ModelFlow

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Dette er en prøve og en ande kllgg

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CHAPTER

ONE

INDICES AND TABLES

- genindex
- modindex
- search

CHAPTER

TWO

MODULES

2.1 Introduction

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2.2 Installation

2.2.1 Install Miniconda

https://docs.conda.io/en/latest/miniconda.html to download the latest version 3.9

- open the file to start instalation
- · asked to install for: select just me
- in the start menu: select anaconda prompt

2.2.2 Install Modelflow in the base environment

kdæoijpoijasdf

```
conda install -c ibh -c conda-forge modelflow jupyter -y
pip install dash_interactive_graphviz
jupyter contrib nbextension install --user
jupyter nbextension enable hide_input_all/main
jupyter nbextension enable splitcell/splitcell
jupyter nbextension enable toc2/main
```

2.2.3 Install Modelflow in the separate environment

In this case we call the enviorement 'mf':

```
conda create -n mf -c ibh -c conda-forge modelflow jupyter -y conda activate mf pip install dash_interactive_graphviz jupyter contrib nbextension install --user jupyter nbextension enable hide_input_all/main jupyter nbextension enable splitcell/splitcell jupyter nbextension enable toc2/main
```

2.2.4 In windows this can be useful

```
conda install xlwings
```

2.2.5 To update ModelFlow

```
conda update modelflow -c ibh -c conda-forge -y
```

2.3 Core Modules, creates and solves model instances

2.3.1 modelclass module

lev

parent

Alias for field number 0

Alias for field number 1

```
Created on Mon Sep 02 19:41:11 2013

This module creates model class instances.

@author: Ib

class modelclass.node(lev, parent, child)

Bases: tuple

A named tuple used when to drawing the logical structure. Describes an edge of the dependency graph

Lev Level from start

Parent The parent

Child The child

Alias for field number 2
```

Bases: object

Class which defines a model from equations

In itself the BaseModel is of no use.

The model class enriches BaseModel with additional Mixin classes which has additional methods and properties.

A model instance has a number of properties among which theese can be particular useful:

allvar Information regarding all variables

basedf A dataframe with first result created with this model instance

lastdf A dataframe with the last result created with this model instance

The two result dataframes are used for comparision and visualisation. The user can set both basedf and altdf.

classmethod from_eq(equations, modelname='testmodel', silent=False, straight=False, funks=[], params={}, tabcomplete=True, previousbase=False, normalized=True, norm=True, sym=False, sep=\n', **kwargs)

Creates a model from macro Business logic language.

That is the model specification is first exploded.

Parameters

- equations The model
- modelname Name of the model. Defaults to 'testmodel'.
- silent Suppress messages. Defaults to False.
- **straigth** Don't reorder the model. Defaults to False.
- **funks** Functions incorporated in the model specification . Defaults to [].
- params For later use. Defaults to {}.
- tabcomplete Allow tab complection in editor, for large model time consuming. Defaults to True.
- previousbase Use previous run as basedf not the first. Defaults to False.
- norm Normalize the model. Defaults to True.
- sym If normalize do it symbolic. Defaults to False.
- **sep** Seperate the equations. Defaults to newline.

Returns A model instance

get_histmodel()

return a model instance with a model which generates historic values for equations marked by a frml name I or IDENT

Uses find_hist_model

analyzemodelnew(silent)

Analyze a model

The function creats:**Self.allvar** is a dictory with an entry for every variable in the model the key is the variable name. For each endogeneous variable there is a directory with thees keys:

Maxlag The max lag for this variable

Maxlead The max Lead for this variable

Endo 1 if the variable is endogeneous (ie on the left hand side of =

Frml String with the formular for this variable

Frmlnumber The number of the formular

Varnr Number of this variable

Terms The frml for this variable translated to terms

Frmlname The frmlname for this variable

Startnr Start of this variable in gauss seidel solutio vector :Advanced:

Matrix This lhs element is a matrix

Dropfrml If this frml shoud be excluded from the evaluation.

In addition theese properties will be created:

Endogene Set of endogeneous variable in the model

Exogene Se exogeneous variable in the model

Maxnavlen The longest variable name

Blank An emty string which can contain the longest variable name

Solveorder The order in which the model is solved - initaly the order of the equations in the model

Normalized This model is normalized

Endogene_true Set of endogeneous variables in model if normalized, else the set of declared endogeneous variables

```
smpl(start=", slut=", df=None)
```

Defines the model.current_per which is used for calculation period/index when no parameters are issues the current current period is returned

Either none or all parameters have to be provided

check_sim_smpl(databank)

Checks if the current period (the SMPL) is can contain the lags and the leads

```
set_smpl(start=", slut=", df=None)
```

Sets the scope for the models time range, and restors it afterward

Parameters

- start Start time. Defaults to ".
- slut End time. Defaults to ".
- **df** (Dataframe, optional) Used on a dataframe not self.basedf. Defaults to None.

set_smpl_relative(start_ofset=0, slut_ofset=0)

Sets the scope for the models time range relative to the current, and restores it afterward

keepswitch(switch=False, scenarios='*')

temporary place basedf, last df in keep_solutions if scenarios contains * or ? they are separated by | else space

property endograph

Dependencygraph for currrent periode endogeneous variable, used for reorder the equations if self.safeorder is true feedback for all lags are included

safeorder was a fix to handle lags = -0 which unexpected was used in WB models. Now it is handled in modelpattern

property calculate_freq

The number of operators in the model

property flop_get

The number of operators in the model prolog, core and epilog

calculate_freq_list(varlist)

get_columnsnr(df)

returns a dict a databanks variables as keys and column number as item used for fast getting and setting of variable values in the dataframe

outeval(databank)

takes a list of terms and translates to a evaluater function called los

The model axcess the data through: Dataframe.value[rowindex+lag,coloumnindex] which is very efficient

eqcolumns(a, b)

compares two lists

xgenr(databank, start=", slut=", silent=0, samedata=1, **kwargs)

Evaluates this model on a databank from start to slut (means end in Danish).

First it finds the values in the Dataframe, then creates the evaluater function through the *outeval* function (modelclass.model.fouteval()) then it evaluates the function and returns the values to a the Dataframe in the databank.

The text for the evaluater function is placed in the model property **make_los_text** where it can be inspected in case of problems.

findpos()

find a startposition in the calculation array for a model places startposition for each variable in model.allvar[variable]['startpos'] places the max startposition in model.maxstart

make_gaussline(vx, nodamp=False)

takes a list of terms and translates to a line in a gauss-seidel solver for simultanius models the variables are mapped to position in a vector which has all relevant variables lagged this is in order to provide opertunity to optimise data and solving

New version to take hand of several lhs variables. Dampning is not allowed for this. But can easely be implemented by makeing a function to multiply tupels

make resline(vx)

takes a list of terms and translates to a line calculating line

createstuff3(dfxx)

Connect a dataframe with the solution vector used by the iterative sim2 solver) return a function to place data in solution vector and to retrieve it again.

outsolve(order=", exclude=[])

returns a string with a function which calculates a Gauss-Seidle iteration of a model exclude is list of endogeneous variables not to be solved uses: model.solveorder the order in which the variables is calculated model.allvar[v]["gauss"] the ccalculation

```
make_solver(ljit=False, order=", exclude=[], cache=False)
```

makes a function which performs a Gaus-Seidle iteration if ljit=True a Jittet function will also be created. The functions will be placed in: model.solve_jit

base_sim(databank, start=", slut=", max_iterations=1, first_test=1, ljit=False, exclude=[], silent=False, new=False, conv=[], samedata=True, dumpvar=[], ldumpvar=False, dumpwith=15, dumpdecimal=5, lcython=False, setbase=False, setlast=True, alfa=0.2, sim=True, absconv=0.01, relconv=1e-05, debug=False, stats=False, **kwargs)

solves a model with data from a databank if the model has a solve function else it will be created.

The default options are resonable for most use:

Parameters

- start,slut Start and end of simulation, default as much as possible taking max lag into acount
- max_iterations Max interations
- **first_test** First iteration where convergence is tested
- 1jit If True Numba is used to compile just in time takes time but speeds solving up
- **new** Force creation a new version of the solver (for testing)
- exclude Don't use use theese foormulas
- **silent** Suppres solving informations
- conv Variables on which to measure if convergence has been achived
- samedata If False force a remap of datatrframe to solving vector (for testing)
- **dumpvar** Variables to dump
- **ldumpvar** toggels dumping of dumpvar
- dumpwith with of dumps
- dumpdecimal decimals in dumps
- **lcython** Use Cython to compile the model (experimental)
- alfa Dampning of formulas marked for dampning (<Z> in frml name)
- sim For later use
- absconv Treshold for applying relconv to test convergence
- **relconv** Test for convergence
- **debug** Output debug information
- **stats** Output solving statistics

Return outdf A dataframe with the solution

```
outres(order=", exclude=[])
```

returns a string with a function which calculates a calculation for residual check exclude is list of endogeneous variables not to be solved uses: model.solveorder the order in which the variables is calculated

```
make_res(order=", exclude=[])
```

makes a function which performs a Gaus-Seidle iteration if ljit=True a Jittet function will also be created. The functions will be placed in:

• model.solve

· model.solve_jit

```
base_res(databank, start=", slut=", silent=1, **kwargs)
```

calculates a model with data from a databank Used for check wether each equation gives the same result as in the original databank'

class modelclass.Org_model_Mixin

Bases: object

The model class, used for calculating models

Compared to BaseModel it allows for simultaneous model and contains a number of properties and functions to analyze and manipulate models and visualize results.

property lister

lists used in the equations

Returns Dictionary of lists defined in the input equations.

Return type dict

property listud

returns a string of the models listdefinitions

used when ceating (small) models based on this model

vlist(pat)

Returns a list of variable in the model matching the pattern, the pattern can be a list of patterns

Parameters pat (*string or list of strings*) – One or more pattern seperated by space wildcards * and ?, special pattern: #ENDO

Returns list of variable names matching the pat.

Return type out (list)

static list_names(input, pat, sort=True)

returns a list of variable in input matching the pattern, the pattern can be a list of patterns

```
exodif(a=None, b=None)
```

Finds the differences between two dataframes in exogeneous variables for the model Defaults to getting the two dataframes (basedf and lastdf) internal to the model instance

Exogeneous with a name ending in <endo>__RES are not taken in, as they are part of a un_normalized model

Parameters

- a (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to None. If None model.basedf will be used.
- **b** (*TYPE*, *optional*) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to None. If None model.lastdf will be used.

Returns the difference between the models exogenous variables in a and b.

Return type DataFrame

Returns a dataframe with values from a frml determining a variable

options:

```
last the lastdf is used else baseline dataframe
                   nolag only line for each variable
     get_eq_dif(varnavn, filter=False, nolag=False, showvar=False)
           returns a dataframe with difference of values from formula
     get_var_growth(varname, showname=False, diff=False)
           Returns the growth rate of this variable in the base and the last dataframe
     get_values(v, pct=False)
           returns a dataframe with the data points for a node, including lags
     __getitem__(name)
           To execute the index operator []
           Uses the modelvis.vis operator
     __getattr__(name)
           To execute the . operator
           uses modelvis.varvis
     __dir__()
           Default dir() implementation.
     todynare(paravars=[], paravalues=[])
           This is a function which converts a Modelflow model instance to Dynare .mod format
class modelclass.Model_help_Mixin
     Bases: object
     Helpers to model
     static timer(input='test', show=True, short=True)
           A timer context manager, implemented using a generator function. This one will report time even if an
           exception occurs the time in seconds can be retrieved by <return value>.seconds """
               Parameters
                   • input (string, optional) – a name. The default is 'test'.
                   • show (bool, optional) – show the results. The default is True.
                   • short (bool, optional) – . The default is False.
               Return type None.
     static update_from_list(indf, basis, lprint=False)
     static update_from_list_new(indf, basis, lprint=False)
     static update_old(indf, updates, lprint=False, scale=1.0, create=True, keep_growth=False, start=",
                           end=")
               Updates a dataframe and returns a dataframe
               Parameters
                   • indf (DataFrame) – input dataframe.
                   • basis (string) – lines with variable updates look below.
```

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• **lprint** (bool, optional) – if True each update is printed Defaults to False.

- scale (float, optional) A multiplier used on all update input. Defaults to 1.0.
- **create** (*bool*, *optional*) Creates a variables if not in the dataframe . Defaults to True.
- **keep_growth** (*bool*, *optional*) Keep the growth rate after the update time frame. Defaults to False.
- **start** (*string*, *optional*) Global start
- end Global end

static update(*indf*, *updates*, *lprint=False*, *scale=1.0*, *create=True*, *keep_growth=False*)

Updates a dataframe and returns a dataframe

Parameters

- **indf** (*DataFrame*) input dataframe.
- **basis** (*string*) lines with variable updates look below.
- **lprint** (*bool*, *optional*) if True each update is printed Defaults to False.
- scale (float, optional) A multiplier used on all update input. Defaults to 1.0.
- **create** (*bool*, *optional*) Creates a variables if not in the dataframe . Defaults to True.
- **keep_growth** (*bool*, *optional*) Keep the growth rate after the update time frame. Defaults to False.

Returns the updated dataframe.

Return type df (TYPE)

A line in updates looks like this:

insertModelVar(dataframe, addmodel=[])

Inserts all variables from this model, not already in the dataframe. If model is specified, the dataframw will contain all variables from this and model models.

also located at the module level for backward compability

static in_notebook()

class defsub

Bases: dict

A subclass of dict. if a defsub is indexed by a nonexisting keyword it just return the keyword

 $\label{loss_input} \textbf{test_model}(base_input, start=None, end=None, maxvar=1000000, maxerr=100, tol=0.0001, showall=False, dec=8, width=30, ref_df=None)$

Compares a straight calculation with the input dataframe.

shows which variables dont have the same value

Very useful when implementing a model where the results are known

Parameters

- **df** (*DataFrame*) dataframe to run.
- **start** (*index*, *optional*) start period. Defaults to None.
- end (index, optional) end period. Defaults to None.
- maxvar (int, optional) how many variables are to be chekked. Defaults to 1 000 000.
- maxerr (int, optional) how many errors to check Defaults to 100.
- tol (float, optional) check for absolute value of difference. Defaults to 0.0001.
- **showall** (bolean, optional) show more. Defaults to False.
- **ref_df** (*DataFrame*, *optional*) this dataframe is used for reference, used if add_factors has been calculated

Returns None.

property print_model

property print_model_latex

class modelclass.Dekomp_Mixin

Bases: object

This class defines methods and properties related to equation attribution analyses (dekomp)

dekomp(varnavn, start=", end=", basedf=None, altdf=None, lprint=True, time_att=False)

Print all variables that determines input variable (varnavn) optional – enter period and databank to get var values for chosen period

impact(var, ldekomp=False, leq=False, adverse=None, base=None, maxlevel=3, start=", end=")

dekomp_plot_per(varnavn, sort=False, pct=True, per=", threshold=0.0, rename=True, time_att=False, vsize=7)

Returns a waterfall diagram with attribution for a variable in one time frame

Parameters

- **varnavn** (*TYPE*) variable name.
- **sort** (*TYPE*, *optional*) . The default is False.
- pct (TYPE, optional) display pct contribution . The default is True.
- per (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. The default is ".
- **threshold** (TYPE, optional) cutoff. The default is 0.0.
- **rename** (*TYPE*, *optional*) Use descriptions instead of variable names. The default is True.
- time_att (TYPE, optional) Do time attribution. The default is False.

