Sistemul numelor de domenii (II)

Lenuta Alboaie adria@infoiasi.ro

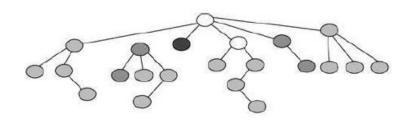
Cuprins

- Domain Name System (DNS)
 - Caracterizare
 - Organizare
 - Configurare
 - Comenzi, Primitive
 - IDN

DNS | ... sa ne reamintim

 DNS – poate fi privit ca o baza de date distribuita utilizata la maparea dintre numele host-urilor si IP-uri si vice versa

DNS - Structura



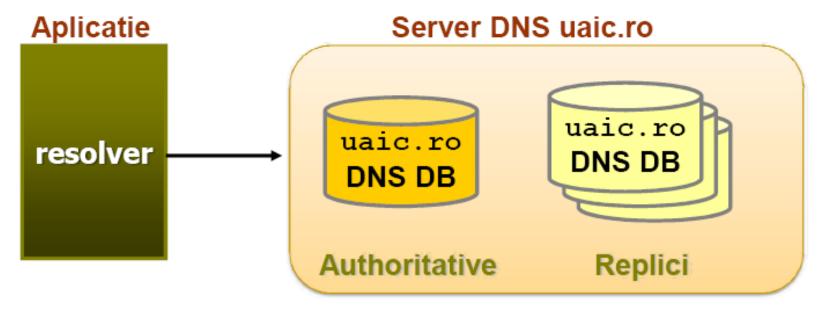
- structura ierarhica
 - domenii
 - subdomenii
 - ... (curs anterior)

DNS | ... sa ne reamintim

- DNS componente
 - spatiul numelor de domenii si RRs (resource records)
 - Spatiul numelor de domenii este impartit in zone nesuprapuse (zone)
 - RR inregistrari in baza de date DNS
 - Tipuri:
 - » A adresa IP a gazdei
 - » ...(vezi cursul anterior)
 - servere de nume (name servers)
 - root name servers
 - server primar (primary/authoritative name server)
 - servere secundare
 - clienti DNS sau resolvers

DNS | ... sa ne reamintim

 Client DNS (resolver), trimite un pachet UDP serverului DNS care cauta numele si returneaza adresa IP sau invers



[Retele de calculatoare – curs 2007-2008, Sabin Buraga]

DNS | comenzi

Ca resolver interactiv se pot folosi comenzile:

- -nslookup
- -dig
- -host
- -whois

— ...

DNS | nslookup

Exemple de utilizari:

- nslookup www.info.uaic.ro
- Returneaza RR de tip A folosind serverul DNS local

```
[adria@thor ~] $ nslookup www.info.uaic.ro
Server: 85.122.16.1
Address: 85.122.16.1#53

www.info.uaic.ro canonical name = vidar.info.uaic.ro.
Name: vidar.info.uaic.ro
Address: 85.122.23.146
```

Host Lookup

- nslookup 85.122.23.1
- Returneaza RR de tip PTR pentru 85.122.23.1 in ierarhia de domenii in-addr.arpa

```
[adria@thor ~] $ nslookup 85.122.23.1
Server: 85.122.16.1
Address: 85.122.16.1#53

1.23.122.85.in-addr.arpa name = thor.info.uaic.ro.
```

Reverse IP Lookup

[http://www.zytrax.com/books/dns/ch3/]

DNS | nslookup

Exemple de utilizari:

- nslookup www.axiologic.ro
- Returneaza RR de tip A folosind serverul DNS specificat

```
adria@thor:~$ nslookup www.axiologic.ro 207.210.101.144
Server: 207.210.101.144
Address: 207.210.101.144#53

Name: www.axiologic.ro
Address: 72.249.105.153
```

