

GSOC 2021 Proposal



Cuneiform Digital Library Initiative

Discovery search and advanced search features

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Project Description :

The project mainly focuses on **enhancing** the **search and advanced search features** in the **CDLI framework** .

The **objectives** of the project are :

- Implementing **Fuzzy** queries.
- Add the "**IDs**" and "**Keywords**" search field to both **Simple & Advanced** Search.
- Enable search **inscription** with **sign value** permutation.
- Highlight **transliteration sign values** in **ATF** display.
- On **add** or **edit**, save a **sanitised** version of an **inscription** as a list of **sign names**.
- Making **search input** flexible by allowing users to search using both **UTF-8** and **ASCII** characters.
- Filter search result by **RTI, Image, Transliterations, 3D data**.
- Port request to **ElasticSearch** from **cURL** to **HttpClient**.
- Port **elasticsearch** to the **cakephp** elasticsearch plugin.

Implementation :

1) Implementing Fuzzy queries

In this task, we will implement fuzzy queries for the entire search.

Example: If a user searches for **OIM 00042** or **OI 42** it must return search results for **OIM 00042**.

This can be implemented using the Elasticsearch **Fuzzy** query.

Outcomes :

Fuzziness will be implemented for every search result within a respectable response time.

Approach :

1. We'll need to modify the search queries in the **ElasticSearchComponent.php** file.

```
public function getArtifactWithArtifactId($artifactId) {
    $data = "
    {
        \"query\": {
            \"fuzzy\": {
                \"artifact_id\": {
                    \"value\": $artifactId
                }
            }
        }
    }";
    // getDataFromES function fetches data from Elasticsearch Server
    $resultArray = $this->getDataFromES('artifacts', $data, 1);
    //return formatted result to Search Controller
    return $resultArray
}
```

2. We will design various **user cases** and **test** against various **fuzziness configurations** to make sure that the **response time** is respectable.
3. If some queries requires processing of input, it can be converted to Regex and search can be made with this input.

References : [Elasticsearch Fuzzy query](#), [Regex in ElasticSearch](#)

2) Add the "IDs" and "keyword" search field to both Simple and Advanced Search

Related Issues : [#298](#) (WIP: Search fields) , [#314](#) (Simple Search for ID and Keywords)

In this task, we will be adding **IDs** and **keyword** search fields to both **simple** and **advanced search** with reference to **entries** mentioned in the outcomes given below .

Outcomes :

1. If a user searches for an **ID/ numbers artifacts** which matches the following entries :

- publications.bibtexkey
- publications.designation concatenated with artifacts_publications.exact_refrence
- publications.designation
- artifacts.designation
- artifacts.excavation_no
- artifacts.composite_no
- artifacts.museum_no
- artifacts.seal_no
- artifacts.excavation_no
- artifacts.id

it will return the relevant artifact entries.

2. If a user searches for specific **keywords** with reference to :

- Publications
- All main entities (Eg. Collections, Materials, Periods,etc.)
- Id's and numbers
- All artifacts text & varchar fields

It will return respective results .

Approach :

1. Updating current indices using logstash by adding optimised **SQL** queries in the **logstash.conf** file . The **new columns** which need to be added are from the **inscriptions table** such as **transliteration_sign_names** , **transliteration**, **transliteration_clean** ,etc. Also an entire **new table** of **artifacts_seals** need to be added.

```
jdbc {
  jdbc_validate_connection => true
  jdbc_driver_class => "Java::org.mariadb.jdbc.Driver"
  jdbc_connection_string => "jdbc:mariadb://mariadb:3306/cdli_db"
  jdbc_user => 'root'
  jdbc_password => ''
  # Run every 10 hour (this can be set according to requirement)
  schedule => "0 */10 * * *"
  statement => "
    | #SQL Queries
    "
  type => "artifacts"
  # sql_log_level => "debug" # ["fatal", "error", "warn", "info", "debug"]
  use_column_value => true
  record_last_run => true
  # last_run_metadata_path => "/etc/logstash/jdbc_last_run_metadata_path/mariadb"
}
```

2. To search from elasticsearch **indices** we need to modify our current elasticsearch queries in the respective methods of the **ElasticSearchComponent.php** file .
3. Finally , we will test various **user cases** to improve the quality and performance of search results.

3) Enable search inscription with sign value permutation :

In this task, we need to **convert** the **search input sign values** into **sign names** using the **jtf-signlist**, search with these **sign names** and return Inscriptions with matching **sign values** from our database.

Outcomes :

When a user will **enable** the **search inscription** with **sign value permutation** feature and search for a **text/regex** in the Inscriptions then all inscriptions with all sign values matching the sign names of the sign values in the query must be returned as a search result.