Return type a matplotlib figure instance.

```
get_att_pct(n, filter=False, lag=True, start=", end=", time_att=False)
```

det attribution pct for a variable. I little effort to change from multiindex to single node name

get_att_pct_to_from(to_var, from_var, lag=False, time_att=False)

Get the attribution for a singel variable

```
get_att_level(n, filter=False, lag=True, start=", end=", time_att=False)
```

det attribution pct for a variable. I little effort to change from multiindex to single node name

dekomp_plot(varnavn, sort=True, pct=True, per=", top=0.9, threshold=0.0, lag=True, rename=True, time_att=False)

Returns a chart with attribution for a variable over the smpl

Parameters

- **varnavn** (*TYPE*) variable name.
- **sort** (*TYPE*, *optional*) . The default is False.
- pct (TYPE, optional) display pct contribution . The default is True.
- per (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. The default is ".
- **threshold** (*TYPE*, *optional*) cutoff. The default is 0.0.
- **rename** (*TYPE*, *optional*) Use descriptions instead of variable names. The default is True
- **time_att** (*TYPE*, *optional*) Do time attribution . The default is False.
- lag (TYPE, optional) separete by lags The default is True.
- top (TYPE, optional) where to place the title

Return type a matplotlib figure instance.

```
get_dekom_gui(var=")
```

Interactive wrapper around dekomp_plot and dekomp_plot_per

Parameters var (TYPE, optional) – start variable. Defaults to ".

Returns dict of matplotlib figs .

Return type show (TYPE)

totexplain(pat='*', vtype='all', stacked=True, kind='bar', per=", top=0.9, title=", use='level', threshold=0.0)

makes a total explanation for the variables defined by pat

Parameters

- pat (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to '*'.
- **vtype** (*TYPE*, *optional*) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 'all'.
- **stacked** (*TYPE*, *optional*) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to True.
- kind (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 'bar'.
- per (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
- top (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 0.9.
- title (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
- use (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 'level'.
- threshold (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 0.0.

Returns DESCRIPTION.

Return type fig (TYPE)

```
totdif(summaryvar='*', desdic=None, experiments=None)
     get_att_gui(var='FY', spat='*', desdic={}, use='level', ysize=7)
           Creates a jupyter ipywidget to display model level attributions
class modelclass.Description_Mixin
     Bases: object
     This Class defines description related methods and properties
     set_var_description(a dict)
     static html_replace(ind)
           Replace special characters in html
     var_des(var)
           Returns blank if no description
     get_eq_des(var, show_all=False)
           Returns a string of descriptions for all variables in an equation:
     get_des_html(var, show=1)
     static read_wb_xml_var_des(filename)
           Read a xml file with variable description world bank style
     static languages_wb_xml_var_des(filename)
           Find languages in a xml file with variable description world bank style
     set_wb_xml_var_description(filename, language='English')
           set variable descriptions from a xml file with variable description world bank style
     enrich_var_description(var_description)
           Takes a dict of variable descriptions and enhance it for the standard suffixes for generated variables
class modelclass.Modify_Mixin
     Bases: object
     Class to modify a model with new equations, (later alse delete, and new normalization)
     eqflip(flip=None, calc\_add=True, newname='', sep=\n')
               Parameters
                   • newnormalisation (TYPE, optional) – Not implementet yet . The default is None.
                   • newfunks (TYPE, optional) – Additional userspecified functions. The default is [].
                   • calc_add (bool, optional) – Additional userspecified functions. The default is [].
               Returns
                   • newmodel (TYPE) – The new model with the new and deleted equations .
                   • newdf (TYPE) – a dataframe with calculated add factors. Origin is the original models
     eqdelete(deleteeq=None, newname=")
               Parameters deleteeq (TYPE, optional) – Variables where equations are to be deleted. The
                   default is None.
```

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Returns

- **newmodel** (TYPE) The new model with the new and deleted equations .
- **newdf** (*TYPE*) a dataframe with calculated add factors. Origin is the original models lastdf.

Parameters

- **updateeq** (*TYPE*) new equations seperated by newline .
- **newfunks** (TYPE, optional) Additional userspecified functions. The default is [].
- calc_add (bool, optional) Additional userspecified functions. The default is [].

Returns

- **newmodel** (TYPE) The new model with the new and deleted equations .
- **newdf** (*TYPE*) a dataframe with calculated add factors. Origin is the original models lastdf.

Parameters

- **updateeq** (*TYPE*) new equations seperated by newline .
- newfunks (TYPE, optional) Additional userspecified functions. The default is [].
- calc_add (bool, optional) Additional userspecified functions. The default is [].

Returns

- newmodel (TYPE) The new model with the new and deleted equations .
- **newdf** (*TYPE*) a dataframe with calculated add factors. Origin is the original models lastdf.

class modelclass.Graph_Mixin

Bases: object

This class defines graph related methods and properties

static create_strong_network(g, name='Network', typeout=False, show=False)

create a solveorder and blockordering of af graph uses networkx to find the core of the model

property strongorder

property strongblock

property strongtype

property strongfrml

To search simultaneity (circularity) in a model this function returns the equations in each strong block

superblock()

finds prolog, core and epilog variables

property prevar

returns a set with names of endogenopus variables which do not depend on current endogenous variables

property epivar

returns a set with names of endogenopus variables which do not influence current endogenous variables

property preorder

the endogenous variables which can be calculated in advance

property epiorder

the endogenous variables which can be calculated in advance

property coreorder

the solution order of the endogenous variables in the simultaneous core of the model

property coreset

The set of variables of the endogenous variables in the simultaneous core of the model

property precoreepiorder

```
property prune_endograph
```

property use_preorder

property totgraph_nolag

The graph of all variables, lagged variables condensed

property totgraph

Returns the total graph of the model, including leads and lags

property endograph_nolag

Dependencygraph for all periode endogeneous variable, shows total dependencies

property endograph_lag_lead

Returns the graph of all endogeneous variables including lags and leads

totgraph_get(onlyendo=False)

The graph of all variables including and seperate lagged and leaded variable

onlyendo: only endogenous variables are part of the graph

graph_remove(paralist)

Removes a list of variables from the totgraph and totgraph_nolag mostly used to remove parmeters from the graph, makes it less crowded

graph_restore()

If nodes has been removed by the graph_remove, calling this function will restore them

class modelclass.Graph_Draw_Mixin

Bases: object

This class defines methods and properties which draws and vizualize using different graphs of the model

treewalk(g, navn, level=0, parent='Start', maxlevel=20, lpre=True)

Traverse the call tree from name, and returns a generator

to get a list just write: list(treewalk(...)) maxlevel determins the number of generations to back up

lpre=0 we walk the dependent lpre=1 we walk the precednc nodes

drawendo(**kwargs)

draws a graph of of the whole model

```
drawendo_lag_lead(**kwargs)
     draws a graph of of the whole model
drawmodel(lag=True, **kwargs)
     draws a graph of of the whole model
plotadjacency(size=(5, 5), title='Structure', nolag=False)
     Draws an adjacendy matrix
         Parameters
              • size (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to (5, 5).
              • title (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 'Structure'.
              • nolag (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to False.
         Returns A adjacency matrix drawing.
         Return type fig (matplotlib figure)
draw(navn, down=1, up=1, lag=False, endo=False, filter=0, **kwargs)
     draws a graph of dependensies of navn up to maxlevel
         Lag show the complete graph including lagged variables else only variables.
         Endo Show only the graph for current endogenous variables
         Down level downstream
         Up level upstream
trans(ind, root, transdic=None, debug=False)
     as there are many variable starting with SHOCK, the can renamed to save nodes
color(v, navn=")
upwalk(g, navn, level=0, parent='Start', maxlevel=20, filter=0.0, lpre=True)
     Traverse the call tree from name, and returns a generator
     to get a list just write: list(upwalk(...)) maxlevel determins the number of generations to back maxlevel
upwalk_old(g, navn, level=0, parent='Start', up=20, select=0.0, lpre=True)
     Traverse the call tree from name, and returns a generator
     to get a list just write: list(upwalk(...)) up determins the number of generations to back up
explain(var, up=1, start=", end=", filter=0, showatt=True, lag=True, debug=0, noshow=False, dot=False,
          **kwargs)
     Walks a tree to explain the difference between basedf and lastdf
     Parameters: :var: the variable we are looking at :up: how far up the tree will we climb :select: Only show
     the nodes which contributes :showatt: Show the explanation in pct :lag: If true, show all lags, else aggregate
     lags for each variable. :HR: if true make horisontal graph :title: Title :saveas: Filename :pdf: open the pdf
     file :svg: display the svg file :browser: if true open the svg file in browser :noshow: Only return the resulting
     graph :dot: Return the dot file only
dftodottable(df, dec=0)
todot(g, navn=", browser=False, **kwargs)
     makes a drawing of subtree originating from navn all is the edges attributex can be shown
```

Sink variale to use as sink

```
Svg Display the svg image
gdraw(g, **kwargs)
     draws a graph of of the whole model
maketip(v, html=False)
     Return a tooltip for variable v.
     For use when generating .dot files for Graphviz
     If html==True it can be incorporated into html string
makedotnew(alledges, navn=", **kwargs)
     makes a drawing of all edges in list alledges all is the edges
     this can handle both attribution and plain
         All show values for .dfbase and .lastdf
         Last show the values for .lastdf
         Growthshow Show growthrates
         Attshow Show attributiuons
         Filter Prune tree branches where all(abs(attribution)<filter value)
         Sink variale to use as sink
         Source variale to use as ssource
         Svg Display the svg image in browser
         Pdf display the pdf result in acrobat reader
         Saveas Save the drawing as name
         Size figure size default (6,6)
         Warnings warnings displayed in command console, default =False
         Invisible set of invisible nodes
         Labels dict of labels for edges
         Transdic dict
                           of
                                 translations
                                                       consolidation
                                                                                         {'SHOCK[_A-
                                                 for
                                                                         of
                                                                               nodes
             Z]*__J':'SHOCK__J','DEV__[_A-Z]*':'DEV'}
         Dec decimal places in numbers
         HR horisontal orientation default = False
         Des inject variable descriptions
         Fokus Variable to get special colour
         Fokus2 Variable for which values are shown
         Fokus2all Show values for all variables
todot2(alledges, navn=", **kwargs)
     makes a drawing of all edges in list alledges all is the edges
         All show values for .dfbase and .dflaste
         Last show the values for .dflast
         Sink variale to use as sink
```

Source variale to use as ssource **Svg** Display the svg image in browser Pdf display the pdf result in acrobat reader Saveas Save the drawing as name **Size** figure size default (6,6) **Warnings** warnings displayed in command console, default =False Invisible set of invisible nodes Labels dict of labels for edges Transdic dict consolidation of translations for nodes Z]*__J':'SHOCK__J','DEV__[_A-Z]*':'DEV'}

{'SHOCK[_A-

Dec decimal places in numbers

HR horisontal orientation default = False

Des inject variable descriptions

display_graph_old(dot, fname, browser, kwargs)

```
static display_graph(out, fname, **kwargs)
```

Generates a graphviz file from the commands in out.

The file is placed in cwd/graph

A png and a svg file is generated, and the svg file is displayed if possible.

options pdf and eps determins if a pdf and an eps file is genrated.

option fpdf will cause the graph displayed in a seperate pdf window

option browser determins if a seperate browser window is open

class modelclass.Display_Mixin

```
Bases: object
```

```
vis(*args, **kwargs)
```

Visualize the data of this model instance if the user has another vis class she can place it in _vis, then that will be used

```
varvis(*args, **kwargs)
```

compvis(*args, **kwargs)

ibsstyle_old(*df*, *description_dict=None*, *dec=2*, *transpose=None*)

Parameters

- **df** (TYPE) Dataframe.
- **description_dict** (*TYPE*, *optional*) Defaults to None then the var_description else this dict.
- dec (TYPE, optional) decimals. Defaults to 2. Deciu
- transpose (TYPE, optional) if Trus then rows are time else thie. Defaults to 0.

Returns DESCRIPTION.

Return type TYPE

ibsstyle(df, description_dict=None, dec=2, transpose=None, use_tooltip=True, percent=False)

Parameters

- **df** (*TYPE*) Dataframe.
- **description_dict** (*TYPE*, *optional*) Defaults to None then the var_description else this dict.
- dec (TYPE, optional) decimals. Defaults to 2. Deciu
- transpose (TYPE, optional) if Trus then rows are time else thie. Defaults to 0.

Returns DESCRIPTION.

Return type TYPE

```
write_eq(name='My_model.fru', lf=True)
```

writes the formulas to file, can be input into model

lf=True -> new lines are put after each frml

```
print_eq(varnavn, data=", start=", slut=")
```

Print all variables that determines input variable (varnavn) optional – enter period and databank to get var values for chosen period

```
print_eq_values(varname, databank=None, all=False, dec=1, lprint=1, per=None)
```

for an endogeneous variable, this function prints out the frml and input variale for each periode in the current_per. The function takes special acount of dataframes and series

```
print_all_eq_values(databank=None, dec=1)
```

```
print_eq_mul(varnavn, grund=", mul=", start=", slut=", impact=False)
```

Print all variables that determines input variable (varnavn) optional – enter period and databank to get var values for chosen period

```
print_all_equations(inputdata, start, slut)
```

Print values and formulas for alle equations in the model, based input database and period

Example: stress.print_all_equations(bankdata,'2013Q3')

```
print_lister()
```

prints the lists used in defining the model

```
keep_print(pat='*', start=", slut=", start_ofset=0, slut_ofset=0, diff=True)
```

prints variables from experiments look at keep_get_dict for options

```
keep_get_df(pat='*')
```

```
keep_var_dict(pat='*', start=", start_ofset=0, slut_ofset=0, diff=False)
```

Returns a dict of the keept experiments. Key is the scrnario names, values are a dataframe with values for each variable

Args: pat (TYPE, optional): variable selection. Defaults to '*'. start (TYPE, optional): start period. Defaults to ''. slut (TYPE, optional): end period. Defaults to ''. start_ofset (TYPE, optional): start ofset period. Defaults to 0. slut_ofset (TYPE, optional): end ofste period. Defaults to 0.

Returns: res (dictionary): a dict with a dataframe for each experiment

keep_get_dict(pat='*', start='', start_ofset=0, slut_ofset=0, diff=False)

Returns a dict of the keept experiments. Key is the variable names, values are a dataframe with variable values for each experiment

Args: pat (TYPE, optional): variable selection. Defaults to '*'. start (TYPE, optional): start period. Defaults to ''. slut (TYPE, optional): end period. Defaults to ''. start_ofset (TYPE, optional): start ofset period. Defaults to 0. slut_ofset (TYPE, optional): end ofste period. Defaults to 0.

Returns: res (dictionary): a dict with a dataframe for each experiment

keep_get_plotdict(pat='*', start=", slut=", showtype='level', diff=False, diffpct=False, keep_dim=1)
returns - a dict of {variable in pat :dfs scenarios as columnns } if keep_dim = 1 - a dict of {scenarios :dfs with variables in pat as columnns } if keep_dim = 1

Parameters

- pat (string, optional) Variable selection. Defaults to '*'.
- **start** (*TYPE*, *optional*) start periode. Defaults to ''.
- **slut** (TYPE, optional) end periode. Defaults to ".
- **showtype** (*str*, *optional*) 'level','growth' or change' transformation of data. Defaults to 'level'.
- **diff** (Logical, optional) if True shows the difference to the first experiment or the first scenario. Defaults to False.
- diffpct (logical, optional) if True shows the difference in percent instead of level
- mul (float, optional) multiplier of data. Defaults to 1.0.