Host Lookup

> man nslookup

DNS | dig

dig – un instrument mai puternic decat nslookup

Exemplu de utilizare:

dig www.info.uaic.ro A

```
dria@thor ~] $ dig www.info.uaic.ro A
 <>>> DiG 9.6-ESV-R4 <<>> www.info.uaic.ro A
;; global options: +cmd
 ; Got answer:
  ->>HEADER <<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 19336
;; flags: qr aa rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 2, AUTHORITY: 3, ADDITIONAL: 4
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;www.info.uaic.ro.
                                IN
                                         Α
;; ANSWER SECTION:
www.info.uaic.ro.
                        86400
                                         CNAME
                                IN
                                                 vidar.info.uaic.ro.
vidar.info.uaic.ro.
                        86400
                                IN
                                                 85.122.23.146
;; AUTHORITY SECTION:
info.uaic.ro.
                        86400
                                IN
                                         NS
                                                 orion.uaic.ro.
                                         NS
info.uaic.ro.
                        86400
                                IN
                                                 onix.uaic.ro.
info.uaic.ro.
                        86400
                                TN
                                         NS
                                                 ns.iasi.roedu.net.
;; ADDITIONAL SECTION:
ns.iasi.roedu.net.
                        86400
                                IN
                                                 192.129.4.100
ns.iasi.roedu.net.
                        86400
                                IN
                                         AAAA
                                                 2001:b30:1:100::100
onix.uaic.ro.
                        86400
                                IN
                                                 85.122.16.4
                                                 85.122.16.1
                        86400
                                TN
orion.uaic.ro.
;; Query time: 1 msec
  SERVER: 85.122.16.1#53(85.122.16.1)
  WHEN: Mon Nov 14 11:57:27 2011
  MSG SIZE rcvd: 216
```

DNS | comenzi

host

Exemplu de utilizare:

```
adria@thor:~$ host 128.30.52.45
45.52.30.128.in-addr.arpa domain name pointer dolph.w3.org.
```

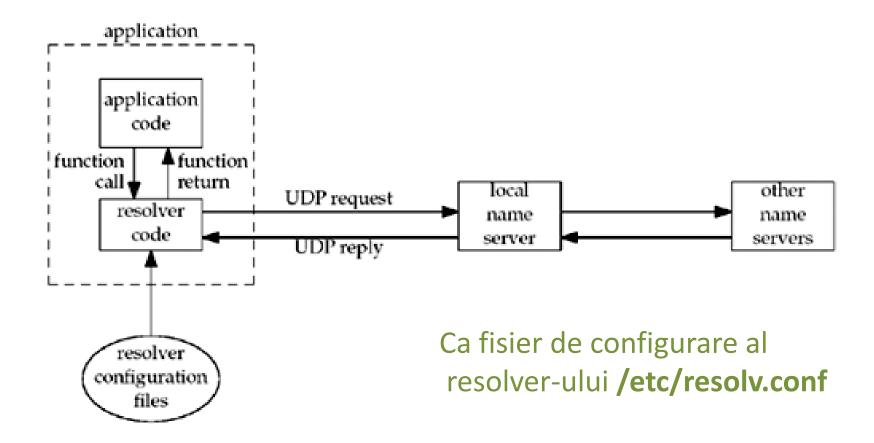
DNS | whois

whois ibm.com

```
International Business Machines Corporation
  New Orchard Road
  Armonk, NY 10504
   Domain Name: IBM.COM
   Promote your business to millions of viewers for only $1 a month
  Learn how you can get an Enhanced Business Listing here for your domain name
   Learn more at http://www.NetworkSolutions.com/
  Administrative Contact:
      IBM DNS Admin
                              dnsadm@us.ibm.com
     IBM Corporation
     New Orchard Road
     Armonk, NY 10504
     US
     +1.9147654227 fax: +1.9147654370
  Technical Contact:
                               ipreg@us.ibm.com
     IBM Corporation
     New Orchard Road
     Armonk, NY 10504
     +1.9192544441 fax: +1.9147654370
   Record expires on 20-Mar-2018.
   Record created on 19-Mar-1986.
   Database last updated on 8-Nov-2010 04:12:22 EST.
   Domain servers in listed order:
  INTERNET-SERVER.ZURICH.IBM.COM 195.176.20.204
  NS.WATSON.IBM.COM
                              129.34.20.80
  NS.ALMADEN.IBM.COM 198.4.83.35
                              192.35.232.34
  NS.AUSTIN.IBM.COM
adria@thor:~$
```

Registrant:

