

*employee* (ID, *person\_name*, *street*, *city*)

*works* (ID, company\_name, *salary*)

Figure 1

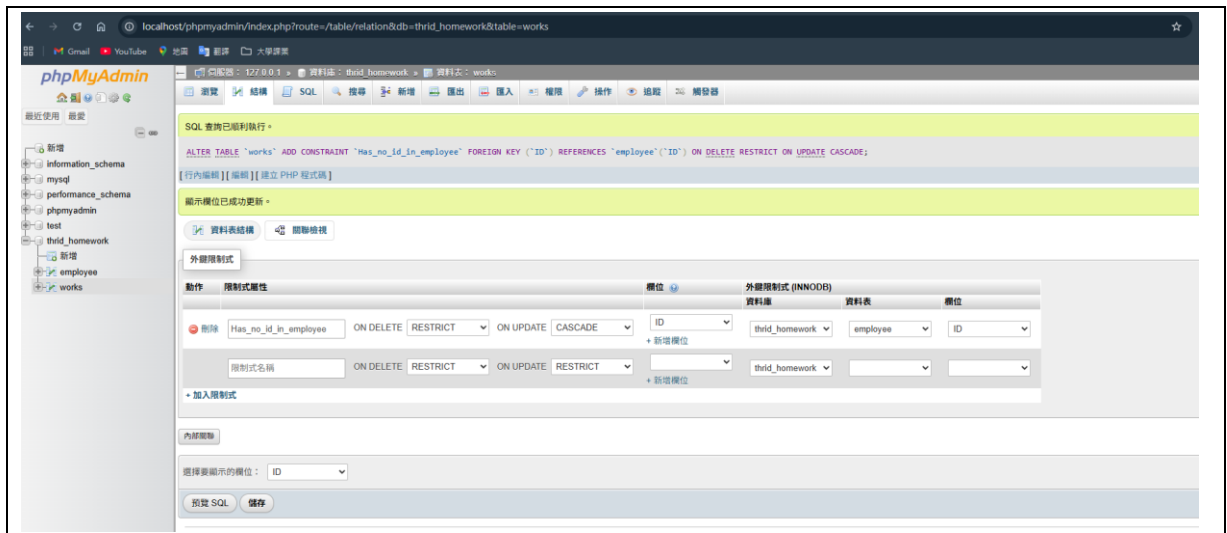
1. (40%) Use MariaDB to declare the two relations in Figure 1, where the primary keys are underlined.

(1) For each relational schema, choose an appropriate domain for each attribute. Define the attribute “person\_name” as “not null”. Other attributes except primary keys can have null values.

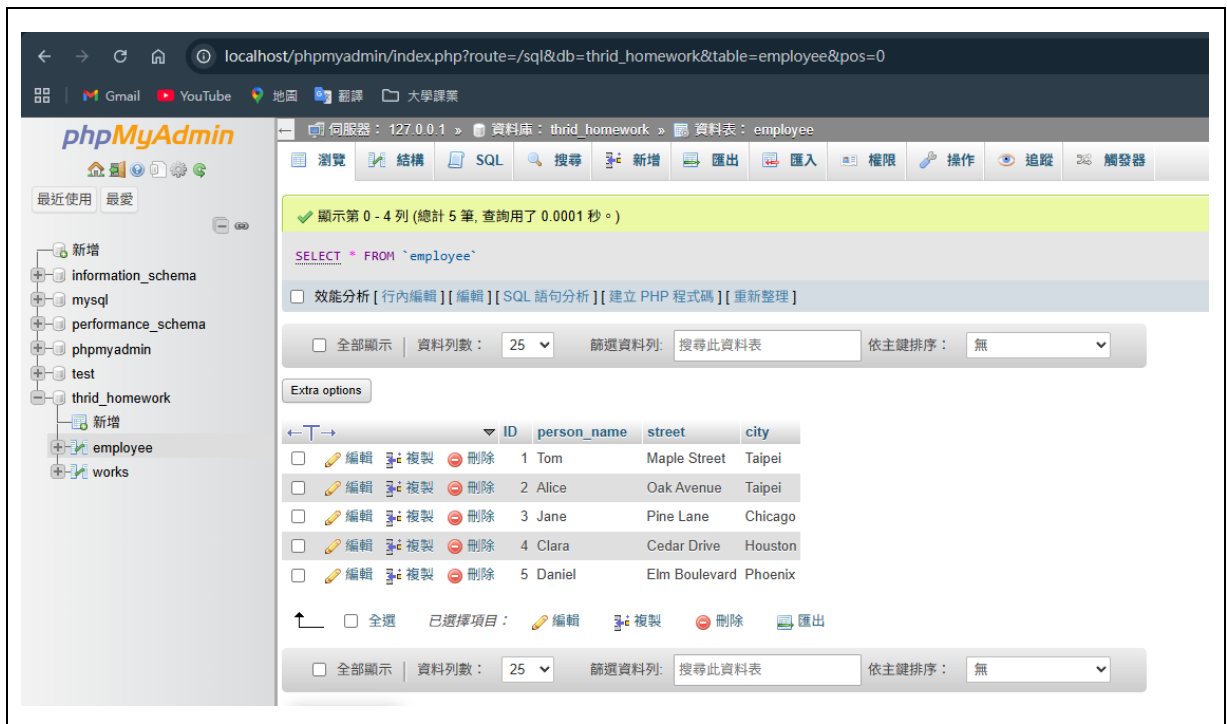
(2) Declare the primary key of each relation. Note that the primary key of the *works* relation consists of two attributes. After finishing steps (1)-(2), capture the corresponding Web page as the answer. (所抓之圖如 PHP&MariaDB 教學手冊 (lab25.pdf) 第 20 頁下方之圖).