Approach :

1. Users will be provided with a **switch** to enable this feature in search .
2. When a user will search with **sign reading permutation** on, the **sign values input** will be **converted** into **sign names** using **jtf-signlist**.
3. These **sign names** will be matched with the ones stored in the database's **transliteration_sign_names** field and all **matching** results will be returned .
4. **Indices** are already **created** for all these fields in the database .
5. Once required changes are made in the database the **logstash** container should be executed to **update** all indices .
6. We'll **modify search queries** in the ElasticSearchComponent.php file which will match the **sign_names** field and return Inscriptions with matching **sign values** .
7. We'll test the implementation against various **sign values** to make sure that the search yields relevant results.

4) Highlight transliteration sign values in ATF display

Related issue: [#347](#)

In this task, the search results generated by matching **transliteration sign values** with **sign names** will be **highlighted** in the compact search results page. This can be done by modifying our elasticsearch queries by adding the **highlight** field in it.

Outcomes:

When a user will search for sign values, the matching transliteration sign values will be highlighted in the compact search results page.

Approach:

The elasticsearch queries in **ElasticSearchComponent.php** file will be modified by adding the **highlight** field in it.

```
GET /_search
{
  "query" : {
    "match": { "sign_values": "" }
  },
  "highlight" : {
    "pre_tags" : ["<b>"],
    "post_tags" : ["</b>"],
    "fields" : {
      "sign_values" : {}
    }
  }
}
```

References: [Highlight data](#)

5) On add or edit, save a sanitized version of an inscription as a list of sign names

Related issue : [#120](#) (Add processing for separating comment, structure and translation from transliteration) , [#259](#) (Add and edit inscriptions)

When an **inscription** is **added/edited** , corresponding **atf** is generated after processing it . In this objective , we will be **sanitising** this **atf** field with the help of a sanitisation **script** and **store** the **sign names** in the transliteration_sign_names field of our **database** .This will aid our search when someone searches for **sign values**.

Outcomes :

When an inscription is **added/edited**, the **sanitised** version of an inscription as a list of sign names **without word boundaries** will be saved.

Approach :

1. When an inscription is added or edited, the **atf field** is generated which contains all the data of **inscription** .
2. The **atf** field should be **sanitised** by **removing** all **word boundaries** .
3. **Sanitised data** should be saved in the **transliteration_sign_names** field of the database.In the **inscription model** file we will need to add the **callback function** which will be invoked once inscription is **added/edited** .

```
/** beforeSave() function executes immediately after model data has been successfully validated,
 * but just before the data is saved .
 */
public function beforeSave() {

    /**Once inscription is added/edited atf is generated.
     Sanitise the data using the conversion Script
     */
    $sanitisedData = sanitise($atfData);

    //Save the sanitised data in sign_names field of DB
    $this->data['Event']['transliteration_sign_names'] = $sanitisedData ;

    return true;
}
```


6) Input flexibility enhancement

Users will be able to search with both **UTF-8** and **ASCII** characters which will improve the **flexibility** of our **search inputs** . We'll need to convert the input accordingly using our **conversion tables** and return search results.

Outcomes :

1. Users will be able to search using **UTF-8 characters** in the **entities** which store data **only** as **ASCII characters** .
2. Users can search using both **ASCII** and **UTF-8 characters** for **entities** which use **both UTF-8 and ASCII** characters .

Approach :

1. List out the entities which store data **only** as **ASCII** characters and the ones which have **either ASCII or UTF-8** .
2. We will need to include the **searchInput** function in the **searchController** which will provide us with both **ASCII** and **UTF-8 input** for search .

```
* Function below provides with both ascii and utf-8 input for search.
*/
public function searchInput($searchInput) {

    //Check if the search input is ASCII or UTF-8 character
    //Returns true if character encoding is ASCII
    if(mb_detect_encoding($searchInput, 'ASCII', true)) {
        $asciiInput = $searchInput;
        //converts ASCII to UTF using ATFCharConventions.json file
        $utfInput = convertAsciiToUtf($asciiInput);
    }else{
        $utfInput = $searchInput;
        //converts UTF to ASCII using ATFCharConventions.json file
        $asciiInput = $convertUtfToAscii($utfInput);
    }
}
```

3. If the user searches in the tables which store values **only** in **ASCII** format then we will **search** with **ASCII** input, else we'll search with **both ASCII and UTF-8** for other tables.
4. Modify search queries in **ElasticSearchComponent.php** files according to the **condition** in point 3.