DNS | clienti, resolveri, servere



DNS | primitive

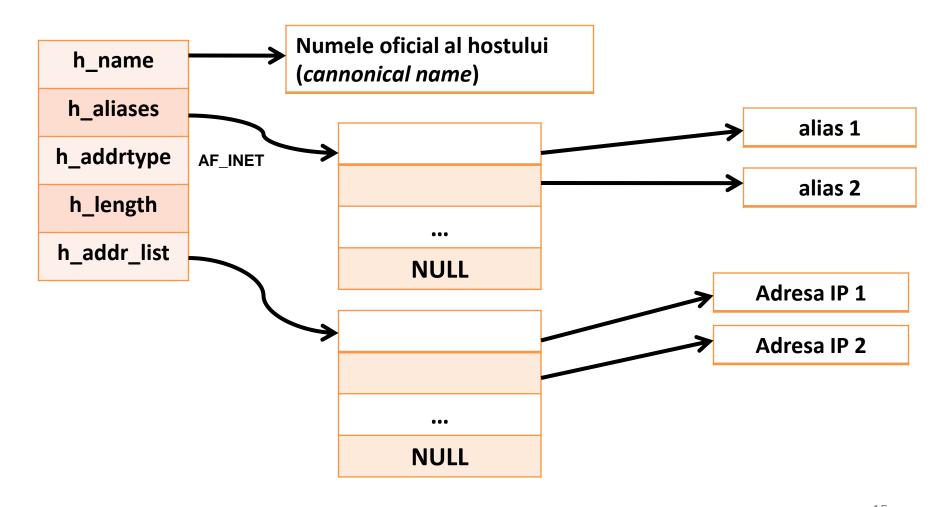
- Nu trebuie scris un resolver pentru a afla adresa IP a unei gazde
- Functii principale:
 - gethostbyname(); getaddrinfo();
 - gethostbyaddr(); getnameinfo();
- La unele sisteme de operare (e.g., Solaris) va trebui la compilare sa folosim biblioteca nsl (*Name Server Library*): gcc ... -Insl

DNS | primitive

```
Una din structurile folosite: hostent
struct hostent {
 char *h_name; /* nume oficial (canonical) */
 char **h_aliases; /* alias-uri */
 int h addrtype; /* AF INET */
 int h_length; /* lungimea adresei: 4 sau 6 */
 char **h addr list; /*pointeri la adresele IP */
```

DNS | primitive

Structura hostent:



DNS | gethostbyname()

- In termenii DNS, gethostbyname() realizeaza o cerere pentru o inregistrare A
- Obs. gethostbyname() se foloseste in special pentru IPv4

DNS | gethostbyname()

- Returneaza:
 - In caz de succes returneaza un pointer la hostent, ce contine adresa IP a host-ului
 - In caz de eroare NULL, iar variabila h_errno indica eroarea aparuta:
 - HOST_NOT_FOUND
 - •
 - NO_RECOVERY
 - •

Constante definite in netdb.h

DNS | gethostbyname()

 Exemplu de utilizare: completarea structurii sockaddr_in avind in loc de adresa IP un nume simbolic:

```
struct sockaddr_in server;
struct hostent *hos;
if(!( hos = gethostbyname("fenrir.info.uaic.ro") )
 {/*Eroare la rezolvarea adresei*/}
server.sin_family=AF_INET
 /* adresa IP o luam din structura hos */
memcpy(&server.sin_addr.s_addr, hos->h_addr_list[0],
              sizeof(hos->h addr list));
server.sin port=htons(4321);
```

DNS | gethostbyaddr()

- In termenii DNS, gethostbyaddr() realizeaza o cerere la serverul de nume pentru o inregistrare PTR in domeniul in-addr.arpa
- Returneaza: In caz de succes returneaza un pointer la hostent, ce contine numele oficial al host-ului; In caz de eroare NULL, iar variabila h_errno indica eroarea aparuta

Obs. gethostbyaddr() se foloseste in special pentru IPv4

DNS | getservbyname()

```
#include <netdb.h>
struct servent *getservbyname (const char *servname, const char
  *protoname);

    Returneaza: un pointer la struct servent in caz de sucess, NULL in

  caz de eroare
      struct servent {
          char *s_name; /* numele oficial al serviciului*/
           char **s_aliases; /* alias-uri */
          int s-port; /* portul (network-byte order) */
           char *s proto; /* protocolul */ };
Exemplu: struct servent *pserv;
         pserv=getservbyname("ftp","tcp"); /*FTP folosind TCP */
```

