

UEFI & EDK II Training

Continuous Integration (CI) Unit Test Framework for Developer Validation

tianocore.org

See also LabGuide.md for Copy & Paste examples in labs



LESSON OBJECTIVE

- Why is unit testing needed
- What is the Unit Test Framework and how does it work?
- How is Unit Test code included with Continuous Integration (CI)?
- Steps for adding a unit test with the Unit Test Framework
- Example using cmocka



WHY IS UNIT TESTING NEEDED?



Unit Testing Reasoning

- Problem Bugs and Quality Issues discovered late in validation
- Proposed Solution "Shift left" Developer Unit Test
 - Use EDK II Unit Test Framework to implement unit tests on code changes
 - Require developer unit tests as part of development process
 - Code review process updated to require/review unit tests
 - CI Agents automatically run unit tests on all patches



Terminology: Types of Tests for Validation

Functional

Functionality is working as expected.

Integration

 Integration of payloads into Integrated Firmware Image (IFWI) works as expected.

Negative

 System working as expected in the presence of unwanted input/user behavior.

Stress

 System stability & reliability under stress conditions.

Unit

software developers to ensure that a section of an application (known as the "unit") meets its design and behaves as intended.

- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Unit_ testing
- http://softwaretestingfundamental s.com/unit-testing/
- https://www.artofunittesting.com/ definition-of-a-unit-test



WHAT IS THE UNIT TEST FRAMEWORK?

How does the Unit Test Framework work?



EDK II Open Source Unit Test Framework

Overview

- Prior Efforts
 - Component of Host Based Firmware Analyzer (HBFA) (open sourced by Intel mid 2019)
 - Microsoft UEFI Shell only unit test solution
- Collaboration between Intel and Microsoft*
- Future expansion plans to include Code Coverage (Gcov)

Benefits

- Supports Host Environments for Developers & CI Agents
- Supports Target Environments (PEI, DXE, SMM, UEFI Shell)
- Focused on low level testing of interfaces, libraries, and modules
- Includes <u>cmocka</u> to support mocked interfaces
- Generates standard XML <u>JUnit</u> reports

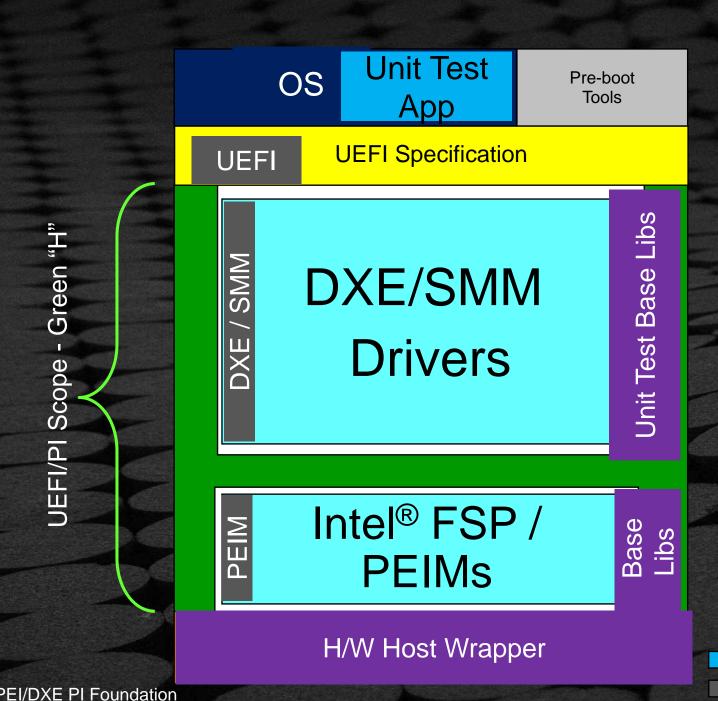


Green

Scope

UEFI/PI

EDK II Unit Test Framework



Unit Test Framework Template for Host, DXE, SMM and PEI testing

Unit Test Framework wraps code around interfaces

Unit Test Base Libs used to interface against real hardware

Host and Target based unit testing available

Unit Test Application

Code to test

Wrapper or Unit test Base Lib

Modular Components



Green

Scope

UEFI/PI

EDK II Unit Test Framework

OS Unit Test App

Pre-boot Tools

UEFI Specification

DXE/SMM
Drivers

Intel® FSP / PEIMs

Hardware

Host Unit Test App Expected **Expected** Inputs Results **EDK II Unit Test Libs** **Function** under Test Unit Test Application

PEI/DXE PI Foundation

Modular Components

Code to test

Wrapper or Unit test Base Lib



Where is the Unit Test Framework Source?



EDK II Repo -

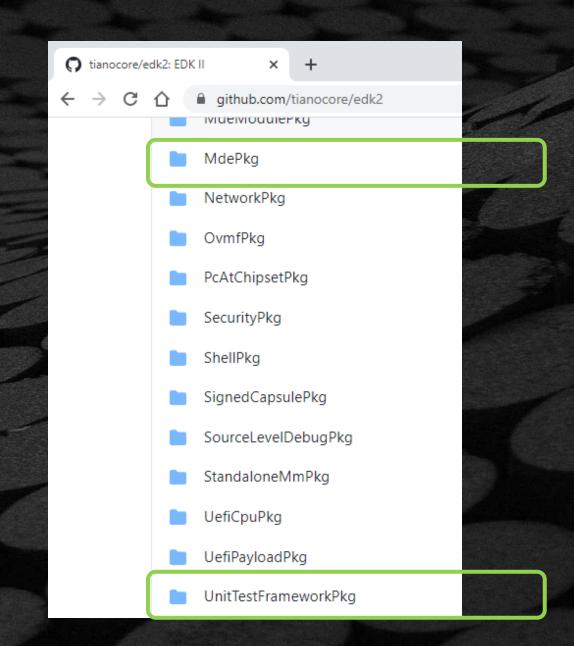
https://github.com/tianocore/edk2

Library Class to include:

MdePkg/Include/Library/UnitTestLib.h

Unit Test Framework Package:

UnitTestFrameworkPkg





Directories and Files EDK II Open Source Unit Test Framework

```
MdePkg/Include/Library/UnitTestLib.h
UnitTestFrameworkPkg/
  PrivateInclude/
  Library/
   CmockaLib/
   Posix/
     DebugLibPosix/
     MemoryAllocationLibPosix/
   UnitTestBootLibNull/
   UnitTestBootLibUsbClass/
   UnitTestDebugAssertLib/
   UnitTestLib/
   UnitTestPersistenceLibNull/
   UnitTestPersistenceLibSimplFileSystem/
   UnitTestResultReportLib/
```

- ← Library to include for framework interfaces
- ← Package to include for definitions
- ← Private Include

Unit Test Framework Package Libraries

- ← Cmocka lib for cmocka functions
 - Posix Libraries for:
 - ← DebugLib
 - and memory allocation
- ← Null Library for Boot
- ← Boot Library for USB Class
- Replacement for DebugAssert() in DebugLib
- ← Unit Test Library
- ← Null Library for Persistence Test
- ← Library Persistence for Simple File System
- ← Library for Reporting Results

11



How Does the Unit Test Framework Work?