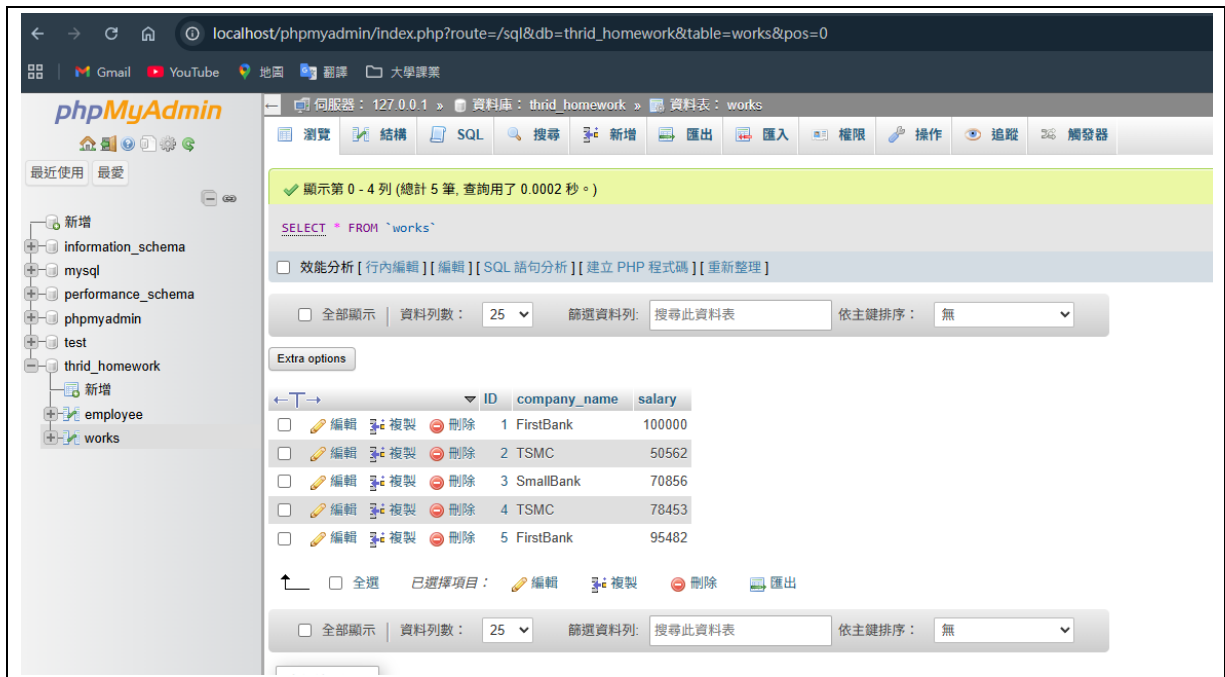
The image shows two screenshots of the phpMyAdmin web interface. The top screenshot displays the structure of the 'employee' table in the 'thrid\_homework' database. The table has four columns: ID (int(10), primary key, not null), person\_name (varchar(30), utf8\_general\_ci, not null), street (varchar(50), utf8\_general\_ci, null), and city (varchar(50), utf8\_general\_ci, null). The bottom screenshot displays the structure of the 'works' table in the same database. The table has three columns: ID (int(10), primary key, not null), company\_name (varchar(50), utf8\_general\_ci, not null), and salary (int(10), unsigned, null). The primary key is defined as a composite key consisting of ID and company\_name. The interface includes a sidebar with a database tree, a top navigation bar, and a main content area with various tools and options.