7) Filter search results by RTI Image , Transliterations , 3D data

Related issue : [#136](#) (RTI Filter)

If the user applies the filters such as **RTI Images,Transliterations,3D Data** , it will be queried in their respective tables and the results will be returned according to status fields for respective queries.

Outcomes :

1. When the user will apply **RTI Images** as a filter, search results which have associated **RTI Images** will be shown to the user.
2. When the user will apply **Transliterations** or **3D Data** as a filter, associated **Inscriptions** with matching **Transliterations** and **3D Data** will be shown to the user .

Dependency: Some of the above filter's data is yet to be processed . Hence, we can work with **test data** (except for **Images** Table) for implementing search functionality .

Approach :

1. Till the time data is processed and ready, we have to work with **test** data.
2. We'll have to create tables which have **status fields** the **same** as the **given filters (RTI Image , Transliterations ,3D data)**.
3. **Indexing** the new fields which we have used for search filters .
4. **Modifying** our **search queries** according to the new filters in the ElasticSearchComponent.php file .
5. Make changes in respective **view** files to display filter results .
6. Finally when the data is processed and ready , integrate it with our **database** by replacing the test data .

8) Port request to Elasticsearch from cURL to HttpClient

Current implementation of **elasticsearch** in the **framework** is using **cURL** . In this task we would be replacing it with HttpClient using **CakePHP HTTP Client**.

CakePHP includes a basic but powerful **HTTP client** which can be used for making requests to **ElasticSearch** . It is a great way to communicate with **remote APIs**.

Outcomes :

Current implementation of **cURL** for **elasticsearch** would be **replaced** with **CakePHP HTTP Client** .

Approach :

1. Initialise the **http** object.

```
use Cake\Http\Client;
$http = new Client();
```

2. To **search indices** we can either perform **GET** or **POST** request :

- **GET** request :

```
// Simple get
$response = $http->get(
    'http://localhost:9200/_advanced_artifacts/_search?q=artfiact_id:id'
);
```

- **POST** request using **request body search** :

```
//Request Body Search
$response = $http->post('http://localhost:9200/_advanced_artifacts', [
    'body' => '{
        "query": {
            "match": {
                "artfiact_id": {
                    "query": id
                }
            }
        }
    },
]);
```

9) Port elasticsearch to the cakephp elasticsearch plugin :

Related Issue : [#460](#) (Implementation of cakephp elasticsearch plugin)

This task focuses on implementing **cakephp elasticsearch plugin** which would provide **indexing** , **searching** and performing **complex queries** functionalities . Also we need to update the current implementation of **pagination** using `\Cake\Datasource\Paginator`.

Outcomes:

1. **Indexing** and performing **queries** using **cakephp elasticsearch** plugin.
2. Updated pagination with `\Cake\Datasource\Paginator` .

Approach:

1. **Installing** and **configuring** cakephp elasticsearch plugin. (**Already completed**).
2. Create **index objects** which are similar to **table-like** classes in elasticsearch. The **ElasticSearch plugin** makes it easier to interact with an **elasticsearch index** and provides an interface similar to the `/orm`.

```
app > cake > src > Model > Index >  InscriptionsIndex.php
```


```
1  <?php
2  namespace App\Model\Index;
3
4  use Cake\ElasticSearch\Index;
5
6  class InscriptionsIndex extends Index
7  {
8      //methods which will dictate the behavior of index
9  }
```

3. We then have to define **Document** which will then **index** Documents. The **interface** and **functionality** provided by Documents are the same as those in **Entities** .

```
app > cake > src > Model > Document >  InscriptionDocument.php
```

```
1  <?php
2
3  namespace App\Model\Document;
4
5  use Cake\ElasticSearch\Document;
6
7  class Inscription extends Document
8  {
9      //Define properties (similar to entitites)
10 }
```

4. Now, we can use the indexes in our **controllers** and write queries .

```
cake > src > Controller >  InscriptionsController.php
<?php
namespace App\Controller;
use App\Controller\AppController;
use Cake\Event\Event;

class InscriptionsController extends AppController {

    public function beforeFilter(Event $event) {
        parent::beforeFilter($event);
        // Load the Index using the 'Elastic' provider.
        $this->loadModel('Inscriptions', 'Elastic');
    }
}
```

5. The **ElasticSearch** plugin provides a **query builder** that allows us to build complex search queries .

```
$query = $this->Inscriptions->find()
->where([
    'title' => 'xyz',
    'or' => [
        'tags in' => ['author', 'publications']
    ]
]);
```

6. On Successful implementation of the plugin, pagination implementation can be updated by using **\Cake\Datasource\Paginator**. This class is used to handle **automatic model data pagination**.