The UnitTestLib Class provides functions for creating unit test suites and test cases for the functions under test.

Library Function	Description	
<pre>InitUnitTestFramework()</pre>	A Unit Test Framework is registered	
<pre>CreateUnitTestSuite()</pre>	A Unit Test Suite is registered	
AddTestCase()	Each individual test case is added to the test suite	
RunAllTestSuites()	Run all the tests in the test suite	
<pre>FreeUnitTestFramework()</pre>	Free Registered test suite framework	
SaveFrameworkState()	Save registered test suites through a reset	



How Does the Unit Testing Work?

- Incorporate changed code into the Unit Test Framework sample templates using the UnitTestLib Class
- The unit test must test paths in the changed code with a <u>deterministic</u> and <u>expected desired result</u>
- The unit test will return
 UNIT_TEST_PASSED for passing test.
- The unit test will return a failure from an UT_ASSERT_... test.

Assert tests returns failure on failed conditions:

- UT_ASSERT_TRUE(Expression)
- UT_ASSERT_FALSE(Expression)
- UT_ASSERT_EQUAL(ValueA, ValueB)
- UT_ASSERT_MEM_EQUAL(BufferA, BufferB, Length)
- UT_ASSERT_NOT_EQUAL(ValueA, ValueB)
- UT_ASSERT_NOT_EFI_ERROR(Status)
- UT_ASSERT_STATUS_EQUAL(Status, Expected)
- UT_ASSERT_NOT_NULL(Pointer)



Example: Super Simple Function to Unit Test

Sample function to test:

```
UINTN NumberPlusOne(
  IN UINTN Number
  UINTN ReturnNumber = 0;
  if (Number < 100){
    ReturnNumber = Number + 1;
  return (ReturnNumber); // result
```

Determine the "Correct" results to add test cases

Observations:

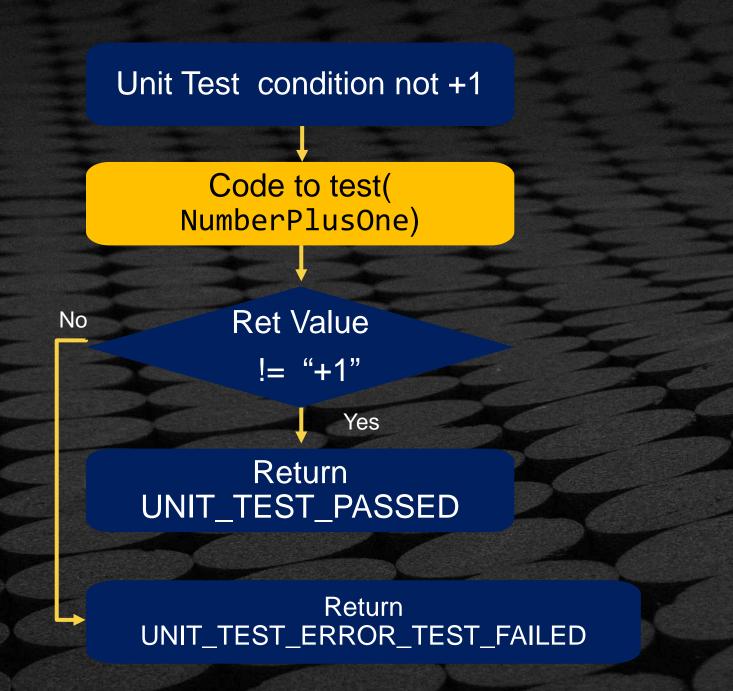
- 1. If we pass a value of less then "100" the return value should be Number +1.
- 2. If we pass a value greater or equal than "100" then the return will be "0"

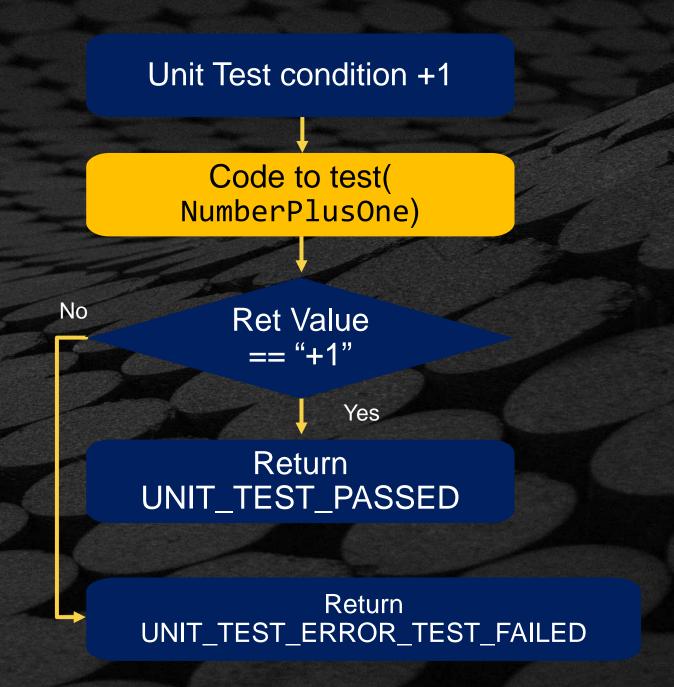
Result:

Two test cases can be done to unit test this function



Unit Tests Determined Flow for All Results







Example Test Case Functions

```
UNIT_TEST_STATUS
EFIAPI
IsNumberNotPlus1(
IN UNIT_TEST_CONTEXT Context
)
{
  UINTN RetNumber;

  RetNumber = NumberPlusOne(100);
  UT_ASSERT_EQUAL (RetNumber, 0);
  return UNIT_TEST_PASSED;
}
```

```
UNIT_TEST_STATUS
EFIAPI
IsNumberPlus1(
IN UNIT_TEST_CONTEXT Context
)
{
  UINTN RetNumber;

  RetNumber = NumberPlusOne(1);
  UT_ASSERT_EQUAL (RetNumber, 2);
  return UNIT_TEST_PASSED;
}
```



Example Test Case Function Combined

```
UNIT_TEST_STATUS
EFIAPI
IsNumberCorrect(
IN UNIT_TEST_CONTEXT
                      Context
         RetNumber;
 UINTN
 // Check for != +1 or 0 condition
  RetNumber = NumberPlusOne(100);
 UT_ASSERT_EQUAL (RetNumber, 0);
 // Check for is 2 condition
  RetNumber = NumberPlusOne(1);
 UT_ASSERT_EQUAL (RetNumber, 2);
  return UNIT_TEST_PASSED;
```

This test case combined both example deterministic results into one test case

If either result fails, the UT_ASSERT will return a failure on the testing.



