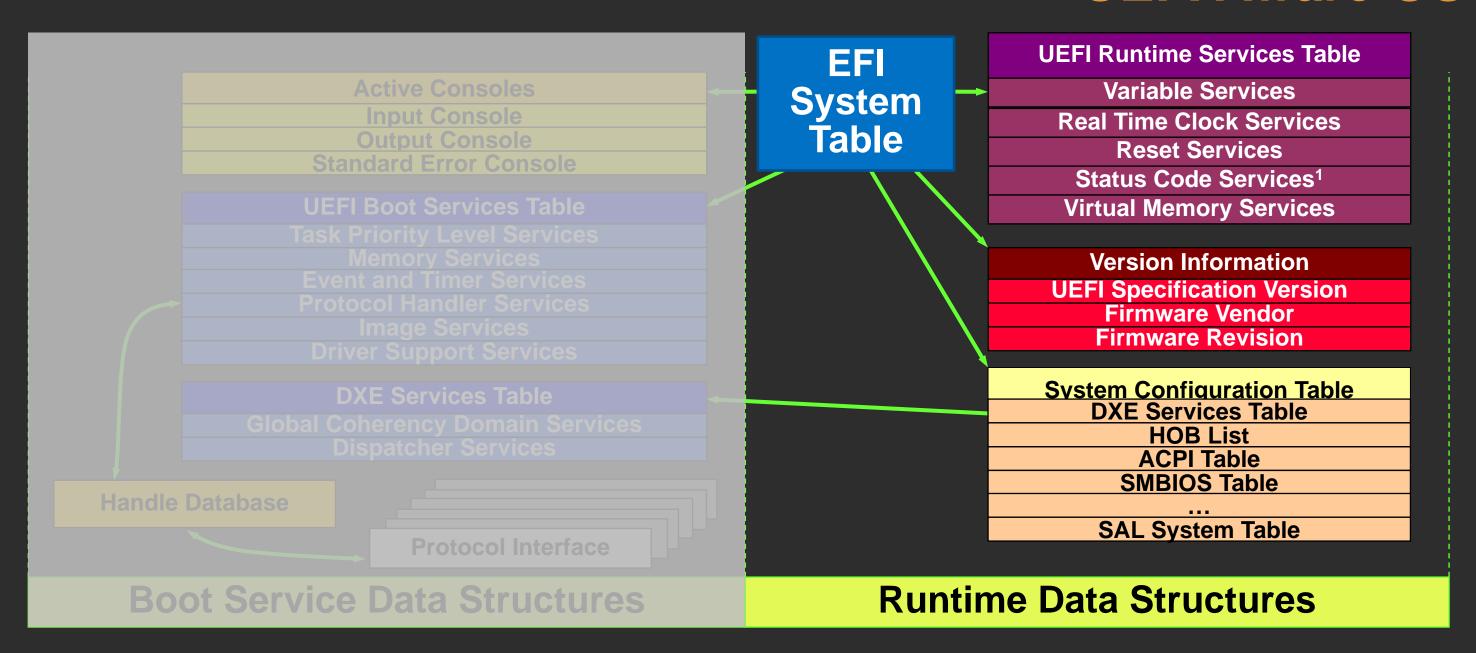
# INTERFACE INSIDE OS RUNTIME

**UEFI** Runtime Services

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# Runtime Services Available to the UEFI Aware OS







## Accessing RT services from Windows API

- GetFirmwareEnvironmentVariable: MSDN Link
- SetFirmwareEnvironmentVariable: MSDN Link
- Example: (determine if UEFI or Legacy BIOS)

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## Accessing RT services from Linux OS



Firmware Test Suite, it includes a Linux kernel driver to help with it's interactions with UEFI. Note that this is a Linux-centric test suite, solution won't work for other OSes.

- http://kernel.ubuntu.com/git/hwe/fwts.git
- https://bugs.launchpad.net/ubuntu/+source/linux/+bug/1633506
- https://patchwork.kernel.org/patch/9323781/
- http://www.basicinputoutput.com/2016/03/introduction-to-firmware-test-suite-fwts.html

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# SECURITY WITH UEFI

How does UEFI ensure the Operating System is trusted?