Returns a dict with data

Return type figs

Parameters

- pat (string, optional) Variable selection. Defaults to '*'.
- **start** (*TYPE*, *optional*) start periode. Defaults to ".
- **slut** (TYPE, optional) end periode. Defaults to ".
- **start_ofset** (*int*, *optional*) start periode relativ ofset to current. Defaults to 0.
- slut_ofset (int, optional) end period, relativ ofset to current. Defaults to 0.
- **showtype** (*str*, *optional*) 'level','growth' or change' transformation of data. Defaults to 'level'.
- **diff** (*Logical*, *optional*) if True shows the difference to the first experiment. Defaults to False.
- **diffpct** (*logical*, *optional*) if True shows the difference in percent to tirst experiment. defalut to false
- **mul** (*float*, *optional*) multiplier of data. Defaults to 1.0.
- title (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 'Show variables'.

- **legend** (TYPE, optional) if False, expanations on the right of curve. Defaults to True.
- scale (TYPE, optional) 'log' og 'linear'. Defaults to 'linear'.
- yunit (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
- ylabel (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
- **dec** (TYPE, optional) decimals if "automated. Defaults to".
- **trans** (*TYPE*, *optional*) . Translation dict for variable names. Defaults to {}.
- **showfig** (*TYPE*, *optional*) Time will come . Defaults to False.
- **vline** (*list of tupels*, *optional*) list of (time,text) for vertical lines. Will be keept, to erase del model.vline
- **savefig** (*string*, *optional*) folder to save figures in. Can include folder name, if needed the folder will be created
- **keep_dim** (*bool*, *True*) if True each line is a scenario else each line is a variable
- False (dataonly =) If True only the resulting dataframes are returned
- **kind** kind of plot line|bar|bar_stacked

Returns a matplotlib figure.

Return type figs

```
inputwidget(start=", slut=", basedf=None, **kwargs)
```

calls modeljupyter input widget, and keeps the period scope

```
static plot_basis_ax(ax, var, df, title=", suptitle=", legend=True, scale='linear', trans={}, dec=", ylabel=", yunit=", xlabel=", kind='line')
```

Parameters

- pat (string, optional) Variable selection. Defaults to '*'.
- **start** (TYPE, optional) start periode. Defaults to ".
- **slut** (TYPE, optional) end periode. Defaults to ".
- **start_ofset** (*int*, *optional*) start periode relativ ofset to current. Defaults to 0.
- **slut_ofset** (*int*, *optional*) end period, relativ ofset to current. Defaults to 0.
- **showtype** (*str*, *optional*) 'level', 'growth' or change' transformation of data. Defaults to 'level'.
- **diff** (*Logical*, *optional*) if True shows the difference to the first experiment. Defaults to False.
- **diffpct** (*logical*, *optional*) if True shows the difference in percent to tirst experiment. defalut to false
- mul (float, optional) multiplier of data. Defaults to 1.0.
- title (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 'Show variables'.

- **legend** (TYPE, optional) if False, expanations on the right of curve. Defaults to True.
- scale (TYPE, optional) 'log' og 'linear'. Defaults to 'linear'.
- yunit (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
- ylabel (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
- **dec** (TYPE, optional) decimals if "automated. Defaults to ".
- **trans** (*TYPE*, *optional*) . Translation dict for variable names. Defaults to {}.
- **showfig** (*TYPE*, *optional*) Time will come . Defaults to False.
- **vline** (*list of tupels*, *optional*) list of (time,text) for vertical lines. Will be keept, to erase del model.vline
- **savefig** (*string*, *optional*) folder to save figures in. Can include folder name, if needed the folder will be created
- **keep_dim** (*bool*, *True*) if True each line is a scenario else each line is a variable
- False (dataonly =) If True only the resulting dataframes are returned

Returns dict of the generated Matplotlib figures.

Return type figs (dict)

static keep_add_vline(figs, time, text=' Calibration time')

adds a vertical line with text to figs a dict with matplotlib figures) from keep_plot

keep_viz(pat='*', smpl=(", "), selectfrom={}, legend=1, dec=", use_descriptions=True, select_width=", select_height='200px', vline=[])

Plots the keept dataframes

Parameters

- pat (str, optional) a string of variables to select pr default. Defaults to '*'.
- **smpl** (*tuple with 2 elements*, *optional*) the selected smpl, has to match the dataframe index used. Defaults to ('',").
- **selectfrom** (*list*, *optional*) the variables to select from, Defaults to [] -> all endogeneous variables .
- **legend** (*bool*, *optional*) DESCRIPTION. legends or to the right of the curve. Defaults to 1.
- **dec** (*string*, *optional*) decimals on the y-axis. Defaults to '0'.
- use_descriptions Use the variable descriptions from the model

Returns None.

self.keep_wiz_figs is set to a dictionary containing the figures. Can be used to produce publication quality files.

Plots the keept dataframes

Parameters

• pat (str, optional) – a string of variables to select pr default. Defaults to '*'.

- **smpl** (tuple with 2 elements, optional) the selected smpl, has to match the dataframe index used. Defaults to ('',").
- **selectfrom** (*list*, *optional*) the variables to select from, Defaults to [] -> all keept variables .
- **legend** (*bool*, *optional*) DESCRIPTION. legends or to the right of the curve. Defaults to 1.
- dec (string, optional) decimals on the y-axis. Defaults to '0'.
- **use_descriptions** Use the variable descriptions from the model

Returns None.

self.keep_wiz_figs is set to a dictionary containing the figures. Can be used to produce publication quality files.

```
static display_toc(text='**Jupyter notebooks in this and all subfolders**', all=False)
```

In a jupyter notebook this function displays a clickable table of content of all jupyter notebooks in this and sub folders

```
static display_toc_this(pat='*', text='**Jupyter notebooks**', path='.', ext='ipynb', showext=False)
```

In a jupyter notebook this function displays a clickable table of content in the folder pat with name in path

static widescreen()

Makes a jupyter notebook use all the avaiable real estate

```
static scroll_off()
```

```
static scroll_on()
```

```
static modelflow_auto(run=True)
```

In a jupyter notebook this function activate autorun of the notebook.

Also it makes Jupyter use a larger portion of the browser width

The function should be run before the notebook is saved, and the output should not be cleared

class modelclass.Json_Mixin

Bases: object

This mixin class can dump a model and solution as json serialiation to a file.

allows the precooking of a model and solution, so a user can use a model without specifying it in a session.

```
modeldump(outfile=", keep=False)
```

Dumps a model and its lastdf to a json file

if keep=True the model.keep_solutions will alse be dumped

classmethod modelload(infile, funks=[], run=False, keep_json=False, **kwargs)

Loads a model and an solution

class modelclass.Excel_Mixin

Bases: object

This Mixin handels dumps and loads models into excel

modeldump_excel(file, fromfile='control.xlsm', keep_open=False)

Dump model and dataframe to excel workbook

Parameters

- **file** (TYPE) filename.
- keep_open (TYPE, optional) Keep the workbook open in excel after returning, The
 default is False.

Returns wb – xlwings instance of workbook.

Return type TYPE

classmethod modelload_excel(infile='pak', funks=[], run=False, keep_open=False, **kwargs)

Loads a model from a excel workbook dumped by modeldump_excel

Parameters

- cls (TYPE) DESCRIPTION.
- infile (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 'pak'.
- **funks** (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to [].
- run (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to False.
- **keep_open** (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to False.
- **kwargs (TYPE) DESCRIPTION.

Returns DESCRIPTION. res (TYPE): DESCRIPTION. TYPE: DESCRIPTION.

Return type mmodel (TYPE)

class modelclass.Zip_Mixin

Bases: object

This experimental class zips a dumped file

modeldump2(outfile=")

classmethod modelload2(name)

class modelclass.Solver_Mixin

Bases: object

This Mixin handels the solving of models.

DEFAULT_relconv = 1e-07

Runs a model.

Default a straight model is calculated by xgenr a simultaneous model is solved by sim

Sim If False forces a model to be calculated (not solved) if True force simulation

Setbase If True, place the result in model.basedf

Setlast if False don't place the results in model.lastdf

if the modelproperty previousbase is true, the previous run is used as basedf.

calc_add_factor(outdf, silent=True)

property showstartnr

makelos(databank, ljit=0, stringjit=True, solvename='sim', chunk=30, transpile_reset=False, newdata=False, silent=True, **kwargs)

is_newdata(databank)

Determins if thius is the same databank as in the previous solution

sim(databank, start=", slut=", silent=1, samedata=0, alfa=1.0, stats=False, first_test=5,
 max_iterations=200, conv='*', absconv=0.01, relconv=1e-07, stringjit=True, transpile_reset=False,
 dumpvar='*', init=False, ldumpvar=False, dumpwith=15, dumpdecimal=5, chunk=30, ljit=False,
 timeon=False, fairopt={'fair_max_iterations': 1}, progressbar=False, **kwargs)

Evaluates this model on a databank from start to slut (means end in Danish).

First it finds the values in the Dataframe, then creates the evaluater function through the outeval function

Then it evaluates the function and returns the values to a the Dataframe in the databank.

The text for the evaluater function is placed in the model property **make_los_text** where it can be inspected in case of problems.

Solves using Gauss-Seidle

Parameters

- **databank** (*dataframe*) Input dataframe
- **start** (*optional*) start of simulation, defaults to "
- **slut** (optional) end of simulation, defaults to "
- **silent** (bool, optional) keep simulation silent, defaults to 1
- samedata(bool, optional) the input data has exactly same structure as last simulation, defaults to 0
- alfa (float, optional) Dampeing factor, defaults to 1.0
- stats (bool, optional) Show statistic after finish, defaults to False
- first_test (int, optional) Start testing af number og simulation, defaults to 5
- max_iterations (int, optional) Max iterations, defaults to 200
- conv (str, optional) variables to test for convergence, defaults to '*'
- absconv (float, optional) Test convergence for values above this, defaults to 0.01
- **relconv** (*float*, *optional*) If relative movement is less, then convergence, defaults to DEFAULT_relconv
- **stringjit** (*bool*, *optional*) If just in time compilation do it on a string not a file to import, defaults to True
- transpile_reset (bool, optional) Ingnore previous transpiled model, defaults to False
- dumpvar (str, optional) Variables for which to dump the iterations, defaults to "*"
- init (bool, optional) If True take previous periods value as starting value, defaults to False
- **ldumpvar** (bool, optional) Dump iterations, defaults to False
- dumpwith (int, optional) DESCRIPTION, defaults to 15
- dumpdecimal (int, optional) DESCRIPTION, defaults to 5
- **chunk** (int, optional) Chunk size of transpiled model, defaults to 30
- **ljit** (bool, optional) Use just in time compilation, defaults to False

- **timeon** (bool, optional) Time the elements, defaults to False
- fairopt (TYPE, optional) Fair taylor options, defaults to { 'fair_max_iterations': 1}
- progressbar (TYPE, optional) Show progress bar, defaults to False

Returns A dataframe wilt the results

```
static grouper(iterable, n, fillvalue=")
```

Collect data into fixed-length chunks or blocks

```
outsolve2dcunk(databank, debug=1, chunk=None, ljit=False, type='gauss', cache=False)
```

takes a list of terms and translates to a evaluater function called los

The model axcess the data through: Dataframe.value[rowindex+lag,coloumnindex] which is very efficient

```
sim1d(databank, start=", slut=", silent=1, samedata=0, alfa=1.0, stats=False, first_test=1,
    max_iterations=100, conv='*', absconv=1.0, relconv=1e-07, init=False, dumpvar='*',
    ldumpvar=False, dumpwith=15, dumpdecimal=5, chunk=30, ljit=False, stringjit=True,
    transpile_reset=False, fairopt={'fair_max_iterations': 1}, timeon=0, **kwargs)
```

Evaluates this model on a databank from start to slut (means end in Danish).

First it finds the values in the Dataframe, then creates the evaluater function through the *outeval* function (modelclass.model.fouteval()) then it evaluates the function and returns the values to a the Dataframe in the databank.

The text for the evaluater function is placed in the model property **make_los_text** where it can be inspected in case of problems.

```
outsolve1dcunk(debug=0, chunk=None, ljit=False, cache='False')
```

takes a list of terms and translates to a evaluater function called los

The model axcess the data through: Dataframe.value[rowindex+lag,coloumnindex] which is very efficient

```
newton(databank, start=", slut=", silent=1, samedata=0, alfa=1.0, stats=False, first_test=1, newton_absconv=0.001, max_iterations=20, conv='*', absconv=1.0, relconv=1e-07, nonlin=False, timeit=False, newton_reset=1, dumpvar='*', ldumpvar=False, dumpwith=15, dumpdecimal=5, chunk=30, ljit=False, stringjit=True, transpile_reset=False, lnjit=False, init=False, newtonalfa=1.0, newtonnodamp=0, forcenum=True, fairopt={'fair_max_iterations': 1}, **kwargs')
```

Evaluates this model on a databank from start to slut (means end in Danish).

First it finds the values in the Dataframe, then creates the evaluater function through the *outeval* function (modelclass.model.fouteval()) then it evaluates the function and returns the values to a the Dataframe in the databank.

The text for the evaluater function is placed in the model property **make_los_text** where it can be inspected in case of problems.

```
newtonstack(databank, start=", slut=", silent=1, samedata=0, alfa=1.0, stats=False, first_test=1, newton_absconv=0.001, max_iterations=20, conv='*', absconv=1.0, relconv=1e-07, dumpvar='*', ldumpvar=False, dumpwith=15, dumpdecimal=5, chunk=30, nchunk=30, ljit=False, stringjit=True, transpile_reset=False, nljit=0, fairopt={'fair_max_iterations': 1}, debug=False, timeit=False, nonlin=False, newtonalfa=1.0, newtonnodamp=0, forcenum=True, newton_reset=False, **kwargs)
```

Evaluates this model on a databank from start to slut (means end in Danish).

First it finds the values in the Dataframe, then creates the evaluater function through the *outeval* function (modelclass.model.fouteval()) then it evaluates the function and returns the values to a the Dataframe in the databank.

The text for the evaluater function is placed in the model property **make_los_text** where it can be inspected in case of problems.

```
newton_un_normalized(databank, start=", slut=", silent=1, samedata=0, alfa=1.0, stats=False, first_test=1, newton_absconv=0.001, max_iterations=20, conv='*', absconv=1.0, relconv=1e-07, nonlin=False, timeit=False, newton_reset=1, dumpvar='*', ldumpvar=False, dumpwith=15, dumpdecimal=5, chunk=30, ljit=False, stringjit=True, transpile_reset=False, lnjit=False, fairopt={'fair_max_iterations': 1}, newtonalfa=1.0, newtonnodamp=0, forcenum=True, **kwargs)
```

Evaluates this model on a databank from start to slut (means end in Danish).

First it finds the values in the Dataframe, then creates the evaluater function through the *outeval* function (modelclass.model.fouteval()) then it evaluates the function and returns the values to a the Dataframe in the databank.

