# BookMyFlight

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## **Project description:**

#### **Scenario: Book My Ticket**

Passengers will be able to log in, create an account or use our program anonymously, where their information will be set by the program. Once they pass the identification page, they will be able to book a ticket. They will be given a set of hardcoded tickets. If the chosen ticket has a plane with full seats, then a message will appear stating that they cannot purchase that ticket due to the unavailability. Once selected, they will go through the payment process where they will enter the number of tickets wanted and their card information. If they have an account, a premium or a regular passenger, credits can be accumulated and can be transformed into discounts. Premium passengers will always have a 5% discount on their total. Their ticket will then be booked in their name. If they want to modify their ticket, they will have to request an employee to cancel the ticket. Once they are done with the process of cancelling their initial ticket, the passenger will choose the corrected ticket. To cancel a ticket, they will still need to request an employee, which will refund them. Their refund information will be available in the passenger's refund list. For the Employees, they can only log in or create an account. They will have the task of booking a ticket for a certain passenger. However, they handle the process of cancelling and refunding a passenger's ticket. The employee will send back a notice mentioning the amount returned, the ticket ID and the passenger's ID. Passengers who have used a discount on their total will also have their credits back, but not their 5% discount if they are a premium member. Each operation will be registered in case of any error. Once a ticket is booked, the ticket will register the seat attributed to the passenger, the passenger's temporary ID, if they are booking anonymously, and the passenger's name. Lastly, after their purchase, credits will be added to passengers with an account. They will then be presented to the "Option" page, where they have the choice to view their credits, view their booked and refunded tickets, and modify, book or cancel a ticket. Invalid input will not be accepted, and the user will have to re-enter their credentials until the system recognizes them as being valid.

#### **Design Paradigm**

• The MVC pattern will be used to divide the project into three sections: model, view and controller. In the view, we will provide the interface using JavaFX.

#### View: Graphical User Inter

- On the first page the user can decide if they would like to continue the program on light or dark mode, the default would be light mode
- The user will have to complete the requested information to go to the next page or they can cancel the process to leave the page.
- The passenger can view their refund list, accumulated credits and booked tickets.

#### Controller: Logical content and links the model with the view

- Calculating the total price
- Validation for the user authentication and other user input
- Interaction between the program and the database to fetch and store information.
- Calculate the discount with a certain amount of credits.
- Fetching the entered input to create objects such as the ticket.
- Creating operations for each action being made and storing them in a database

#### **Model: Representation of data**

- The fields that state all the data of the ticket
- User containing all the base information that both employee and passenger will inherit
- What data is going to be needed to create an object

#### **Expected Output**

#### Creation of an account for a passenger

 The passenger will have to enter their information: email, phone number, full name and password. A passenger user will be created and added to the passenger list.
 When click a button their account will be saved with the date and time created. All their lists, refund and booked lists, will be set to null and their credit will be set to 0.

#### Logging into an account for a passenger

The passenger will need to enter their email and the password that they've created

- in the creation process. The credentials will be searched in the passenger's list and can only move on until a confirmation message appears on the page. A button will appear, and they can click on it to move to the next page.
- When the passenger enters information that is not found in the passengers list, they will not be able to move on to the next page and an error message will appear stating that they will need to re-enter the correct information.

#### Skipping the identification page for a passenger

The anonymous passenger will be able to skip the identification page and will
continue to use the program with the given identification, meaning that their data
will be set by the program to create an anonymous account, though they will still
have a userID.

#### Passenger choosing their ticket

• The passenger will be presented with a set of predefined tickets, they will pick a ticket using a radio button and then they will proceed. If a message pops up saying that the plane is fully booked, then the passenger will need to choose another ticket.

#### Passenger requesting a modification for their ticket.

• In our program, to modify our ticket, the passenger will need to request to cancel their ticket using the ticket ID that will be cancelled. They will receive a refund on both their money and credits.

#### Passenger requesting to cancel a ticket.

• The passenger cannot directly cancel their ticket. They will need to request the assistance of an employee. Their refund will be seen in their refunds list and their credit will be refunded.