Security Resources: https://github.com/tianocore/tianocore.github.io/wiki/EDK-II-Security-White-Papers



### **BOOT SECURITY TECHNOLOGIES**

**Hardware Root of Trust** 

Boot Guard, Intel® TXT

**Measured Boot** 

Using TPM<sup>1</sup> to store hash values

**Verified Boot** 



Boot Guard + UEFI Secure Boot

<sup>1</sup>TPM – Trusted Platform Module

Resources: <a href="https://firmwaresecurity.com/2015/07/29/survey-of-boot-security-technologies/">https://firmwaresecurity.com/2015/07/29/survey-of-boot-security-technologies/</a>



### HARDWARE ROOT OF TRUST

### **Boot Guard**

Intel® TXT

CPU verifies signature
Verification occurs before system FW starts

Hash of public key is fused in CPU

Uses a Trusted Platform Module (TPM) & cryptographic Provides Measurements

Verification

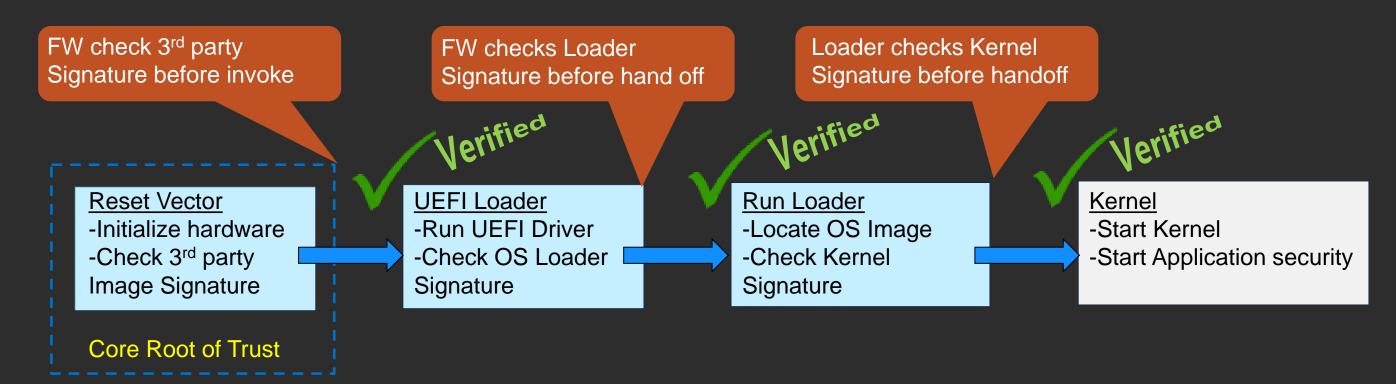
Measurements



### **UEFI SECURE BOOT**

### Software ID checking during every step of the boot flow:

- 1. UEFI System FW (updated via secure process)
- 2. Add-In Cards (signed UEFI Option ROMs)
- 3. OS Boot Loader (checks for "secure mode" at boot)





### **AUTHENTICATED VARIABLES**



SetupMode

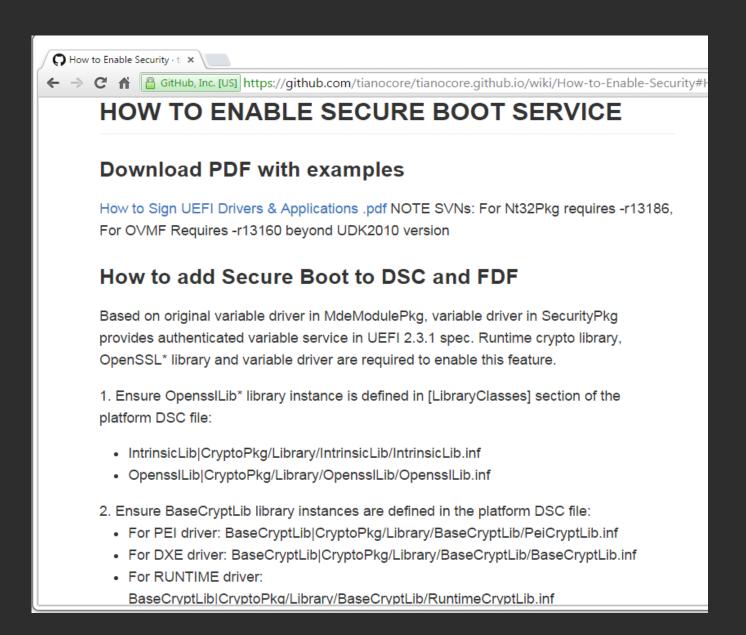
SecureBoot

```
2.0 Shell> dmpstore SecureBoot
Variable - RS+BS - '8BE4DF61-93CA-11D2-AA0D-00E098032B80:SecureBoot' - DataSize
= 0x01
00 *.*
```