The text for the evaluater function is placed in the model property **make_los_text** where it can be inspected in case of problems.

```
newtonstack_un_normalized(databank, start=", slut=", silent=1, samedata=0, alfa=1.0, stats=False, first_test=1, newton_absconv=0.001, max_iterations=20, conv='*', absconv=1.0, relconv=1e-07, dumpvar='*', ldumpvar=False, dumpwith=15, dumpdecimal=5, chunk=30, nchunk=None, ljit=False, nljit=0, stringjit=True, transpile_reset=False, fairopt={'fair_max_iterations': 1}, debug=False, timeit=False, nonlin=False, newtonalfa=1.0, newtonnodamp=0, forcenum=True, newton_reset=False, **kwargs')
```

Evaluates this model on a databank from start to slut (means end in Danish).

First it finds the values in the Dataframe, then creates the evaluater function through the *outeval* function (modelclass.model.fouteval()) then it evaluates the function and returns the values to a the Dataframe in the databank.

The text for the evaluater function is placed in the model property **make_los_text** where it can be inspected in case of problems.

```
res(databank, start=", slut=", debug=False, timeit=False, silent=False, chunk=None, ljit=0, stringjit=True, transpile_reset=False, alfa=1, stats=0, samedata=False, **kwargs)
```

calculates the result of a model, no iteration or interaction The text for the evaluater function is placed in the model property **make_res_text** where it can be inspected in case of problems.

Solves instruments for targets

```
errfunk1d(a, linenr, overhead=4, overeq=0)
```

Handle errors in sim1d

```
errfunk(values, linenr, overhead=4, overeq=0)
```

developement function

to handle run time errors in model calculations

```
show_iterations(pat='*', per=", last=0, change=False, top=0.9)
```

shows the last iterations for the most recent simulation. iterations are dumped if Idumpvar is set to True variables can be selected by: dumpvar = '<pattern>'

Parameters

• pat (TYPE, optional) – Variables for which to show iterations . Defaults to '*'.

- **per** (*TYPE*, *optional*) The time frame for which to show iterations, Defaults to the last projection .
- last (TYPE, optional) Only show the last iterations. Defaults to 0.
- **change** (*TYPE*, *optional*) show the changes from iteration to iterations instead of the levels. Defaults to False.
- top (float, optional) top of chartss between 1 and 0

Returns DESCRIPTION.

Return type fig (TYPE)

class modelclass.Dash_Mixin

Bases: object

This mixin wraps call the Dash dashboard

modeldash(*arg, **kwargs)

class modelclass.WB_Mixin

Bases: object

This mixin handles a number of enhancements

property wb_behavioral

returns endogeneous where the frml name contains a Z which signals a stocastic equation

property wb_ident

returns endogeneous variables not in wb_behavioral

```
fix(df, pat='*', start=", end=")
```

Fixes variables to the current values.

for variables where the equation looks like:

```
var = (rhs)*(1-var_d)+var_x*var_d
```

The values in the smpl set by *start* and *end* will be set to:

```
var_x = var
var_d = 1
```

The variables fulfilling this are elements of .wb_behavioral

Parameters

- **df** (TYPE) Input dataframe should contain a solution and all variables ..
- pat (TYPE, optional) Select variables to endogenize. Defaults to '*'.
- **start** (TYPE, optional) start periode. Defaults to ".
- end (TYPE, optional) end periode. Defaults to ".

Returns the resulting daaframe .

Return type dataframe (TYPE)

Unfix (endogenize) variables

Parameters

```
• df (Dataframe) – Input dataframe, should contain a solution and all variables.
```

- pat (string, optional) Select variables to endogenize. Defaults to '*'.
- **start** (TYPE, optional) start periode. Defaults to ".
- end (TYPE, optional) end periode. Defaults to ".

Returns A dratframe with all dummies for the selected variables set to 0.

Return type dataframe (TYPE)

find_fix_dummy_fixed(df=None)

returns names of actiove exogenizing dummies

sets the property self. exodummy_per which defines the time over which the dummies are defined

property fix_dummy_fixed

returns names of actiove exogenizing dummies

sets the property self. exodummy_per which defines the time over which the dummies are defined

property fix_dummy_fixed_old

returns names of actiove exogenizing dummies

sets the property self. exodummy_per which defines the time over which the dummies are defined

property fix_add_factor_fixed

Returns the add factors corrosponding to the active exogenizing dummies

property fix_value_fixed

Returns the exogenizing values corrosponding to the active exogenizing dummies

property fix_endo_fixed

Returns the endogeneous variables corrosponding to the active exogenizing dummies

```
fix_inf(df=None)
```

Display information regarding exogenizing

```
Bases: modelclass.Zip_Mixin, modelclass.Json_Mixin, modelclass.Model_help_Mixin, modelclass.Solver_Mixin, modelclass.Display_Mixin, modelclass.Graph_Draw_Mixin, modelclass.Graph_Mixin, modelclass.Dekomp_Mixin, modelclass.Org_model_Mixin, modelclass.BaseModel, modelclass.Description_Mixin, modelclass.Excel_Mixin, modelclass.Dash_Mixin, modelclass.Modify_Mixin, modelclass.WB_Mixin
```

This is the main model definition

class modelclass.upd(pandas_obj)

Bases: object

Extend a dataframe to update variables from string

look at Model_help_Mixin.update for syntax

```
__call__(updates, lprint=False, scale=1.0, create=True, keep_growth=False)
Call self as a function.
```

modelclass.ttimer(*args, **kwargs)

modelclass.create_model(navn, hist=0, name=", new=True, finished=False, xmodel=<class 'modelclass.model'>, straight=False, funks=[])

Creates either a model instance or a model and a historic model from formulars.

The formulars can be in a string or in af file withe the extension .txt

if:

Navn The model as text or as a file with extension .txt

Name Name of the model

New If True, ! used for comments, else () can also be used. False should be avoided, only for old PCIM models.

Hist If True, a model with calculations of historic value is also created

Xmodel The model class used for creating model the model instance. Can be used to create models with model subclasses

Finished If True, the model exploder is not used.

Straight If True, the formula sequence in the model will be used.

Funks A list of user defined funktions used in the model

modelclass.get_a_value(df, per, var, lag=0)

returns a value for row=p+lag, column = var

to take care of non additive row index

modelclass.set_a_value(df, per, var, lag=0, value=nan)

Sets a value for row=p+lag, column = var

to take care of non additive row index

modelclass.insertModelVar(dataframe, model=None)

Inserts all variables from model, not already in the dataframe. Model can be a list of models

modelclass.lineout(vek, pre=", w=20, d=0, pw=20, endline=\n')

Utility to return formated string of vector

modelclass.dfout(df, pre=", w=2, d=0, pw=0)

modelclass.upddfold(base, upd)

takes two dataframes. The values from upd is inserted into base

modelclass.upddf(base, upd)

takes two dataframes. The values from upd is inserted into base

modelclass.randomdf(df, row=False, col=False, same=False, ran=False, cpre='C', rpre='R')

Randomize and rename the rows and columns of a dataframe, keep the values right:

Ran If True randomize, if False don't randomize

Col The columns are renamed and randdomized

Row The rows are renamed and randdomized

Same The row and column index are renamed and randdomized the same way

Cpre Column name prefix

Rpre Row name prefix

```
modelclass.join_name_lag(df)
```

creates a new dataframe where the name and lag from multiindex is joined as input a dataframe where name and lag are two levels in multiindex

```
modelclass.timer_old(input='test', show=True, short=False)
```

does not catch exceptrions use model.timer

A timer context manager, implemented using a generator function. This one will report time even if an exception occurs""

Parameters

- **input** (*string*, *optional*) a name. The default is 'test'.
- **show** (bool, optional) show the results. The default is True.
- **short** (*bool*, *optional*) . The default is False.

Return type None.

2.3.2 modelnewton module

Created on Fri Jun 19 19:49:50 2020

@author: IBH

Module which handles model differentiation, construction of jacobi matrizex, and creates dense and sparse solving functions.

Bases: object

class define columns in database with values from differentiation

var: str
pvar: str
lag: int

var_plac: int

pvar_plac: int

pvar_endo: bool

pvar_exo_plac: int

 $Bases: {\it modelnewton.diff_value_base}$

The hash able class which can be used as pandas columns

var: str
pvar: str
lag: int

```
var_plac: int
     pvar_plac: int
     pvar_endo: bool
     pvar_exo_plac: int
class modelnewton.diff_value(var: str, pvar: str, lag: int, var_plac: int, pvar_plac: int, pvar_endo: bool,
                                   pvar\_exo\_plac: int, number: int = 0, date: any = 0)
     Bases: modelnewton.diff_value_base
     class to contain values from differentiation
     number: int = 0
     date: any = 0
class modelnewton.newton_diff(mmodel, df=None, endovar=None, onlyendocur=False, timeit=False,
                                    silent=True, forcenum=False, per='', ljit=0, nchunk=None,
                                    endoandexo=False)
     Bases: object
     Class to handle newron solving this is for un-nomalized or normalized models ie models of the forrm
     0 = G(y,x) y = F(y,x)
     modeldiff()
          Differentiate relations for self.enovar with respect to endogeneous variable The result is placed in a dictory
          in the model instanse: model.diffendocur
     show_diff(pat='*')
          Displays espressions for differential koifficients for a variable if var ends with * all matchning variables are
          displayes
     show_stacked_diff(time=None, lhs=", rhs=", dec=2, show=True)
               Parameters
                   • time (list, optional) - DESCRIPTION. The default is None. Time for which to re-
                     trieve stacked jacobi
                   • lhs (string, optional) – DESCRIPTION. The default is ". Left hand side variables
                   • rhs (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. The default is ". Right hand side variabnles
                   • dec (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. The default is 2.
                   • show (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. The default is True.
               Return type selected rows and columns of stacked jacobi as dataframe.
     show_diff_latex(pat='*', show_expression=True, show_values=True, maxper=5)
     get_diffmodel()
          Returns a model which calculates the partial derivatives of a model
     get_diff_melted(periode=None, df=None)
          returns a tall matrix with all values to construct jacobimatrix(es)
```

```
get_diff_mat_tot(df=None)
     Fetch a stacked jacobimatrix for the whole model.current_per
     Returns a sparse matrix.
get_diff_df_tot(periode=None, df=None)
get_diff_mat_1per(periode=None, df=None)
     fetch a dict of one periode sparse jacobimatrices
get_diff_df_1per(df=None, periode=None)
get_solve1perlu(df=", periode=")
get_solve1per(df=None, periode=None)
get_solvestacked(df=")
get_solvestacked_it(df=", solver=<function bicg>)
get_diff_melted_var(periode=None, df=None)
     makes dict with all derivative matrices for all lags
get_diff_mat_all_1per(periode=None, df=None, asdf=False)
get_diff_values_all(periode=None, df=None, asdf=False)
     stuff the values of derivatives into nested dic
get_eigenvectors(periode=None, asdf=True, filnan=False, silent=False)
eigplot(eig_dic=None, per=None, size=(4, 3), top=0.9)
eigenvector_plot(per=None, size=(4, 3), top=0.9)
static get_feedback(eig_dic, per=None)
     Returns a dict of max abs eigenvector and the sign
eigplot_all0(eig_dic, size=(4, 3))
eigplot_all(eig dic, size=(4, 3), maxfig=6)
```

2.3.3 modelpattern module

Created on Mon Sep 02 19:32:22 2013

This module defines a number of pattern used in PYFS. If a new function is intruduced in the model definition language it should added to the function names in funkname

All functions in the module modeluserfunk will be added to the language and incorporated in the Business Logic language

number

Alias for field number 0

op

Alias for field number 1

var

Alias for field number 2

modelpattern.udtrykre(funks=[])

modelpattern.find_frml(equations)

Takes at modeltext and returns a list with where each element is a string starting with FRML and ending with \$ It do not check if it is a valid FRML statement

modelpattern.split_frml(frml)

Splits a string with a frml into a tuple with 4 parts:

- 0. The unsplit frml statement
- 1. FRML
- 2. <Frml name>
- 3. <the frml expression>

modelpattern.find_statements(a_model)

splits a modeltest into comments and statements

- a comment starts with! and ends at lineend
- a statement starts with a name and ends with a \$ all characters between are considerd part of the statement

The statement is not chekked for meaningfulness returns a list of tuppels (comment,command,<rest of statement>)

```
modelpattern.model_parse_old(equations, funks=[])
```

Takes a model returns a list of tupels. Each tupel contains:

the complete formular

FRML

formular name

the expression

list of terms from the expression

The purpose of this function is to make model analysis faster. this is 20 times faster than looping over espressions in a model

modelpattern.model_parse(equations, funks=[])

Takes a model returns a list of tupels. Each tupel contains:

the complete formular

FRML

formular name

the expression

list of terms from the expression

The purpose of this function is to make model analysis faster. this is 20 times faster than looping over espressions in a model

This new model_parse handels lags of -0 or +0 which occurs in some models from world bank.

```
modelpattern.list_extract(equations, silent=True)
```

creates lists used in a model

returns a dictonary with the lists if a list is defined several times, the first definition is used

modelpattern.check_syntax_model(equations, test=True)

cheks if equations have syntax errors by calling the python compile.parse

modelpattern.udtryk_parse(udtryk, funks=[])

returns a list of terms from an expression ie: lhs=rhs \$ or just an expression like x+b

modelpattern.kw_frml_name(frml_name0, kw, default=None)

find keywords and associated value from string '<kw=xxx,res=kdkdk>'

modelpattern.f1()

modelpattern.f2()

2.3.4 modelBLfunk module

Created on Fri Mar 2 17:01:49 2018

@author: hanseni

Functions placed here are included in the Pyfs business language

modelBLfunk.sum_excel(*arg)

a functions which sums the arguments used in models franslated from excel

modelBLfunk.logit(number)

A function which returns the logit of a number

modelBLfunk.logit_inverse(number)

A function which returns the logit of a number

takes care of extreme values

modelBLfunk.normcdf(input, mu=0.0, sigma=1.0)

modelBLfunk.qgamma(q, a, loc)

modelBLfunk.clognorm(input, mu=0.0, sigma=1.0)

2.3.5 modeluserfunk module

To make userdefined function avaiable to Business logic define them here Function names have to be all lower case !!!

Created on Fri Mar 2 14:50:18 2018

@author: hanseni

modeluserfunk.recode(condition, yes, no)

Function which recreates the functionality of @recode from eviews

2.4 Processing model specification

The purpose is to process models specified in different ways - Macro business language - Eviews - Excel - Latex and make them into the modelflows business Logic language.

2.4.1 Text processing and normalization of model specification

modelmanipulation module

Created on Mon Sep 02 19:41:11 2013

This module is a textprocessing module which is used to transforms a *template model* for a generic bank into into a unrolled and expande model which covers all banks - under control of a list feature.

The resulting model can be solved after beeing processed in the *modelclass* module.

In addition to creating a model for forecasting, the module can also create a model which calculates residulas and and variables in historic periods. This model can also be solved by the *modelclass* module.