DNS | getservbyport()

```
#include <netdb.h>
struct servent *getservbyport (int port, const char *protoname);
```

- Cauta un serviciu dupa un numar de port si dupa protocol (optional)
- Returneaza: un pointer la struct servent in caz de sucess, NULL in caz de eroare

Obs. port este in *network byte order*

Exemplu:

```
struct servent *pserv;
pserv=getservbyport( htons(53), "udp"); /*DNS folosind UDP */
pserv=getservbyport( htons(21),"tcp"); /*FTP folosind TCP */
```

DNS | getaddrinfo()

```
#include <netdb.h>
Int getaddrinfo (

const char *hostname, const char *service, const struct addrinfo *hints, struct addrinfo *result );
```

Numele host-lui sau o adresa IPv4 sau IPv6 ca string

Portul serviciului sau numele serviciului ("http","pop",..) (vezi /etc/services)

Contine informatii despre tipul de informatii pe care trebuie sa le intoarca primitiva

le intoarca primitiva

- Obs. hostname, service, hints parametri de intrare
- Returneaza: 0 in caz de sucess, !=0 in caz de eroare
- Se recomanda a fi folosita si pentru IPv4 si pentru IPv6
- Combina functionalitati ale: gethostbyname(), getservbyname(), getservbyport()

DNS | getaddrinfo()

```
struct addrinfo {
  int ai_flags; /* AI_PASSIVE, AI_CANONNAME */
  int ai_family; /* AF INET, AF INET6, AF UNSPEC */
  int ai_socktype; /* SOCK_STREAM sau SOCK_DGRAM */
  int ai_protocol; /* 0 (auto) sau IPPROTO TCP, IPPROTO UDP */
  socklen_t ai_addrlen; /* lungimea lui ai_addr */
  char *ai canonname; /* numele canonic al host-ului */
  struct sockaddr *ai_addr; /* adresa binara a socket-ului */
  struct addrinfo *ai_next; /* pointer la urmatoarea structura din
  lista */
```

DNS | getaddrinfo()

Discutii:

 Daca functia returneaza cu succes result va pointa la lista de struct addrinfo.

Cazuri cind se pot obtine structuri multiple:

- Exista mai multe adrese asociate cu numele hostului, si cate o structura este returnata pentru fiecare adresa
- Daca serviciul este furnizat pentru tipuri diferite de socket-uri,
 atunci cate o structura este returnata pentru fiecare tip de socket
- Informatia returnata de getaddrinfo() in structura struct addrinfo
 **result poate fi utilizata astfel:
 - Pentru socket(): ai_family, ai_socktype, ai_protocol
 - Pentru connect() sau bind(): ai_addr si ai_addrlen
- freeaddrinfo()

DNS | getnameinfo()

```
Adresa soketu-ului trimisa ca
#include <netdb.h>
                                         argument
int getnameinfo (
   const struct sockaddr *sockaddr,
                                             numele host-ului intors
   socklen taddrlen,
   char *host, <:
   socklen_t hostlen,
                                            Numele serviciului
   char *serv, ===
                                        NI_NOFQDN -> host va contine doar
   socklen t servlen,
                                         numele host-ului si nu intreg numele
                                         al domeniului
   int flags);
   Inlocuieste gethostbyaddr() si getservbyport()
```

Returneaza: 0 in caz de sucess, !=0 in caz de eroare

DNS | IDN

International Domain Names (IDN)

 Extensie care permite folosirea caracterelor Unicode in numele de domenii, nu doar a celor ASCII http://www.icann.org/en/topics/idn/

16 Noiembrie 2009 - Inregistrarea de domenii ccIDN sau IDN ccTLD

2010-01: ICANN announces that Egypt, the Russian Federation, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates were the first countries to have passed the Fast Track String Evaluation within the IDN ccTLD domain application process.

Pot fi exploatate pentru atacuri de tip *phishing* (... detalii intr-un curs viitor)

DNS | administrare

 Radacina DNS este oficial administrata de Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers (ICANN)

 Exista si alte organizatii care ofera radacini alternative (alt DNS roots), precum OpenNIC (Network Information Center) sau New.Net

Rezumat

- Domain Name System (DNS)
 - Caracterizare
 - Organizare
 - Configurare
 - Comenzi, Primitive
 - IDN



Intrebari?

Intrebari?