Example Output From Stuart CI Build

In your immediate output, any build failures will be highlighted. You can see these here as "WARNING" and "ERROR" messages

```
SECTION - Building UnitTestFrameworkPkg Package
PROGRESS - -- Running UnitTestFrameworkPkg: Host Unit Test . . . . NOOPT --
PROGRESS - Start time: 2020-08-07 10:22:59.833725
PROGRESS - Setting up the Environment
PROGRESS - Running Pre Build
PROGRESS - Running Build NOOPT
PROGRESS - Running Post Build
SECTION - Run Host based Unit Tests
SUBSECTION - Testing for architecture: X64
WARNING - CheckNumberPlusOneUnitTestHost.exe Test Failed
WARNING - Test Description - UT ASSERT EQUAL(RetNumber:2, 1:1)
<filepath/CheckNumberPlusOneUnitTest.c:106: error: Failure!</pre>
ERROR - Plugin Failed: Host-Based Unit Test Runner returned 1
CRITICAL - Post Build failed
PROGRESS - End time: 2020-08-07 10:23:13.86 Total time Elapsed: 0:00:14
ERROR - --->Test Failed: Host Unit Test Compiler Plugin NOOPT returned 1
<u> ERROR - Overall Build Status: Error</u>
PROGRESS - There were 1 failures out of 1 attempts
<u>SECTION - Summary</u>
```

tionocore Example Output From Stuart CI Build - Passing

Example with all unit tests passing

```
SECTION - Init SDE
SECTION - Loading Plugins
SECTION - Start Invocable Tool
SECTION - Getting Environment
SECTION - Loading plugins
SECTION - Building UnitTestFrameworkPkg Package
PROGRESS - -- Running UnitTestFrameworkPkg: Host Unit Test Plugin NOOPT --
PROGRESS - Start time: 2020-08-07 12:42:01.690900
PROGRESS - Setting up the Environment
PROGRESS - Running Pre Build
PROGRESS - Running Build NOOPT
PROGRESS - Running Post Build
SECTION - Run Host based Unit Tests
SUBSECTION - Testing for architecture: X64
PROGRESS - End time: 2020-08-07 12:42:14.190751 Total time Elapsed:
0:00:12
PROGRESS - --->Test Success: Host Unit Test Compiler Plugin NOOPT
PROGRESS - Overall Build Status: Success
SECTION - Summary
PROGRESS - Success
```



Example Test Result Output

The host application can be run manually to get more details

Example: Output Running All 3 Unit Tests:

Start with "[RUN

If Test Pass end with "[

OK]"

```
Sample Check Number Plus One Unit Test v0.1
               RUNNING ALL TEST SUITES
RUNNING TEST SUITE: Simple Number Tests
l Test IsNumberPlus1 - produce 1+1=2
           Test IsNumberPlus1 - produce 1+1=2
          Test IsNumberNotPlus1 - Not produce number +1
           Test IsNumberNotPlus1 - Not produce number +1
            Test IsNumberCorrect w/ results in one test
            Test IsNumberCorrect w/ results in one test
 ======] 3 test(s) run.
           3 test(s).
  PASSED
```



Unit Test Framework Logging

UnitTestLib Class Log Output

```
UT LOG ERROR(Format, ...)
```

```
UT_LOG_WARNING(Format, ...)
```

Log Description records current executing test case

- ← ERROR message in the test framework
- ← Warning message in the test framework log
- ← Information message in the test framework log
- ← Verbose message in the test framework log



Example Test Result Output with LOG Data

Output displays intermediate test information

```
Sample Check Number Plus One Unit Test v0.1
            RUNNING ALL TEST SUITES
RUNNING TEST SUITE: Simple Number Tests
[=======] Running 3 test(s).
      ] Test IsNumberPlus1 - produce 1+1=2
       OK | Test IsNumberPlus1 - produce 1+1=2
      Test IsNumberNotPlus1 - Not produce number +1
 RUN
       OK ] Test IsNumberNotPlus1 - Not produce number +1
      ] Test IsNumberCorrect w/ results in one test
UnitTest:-Test-3---Test-IsNumberCorrect-w/-results-in one test
Log Output Start
[INFO] Number is: 100 returned was (0)
[INFO] Number is: 1 returned was (2)
Log Output End
  -----OK-]-Test-IsNumberCorrect-w/-results-in-one test
PASSED ] 3 test(s).
```



Results From a Unit Test Run on Non-Host

```
----- UNIT TEST FRAMEWORK RESULTS ------
                                                CLASS NAME: Test-3
                                                TEST:
STATUS: PASSED
 SUITE: Simple Number Tests
                                                FAILURE: NO FAILURE
  PACKAGE: Sample.Test
                                                FAILURE MESSAGE:
LOG:
 CLASS NAME: Test-1
                                               [INFO]
        Test IsNumberPlus1 - produce 1+1=2
                                               [INFO]
 TEST:
 STATUS: PASSED
 FAILURE: NO FAILURE
 FAILURE MESSAGE:
                                               Suite Stats
                                                Passed: 3
                                                         (100%)
                                                         (0\%)
                                                Failed:
                                                Not Run: 0
 CLASS NAME: Test-2
        Test IsNumberNotPlus1 - Not produce number +1
 STATUS: PASSED
                                               Total Stats
 FAILURE: NO FAILURE
                                                         (100%)
                                                Passed: 3
 FAILURE MESSAGE:
                                                Failed:
                                                         (0%)
                                                Not Run: 0
*************************
```

```
**************************
      Test IsNumberCorrect w/ results in one test
       Number is: 100 returned was (0)
       Number is: 1 returned was (2)
*************************
```



Samples of Unit Test Framework

Sample Unit Test

BaseSafeIntLib Unit Test

BaseLib Unit Test

DxeResetSystemLib Unit Test

DSC Files to Build Sample Tests

Host <u>DSC file</u> for Sample Unit Test

 Host DSC file for both BaseSafeIntLib and BaseLib Unit Test

 Host DSC file for DxeResetSystemLib Unit Test

Include Host DSC file for Host Unit Test Framework for CI

Include Target DSC file for including test framework into the Platform Package DSC file





HOW IS UNIT TEST CODE INCLUDED WITH CI?