References : <https://book.cakephp.org/elasticsearch/3/en/index.html>

Timeline :

Phase 0: Pre-community bonding period (Present - 17th May)

- Work on current issues present in the CDLI framework .
- Research more about elasticsearch and cakephp .
- Explore the framework and post new issues encountered

Phase 1: Community bonding period (17th May - 7th June)

- Discuss with the mentor about the implementation in detail.
- Document the workflow for better understanding of the implementation approach.
- Research about cakephp elasticsearch plugin and test basic queries .

Phase 2: Coding Phase 1 (7th June - 16th July)

Week #	Task / Objectives Covered	Deliverables
Week 1 and Week 2 (7th June - 20th June)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Implementation of Fuzzy queries and Addition of the "IDs" and "Keywords" search field to both Simple & Advanced Search. (Objectives 1 & 2)• Modify search queries which should include fuzziness in search .• Updating current indices with the fields required for ID's and keywords .• Testing search results with different fuzzy queries .• Documentation of implementation .	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Fuzzy queries would also yield search results.• Users will be able to search for specific keywords,Id/Numbers artifacts.• Documentation of added search features .
Week 3 and Week 4 (21st June - 4th July)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Enabling search Inscription with sign value permutation and highlighting the results. (Objectives 3 & 4)• Modify elasticsearch queries which will match sign names and will	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• When a user will enable this search feature and search for sign values, all inscriptions with matching sign values will be returned.• Search results will be highlighted with the

	<p>return inscriptions with matching sign values.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Highlighting matching sign values in atf display. ● Testing and documentation of the implemented logic . 	<p>matching sign values in atf display.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Documentation of the implementation .
Week 5 (5th July - 16th July)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Buffer week for completing all the remaining tasks in phase 1. ● Fix all the issues developed in phase 1. ● Blog post for phase 1. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Complete all the documentation of phase 1. ● Report of phase 1. ● Submit phase 1 evaluation .

Phase 3: Coding Phase 2 (17th July - 16th August)

Week #	Task	Deliverables
Week 1 (17th July - 23rd July)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● On add or edit save a sanitized version of inscription as a list of sign names. (Objective 5) ● Prepare a sanitisation script which will sanitise atf field by removing all word boundaries. ● Adding callback functions in model classes which will invoke the sanitisation script and will save the sign_names in transliteration_sign_names field of the database every time the artifact is added/edited. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● When an artifact is added/edited the sanitised atf data will be stored in the transliteration_sign_names field of the database . ● Documentation and thorough testing of the sanitisation script .
Week 2 (24th July - 30th July)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Input flexibility enhancements (Objective 6). ● List out tables which use only ASCII data for storing . ● Write conversion functions in searchController and provide UTF-8 and ASCII inputs to ES queries . ● Modify ES queries to search for respective inputs. ● Testing the implementation with different search inputs . 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Users will have the flexibility to search with both UTF-8 and ASCII characters . ● Documentation of the implementation.

Week 3 (31st July - 6th August)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Filter search results by RTI Image, Transliterations , 3D Data (Objective 7). ● Index new fields which were added to the database for implementing search filters of RTI , Image, Transliteration. ● Modify our search queries to match our filters . ● Make changes in our view files to display filter results . 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Users can apply filters such as RTI Image, Transliterations , 3D Data . ● Documentation of implementation.
Week 4 (7th August - August 13th)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Port request to Elasticsearch from cURL to HttpClient and implementation of CakePHP elasticsearch plugin. (Objectives 8 & 9) ● Creating index objects similar to table-like classes in orm . ● Creating documents similar to entities in orm which can be used for performing elasticsearch queries. ● Replacing cURL based implementation with HTTP Client. ● Testing by performing various search queries on indices. ● Updating pagination on search results using \Cake\Datasource\Paginator. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Replaced cURL implementation with HTTP Client . ● Updated Pagination on search results . ● Documenting cakephp elastic search plugin.
Week 5 (14th August - 23rd August)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Buffer week for pending deliverables. ● Prepare the final project report. ● Submit the final code. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Final submission of report, code and blog post.

Future plans (Post GSOC) :

- Contribute to the CDLI framework and be an active member in the community .
- Add community requested features and fix bugs .
- Reach out to my college mates to introduce them to the CDLI community and encourage them to make contributions to it.

Contribution to CDLI framework :

PR:

Type	Link	Description
Enhancement PR	PR #225	Added corpus search item .

Issue:

Type	Link	Description
Plugin Implementation	Issue #460	Installed and configured elasticsearch plugin.