

Camera Calibration:

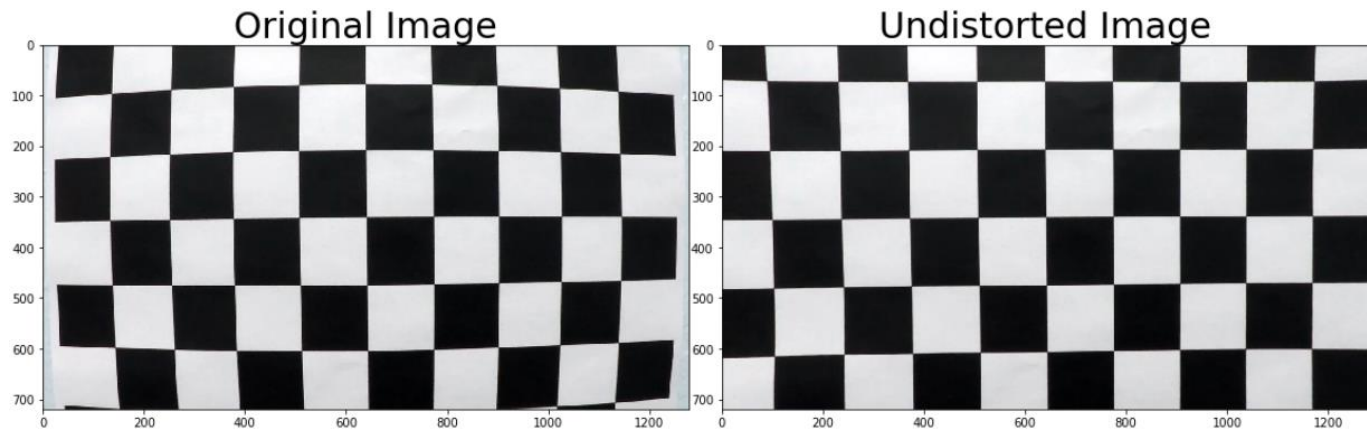
To calibrate the camera, I used the provided images to detect edges and draw them.

In the section [Camera calibration using chessboard images \(Runs Once\)](#) I did this:

- 1- Read image in `/camera_cal`.
- 2- Find corners using `cv2.findChessboardCorners`.
- 3- Append to `objpoints` and `imgpoints`.
- 4- Calculated the Calibration output using `cv2.calibrateCamera`.
- 5- Get `mtx` and `dist`.
- 6- Save output as `/cal_pickle.p`.

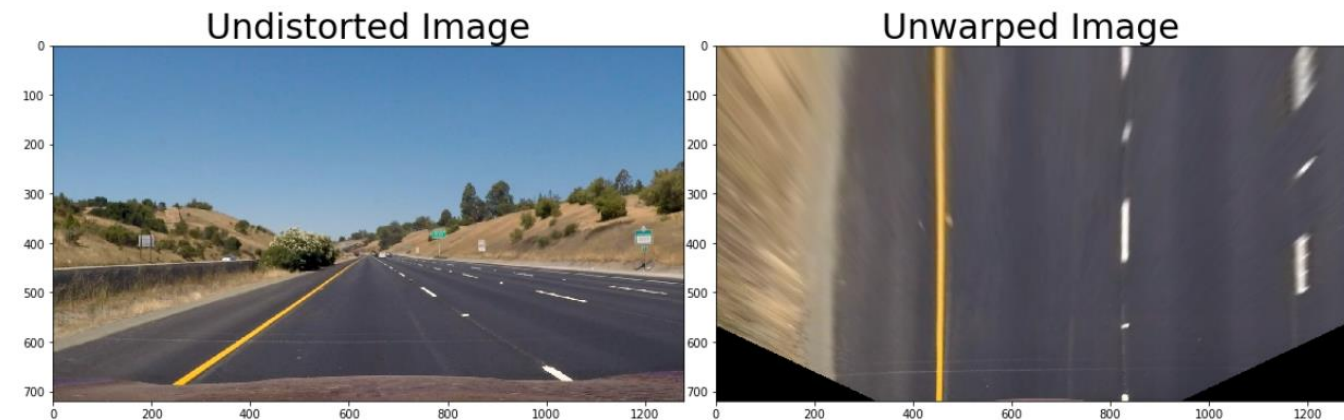
Apply a distortion correction to raw images:

In the next 2 sections I imported the calibration file and showed an example to raw image, the output was like this:



Apply a perspective transform to rectify binary image ("birds-eye view"):

I did this in the section [Unwarp](#) where I used `src` and `dst` variables as params to `cv2.getPerspectiveTransform` Function and the output was this:



Use color transforms, gradients, etc., to create a thresholded binary image:

I did this in the section [Thresholding](#) where I used 2 functions:

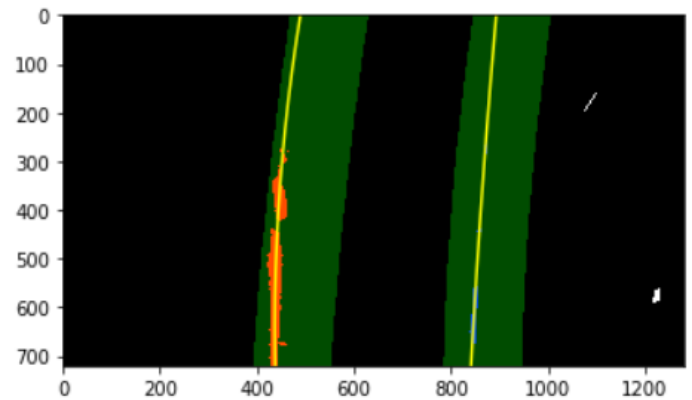
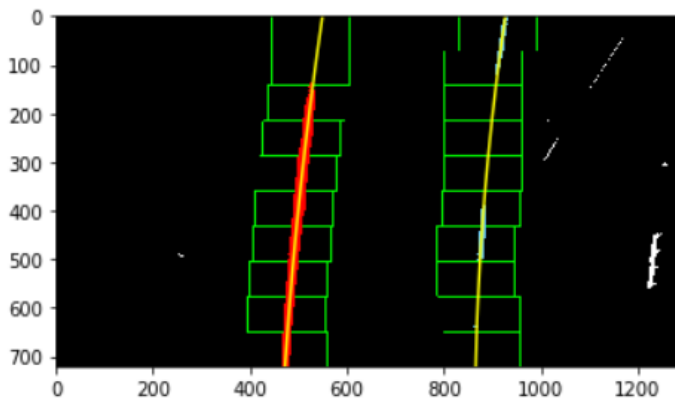
- 1- `hls_lthresh` which output is the **L-channel** threshold with boundaries 210 to 255.
- 2- `lab_bthresh` which outputs the **B-channel** threshold with boundaries 190 to 255.

The output was this:



Detect lane pixels and fit to find the lane boundary:

I did this in the section [Sliding Window & Poly-fit](#) where I did the sliding window which search the thresholded output to find the lanes and the output was this:



Determine the curvature of the lane and vehicle position with respect to center:

I did this in the section [Calculate CurveRad and Dist. to Center](#).

I calculated the left and right curvatures and the car distance from the center of the mean of `l_fit` and `r_fit` intercepts.

Then, in the [Draw Lane](#) section of the code draw the left and right lanes with the middle area using the `draw_lane` function and the output of the calculated curvature and distance to the center using the `draw_data` function

Here an example of the output:



Video Processing:

Before starting this section I defined the `process_image` function and `Line` class to add some sanity check to ensure continuity and smoothness of lanes on left and right.

Some screenshots:



Discussion:

- 1- In the 22nd second in the video when the road color changed, I had a problem that lines are extremely bad, so I kept the last output to smoothly translate from one line to another.
- 2- The LAB color space I found very useful and was missed in the lectures.
- 3- Some improvements can be done on the thresholding to avoid problems like the one in the first point.
- 4- I think that the code will fail if the road was more narrow and have more lanes in the field of view of the camera.