@author: Ib

class modelmanipulation.safesub

Bases: dict

A subclass of dict. if a *safesub* is indexed by a nonexisting keyword it just return the keyword this alows missing keywords when substitution text inspired by Python cookbook

modelmanipulation.sub(text, katalog)

Substitutes keywords from dictionary by returning text.format_map(safesub(katalog)) Allows missing keywords by using safesub subclass

modelmanipulation.oldsub_frml(ibdic, text, plus=", var=", lig=", $sep=\n'$)

to repeat substitution from list

- plus is a seperator, used for creating sums
- *var* and *lig* Determins for which items the substitution should take place by var=abe, lig='ko' substitution is only performed for entries where var=='ko'

```
modelmanipulation.sub_frml(ibdic, text, plus='', xvar='', lig='', sep=\n')
```

to repeat substitution from list

- plus is a seperator, used for creating sums
- xvar and lig Determins for which items the substitution should take place by var=abe, lig='ko' substitution is only performed for entries where var=='ko'
- xvar is the variable to chek against selected in list
- select list is a list of elements in the xvar list to be included
- matc is the entry in select list from which to select from xvar

modelmanipulation.find_res(f)

Finds the expression which calculates the residual in a formel. FRML <res=a,endo=b> x=a*b+c \$

modelmanipulation.find_res_dynare(equations)

equations to calculat res formulas FRML <> x=a*b+c+x RES\$ -> FRML <> x res =x-a*b+c\$

```
modelmanipulation.find_res_dynare_new(equations)
     equations to calculat _res formulas FRML <> x=a*b+c +x_RES $ -> FRML <> x_res =x-a*b+c $ not finished
     to speed time up
modelmanipulation.find_hist_model(equations)
     takes a unrolled model and create a model which can be run for historic periode
     and the identities are also calculeted
modelmanipulation.exounroll(in equations)
     takes a model and makes a new model by enhancing frml's with <exo=,j=,jr=> in their frml name.
           Exo the value can be fixed in to a value valuename_x by setting valuename_d=1
           Jled a additiv adjustment element is added to the frml
           Jrled a multiplicativ adjustment element is added to the frml
modelmanipulation.tofrml(expressions, sep=\n')
     a function, wich adds FRML to all expressions seperated by <sep> if no start is specified the max lag will be
     used
modelmanipulation.dounloop(in_equations, listin=False)
     Expands (unrolls do loops in a model template goes trough a model template until there is no more nested do
     loops
modelmanipulation.find_arg(funk, streng)
     chops a string in 3 parts
        1. before 'funk('
        2. in the matching parantesis
        3. after the last matching parenthesis
modelmanipulation.sumunroll_old(in equations, listin=False)
     expands all sum(list,'expression') in a model returns a new model
modelmanipulation.lagarray_unroll(in equations, funks=[])
     expands all sum(list,'expression') in a model returns a new model
modelmanipulation.sumunroll(in_equations, listin=False)
     expands all sum(list, 'expression') in a model if sum(list xvar=lig, 'expression') only list elements where the con-
     dition is satisfied wil be summed
     returns a new model
modelmanipulation.argunroll(in_equations, listin=False)
     expands all ARGEXPAND(list,'expression') in a model returns a new model
modelmanipulation.creatematrix(in equations, listin=False)
     expands all ARGEXPAND(list,'expression') in a model returns a new model
modelmanipulation.createarray(in_equations, listin=False)
     expands all to_array(list) in a model returns a new model
modelmanipulation.kaedeunroll(in equations, funks=[])
     unrolls a chain (kaede) expression - used in the SMEC moedel
modelmanipulation.check_syntax_frml(frml)
     check syntax of frml
```

```
modelmanipulation.normalize_a_frml(frml, show=False)
     Normalize and show a frml
modelmanipulation.nomalize_a_model(equations)
     a symbolic normalization is performed if there is a syntaxerror
modelmanipulation.normalize(in equations, sym=False, funks=[])
     Normalize an equation with log or several variables at the left hand side, the first variable is considerd the
     endogeneeus
modelmanipulation.udrul_model(model, norm=True)
modelmanipulation.explode(model, norm=True, sym=False, funks=[], sep=\n')
     prepares a model from a model template.
     Returns a expanded model which is ready to solve
     Eksempel: model = udrul_model(MinModel.txt)
modelmanipulation.modelprint(ind, title='A model', udfil=", short=0)
     prettyprinter for a a model. :udfil: if present is output file :short: if present condences the model Can handle
     both model templates and models
modelmanipulation.lagone(ind, funks=[], laglead=-1)
     All variables in a string i s lagged one more time
modelmanipulation.lag_n(udtryk, n=1, funks=[], laglead=-1)
modelmanipulation.lag_n_tup(udtryk, n=-1, funks=[])
     return a tuppel og lagged expressions from lag = 0 to lag = n)
modelmanipulation.pastestring(ind, post, funks=[], onlylags=False)
     All variable names in a in a string ind is pasted with the string post
     This function can be used to awoid variable name conflict with the internal variable names in sympy.
     an advanced function
modelmanipulation.stripstring(ind, post, funks=[])
     All variable names in a in a string is ind is stripped of the string post.
     This function reverses the pastestring process
modelmanipulation. findindex(ind00)
     find the index variables meaning variables on the left hand side of = braced by {}
modelmanipulation.doablelist(expressions, sep=\n')
     create a list of tupels from expressions seperated by sep, each element in the list is a tupel (index, number og
     expression, the expression)
     we want make group the expressions according to index index is elements on the left of = braced by {}
modelmanipulation.dosubst(index, formular)
modelmanipulation.doablekeep(formulars)
     takes index in the lhs and creates a do loop around the lines with same indexes on the right side you can use \%0_,
     %1_ an so on to indicate the index, just to awoid typing to much
     Also %i will be changed to all the indexes
```

```
modelmanipulation.doable(formulars, funks=[])
```

takes index in the lhs and creates a do loop around the line on the right side you can use %0_, %1_ an so on to indicate the index, just to awoid typing to much

Also %i_ will be changed to all the indexes

modelmanipulation.findindex_gams(ind00)

- an equation looks like this
- <frmlname> [index] lhs = rhs

this function find frmlname and index variables on the left hand side. meaning variables braced by {}

```
modelmanipulation.un_normalize_expression(frml)
```

This function makes sure that all formulas are unnormalized. if the formula is already decorated with <endo=name> this is kept else the lhs_varriable is used in <endo=>

```
modelmanipulation.un_normalize_model(in_equations, funks=[])
un normalize a model

modelmanipulation.un_normalize_simpel(in_equations, funks=[])
un-normalize expressions delimeted by linebreaks

modelmanipulation.eksempel(ind)
```

takes a template model as input, creates a model and a histmodel and prints the models

modelnormalize module

Created on Sat Nov 28 13:32:47 2020

This Module is used transforming model specifications to modelflow business language.

- preprocessing expressions to resolve functions like dlog, log, pct, movavg
- replace function names

fitted: str = ''

· normalize formulas

@author: bruger

```
eviews: str = ''
     property fprint
     property fdict
modelnormalize.endovar(f)
     Finds the first variable in a expression
modelnormalize.funk_in(funk, a_string)
     Find the first location of a function in a string
     if found returns a match object where the group 2 is the interesting stuff used in funk_find_arg
modelnormalize.funk_replace(funk1, funk2, a_string)
     replace funk1( with funk2(
     takes care that funk1 embedded in variable name is not replaced
modelnormalize.funk_replace_list(replacelist, a_string)
     Replaces a list of funk1(, funk2(
modelnormalize.funk_find_arg(funk_match, streng)
     chops a string in 3 parts
        1. before 'funk('
        2. in the matching parantesis
        3. after the last matching parenthesis
modelnormalize.preprocess(udtryk, funks=[])
     test processing expanding dlog,diff,movavg,pct,logit functions
           Parameters
                 • udtryk (str) – model we want to do template expansion on
                 • funks (list, optional) – list of user defined functions. Defaults to [].
           Returns None.
     has to be changed to (= for when the transition to 3.8 is finished.
modelnormalize.fixleads(eq, check=False)
modelnormalize.normal(ind_o, the_endo=", add_add_factor=True, do_preprocess=True, add_suffix='_A',
                           endo lhs=True, make fixable=False, make fitted=False, eviews=")
     normalize an expression g(y,x) = f(y,x) ==> y = F(x,z)
     Default find the expression for the first variable on the left hand side (lhs)
     The variable - without lags- should not be on rhs.
```

Parameters

- ind_o (str) input expression, no \$ and no frml name just lhs=rhs
- **the_endo** (*str*, *optional*) the endogeneous to isolate on the left hans side. if the first variable in the lhs. It should be on the left hand side.
- add_add_factor (bool, optional) force introduction and adjustment term, and an expression to calculate it
- do_preprocess (bool, optional) DESCRIPTION. preprocess the expression

- endo_lhs (bool, optional) If false, accept to normalize for a rhs endogeneous variable
- make_fixable (bool, optional) also make this equation exogenizable
- **fitted** (bool, optional) create a fitted equations, without exo and adjustment

preprocessing handels

Returns Normalized frml which will contain the different relevant expressions

Return type An instance of the class

modelnormalize.elem_trans(udtryk, df=None)

Handeles expression with @elem

model_doable module

Created on Thu Feb 1 00:36:40 2018

@author: hanseni

2.4.2 Onboarding models

Modules to onboard models from different sources.

The process of onboarding involves transforming the original specification to **Modelflow Business Logic Language** using what ever tools needed. As Python has very powerfull string and datatools it is possible to onboard many models - but by all means not all models.

Be aware, that the functions presented here are made for specific model(families) following specific conventions. If these conventions are not followed, another model can't be onboarded

modelgrabwf2 module

Created on Wed Mar 30 10:06:26 2022

@author: ibhan

Module to handle models in wf1 files

- 1. Eviews is started and the wf1 file is loaded.
 - 1. Some transformations are performed on data.
 - 2. The model is unlinked.
 - 3. The workspace is saved as a wf2 file. Same name with _modelflow appended.
- 2. Eviews is closed
- 3. The wf2 file is read as a json file.
- 4. Relevant objects are extracted.
- 5. The MFMSA variable is extracted, to be saved in the dumpfile.
- 6. The equations are transformed and normalized to modelflow format and classified into identities and stochastic
- 7. Stochastic equations are enriched by add_factor and fixing terms (dummy + fixing value)
- 8. For Stochastic equations new fitted variables are generated without add add_factors and dummies.
- 9. A model to generate fitted variables is created

- 10. A model to generate add_factors is created.
- 11. A model encompassing the original equations, the model for fitted variables and for add factors is created.
- 12. The data series and scalars are shoveled into a Pandas dataframe
 - 1. Some special series are generated as the expression can not be incorporated into modelflow model specifications
 - 2. The model for fitted values is simulated in the specified timespan
 - 3. The model for add_factors is simulated in the timespan set in MFMSA
- 13. The data descriptions are extracted into a dictionary.
- 14. Data descriptions for dummies, fixed values, fitted values and add factors are derived.
- 15. Now we have a model and a dataframe with all variables which are needed.

modelgrabwf2.wf1_to_wf2(filename, modelname=", eviews_run_lines=[])

- · Opens a eviews workfile in wf1 format
- · calculates the eviews trend
- · unlink a model and
- writes the workspace back to a wf2 file

Parameters

- **filename** (TYPE) DESCRIPTION.
- modelname (TYPE) default "then the three first letters of the filenames stem are assumed to be the modelname.

Returns None.

modelgrabwf2.wf2_to_clean(wf2name, modelname=", save_file=False)

Takes a eviews .wf2 file - which is in JSON format - and place a dictionary

Parameters

- wf2name (TYPE) name of wf2 file.
- modelname (TYPE, optional) Name og model. Defaults to ".
- **save_file** (*TYPE*, *optional*) save the specification, data and description in a dictionary. Defaults to False.

Returns the content of the wf2 file as a dict.

Return type model_all_about (dict)

Bases: object

This class takes a world bank model specification, variable data and variable description and transform it to ModelFlow business language

Parameters

```
• filename – any = "#wf1 name
          • modelname - any = "
           • eviews_run_lines - list =field(default_factory=list)
           • model_all_about - dict = field(default_factory=dict)
           • start – any = None # start of testing if not overruled by mfmsa
          • end – any = None # end of testing if not overruled by mfmsa
           • country_trans – any = lambda x:x[:] # function which transform model specification
           • country_df_trans - any = lambda x:x # function which transforms initial dataframe
           • make_fitted – bool = False # if True, a clean equation for fittet variables is created
           • fit_start – any = 2000 # start of fittet model
           • fit_end – any = None # end of fittet model unless overruled by mfmsa
           • do_add_factor_calc – bool = True # calculate the add factors
           • test_frml – str =" # a testmodel as string if used no wf processing
           • disable_progress – bool = False # Disable progress bar
filename: any = ''
modelname: any = ''
eviews_run_lines: list
model_all_about: dict
start: any = None
end: any = None
country_trans()
country_df_trans()
make_fitted: bool = False
fit_start: any = 2000
fit_end: any = None
do_add_factor_calc: bool = True
test_frml: str = ''
disable_progress: bool = False
static trans_eviews(rawmodel)
     Takes Eviews specifications and wrangle them into modelflow specifications
         Parameters rawmodel (TYPE) – a raw model.
         Returns a model with the appropriate eviews transformations.
```

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Return type rawmodel6 (TYPE)

property var_description

Adds var descriptions for add factors, exogenizing dummies and exoggenizing values

property mfmsa_options

Grab the mfmsa options, a world bank speciality

property mfmsa_start_end

Finds the start and end from the MFMSA entry

property dfmodel

The original input data enriched with during variables, variables containing values for specific historic years and model specific transformation

test_model(start=None, end=None, maxvar=1000000, maxerr=100, tol=0.0001, showall=False, showinput=False)

Compares a straight calculation with the input dataframe.

shows which variables dont have the same value

Parameters

- **df** (*TYPE*) dataframe to run.
- **start** (*TYPE*, *optional*) start period. Defaults to None.
- end (TYPE, optional) end period. Defaults to None.
- maxvar (TYPE, optional) how many variables are to be chekked. Defaults to 1_000_000.
- maxerr (TYPE, optional) how many errors to check Defaults to 100.
- tol (TYPE, optional) check for absolute value of difference. Defaults to 0.0001.
- **showall** (*TYPE*, *optional*) show more . Defaults to False.
- **showinput** (*TYPE*, *optional*) show the input values Defaults to False.

Returns None.

model_Excel module

Created on Fri Feb 12 07:04:02 2016

@author: ibh

Takes all formula's from a excel work book and translates each to the equivalent expression. Openpyxl is the fastest library but it can not deal all values. Therefor xlwings is also used. But only to read repeated formula's which inly will show as '='

Also defines function used when using xlwings to automate excel.

These are used in modeldump_excel and modelload_excel

Some of the docstring are not very informative, to be improved.

model_Excel.findequations(name)

Takes all formula's from a excel work book and translates each to the equivalent expression.

Multicell ranges are expanded to a comma separated list.

The ordinary operators and the SUM function can be handled. If you need more functions. You have to impelent them in the modelclass.

In the model each cell reference is prefixed by <sheet name>_

Openpyxl is the fastest library and it has a tokenizer but it can not read all values.