(3) Declare the attribute “ID” of the “works” relation as a foreign key referencing the “employee” relation. Please choose the option “restrict” for deletion and choose the option “cascade” for update. After declaration, capture the corresponding Web pages as the answers. (所抓之圖如教學手冊第 23 頁最下方之圖)



- (4) Insert at least five tuples into the two relations, respectively. Capture the corresponding Web pages as the answers. (所抓之圖如教學手冊第 18 頁下方之圖)





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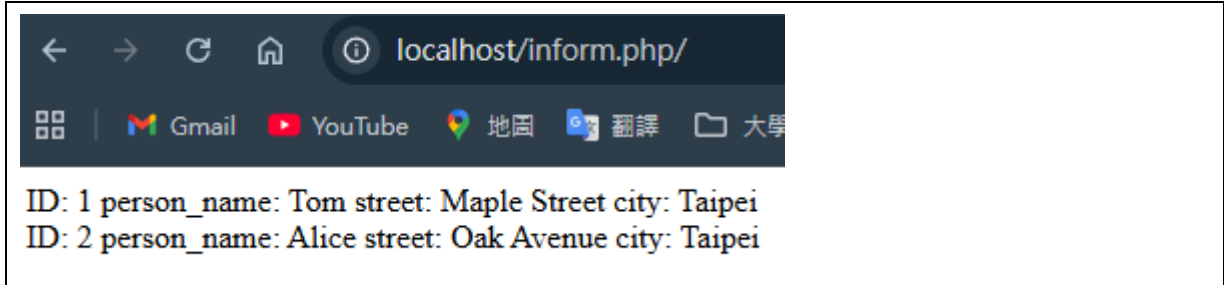
2. (60%) Write a PHP program to show all the content of the “employee” relation for those who live in Taipei. The data should be displayed in a table. (注意：需用 **prepared statement** 的寫法，部分程式可參考教學手冊第 30、32、37 頁所示)

(1) Give the program listing.

```
db_conn.php x inform.php
db_conn.php
1  <?php
2  $user = 'root';
3  $password = '123456789';
4  try {
5      $db = new PDO ('mysql:host=localhost;dbname=thrid_homework;charset=utf8',$user,$password);
6      $db->setAttribute (PDO::ATTR_ERRMODE, PDO::ERRMODE_EXCEPTION);
7      $db->setAttribute (PDO::ATTR_EMULATE_PREPARES, false);
8  }
9  catch (PDOException $e) {
10     Print "Error!: ".$e->getMessage();
11     die();
12 }
13 ?>
```

```
db_conn.php  inform.php X
inform.php
1  <?php
2      include "db_conn.php";
3      $city = 'Taipei';
4      $query = ("
5          select * from employee as e
6          where e.city = ?
7      ");
8      $stmt = $db->prepare($query);
9      $error = $stmt->execute(array($city));
10     $result = $stmt->fetchAll();
11
12     for ($i = 0; $i<count($result); $i++) {
13         echo "ID: ".$result[$i]['ID'].' '.
14             "person_name: ".$result[$i]['person_name'].' '.
15             "street: ".$result[$i]['street'].' '.
16             "city: ".$result[$i]['city'].' '.
17         '<br>';
18     }
19     ?>
```

- (2) Capture the screen which shows the answer based on your database content. (Your answer of Question 1(4).) (注意：畫面必須擷取到網址)



繳交作業方式：

1. Please submit your homework in a **single PDF** file to TronClass by 11/23 11:59pm.
2. 第2題依學號末碼區分，請同學注意勿答錯題。
3. 注意：若作業答案有一模一樣者，則皆為零分，不論你是不是原始創作者。