#### **Employee booking a ticket for a passenger**

• Just like the passenger, the employee will be able to book a ticket for a passenger using their provided credentials. The employee will enter the passenger's payment information and they will book a ticket in their name.

#### **Employee cancelling a ticket for a passenger**

The employee will receive a request to cancel a certain ticket from a passenger. The
passenger will provide them with the ticketID that they want to cancel, to help the
employee cancel the ticket successfully. The employee will refund the money and
the credits of the passenger

#### Employee "modifying" a ticket for a passenger

• The employee will help the passenger to modify their ticket. The passenger will need to request an employee to cancel the ticket. The employee will do the same steps as the cancellation process.

#### **Employee logging in the system**

• The employee will need to enter their email and their password to be able to log in. in the system. If the entered information does not match a user then they won't be able to log in to their account.

#### **Employee creating an account**

• The employee has the benefit of creating their account which will then be stored among the other employees' accounts.

## **Program Features:**

The GUI is well-deigned for input and output (database and a receipt csv file). The code implements 2 patterns which are singleton and MVC. We used data structures such as Priority Queue, Linked List and Array List. The application gives the choice to the user to choose a language between French and English. The application implements CRUD operations and manages and manipulates data entered by the user, keeping track of changes. In the code we used lambda expressions. We followed a TDD approach and we did a solid testing. We have a git repository and we did some planning there, divided tasks and used branching to not pollute the main branch. We also used UML diagrams, to have a clear view of our project.

In our program, each time a passenger is created he is a regular passenger. It takes a lot of time to become a premium member. This is why we hardcoded a regular passenger.

Here is a brief explanation of the user experience with the GUI:

- In the GUI, the first page the user(Passenger or Employee) sees is the Login page. If he wants to create and account he goes to the CreateAccount page, then after he created his account he goes back to the Login page.
- If he is a Passenger he goes to Payment Page, where he chooses or simply takes a look at the ticket he wants. If he is just looking he then goes to the Exit page. If he chooses a ticket, then he goes to BuyTicket page where he inputs his payment information. When the payment is successful, then he goes to Exit page where he

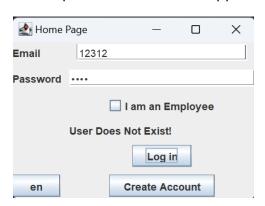
- can see the tickets he bought and can select which ones he wants to request a refund if he wants to or he can simply logout and then he will go back to the login page.
- If he is a Employee then he goes to EmployeePayment page, where he chooses or simply takes a look at the ticket that a certain client wants. If he is just looking or he wants to just refund a client, then he goes to the RefundTickets page. If he chooses a ticket for a client, then he goes to BuyTicket page where he inputs the client payment information. When the payment is successful, then he goes to RefundTickets page. In this page, he can refund tickets that are in his queue or he can simply logout and then he will go back to the login page.

Here is a quick view of how the GUI looks like:

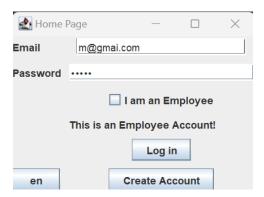
#### Login page:

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Mome Pa	ige		_		X	
Email						
Password						
		I am an Employee				
			Log ir	1		
en		Cre	ate Ac	count		

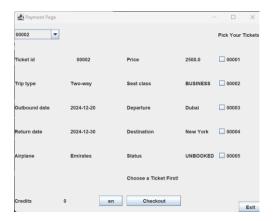
\*\* This picture shows what happens when the unexistant user tries to log in\*\*



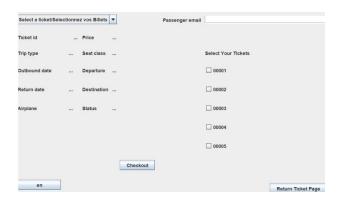
\*\* This picture shows what happens when we try to log in as an employee without checking the checkBox\*\*