Therefor xlwings is used to read repeated formula's which Openpyxl will show as '='

input:

name Location of a excel sheet

Returns:

modeldic A dictionary with formulars keyed by cell reference

model_Excel.showcells(name)

Finds values in a excel workbook with a value different from 0

model_Excel.findvalues(name)

Finds numerical values in a excel workbook with a value different from 0

model_Excel.wstrans(wsname)

Translates workspace names

model_Excel.findcoordinates(name)

Finds the cell references matching the codes in a LCR workbook from EBA

This is needed for the mapping of the raw data to the excel cell refereces.

input:

name Location of a excel sheeet

Returns coldf: Dataframe with mapping between excel column and EBA columns_code :rowdf: Dataframe with row with mapping between excel row and EBS data row_code

model_Excel.getexcelmodel(name)

Creates a model instance from a excel sheet SUM is replaced by SUM_EXCEL which is a function in the modelclass

In the excel formulars this function accepts ordinary operators and SUM in excel sheets

input:

name Location of a excel sheeet

Returns model: A model instance with the formulars of the excel sheet :para: A list of values in the sheet which matches exogeneous variables in the model

model_Excel.indextrans(index)

Transforms a period index to excel acceptable datatype

model_Excel.df_to_sheet(name, df, wb, after=None)

Dataframe to sheet

Parameters

- name (TYPE) DESCRIPTION.
- **df** (*TYPE*) DESCRIPTION.
- wb (TYPE) DESCRIPTION.

• after (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to None.

Returns DESCRIPTION.

Return type sht (TYPE)

model_Excel.obj_to_sheet(name, obj, wb, after=None)

An python object to sheet

Parameters

- name (TYPE) DESCRIPTION.
- **obj** (*TYPE*) DESCRIPTION.
- wb (TYPE) DESCRIPTION.
- after (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to None.

Returns None.

model_Excel.sheet_to_df(wb, name)

Sheet to df

Parameters

- wb (TYPE) DESCRIPTION.
- name (TYPE) DESCRIPTION.

Returns DESCRIPTION.

Return type df (TYPE)

model_Excel.sheet_to_dict(wb, name, integers=None)

transform the named sheet to a python dict. If we need a integer it has to be in the integer set

model_dynare module

Created on Wed Jan 9 16:05:56 2019 Reads a list of expanded modfile (outputtet from dynare)

@author: hanseni

 $\textbf{class} \ \ \textbf{model_dynare.grap_modfile} (\textit{files}, \textit{save=True}, \textit{savepath}='', \textit{modelname}='\textit{testmodel'})$

Bases: object

Accept filenames as argument. The first file is asumed to be the main model and gives the model its name

Instead of filenames a string with a .mod file can be accepted

savepath (path of first file) Where to save

save (True) save the frm and mod files

modelname (name from first model file else "testmodel" for strings), name of model

The class contains among other:

mthismodel The actual model

mresmodel A model to calculate the _res variables before the actual calculations

mparamodel A model to inject parameter values into a dataframe before calculation

fthismodel String with the model

fresmodel String with the model for calculating residuals

```
fparamodel String with the model for injecting parameters
               modout String with the consolidated .mod file
     creates 5 files:
               {modelname}.frm Formulas in modelflow business language
               {modelname} res.frm Formulas for mresmodel
               {modelname} para.frm Formulas for mparamodel
               {modelname}_cons.mod A consolidated .mod file defining the model and parameters
               {modelname}.inf A with model information - also displayes after execution
model_latex module
Created on Sun Dec 3 19:07:03 2017
@author: hanseni
Mostly to eat latex models and translate to business logic
The routines are specific to a style of latex and should be inspected before use
model_latex.rebank(model)
     All variable names are decorated by a {bank} The {bank} is injected as the first dimension
model_latex.txttolatex(model)
model_latex.defrack(streng)
     rac\{xxx\}\{yyy\} = ((xxx)/(yyy))
model_latex.debrace(streng)
     Eliminates underbrace\{xxx\}_{\{yyy\}} in a string underbrace\{xxx\}_{\{yyy\}} => (xxx) As there can be nested \{\} we
     need to match the braces
model_latex.defunk(funk, subs, streng, startp='{', slutp='}')
     unk{xxx} => subs(xxx)
           in a string
model_latex.findindex(ind)
     find the index variables on the left hand side. meaning variables braced by {}
model_latex.doable(ind, show=False)
     find all dimensions in the left hand side of = and and decorate with the nessecary do .. enddo
model_latex.findlists(input)
     extracte liste from latex
model_latex.latextotxt(input, dynare=False, bankadd=False)
     Translates a latex input to a BL output
model_latex.dynlatextotxt(input, show=False)
     Translates a latex input to a BL output The latex input is the latex output of Dynare
```

Old Stuff

modelgrab module

Created on Mon Jun 10 21:11:08 2019

@author: hanseni

modules to grab models with different specifications and make them ModelFlow conforme

GrabWbModel will take a eviews model and transform it to Business logic

- · Create a normalized model, add dampning for the stocastic equations
- Add add-factors to the stocastic equations
- Generate BL for a model which calculates add-factors so a solution will match teh existing values
- Generate BL for the model

-grap data from excel sheet

- Make model instance for model and add-factor model
- Run the model, check that the results match.

For debuggging valuesthe last part checs value in the order, in which they are calculated, and then displays the input to off mark equations

Bases: object

This class takes a world bank model specification, variable data and variable description and transform it to ModelFlow business language

```
frml: str = ''
data: str = ''
des: any = ''
scalars: str = ''
modelname: str = 'No Name'
start: int = 2017
end: int = 2040
country_trans()
country_df_trans()
from_wf2: bool = False
make_fitted: bool = False
```

```
fit_start: int = 2000
fit_end: int = 2100
do_add_factor_calc: bool = True
mfmsa: str = ''
static trans_eviews(rawmodel)
property var_description
```

Adds var descriptions for add factors, exogenizing dummies and exoggenizing values

property mfmsa_options

Grab the mfmsa options, a world bank speciality

```
property mfmsa_start_end
```

property dfmodel

The original input data enriched with during variables, variables containing values for specific historic years and model specific transformation

test_model(start=None, end=None, maxvar=1000000, maxerr=100, tol=0.0001, showall=False)

Compares a straight calculation with the input dataframe.

shows which variables dont have the same value

Parameters

- **df** (*TYPE*) dataframe to run.
- **start** (*TYPE*, *optional*) start period. Defaults to None.
- **end** (TYPE, optional) end period. Defaults to None.
- maxvar (TYPE, optional) how many variables are to be chekked. Defaults to 1 000 000.
- maxerr (TYPE, optional) how many errors to check Defaults to 100.
- tol (TYPE, optional) check for absolute value of difference. Defaults to 0.0001.
- **showall** (TYPE, optional) show more. Defaults to False.

Returns None.

modelmacrograb module

Created on Sun Jun 19 14:43:37 2022

grab a world bank macromodel using modelnormalize and not modelmanipulation

@author: ibhan

```
class modelmacrograb. GrabMacroModel (inputfrml: any = ", modelname: str = "macromodel", make_fitted: bool = True, add_add_factor: bool = True, debug: bool = True)
```

Bases: object

This class takes a world bank model specification, variable data and variable description and transform it to ModelFlow business language

```
inputfrml: any = ''
```

modelname: str = 'macromodel'

make_fitted: bool = True

add_add_factor: bool = True

debug: bool = True

2.5 Attribution

2.5.1 Equation level

Attribution can be performed on the equation level and on the model level

Equation level attribution is done in the modelclass module here *Dekomp_Mixin*

The class Dekomp_Mixin also defines a a number of front end functions both for equation and model attribution

2.5.2 Model level

modeldekom module

Module for making attribution analysis of a model.

The main function is attribution

Created on Wed May 31 08:50:51 2017

@author: hanseni

```
modeldekom.attribution(model, experiments, start=", end=", save=", maxexp=10000, showtime=False, summaryvar=['*'], silent=False, msilent=True, type='level')
```

Calculates an attribution analysis on a model accepts a dictionary with experiments. the key is experiment name, the value is a list of variables which has to be reset to the values in the baseline dataframe.

```
modeldekom.attribution_new(model, experiments, start=", end=", save=", maxexp=10000, showtime=False, summaryvar=['*'], silent=False, msilent=True, type='level')
```

Calculates an attribution analysis on a model accepts a dictionary with experiments. the key is experiment name, the value is a list of variables which has to be reset to the values in the baseline dataframe.

```
modeldekom.ilist(df, pat)
```

returns a list of variable in the model matching the pattern, the pattern can be a list of patterns of a sting with patterns seperated by blanks

This function operates on the index names of a dataframe. Relevant for attribution analysis

```
modeldekom.GetSumImpact(impact, pat='PD_*')
```

Gets the accumulated differences attributet to each impact group

```
modeldekom.GetLastImpact(impact, pat='RCET1_*')
```

Gets the last differences attributet to each impact group

```
modeldekom.GetAllImpact(impact, pat='RCET1_*')
```

Gets the last differences attributet to each impact group

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```
modeldekom.GetOneImpact(impact, pat='RCET1_*, per=")
     Gets differences attributet to each impact group in period:per
modeldekom.AggImpact(impact)
     Calculates the sum of impacts and place in the last column
     This function is applied to the result iof a Get* function
class modeldekom.totdif(model, summaryvar='*', desdic={}, experiments=None)
     Bases: object
     Class to make modelvide attribution analysis
     explain_last(pat=", top=0.9, title=", use='level', threshold=0.0)
          Explains last period
              Parameters
                  • pat (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
                  • top (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 0.9.
                  • title (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
                  • use (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 'level'.
                  • threshold (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 0.0.
              Returns DESCRIPTION.
              Return type fig (TYPE)
     explain_sum(pat=", top=0.9, title=", use='level', threshold=0.0)
          Explains the sum
              Parameters
                  • pat (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
                  • top (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 0.9.
                  • title (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
                  • use (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 'level'.
                  • threshold (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 0.0.
              Returns DESCRIPTION.
              Return type fig (TYPE)
     explain_per(pat=", per=", top=0.9, title=", use='level', threshold=0.0, ysize=5)
          Explains a periode
              Parameters
                  • pat (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
                  • per (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
                  • top (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 0.9.
                  • title (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
                  • use (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 'level'.
                  • threshold (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 0.0.
```

• ysize (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 5.

Returns DESCRIPTION.

Return type fig (TYPE)

explain_allold(pat=", stacked=True, kind='bar', top=0.9, title=", use='level', threshold=0.0, resample=", axvline=None)

explain_all(pat=", stacked=True, kind='bar', top=0.9, title=", use='level', threshold=0.0, resample=", axvline=None)

Explains all

Parameters

- pat (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
- **stacked** (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to True.
- **kind** (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 'bar'.
- top (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 0.9.
- title (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
- use (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 'level'.
- threshold (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 0.0.
- resample (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
- axvline (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to None.

Returns None.

totexplain(pat='*', vtype='all', stacked=True, kind='bar', per=", top=0.9, title=", use='level', threshold=0.0, ysize=10, **kwargs)

Wrapper for different explanations

- explain_last
- explain_per
- explain_sum
- explain all

Parameters

- pat (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to '*'.
- vtype (per/all/last/sum, optional) what data to attribute. Defaults to 'all'.
- **stacked** (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to True.
- **kind** (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 'bar'.
- per (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
- top (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 0.9.
- title (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
- use (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 'level'.
- threshold (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 0.0.

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```
• ysize (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 10.
```

• **kwargs (TYPE) - DESCRIPTION.

Returns DESCRIPTION.

Return type fig (TYPE)

2.6 modelvis module

Created on Fri May 12 11:07:02 2017

@author: hanseni

This module creates functions and classes for visualizing results.

```
modelvis.meltdim(df, dims=['dima', 'dimb'], source='Latest')
```

Melts a wide dataframe the variable names are split to dimensions acording to the list of texts in dims. in variablenames the tall dataframe have a variable name for each dimensions also values and source are introduced ac column names in the dataframe

```
class modelvis.vis(model=None, pat=", names=None, df=None)
```

Bases: object

Visualization class. used as a method on a model instance.

The purpose is to select variables acording to a pattern, potential with wildcards

```
explain(**kwargs)
draw(**kwargs)
```

dekomp(**kwargs)

heat(*args, **kwargs)

Displays a heatmap of the resulting dataframe

```
plot(*args, **kwargs)
```

Displays a plot for each of the columns in the resulting dataframe

```
plot_alt(title='Title', *args, **kwargs)
```

Displays a plot for each of the columns in the resulting dataframe

box()

Displays a boxplot comparing basedf and lastdf

violin()

Displays a violinplot comparing basedf and lastdf

swarm(

Displays a swarmlot comparing basedf and lastdf

property df

Returns the result of this instance as a dataframe

property base

Returns basedf

```
property pct
          Returns the pct change
     property year_pct
          Returns the pct change over 4 periods (used for quarterly data)
     property frml
          Returns formulas
     property des
          Returns variable descriptions
     property dif
          Returns the differens between the basedf and lastdf
     property difpctlevel
           Returns the differens between the basedf and lastdf
     property difpct
          Returns the differens between the pct changes in basedf and lastdf
     property print
           prints the current result
     property show
     rename(other=None)
          rename columns
     mul(other)
           Multiply the curent result with other
     property mul100
           Multiply the current result with 100
class modelvis.compvis(model=None, pat=None)
     Bases: object
     Class to compare to runs in boxplots
     box(*args, **kwargs)
           Displays a boxplot
     swarm(*args, **kwargs)
          Displays a swarmplot
     violin(*args, **kwargs)
           Displays a violinplot
class modelvis.container(lastdf, basedf)
     Bases: object
     A container, used if to izualize dataframes without a model
     smpl(start=", slut=", df=None)
           Defines the model.current_per which is used for calculation period/index when no parameters are issues
           the current period is returned
           Either none or all parameters have to be provided
```

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```
vlist(pat)
           returns a list of variable matching the pattern
class modelvis.varvis(model=None, var=")
     Bases: object
     Visualization class. used as a method on a model instance.
     The purpose is to select variables acording to a pattern, potential with wildcards
     explain(**kwargs)
     draw(**kwargs)
     tracedep(down=1, **kwargs)
           Trace dependensies of name down to level down
     tracepre(up=1, **kwargs)
           Trace dependensies of name down to level down
     dekomp(**kwargs)
     var_des(var)
     property show
     property showdif
     property frml
modelvis.vis_alt(grund, mul, title='Show variables', top=0.9)
     Graph of one of more variables each variable is displayed for 3 banks
modelvis.plotshow(df, name=", ppos=-1, kind='line', colrow=2, sharey=False, top=0.9, splitchar='__',
                      savefig=", *args, **kwargs)
           Parameters
                 • df (TYPE) – Dataframe .
                 • name (TYPE, optional) – title. Defaults to ".
                 • ppos (TYPE, optional) – # of position to use if split. Defaults to -1.
                 • kind (TYPE, optional) – matplotlib kind. Defaults to 'line'.
                 • colrow (TYPE, optional) – columns per row. Defaults to 6.
                 • sharey (TYPE, optional) – Share y axis between plots. Defaults to True.
                 • top (TYPE, optional) – relative position of the title. Defaults to 0.90.
                 • splitchar (TYPE, optional) – if the name should be split. Defaults to '__'.
                 • savefig (TYPE, optional) – save figure. Defaults to ".
                 • xsize (TYPE, optional) – x size default to 10
                 • ysize (TYPE, optional) – y size per row, defaults to 2
           Returns a matplotlib fig.
modelvis.melt(df, source='Latest')
     melts a wide dataframe to a tall dataframe, appends a soruce column
```

modelvis.heatshow(df, name=", cmap='Reds', mul=1.0, annot=False, size=(11.69, 8.27), dec=0, cbar=True, linewidths=0.5)

A heatmap of a dataframe

modelvis.attshow(df, treshold=False, head=5000, tail=0, t=True, annot=False, showsum=False, sort=True, size=(11.69, 8.27), title=", tshow=True, dec=0, cbar=True, cmap='jet', savefig=")

Shows heatmap of impacts of exogeneous variables :df: Dataframe with impact :treshold: Take exogeneous variables with max impact of treshold or larger :numhigh: take the numhigh largest impacts :t: transpose the heatmap :annot: Annotate the heatmap :head: take the head largest .tail: take the tail smalest :showsum: Add a column with the sum :sort: Sort the data .tshow: Show a longer title :cbar: if a colorbar shoud be displayes :cmap: the colormap :save: Save the chart (in png format)

modelvis.attshowone(df, name, pre=", head=5, tail=5)

shows the contribution to row=name from each column the coulumns can optional be selected as starting with pre

modelvis.water(serxinput, sort=False, ascending=True, autosum=False, allsort=False, threshold=0.0)

Creates a dataframe with information for a watrfall diagram

Serx the input serie of values

Sort True if the bars except the first and last should be sorted (default = False)

Allsort True if all bars should be sorted (default = False)

Autosum True if a Total bar are added in the end

Ascending True if sortorder = ascending

Returns a dataframe with theese columns:

Hbegin Height of the first bar

Hend Height of the last bar

Hpos Height of positive bars

Hneg Height of negative bars

Start Ofset at which each bar starts

Height Height of each bar (just for information)

modelvis.waterplot(basis, sort=True, ascending=True, autosum=False, bartype='bar', threshold=0.0, allsort=False, title='Attribution', top=0.9, desdic={}, zero=True, ysize=5, **kwarg)

2.7 modeldashsidebar module