Tool rules for including unit test code to build & run with Stuart Continuous Integration

2



Prerequisites for Stuart CI Build

- Windows 10:
 - Visual Studio VS2017 or VS2019
 - Windows SDK (for rc)
 - Windows WDK (for Capsules)
- Ubuntu 18.04 or Fedora
 - GCC5 or greater
- Python 3.7.x or greater on Path
- Git on Path

Download / Clone the required EDK II and other Repos

Example tianocore.org - edk2:

\$ git clone
https://github.com/tianocore/edk2.git



Preparation Before Building for CI locally

Install the pip requirements¹

```
$ pip install --upgrade -r pip-requirements.txt
```

Get the code dependencies (done only when submodules change)

```
$ stuart_setup -c .pytool\CISettings.py TOOL_CHAIN_TAG=<Your TAG>
```

Update other dependencies (done on new command prompt)

```
$ stuart_update -c .pytool\CISettings.py TOOL_CHAIN_TAG=<Your TAG>
```

Build the BaseTools (done only when BaseTools change and first time)

```
$ python BaseTools\Edk2ToolsBuild.py -t <Your TAG>
```

Note that the "<Your tag>" is one of prerequisite compliers: VS2017, VS2019 or GCC5



Continuous Integration Host Module Test w/ PyTool – Build, Run & Verify Test Capabilities

Inclusion Tests

Scans all INF files from a package for host based unit tests

All INF files must be listed in [Components] section of DSC where:

- MODULE_TYPE = HOST_APPLICATION
- Or Library instances that support HOST_APPLICATION

Compilation and Run Tests

Uses the Target = NOOPT

Include Host-based test in the Package YAML file:

NamePkg.ci.yaml contains:

```
"HostUnitTestCompilerPlugin": {
   "DscPath": "Test/NamePkgHostTest.dsc"
   },
```

See PyTool/Readme.md



Configuring the Host Based DSC

Any Host Based DSC for a package Pkg will be located:

<PackageName>Pkg/Test/<PackageName>PkgHostTest.dsc

To add automated host-based unit test building to a new package, create a similar DSC.

The new DSC should make sure to have the NOOPT BUILD_TARGET and should include the line:

!include UnitTestFrameworkPkg/UnitTestFrameworkPkgHost.dsc.inc

All of the modules that are included in the Components section of this DSC should be MODULE_TYPE = HOST_APPLICATION.

See .pytool Readme.md Host Unit Test



Unit Test Location Layout Rules

Host - Library, Protocol, PPI, GUID Interface

 Scoped to the parent package MdePkg/Test/UnitTest/[interface¹]/

Host - Library, Driver

• Scoped to the implementation directory itself in a UnitTest Dir <Package>Pkg/DriverXDxe/UnitTest

Host - Functionality or Feature

 Should be located in the package-level Tests dir under a HostFuncTest sub-dir <Package>Pkg/Test/HostFuncTest/Feature

Non-Host (PEI/DXE/SMM/Shell)

• Should be located with the package-level Pkg/Test/[Shell/Dxe/Smm/Pei]Test directory.

Link to Layout Rules: UnitTestFrameworkPkg Readme.md



Example Package Directory Tree

```
<PackageName>Pkg /
   ComponentY/
     ComponentY.inf
     ComponentY.c
                              Driver
     UnitTest /
       ComponentYHostUnitTest.inf
       ComponentYHostUnitTest.c
   Library /
     SpecificLibDxe
                              Library
       UnitTest /
         SpecificLibDxeHostUnitTest.c
         SpecificLibDxeHostUnitTest.inf
           # Host Based Test Apps
   Test /
```

```
# Cont.
Test /
  <Package>PkgHostTest.dsc
                                    Feature
  UnitTest /
    InterfaceX /
      InterfaceXHostUnitTest.inf
      InterfaceXPeiUnitTest.inf
                                      Host &
                                     Non-Host
      InterfaceXDxeUnitTest.inf
                                      By INF
      InterfaceXSmmUnitTest.inf
      InterfaceXShellUnitTest.inf
      InterfaceXUnitTest.c
    GeneralPurposeLib /
      GeneralPurposeLibTest.c
      GeneralPurposeLibHostUnitTest.inf
<Package>Pkg.dsc
```



STEPS FOR ADDING A UNIT TEST

What are the steps for adding a unit test in the Unit Test Framework?

** Steps for Setting up Test Cases and Test Suites

- Decide on the Code to Unit Test
- Create the Unit Test Suite(s)
- Build and Examine Results

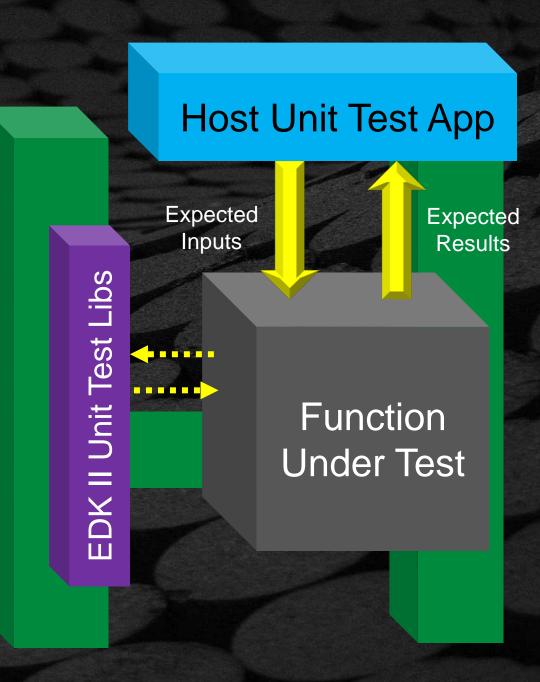
- 1. Register the Unit Test Framework
- 2. Create a Test Suite
- 3. Add Test Cases to the Test Suite
- 4. Run the Test Suite
- 5. Add EDK II INF and DSC files



Decide on the Code to Unit Test



- Function under test needs to work well with "White Box" testing
 - Internal structure/ design/ implementation are known to the developer
- May need to break down test cases into reasonable test functions
- Test cases should validate all possible "good" & "bad" expected results
- Plans to add Code Coverage (Gcov) to help determine code paths
- Determine possibilities for Host-based Testing vs. testing on Target





Host Versus Non-Host Based Test Cases

Host

- Supports CI agent environments
- Independent of OS
- Supports Standard POSIX C
- Cmocka capabilities
- Set Target to "NOOPT"
- Specific Host DSC file include for Host Package DSC file for testing with CI

Non-Host PEI, DXE, SMM, ...