#### Payment page:



### EmployeePayment page:



### BuyTicket page:

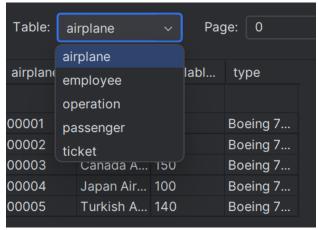


\*\*The next photo shows that the ticket has been associated to a client \*\*

```
[Ticket{ticketID='00001', passengerID='null', airplane=Airplane(airplaneID=00001, assignedAirline=Qatar Airways, availableSeats=150,
type=Boeing 707), outboundDate='2024-12-20', returnDate='2024-12-30', price=500.0, tripType='Two-way', status=UNB00KED, seatType=EC0N0MY,
departure='Lebanon', destination='Montreal'}]
```

\*\*The next photos shows that the database is populated\*\*

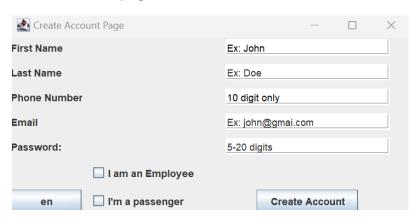




\*\*The next photo shows that i18 is present in our app

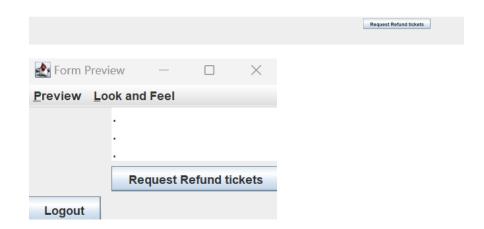


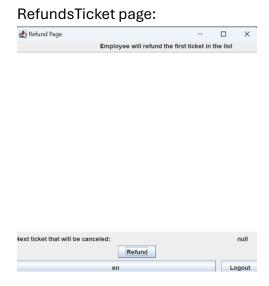
#### CreateAccount page:



#### Exit page:







## **Challenges:**

It was hard to visualize the project in advance and to imagine and predict how to GUI looks like and how will be the logic supporting it. It was hard to solve many logical errors, and sometimes the IDE didn't work well and wasn't saving automatically and we had to open the files in File Explorer and copy the code manually into it. It was also challenging to find the right moment to work together because we are both busy during the semester especially in the end because we each have our exams and projects to deliver. So to find the right moment in our schedules to work together in the same time was challenging.

We decided to remove the writing to file feature (the receipt for the passenger) because we didn't have time.

Since we started on a complicated way, our project took way longer than expected since we would mess things up from the beginning, which would later affect our future enhancements. This became a domino effect and created a huge problem at the end. One of our biggest challenges, but also a great learning experience was our time management. Having many courses, many exams, many assignments and many exams during the same week was truly a humbling experience. Though I know that life won't get better, this project has thought us so much about organization, management and having discipline, that it will give us a huge push for our future projects and any kind of obstacles.

## **Learning Outcomes:**

We have understood better the concepts seen in class because we have practiced them more and in a different way. We understand better how an booking system works and how complex it can be. This hands-on experience has been invaluable and fun. We have learned

the way databases work in java, using sqlite, and storing information about the system in the database. For example, the lists in the singleton class are initialized with the database's queryAll method (for our case). We are updating the system along with the data from the database. This synchronization can be really confusing at first, but when everything is organized, everything runs smoothly. For the mvc pattern, this was our biggest challenge since organizing classes and dividing them into different groups is hard to do it at first. We get confused on what method goes where and if we need to make them static and all these little things that become much bigger when we're getting near the deadline. Talking about deadlines, time management and our communication was truly horrendous. We gained some experience and knowledge about each other's weaknesses and strengths and we learned how to work with one another. Though I may say that it is still not perfect, we made a great huge improvements and we are greatly honored about our growing skills. Synchronizing and juggling all these new concepts that we've learned throughout the year was though, but we have gained so much experience from it and it will certainly help our future selves.