# Security Package Project Page Wiki Link

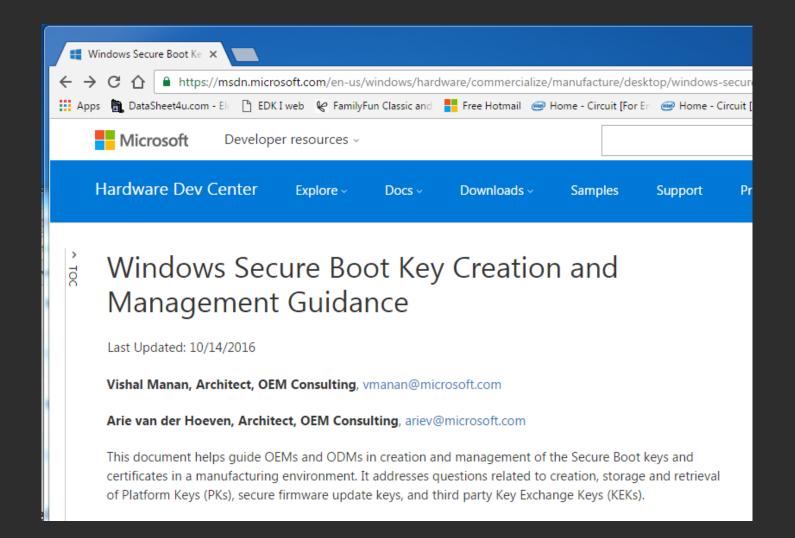
- Wiki Link: How-to-Enable-Security
- PDF: How to Sign UEFI Images V1.31
- Build command line switch -SECURE BOOT ENABLE = TRUE
- Install the OpensslLib CryptoPkg: From edk2: "git submodule update --init"





# Windows Secure Boot Key Creation and Management Guidance

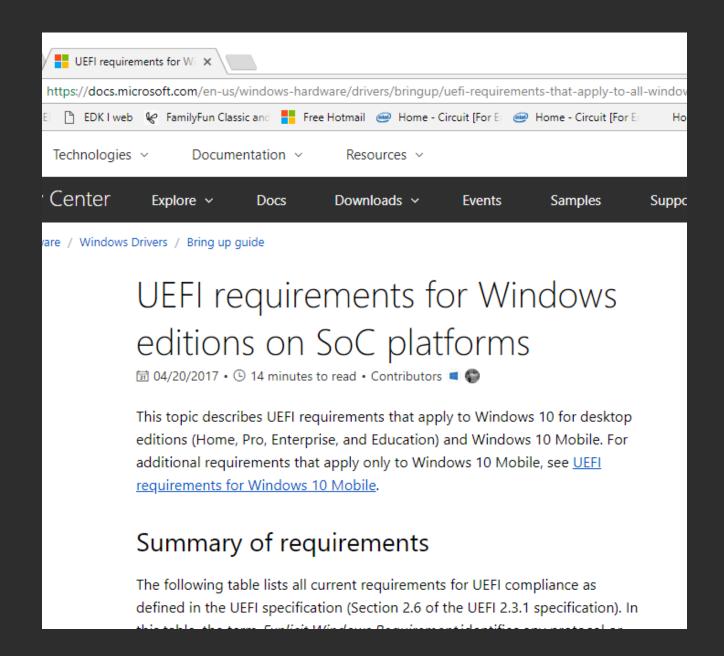
- Windows <u>Secure Boot Key</u>
   <u>Creation & Management Guide</u>
- Creation and management of the Secure Boot keys and certificates in a manufacturing environment.
- Addresses questions related to creation, storage and retrieval of Platform Keys (PKs), secure firmware update keys, and thirdparty Key Exchange Keys (KEKs).





# Many Platforms are Requiring UEFI Secure Boot Enabled

- Secure Boot now mandated for specific platforms
- See "Security requirements" on UEFI requirements for <u>Windows</u> editions on SoC Platforms





# SUMMARY

- Explain How the OS and UEFI Work together
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- Explain How Secure Boot Fits with UEFI

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# **BACKUP**

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# UEFI SECURE BOOT

- Deficiency: Boot path malware targets
- UEFI and Secure Boot harden the boot process
- Firmware/software in the boot process must be signed by a trusted Certificate Authority (CA)
- Firmware image is hardware-protected
- 3<sup>rd</sup> party drivers signed using CA-holding trusted keys
- Trusted signing key's database factory-initialized and OS-updated



### WHY??? SECURE BOOT WITH UEFI

# Without

# Possible corrupted or destroyed data

- BootKit virus MBR Rootkits
- Network boot attacks e.g.
   PXESPOILT
- Code Injection Attacks



# With

### **Data integrity**

- Trusted boot to OS
- Trusted drivers
- Trusted Applications