- Pass/Fail Output logging to Debug Serial port
- Separate Entry Points for DXE or PEI or Other
- Only cursory build validation so far
- Specific <u>Target DSC file</u> include for Platform Package DSC file for Non-Host testing

Both

Requires a separate .INF for different environments (Host, DXE, DXE SMM & PEI)

35



Create and Add a Unit Test Suite(s) B

- Register the Framework
- Create Test Suite 1
- Add Test Cases 1- n
- Create Test Suite n
- Add Test Cases 1- n
- Run the Tests

Framework

Unit Test

Test Suite 1

TEST CASE 2

TEST CASE 1

TEST CASE n

Test Suite n

TEST CASE 1

TEST CASE 2

TEST CASE n

Function Under Test 1

Function Under Test n



Register the Unit Test Framework

Register with InitUnitTestFramework()

InitUnitTestFramework (&Framework, UNIT_TEST_NAME, gEfiCallerBaseName, UNIT_TEST_VERSION);

Where:

UNIT TEST FRAMEWORK HANDLE Framework

Constant Define user defined string UNIT TEST NAME

Base name from EDK II build gEfiCallerBaseName

Constant of user defined sting version number UNIT TEST VERSION

This call will register the unit test framework structure (giving it a handle)



Create a Test Suite 2

Create a test suite with CreateUnitTestSuite()

CreateUnitTestSuite (&SuiteHandle, Framework, "Test Title", "Test.Name", NULL, NULL);

Where:

UNIT_TEST_SUITE_HANDLE SuiteHandle

UNIT TEST FRAMEWORK HANDLE (same as Init) Framework

User friendly ASCII String for Suite Title "Test Title"

User friendly ASCII String for Suite Name (no spaces) "Test.Name"

Optional Setup Function runs before suite NULL

Optional Teardown Function runs after suite NULL

This call will register the test suite framework structure (giving it a handle)

Create / Add a Test Case 3

Create a test case with AddTestCase ()

AddTestCase (SuiteHandle, "Test Description", "short.name", UnitTestFunction, NULL, NULL, NULL);

Where:

UNIT TEST SUITE HANDLE (same as Create for Suite) SuiteHandle User friendly ASCII String for Test Case Description "Test Description" User friendly ASCII String for Test Case Name (no spaces) "Test.Name" UnitTestFunction **Unit Test Function** Optional Prerequisite Function runs before test function NULL NULL Optional Clean-up Function runs after test function UNIT TEST CONTEXT - Optional Pointer to Context NULL

- This call will add a test case to the test suite framework structure
- Multiple Test cases can be added to the same test suite

Example Test Case Function

The UnitTestFunction Shows that it will make a call to the Function Under Test with the expected results

Call to UT_ASSERT_EQUAL compares the Output Value returned with a known expected value

If the returned Output Value is not equal to the Expected Value, the test will return a failure.

```
UNIT_TEST_STATUS
EFIAPI
UnitTestFunction(
IN UNIT_TEST_CONTEXT
                      Context
  // Local Variables InputParm, OutValue;
  FunctionUnderTest(InputParm, &OutValue)
  UT_ASSERT_EQUAL (OutValue, EXPECTED_VALUE);
  return UNIT_TEST_PASSED;
```

Run the test all the test case suites with RunAllTestSuites ()

```
Status = RunAllTestSuites (Framework);
```

Where:

Framework

UNIT_TEST_FRAMEWORK_HANDLE (same as the InitUnitTestFramework)

This call will run all test cases for all test suites registered



Initialize and Create Unit Test Suite "Main()"

```
EFI STATUS
EFIAPI
UefiTestMain (
 VOID
 EFI STATUS
                             Status;
 UNIT_TEST_FRAMEWORK_HANDLE Framework;
 UNIT TEST SUITE HANDLE
                             SuiteHandle;
 Framework = NULL;
//Start setting up the test framework
 Status = InitUnitTestFramework (&Framework,
     UNIT_TEST_NAME, gEfiCallerBaseName,
     UNIT TEST VERSION);
// Check if (EFI ERROR (Status)) and goto EXIT on error
// Populate the Unit Test Suite.
 Status = CreateUnitTestSuite (&SuiteHandle,
      Framework, "Test Suite Title", "Suite.Test",
     NULL, NULL);
// Check if (EFI_ERROR (Status)) and goto EXIT on error
```

```
// Add test cases
 AddTestCase (SuiteHandle,
      " Test Description ",
      "Test.one", UnitTestFunction, NULL, NULL, NULL);
// . . . Add more test cases to this test suite.
// . . . Create more Unit Test Suite and
// . . . Add more test cases to this test suite.
// Execute the tests.
 Status = RunAllTestSuites (Framework);
EXIT:
  if (Framework) {
    FreeUnitTestFramework (Framework);
 return Status;
```



Example of Unit Test "C" file #Include & #define Statements

```
/** @file
File Header
**/
#include <PiPei.h>
#include <Uefi.h>
#include <Library/UefiLib.h>
#include <Library/DebugLib.h>
#include <Library/PrintLib.h>
#include <Library/UnitTestLib.h>
// Other Includes
#define UNIT_TEST_NAME "Sample Unit Test"
#define UNIT_TEST_VERSION
```

Required Library Class

Preferred Defines used for Test Reports



Example: Unit Test Suite Entry Points

```
/**
   Standard POSIX C entry point for host based
   unit test execution.

**/

int
main (
   int argc,
   char *argv[]
  )
{
   return UefiTestMain ();
}
```