```
Created on Fri May 14 22:46:21 2021

@author: bruger

modeldashsidebar.app_setup(jupyter=False)

modeldashsidebar.app_run(app, jupyter=False, debug=False, port=5000, inline=True)

modeldashsidebar.get_stack(df, v='Guess it', heading='Yes', pct=True, threshold=0.5, desdict={})

modeldashsidebar.get_no_stack(df, v='No attribution for exogenous variables', desdict={})
```

```
modeldashsidebar.get_line_old(pv, v='Guess it', heading='Yes')
modeldashsidebar.get_line(pv, v='Guess it', heading='Yes', pct=True)
modeldashsidebar.generate_table(dataframe, max_rows=10)
0, up: int = 1, down: int = 0, time\_att: bool = False, attshow: bool =
                                 False, all: bool = False, dashport: int = 5001, debug: bool = False,
                                 jupyter: bool = False, show\_trigger: bool = False, inline: bool = False,
                                 lag: bool = False, threshold: float = 0.5, growthshow: bool = False)
    Bases: object
    mmodel: anv = None
    pre_var: str = ''
    filter: float = 0
    up: int = 1
    down: int = 0
    time_att: bool = False
    attshow: bool = False
    all: bool = False
    dashport: int = 5001
    debug: bool = False
    jupyter: bool = False
    show_trigger: bool = False
    inline: bool = False
    lag: bool = False
    threshold: float = 0.5
    growthshow: bool = False
```

2.8 Jupyter Stuff

2.8.1 modeljupyter module

Created on Sat Jun 22 21:26:13 2019

dfs is a list of dataframes. They should be of same dimensionalities

```
model jupyter.vis_alt4(dfs, model, title='Show variables', trans={}, legend=True)
     display tabbed widget with results from different dataframes, usuallly 2 but more can be shown
     dfs is a list of dataframes. They should be of same dimensionalities
class modeljupyter.jup_keepviz(dfs, title='Show variables', trans={}, legend=True, showfig=False)
     Bases: object
     Class to vizualize a number of runs, primary in Jupyter :dfs: A dict with runs {name : {'result' : df}} :title: A
     title :trans: a translation of variable names to more redable names :legend: if legends has to be shown
     plot_level(var)
     plot_dif(var)
     formatnumber(var, out)
class modeljupyter.jupviz(dfs, title='Show variables', trans={}, legend=True, showfig=False)
     Bases: modeljupyter.jup_keepviz
     Class to vizualize a number of experiments in an tabbed ipywidget in a jupyter notebook
     vis()
           display tabbed widget with results from different dataframes, usually 2 but more can be shown
           dfs is a list of dataframes. They should be of same dimensionalities
modeljupyter.get_alt(mmodel, pat, onlyendo=False)
     Retrieves variables matching pat from a model
modeljupyter.get_alt_dic(mmodel, pat, dfs, onlyendo=False)
     Retrieves variables matching pat from a model
modeljupyter.inputwidget(model, basedf, slidedef={}, radiodef={}, checkdef={}, modelopt={}, varpat='RFF
                               XGDPN RFFMIN GFSRPN DMPTRSH XXIBDUMMY', showout=1, trans={},
                               baseIname=", altIname=", go_now=True, showvar=False)
     Creates an input widgets for updating variables
           Df Baseline dataframe
           Slidedef dict with definition of variables to be updated by slider
           Radiodef dict of lists. each at first level defines a collection of radiobuttoms second level defines the
               text for each leved and the variable to set or reset to 0
           Varpat the variables to show in the output widget
           Showout 1 if the output widget is to be called
modeljupyter.get_att_gui(totdif, var='FY', spat='*', desdic={}, use='level', kind='bar', perselect='per',
                               ysize=10)
     Creates a jupyter ipywidget to display model level attributions
modeljupyter.get_att_gui2(totdif, var='RP', spat='*', desdic={}, use='level', kind='bar')
     Creates a jupyter ipywidget to display model level attributions for datily dates
modeljupyter.vtol(var)
     replaces special characters in variable name to latex
```

2.8. Jupyter Stuff 61

```
modeljupyter.an_expression_to_latex(exp, funks=[])
     Returns a latex string from a list of terms (defined in the modelpattern module)
     funks is a list of localy defines functions
modeljupyter.expressions_to_latex(expressions, funks=[], allign=True, disp=False)
     Returns a latex string from a list of a list of terms
          Funks a list of local functions in the model
          Allign the first = is enclosed in & for alligning several equations in latex
          Disp the result is displayed
modeljupyter.frml_as_latex(frml_in, funks=[], allign=True, name=True, disp=True, linespace=False)
     Display formula
          Funks local functions
          Allign allign =
          Name also display the frml name
modeljupyter.get_frml_latex(model, pat='*', name=True)
2.8.2 modeljupytermagic module
This module defines several magic jupyter functions:
     graphviz Draw Graphviz graph
     dataframe Create Pandas Dataframe
     latexflow Create a modelflow modelinstance from latex script
To display the doc strings use the functions in jupyter.
modeljupytermagic.get_options(line, defaultname='test')
     Retrives options from the first line
          Parameters
                 • line (TYPE) – DESCRIPTION.
                 • defaultname (TYPE, optional) – DESCRIPTION. Defaults to 'test'.
          Returns name . opt (dict): options.
          Return type name (string)
2.8.3 modelwidget module
Created on Mon Aug 9 14:46:11 2021
To define Jupyter widgets to update and show variables. @author: Ib
class modelwidget.basewidget(datachildren: list = <factory>)
     Bases: object
     basis for widget updating in jupyter
     datachildren: list
```

```
update_df(df, current_per)
          will update container widgets
class modelwidget.tabwidget(tabdefdict: dict, tab: bool = True, selected_index: Optional[any] = None)
     Bases: object
     A widget to create tab or acordium contaners
     tabdefdict: dict
     tab: bool = True
     selected_index: any = None
     update_df(df, current_per)
          will update container widgets
     reset(g)
          will reset container widgets
class modelwidget.sheetwidget(df_var: any = Empty DataFrame Columns: [] Index: [], trans: any =
                                   <function sheetwidget.<lambda>>, transpose: bool = False, expname: str =
                                   'Carbon tax rate, US$ per tonn ')
     Bases: object
     class defining a widget which updates from a sheet
     df_var: any = Empty DataFrame Columns:
                                                     [] Index: []
     trans()
     transpose: bool = False
     expname: str = 'Carbon tax rate, US$ per tonn '
     update_df(df, current_per=None)
     reset(g)
class modelwidget.slidewidget(slidedef: dict, altname: str = 'Alternative', basename: str = 'Baseline',
                                  expname: str = 'Carbon tax rate, US\$ per tonn')
     Bases: object
     class defefining a widget with lines of slides
     slidedef: dict
     altname: str = 'Alternative'
     basename: str = 'Baseline'
     expname: str = 'Carbon tax rate, US$ per tonn '
     reset(g)
     update_df(df, current_per)
          updates a dataframe with the values from the widget
     set_slide_value(g)
          updates the new values to the self.current_vlues will be used in update_df
```

2.8. Jupyter Stuff 63

```
class modelwidget.sumslidewidget(slidedef: dict, maxsum: Optional[any] = None, altname: str =
                                      'Alternative', basename: str = 'Baseline', expname: str = 'Carbon tax
                                      rate, US$ per tonn ')
     Bases: object
     class defefining a widget with lines of slides
     slidedef: dict
     maxsum: any = None
     altname: str = 'Alternative'
     basename: str = 'Baseline'
     expname: str = 'Carbon tax rate, US$ per tonn '
     reset(g)
     update_df(df, current_per)
          updates a dataframe with the values from the widget
     set_slide_value(g)
          updates the new values to the self.current_vlues will be used in update_df
class modelwidget.updatewidget(mmodel: any, a_datawidget: any, basename: str = 'Business as usual',
                                    keeppat: str = '*', varpat: str = '*', showvarpat: bool = True, exodif: any = '*'
                                    Empty DataFrame Columns: [] Index: [], lwrun: bool = True, lwupdate:
                                    bool = False, lwreset: bool = True, lwsetbas: bool = True, lwshow: bool =
                                    True, outputwidget: str = 'jupviz', prefix\_dict: dict = < factory>,
                                    display_first: typing.Optional[any] = None, vline: list = <factory>,
                                    relativ\_start: int = 0, short: bool = False, legend: bool = False)
     Bases: object
     class to input and run a model
     mmodel: any
     a_datawidget: any
     basename: str = 'Business as usual'
     keeppat: str = '*'
     varpat: str = '*'
     showvarpat: bool = True
     exodif: any = Empty DataFrame Columns: [] Index: []
     lwrun: bool = True
     lwupdate: bool = False
     lwreset: bool = True
     lwsetbas: bool = True
     lwshow: bool = True
```

```
outputwidget: str = 'jupviz'
     prefix_dict: dict
     display_first: any = None
     vline: list
     relativ_start: int = 0
     short: bool = False
     legend: bool = False
     update(g)
     show(g=None)
     run(g)
     setbasis(g)
     reset(g)
modelwidget.fig_to_image(figs, format='svg')
class modelwidget.htmlwidget_df(mmodel: any, df_var: any = Empty DataFrame Columns: [] Index: [],
                                   trans: any = <function htmlwidget_df.<lambda>>, transpose: bool =
                                   False, expname: str = ", percent: bool = False)
     Bases: object
     class displays a dataframe in a html widget
     mmodel: anv
     df_var: any = Empty DataFrame Columns: [] Index: []
     trans()
     transpose: bool = False
     expname: str = ''
     percent: bool = False
     property show
class modelwidget.htmlwidget_fig(figs: any, expname: str = ", format: str = 'svg')
     Bases: object
     class displays a dataframe in a html widget
     figs: any
     expname: str = ''
     format: str = 'svg'
class modelwidget.htmlwidget_label(expname: str = ", format: str = 'svg')
     Bases: object
     class displays a dataframe in a html widget
```

2.8. Jupyter Stuff 65

2.9 modelinvert module

Created on Thu Sep 21 12:41:10 2017

@author: IBH

Class to handle general target/instrument problems.

Number of targets should be equal to number of instruments

An instrument can comprise of severeral variables instruments are inputtet as a list of instruments

Bases: object

Class to handle general target/instrument problems. Where the response is delayed specify this with delay.

Number of targets should be equal to number of instruments

An instrument can comprise of severeral variables

Instruments are inputtet as a list of instruments

To calculate the jacobian each instrument variable has a impuls, which is used as delta when evaluating the jacobi matrix:

```
[ 'QO_J','TG'] Simple list each variable are shocked by the default impulse [ ('QO_J',0.5), 'TG'] Here QO_J is getting its own impuls (0.5) [ [('QO_J',0.5),('ORLOV',1.)] , ('TG',0.01)] here an impuls is given for each_variable, and the first instrument consiste of two variables
```

Targets are list of variables

Convergence is achieved when all targets are within convergens distance from the target value

Convergence distance can be set individual for a target variable by setting a value in <modelinstance>.targetconv
Targets and target values are provided by a dataframe.

```
jacobi(per, delay=None)
           Calculates a jecobi matrix of derivatives based on the instruments and targets
           returns a dataframe
     invjacobi(per, diag=False, delay=0)
           Calculates the inverted jacobi matrix
           returns a dataframe
     targetseek(databank=None, shortfall=False, ti_damp=1.0, delay=0, progressbar=True, **kwargs)
           Calculates the instruments as a function of targets
     __call__(*args, **kwargs)
           Uses targetseek
This is a module for extending pandas dataframes with the modelflow toolbox
```

2.10 modelmf module

Created on Sat March 2019

@author: hanseni

```
class modelmf.mf(pandas_obj)
```

Bases: object

A class to extend Pandas Dataframes with ModelFlow functionalities

Not to be used on its own

copy()

copy a modelflow extended dataframe, so it remember its model and options

```
solve(start=", slut=", **kwargs)
```

Solves a model

makemodel(eq, **kwargs)

Makes a model from equations

class modelmf.mfcalc(pandas_obj)

Bases: object

Used to carry out calculation specified as equations

Parameters

- eq (TYPE) Equations one on each line. can be started with <start end> to control calculation sample.
- start (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
- **slut** (TYPE, optional) DESCRIPTION. Defaults to ".
- **showeq** (TYPE, optional) If True the equations will be printed. Defaults to False.
- **kwargs (TYPE) Here all solve options can be provided.

Returns Dataframe.

2.10. modelmf module 67

```
class modelmf.mfupdate(pandas_obj)
```

Bases: object

Extend a dataframe to update with values from another dataframe

second(*df*, *safe=True*)

class modelmf.ibloc(pandas_obj)

Bases: object

Extend a dataframe with a slice method which accepot wildcards in column selection.

The method just juse the method vlist from modelclass.model class

modelmf.f(a)

2.11 model_cvx module

Created on Mon May 26 21:11:18 2014

@author: Ib Hansen

A good explanation of quadradic programming in cvxopt is in http://courses.csail.mit.edu/6.867/wiki/images/a/a7/ Qp-cvxopt.pdf

This example calculates the efficient forntier in a small example the example is based on a mean variance model for Indonesian Rupia running in Excel

