Callback Execution Priority in Node.js

Node.js runs callbacks in a specific order, based on **event loop phases** and **task queues**. The main ones to know are:

- process.nextTick() Queue
- **Highest priority** runs **immediately after the current operation finishes**, before the event loop moves to the next phase.
- Even higher priority than Promises (microtasks).
- Overusing it can block the event loop.
- Microtask Queue (Promise.then() , queueMicrotask)
- Runs right after process.nextTick() and before any timers or I/O callbacks.
- Example:

- Timers Phase (setTimeout, setInterval)
- Executes callbacks scheduled by timers if their delay has expired.
- Example:

I/O Callbacks Phase

• Handles completed I/O operations (like file reads, network responses).

5 Check Phase (SetImmediate)

- Runs after I/O callbacks.
- If setTimeout(..., 0) and setImmediate() are scheduled in the same tick, setImmediate() usually runs **after** the timeout.

Close Callbacks

• Runs cleanup callbacks like socket.on('close', ...).

Example to See the Order

```
console.log('start');

process.nextTick(() => console.log('nextTick'));

promise.resolve().then(() => console.log('promise'));

setTimeout(() => console.log('timeout'), 0);

setImmediate(() => console.log('immediate'));

console.log('end');
```

Expected output:

```
Code Copy

start
end
nextTick
promise
timeout
immediate
```

✓ Summary of Priority:

 $process.nextTick() \rightarrow Microtasks (Promises) \rightarrow Timers \rightarrow I/O \rightarrow setImmediate() \rightarrow Close callbacks.$