Another Entry Point for a different environment



Example INF file for Host Unit Tes

```
## @file
[Defines]
 INF_VERSION
                 = 0 \times 00010005
 BASE NAME
                 = SampleUnitTestHost
 FILE GUID
                 = <get a new GUID>
 MODULE TYPE
                 = HOST APPLICATION
  VERSION STRING = 1.0
  VALID ARCHITECTURES = IA32 X64
[Sources]
 SampleUnitTest.c
 <. . . Other sources>
[Packages]
 MdePkg/MdePkg.dec
 <. . . Other packages>
```

```
"Test"
required in
  name
```

```
[LibraryClasses]
  BaseLib
                              UnitTestLib
  DebugLib
                               Required
  UnitTestLib
  <. . . Other Libraries>
[Pcd]
gEfiMdePkgTokenSpaceGuid.PcdDebugPropert
yMask
<... Other Pcds >
```

Creates the executable:

SampleUnitTestHost

```
For Library Classes INF Files:
LIBRARY CLASS =
    NameLib HOST APPLICATION
```



Example INF file for Non-Host Targ 5

The Sections: Sources, Packages, LibraryClasses, and Pcd remain the same Note, always get a **NEW** FILE_GUID for each INF file.

Differences:

INF for PEI:

```
[Defines]
  BASE_NAME = SampleUnitTestPei
  MODULE_TYPE = PEIM
  ENTRY_POINT = PeiEntryPoint
[Depex]
  gEfiPeiMemoryDiscoveredPpiGuid
```

INF for DXE:

```
[Defines]
BASE_NAME = SampleUnitTestDxe
MODULE_TYPE = DXE_DRIVER
ENTRY_POINT = DxeEntryPoint
[Depex]
TRUE
```

INF for SMM:

```
[Defines]
BASE_NAME = SampleUnitTestSmm
MODULE_TYPE = DXE_SMM_DRIVER
ENTRY_POINT = DxeEntryPoint
[Depex]
gEfiSmmCpuProtocolGuid
```

. There maybe others



Example DSC File for Host Unit Test 5

```
[Defines]
 PLATFORM NAME
                       = NamePkgHostTest
 PLATFORM_GUID
                       = <GUID>
 PLATFORM_VERSION
                       = 0.1
 DSC_SPECIFICATION = 0 \times 00010005
 OUTPUT_DIRECTORY
                       = Build/NamePkg/HostTest
 SUPPORTED_ARCHITECTURES = IA32 X64
 BUILD TARGETS
                         NOOPT
 SKUID_IDENTIFIER
                        = DEFAULT
```

!include UnitTestFrameworkPkg/UnitTestFrameworkPkgHost.dsc.inc

[PcdsPatchableInModule] gEfiMdePkgTokenSpaceGuid.PcdDebugPropertyMask | 0x17

The DSC should have the NOOPT BUILD_TARGET See .pytool Readme.md Host Unit Test Link to UnitTestFrameworkPkgHost.dsc.inc

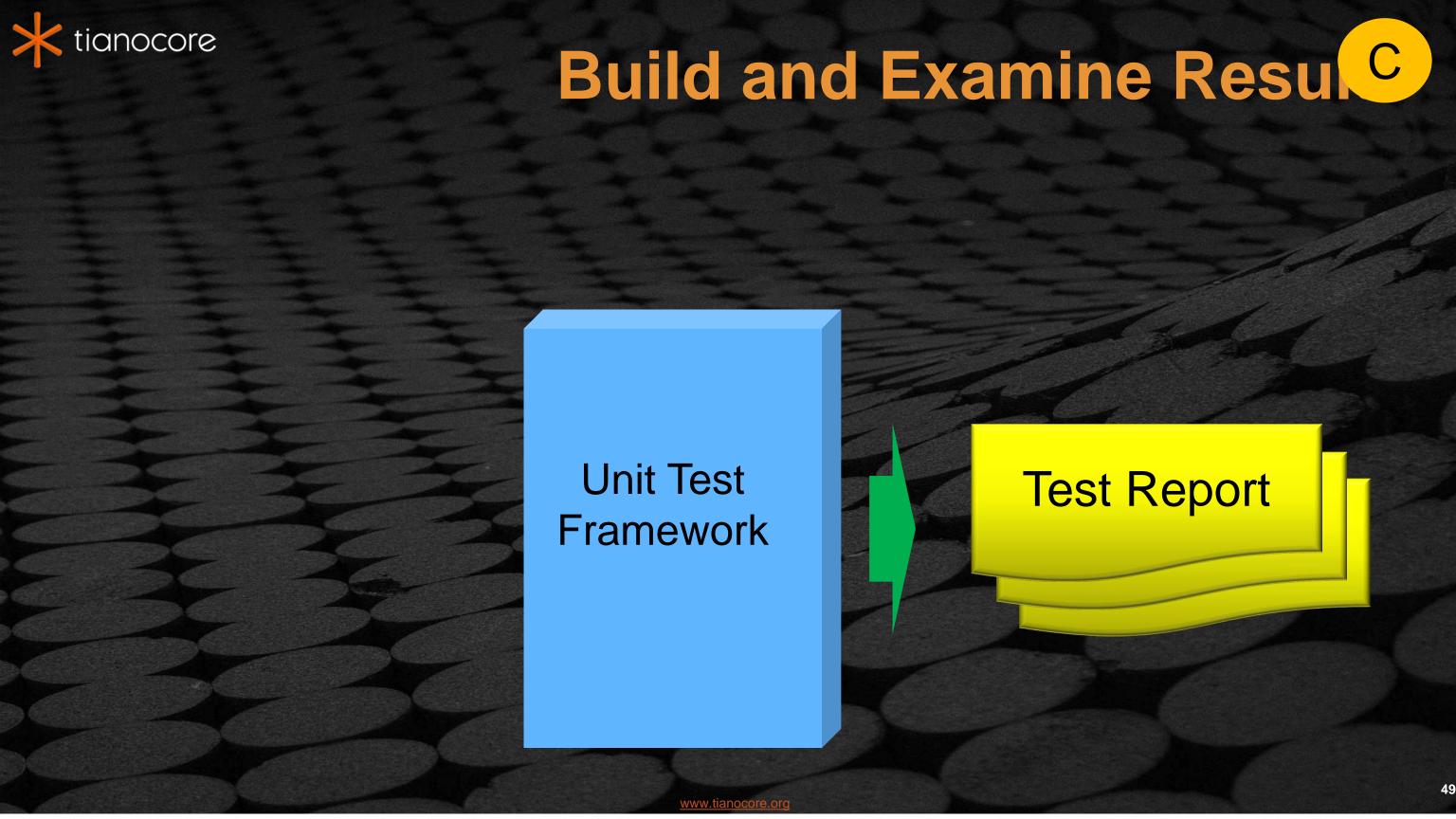


Example DSC File for Host Unit Test 5

```
[Components]
   Build HOST_APPLICATION that tests the SampleUnitTest
 NamePkg/Test/UnitTest/Sample/SampleUnitTest/SampleUnitTestHost.inf
 # Other Components
```