```
model_cvx.MV_test(lprint=True)
```

Test a mean variance model for Indonesian Rupia

Performs mean variance optimization by calling a quadratic optimization function from the cvxopt library

model_cvx.mv_opt_bs(msigma, vreturn, riskaversion, budget, risk_weights, capital, lcr_weights, lcr, leverage_weights, equity, boundsmin, boundsmax, lprint=False, solget=None)

Performs balance sheet optimization using mean variance optimization

model_cvx.mv_opt_prop(PP, qq, riskaversion, bsum, weights, weightedsum, boundsmin, boundsmax, probability=None, lprint=False)

select a numner of assets/liabilities which. when the selection is feasible an Mean variance optimazation is performed

the selection is based on probabilities

2.12 modelsandbox module

This is a module for testing new features of the model class, but in a smaler file.

Created on Sat Sep 29 06:03:35 2018

@author: hanseni

Bases: modelclass.model

class modelsandbox.newvis(model=None, pat=", names=None, df=None)

Bases: modelvis.vis

2.13 model_financial_stability module

Created on Sun Feb 21 16:59:39 2021

@author: bruger

model_financial_stability.lifetime_credit_loss(maturity, discount_rate, lgd, PDefault, debug=False)

Parameters

- maturity (integer or float) maturity over which the exposure is amortised by equal instalments.
- **discount_rate** (*float*) discount rate
- lgd (array of float) list of loss given default
- PDefault (array of float) propability of defaults
- **debug** (bool, optional) calculate a intermidiately dataframes. The default is False.

Return type float the long term credit loss in percent

2.14 model_ifrs9 module

Created on Sun Feb 21 16:59:39 2021

@author: Ib

Function to calculate expected credit loss using ifrs9 rules, experimental

model_ifrs9.lt_ifrs9(maturity, discount_rate, _lgd, _pd, debug=False)

Parameters

- **maturity** (*integer or float*) maturity over which the exposure is amortised by equal instalments.
- **discount_rate** (*float*) discount rate
- **_lgd** (array of float) list of loss given default
- _pd (array of float) propability of defaults
- debug (bool, optional) calculate a intermidiately dataframes. The default is False.

Return type float the long term credit loss

2.15 model run numba module

This script runs a model with numba

@author: hanseni

2.16 modelclass2 module

Created on Mon Jul 24 13:59:09 2017

@author: hanseni IMPORTANT for Cython

Cython has to be compiled in a command window with access to microsoft C-compiler

execute: Visual studio 2015>visual studio tools>Windows Desktop Command Prompts> VS2015 x64 Native Tools Command Prompt to get a command windows with the right setup for the c compilation and linking

change the directory and path in the command window to the place where the Cython code is placed now you are in business and can call the cmodel.bat file

Bases: modelclass.model

The model class, used to experiment

gouteval(databank)

takes a list of terms and translates to a evaluater function called los

The model axcess the data through:databank.Dataframe.value[rowindex+lag,coloumnindex] which is very efficient

This function has superseeded xouteval (modelclass.model.xouteval()

This function assumes that the numpy values have been made to a list of lists to increase speed.

```
cytouteval(databank, nr=1)
```

takes a list of terms and translates to a evaluater function called los

The model axcess the data through:databank.Dataframe.value[rowindex+lag,coloumnindex] which is very efficient

This function has superseeded xouteval (modelclass.model.xouteval()

This function assumes creates a CYTHON function to realy increase speed.

teststuff3()

```
outsolve2(order=", exclude=[], chunk=1000, ljit=False)
```

returns a string with a function which calculates a Gauss-Seidle iteration of a model exclude is list of endogeneous variables not to be solved uses: model.solveorder the order in which the variables is calculated model.allvar[v]["gauss"] the ccalculation This function should split the functions in many functions easing numba for large models

returns a string with a function which calculates a Gauss-Seidle iteration of a model exclude is list of endogeneous variables not to be solved uses: model.solveorder the order in which the variables is calculated model.allvar[v]["gauss"] the ccalculation

```
cytsolve(order=", exclude=[], chunk=2, ljit=False)
```

returns a string with a Cython function which calculates a Gauss-Seidle iteration of a model exclude is list of endogeneous variables not to be solved uses: model.solveorder the order in which the variables is calculated model.allvar[v]["gauss"] the ccalculation This function should split the functions in many functions easing cython for large models

2.17 modeldash module

class modeldash.Dash_Mixin

Bases: object

modeldashexplain(pre_var='', selected_data_show='baseline+last run', debug=True, jupyter=False, show_trigger=False, port=5001)

2.18 modeldashboot module

class modeldashboot.Dash_Mixin

Bases: object

2.19 modeldiff module

Created on Tue Oct 22 22:47:37 2013

Developement Module - only for the adventeous

This module handels symbolic differentiation of models

calculates the values of all the partial differentialkoifficients and creates matrices for each lag

@author: Ib Hansen

modeldiff.findallvar(model, v)

Finds all endogenous variables which is on the right side of = in the expresion for variable v lagged variables are included

modeldiff.findendocur(model, v)

Finds all endegenous variables which is on the right side of = in the expresion for variable v lagged variables are **not** included

Differentiate all relations with respect to all variable The result is placed in a dictory in the model instanse: model.diffendocur

```
modeldiff.diffout(model)
modeldiff.diffprint(model, udfil=")
modeldiff.vardiff(model, var='*')
     Displays espressions for differential koifficients for a variable if var ends with * all matchning variables are
     displayes
modeldiff.invdiff(model, var)
     Displays espressions for differential koifficients for a variable if var ends with * all matchning variables are
     displayes
modeldiff.rettet(ind)
modeldiff.fouteval(model, databank)
     takes a dict of derivatives for a model and makes a function which returns a function which evaluates the deriva-
     tives in a period. The derivatives is both returned from the function and places in
     :model.difvalue
modeldiff.calculate_diffvalue(model, bank, per)
     calculates the numeric value of derivatives. the values are returnes and also places in model.diffvalue
modeldiff.calculate_delta(databank)
     calculates the standard deviation of the change in all variable in a databank returns a panda series
modeldiff.calculate_impact(model, bank)
     Calculate the impact of every variable in equation on the result based on the standard deviation and differential
     coefficient
modeldiff.calculate_diffvalue_d3d(model)
     creates a 3D dictonary derivatives for each lag
modeldiff.calculate_mat(model, lag=0)
     calcultae matrix of derivative values. very slow should be reworked
modeldiff.calculate_endocurmat(model, df, per)
     for Newton solution find jacobi
modeldiff.calculate_allmat(model, df, per, show=False)
     Calculate and return a dictionary with a matrix of derivative values for each lag
modeldiff.calculate_matold(model, lag=0, endo=True)
     calcultae matrix of derivative values. endo deteriins if it is with respect to endogeneous og exogeneous variables
modeldiff.modelnet_dict(d, model, lag)
     creates a network where weight is determined by a 3d dict of impacts d: 3 d dictinorary
modeldiff.pagerank(g)
     ranks the equations in a model according to the pagerank algoritme returns order in pagerank
modeldiff.display_diff(model, bank, var=")
modeldiff.display_ip_old(model, ivar)
modeldiff.display_all(model, df, per)
modeldiff.display_ip(model, ivar)
```

```
sets subst() or Derivative() to zero in string the purpose is to get rid of derivatives of logical espressions
modeldiff.get_A(model, df, per)
modeldiff.get_AINV(A)
modeldiff.get_compagnion(model, df, per, show=False)
modeldiff.get_eigen(model, df, per)
modeldiff.eigplot0(w)
modeldiff.eigplot(w, size=(3, 3))
modeldiff.stabilitet(model, minnumber=8, maxnumber=8)
modeldiff.tout(t)
modeldiff.numdif(model, v, rhv, delta=0.005, silent=True)
2.20 modelhelp module
Created on Tue Mar 7 10:38:28 2017
@author: hanseni
utilities for Stampe models
modelhelp.update_var(databank, xvar, operator='=', inputval=0, start='', slut='', create=1, lprint=False,
                         scale=1.0)
      Updates a variable in the databank. Possible update choices are:
      =: val = inputval
      + : val = val + inputval
      -: val = val - inputval
      * : val = val * inputval
      =growth : val = val(t-1)+inputval +
      \%: val = val(1+inputval/100)
      scale scales the input variables default =1.0
modelhelp.tovarlag(var, lag)
      creates a stringof var(lag) if lag else just lag
modelhelp.cutout(input, threshold=0.0)
      get rid of rows below treshold and returns the dataframe or serie
modelhelp.ttimer(input='test', show=True, short=False)
      A timer context manager, implemented using a generator function. This one will report time even if an exception
      occurs"""
           Parameters
                 • input (string, optional) – a name. The default is 'test'.
```

modeldiff.settozero(instring)

- **show** (bool, optional) show the results. The default is True.
- **short** (bool, optional) . The default is False.

Return type None.

modelhelp.finddec(df)

find a suitable number of decimal places from the magnitudes of a dataframe

modelhelp.insertModelVar(dataframe, model=None)

Inserts all variables from model, not already in the dataframe. Model can be a list of models

 $modelhelp.df_extend(df, add=5)$

Extends a Dataframe, assumes that the indes is of period_range type

2.21 modelnet module

Created on Wed Oct 15 14:30:44 2014

Displays an adjencacy matrix . @author: ibh

modelnet.draw_adjacency_matrix(G, node_order=None, partitions=None, type=False, title='Structure', size=(10, 10))

- · G is a netorkx graph
- node_order (optional) is a list of nodes, where each node in G appears exactly once
- partitions is a list of node lists, where each node in G appears in exactly one node list
- type is a list of saying "simultaneous" or something else, has to have same length as partitions

modelnet.drawendoexo(model, size=(6.0, 6.0))

Draw dependency including exogeneous. Used for illustrating for small models

2.22 modelsandbox_Mixin module

This is a module for testing new features of the model class, but in a smaler file.

Created on Sat Sep 29 06:03:35 2018

@author: hanseni

class modelsandbox_Mixin.Newmodel_Mixin

Bases: object

property showstartnr

Evaluates this model on a databank from start to slut (means end in Danish).

First it finds the values in the Dataframe, then creates the evaluater function through the *outeval* function (modelclass.model.fouteval()) then it evaluates the function and returns the values to a the Dataframe in the databank.

The text for the evaluater function is placed in the model property **make_los_text** where it can be inspected in case of problems.

```
static grouper(iterable, n, fillvalue=")
```

Collect data into fixed-length chunks or blocks

```
outsolve2dcunk(databank, debug=1, chunk=None, ljit=False, type='gauss', cache=False)
```

takes a list of terms and translates to a evaluater function called los

The model axcess the data through: Dataframe.value[rowindex+lag,coloumnindex] which is very efficient

Evaluates this model on a databank from start to slut (means end in Danish).

First it finds the values in the Dataframe, then creates the evaluater function through the *outeval* function (modelclass.model.fouteval()) then it evaluates the function and returns the values to a the Dataframe in the databank.

The text for the evaluater function is placed in the model property **make_los_text** where it can be inspected in case of problems.

```
outsolve1dcunk(debug=0, chunk=None, ljit=False, cache='False')
```

takes a list of terms and translates to a evaluater function called los

The model axcess the data through: Dataframe.value[rowindex+lag,coloumnindex] which is very efficient

```
errfunk1d(a, linenr, overhead=4, overeq=0)
```

Handle errors in sim1d

```
errfunk(values, linenr, overhead=4, overeq=0)
```

developement function

to handle run time errors in model calculations

```
newton1per(databank, start=", slut=", silent=1, samedata=0, alfa=1.0, stats=False, first_test=1, antal=20, conv=[], absconv=0.01, relconv=1e-05, nonlin=False, timeit=False, reset=1, dumpvar=[], ldumpvar=False, dumpwith=15, dumpdecimal=5, chunk=None, ljit=False, fairopt={'fairantal': 1}, **kwargs')
```

Evaluates this model on a databank from start to slut (means end in Danish).

First it finds the values in the Dataframe, then creates the evaluater function through the *outeval* function (modelclass.model.fouteval()) then it evaluates the function and returns the values to a the Dataframe in the databank.

The text for the evaluater function is placed in the model property **make_los_text** where it can be inspected in case of problems.

```
newtonstack(databank, start=", slut=", silent=1, samedata=0, alfa=1.0, stats=False, first_test=1, antal=20, conv=[], absconv=0.01, relconv=1e-05, dumpvar=[], ldumpvar=False, dumpwith=15, dumpdecimal=5, chunk=None, nchunk=None, ljit=False, nljit=0, fairopt={'fairantal': 1}, debug=False, timeit=False, nonlin=False, nonlinfirst=0, newtonalfa=1.0, newtonnodamp=0, forcenum=True, reset=False, **kwargs)
```

Evaluates this model on a databank from start to slut (means end in Danish).

First it finds the values in the Dataframe, then creates the evaluater function through the *outeval* function (modelclass.model.fouteval()) then it evaluates the function and returns the values to a the Dataframe in the databank.

The text for the evaluater function is placed in the model property **make_los_text** where it can be inspected in case of problems.

```
newton1per_un_normalized(databank, start=", slut=", silent=1, samedata=0, alfa=1.0, stats=False, first_test=1, antal=20, conv=[], absconv=0.01, relconv=1e-05, nonlin=False, timeit=False, reset=1, dumpvar=[], ldumpvar=False, dumpwith=15, dumpdecimal=5, chunk=None, ljit=False, fairopt={'fairantal': 1}, newtonalfa=1.0, newtonnodamp=0, **kwargs)
```

Evaluates this model on a databank from start to slut (means end in Danish).

First it finds the values in the Dataframe, then creates the evaluater function through the *outeval* function (modelclass.model.fouteval()) then it evaluates the function and returns the values to a the Dataframe in the databank.

The text for the evaluater function is placed in the model property **make_los_text** where it can be inspected in case of problems.

```
newtonstack_un_normalized(databank, start=", slut=", silent=1, samedata=0, alfa=1.0, stats=False, first_test=1, antal=20, conv=[], absconv=0.01, relconv=1e-05, dumpvar=[], ldumpvar=False, dumpwith=15, dumpdecimal=5, chunk=None, nchunk=None, ljit=False, nljit=0, fairopt={'fairantal': 1}, debug=False, timeit=False, nonlin=False, newtonalfa=1.0, newtonnodamp=0, forcenum=True, reset=False, **kwargs)
```

Evaluates this model on a databank from start to slut (means end in Danish).

First it finds the values in the Dataframe, then creates the evaluater function through the *outeval* function (modelclass.model.fouteval()) then it evaluates the function and returns the values to a the Dataframe in the databank.

The text for the evaluater function is placed in the model property **make_los_text** where it can be inspected in case of problems.

```
res2d(databank, start=", slut=", debug=False, timeit=False, silent=False, chunk=None, ljit=0, alfa=1, stats=0, samedata=False, **kwargs)
```

calculates the result of a model, no iteration or interaction The text for the evaluater function is placed in the model property **make_res_text** where it can be inspected in case of problems.

```
control(databank, targets, instruments, silent=True, ljit=0, maxiter=30, **kwargs)
```

```
totexplain(pat='*', vtype='all', stacked=True, kind='bar', per='', top=0.9, title='', use='level', threshold=0.0)
```

```
get_att_gui(var='FY', spat='*', desdic={}, use='level')
```

Creates a jupyter ipywidget to display model level attributions

2.23 modeltodo module

```
Created on Wed Feb 19 08:43:25 2020
```

@author: bruger

allow tansposed lists to be inputted Tlist a_list:

```
a a_1 a_1 = a b c r r y $
```

makes list with many elements easier to read in editor

revise pattern to be a class

try out plotly

implement cython again

let attribution calculate on growth in addition to level

For attribution allow a cutoff level for showing sub branches.

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