All of the modules that are included in the Components section of this DSC have: MODULE TYPE = HOST APPLICATION

Or For a library class have: LIBRARY CLASS = NameLib HOST APPLICATION





Build/Run CI Locally Then Examine Results

Continuous Integration (CI) Build

```
stuart_ci_build
   -c .pytool/CISettings.py
   TOOL_CHAIN_TAG=VS2019 -t NOOPT -p
   UnitTestFrameworkPkg -a X64
```

Use pytools to setup the JUNIT XML output format

Parse the XML for failures and show the return status in the logs from the pytools (pass == 0 or fail == 1)

OUTPUT

```
SECTION - Init SDE
SECTION - Loading Plugins
SECTION - Start Invocable Tool
SECTION - Getting Environment
SECTION - Loading plugins
SECTION - Building UnitTestFrameworkPkg Package
PROGRESS - --Running UnitTestFrameworkPkg: Host Unit
           Test Compiler Plugin NOOPT --
PROGRESS - Start time: 2020-07-08 14:20:08.036407
PROGRESS - Setting up the Environment
PROGRESS - Running Pre Build
PROGRESS - Running Build NOOPT
PROGRESS - Running Post Build
SECTION - Run Host based Unit Tests
SUBSECTION - Testing for architecture: X64
PROGRESS - End time: 2020-07-08 14:21:40.247474
PROGRESS - --->Test Success: Host Unit Test Compiler
PROGRESS - Overall Build Status: Success
SECTION - Summary
PROGRESS - Success
```



Examine Pass / Fail Reports - Manually

Run the created Host executable. SampleUnitTestHost

Each test case will return a

UNIT_TEST_PASSED if the test case was

successful

Otherwise, on a test case assertion the unit test will return

UNIT_TEST_ERROR_TEST_FAILED

PASS: Report contains all the test case results all passing

```
OK ] String from test case
```

Summary

FAIL: If there are any tests with a failure

```
[ ERROR ] --- Condition of Failure [ LINE ] --- File and line of Failure
```

Summary

```
======== # test(s) run.
[ PASSED ] # test(s)
[ FAILED ] # test(s), listed below:
[ FAILED ] TestName w/ results in # test
```



Debugging

Most Host Based Unit Tests can be debugged on the host OS with software debugger:

GDB or Visual Studio or others

Use CpuBreakpoint();

Some of the UnitTestFramework (mostly Cmocka) sets its own flags that cause some symbols and exception captures harder to debug.

Use the build switch: BLD_*_UNIT_TESTING_DEBUG=TRUE

Example:

stuart_ci_build -c .pytool/CISettings.py TOOL_CHAIN_TAG=VS2019 -t NOOPT -p -a X64
UnitTestFrameworkPkg BLD_*_UNIT_TESTING_DEBUG=TRUE



EXAMPLE USING CMOCKA

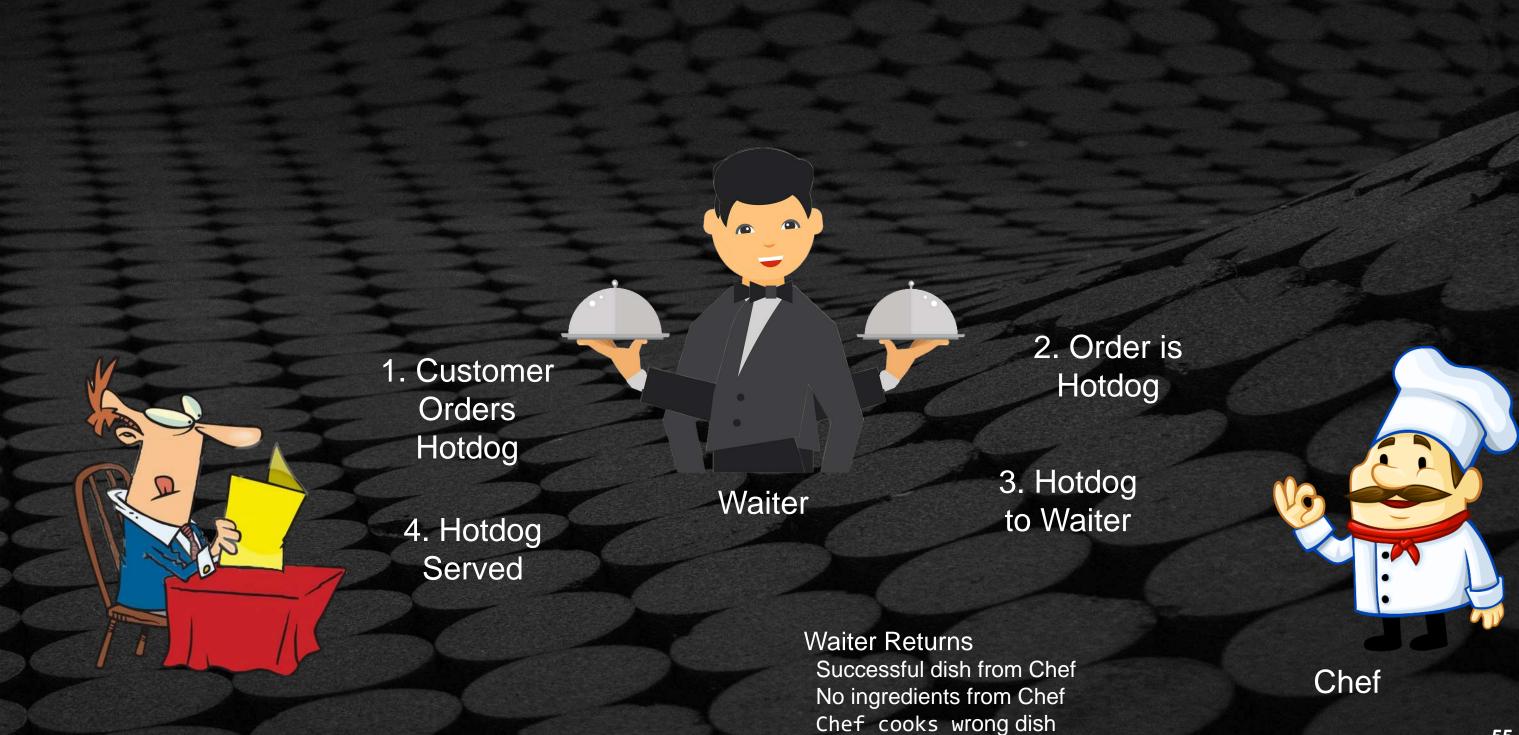


How Does Cmocka work?

- The function under test requires a real-time call to another function
- Using Cmocka the unit test case will prime a "Mock" of the real-time function that the function under test would call
- Then each test case can prime the "Mock" real-time function to return deterministic values when the function under test calls it.
- The unit test case can then have a Pass / Fail decision-based on the values primed to the "Mock" real-time function
- The github <u>Cmocka</u> library is included as submodules from the EDK II UnitTestFrameworkPkg
- Cmocka Tutorial



Example: Waiter to Return the Correct Dish





Example: Waiter to Return the Correct Dish

1. Prime Mock Chef w/ Hotdog & Success

Orders Hotdog

> 5. Hotdog Served

2. Customer

Onit Test
Pass Result
Correct
dish

3. Order is Hotdog

4. Hotdog to Waiter

Mock Chef

Waiter

Waiter Returns
Successful dish from Chef
No ingredients from Chef
Chef cooks wrong dish



Chef

Unit Test
Case



Example: Waiter to Return the Wrong Dish

...........

1. Prime Mock Chef w/ Hotdog but return Burger

Unit Test

Orders
Hotdog

Case 2

5. Burger Served

2. Customer

6.

Unit Test
Pass Result

– Wrong dish

3. Order is Hotdog

4. Burger instead of Hotdog

Mock Chef

Waiter

Waiter Returns
Successful dish from Chef
No ingredients from Chef
Chef cooks wrong dish



Chef



Using Cmocka Functions

Return Values

will_return(_mock, value)

Values passed to will_return() are added to a queue

Successive call to _mock() removes a return value from the queue

Input Parameters

expect_*()

Store expected values for mock function parameters queued

check expected()

Used in _mock() function to fill parameters for mocked function

Checks for validity and will signal failure if invalid



Example: WaiterProcess call to ChefCook

```
STATIC INTN WaiterProcess(
  IN CONST CHAR16 *order,
 OUT CHAR16 **dish)
  INTN rv;
  rv = ChefCook(order, dish);
  if (rv != 0) {
    return -1;
  // Check if we received the dish we wanted
  if (StrCmp(order, *dish) != 0) {
    FreePool(*dish);
    *dish = NULL;
    return -2;
return 0;
```

WaiterProcess is function to test

This is the function to test it calls ChefCook()

0 - success

-1 - kitchen failed

-2 - kitchen succeeded, but cooked a different food

Cmocka Edk II Unit Test ChefCook example: link
Cmocka example Chef_wrap : link



Mock Function ChefCook()

```
INTN __wrap_ChefCook(
  IN CONST CHAR16 *order,
 OUT CHAR16 **dish out)
  BOOLEAN has_ingredients;
  BOOLEAN knows dish;
  CHAR16 *dish;
  EFI_STATUS Status;
check_expected_ptr(order);
knows_dish = mock_type(BOOLEAN);
if (knows dish == FALSE) {
  return -1;
has_ingredients = mock_type(BOOLEAN);
                                           3
if (has_ingredients == FALSE) {
  return -2;
```

```
dish = mock_ptr_type(CHAR16 *);
if (*dish_out == NULL) {
  *dish out =
    (CHAR16*)AllocateZeroPool(MAX_DISH_SIZE
     * sizeof(CHAR16));
Status = StrCpyS(*dish_out, (MAX_DISH_SIZE *
  sizeof(CHAR16)) , dish);
if (EFI_ERROR(Status)) {
  DEBUG((DEBUG_INFO, "Status = %r\n", Status));
  return -1;
return mock_type(INTN);
```



Example Test Case - Correct Dish Served

```
UNIT TEST STATUS
EFIAPI
TestOrderHotdog(
      IN UNIT TEST CONTEXT Context
  INTN rv;
  CHAR16 *dish = NULL;
  // We expect the chef to receive an order for
  // a hotdog
  expect_string(__wrap_ChefCook, order, L"hotdog");
  // And we tell the test chef that he knows how
  // to cook a hotdog and has the ingredients
  will_return(__wrap_ChefCook, TRUE);
  will_return(_wrap_ChefCook, TRUE);
  // The result will be a hotdog and the cooking
  // process will succeed
4 will_return(__wrap_ChefCook,
      cast_ptr_to_largest_integral_type(L"hotdog"));
will_return(__wrap_ChefCook, 0);
```

```
// Test the waiter process - function to test
 rv = WaiterProcess(L"hotdog", &dish);
  // We expect the cook to succeed cooking
 // the hotdog
 UT_ASSERT_EQUAL(rv, 0);
 // And actually receive one
 UT_ASSERT_MEM_EQUAL(dish, L"hotdog",
     sizeof(L"hotdog"));
 if (dish != NULL) {
    FreePool(dish);
return UNIT TEST PASSED;
```



NEXT STEPS

Example using MtrrLib in the UefiCpuPkg and next steps



Next Steps

- Review the UnitTestFrameworkPkg SampleUnitTest and unit test code examples on next slide
- Review the example using MtrrLib in the UefiCpuPkg <u>Link</u>
 - Determine how the CPUID and Read/Write MSR are done through the mock in the host unit test environment
- Complete the Unit Test Framework Lab Guide: Link
 - Step by step guide for the Stuart CI build and run the Sample Unit Test from UnitTestFrameworkPkg
 - Create a Host Unit Test Framework for a simple function
 - Add a UEFI Shell Unit Test Framework using the EmulatorPkg.



Resources

Unit Test Framework Package Overview

– Link

Continuous Integration (CI) Configuring for Unit Tests – Link

Code Examples of Unit Test Cases

- Sample Unit Test
- BaseSafeIntLib Unit Test
- BaseLib Unit Test
- DxeResetSystemLib Unit Test
- MtrrLibUnitTest

 Cmocka Edk II Unit Test ChefCook example: <u>link</u>



Questions?









ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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