

## Measurements:

### 1. Segment Current: -

we will measure the voltage drop across the current limiting resistor; then, divide it over the Resistance of that Resistor.

$$\Rightarrow \text{Resistance} = 470 \Omega$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{measured voltage drop} = 2.80V$$

$$\therefore \text{Current} = \frac{2.8}{470} = 5.96 \text{ mA}$$

$$\therefore \text{Calculated Current} = 6.6 \text{ mA}$$

$$\therefore \text{deviation between them} = 0.3$$

### 2. Duty cycle

I Programmed the code with the intention to have around

22 % duty cycle for each digit, it's the program needs some time to be off taking input which counted for in the above value.

$\Rightarrow$  using an oscilloscope, I will be measuring the duty cycle.

$\Rightarrow$  measured duty cycle  $\approx 24.9\%$



Hand-drawn circuit diagram of a two-stage op-amp. The first stage is a differential pair with inputs  $v_{in} PWM$  and  $v_{in}$ , biasing resistors  $R_{30}$  and  $R_{2x}$ , and a  $5mA$  current source. The second stage is a common-emitter stage with a  $5.5mA$  current source and resistor  $R_x$ . Output voltages are marked as  $0.8V$ ,  $0.08V$ , and  $1.72V$ .

\* to make sure  $I_B$  is big enough to operate the BJT in saturation, we will choose  $I_B$  to be  $\Rightarrow I_B = 5 \text{ mA}$

Solving KVL ① :-

$$R_{30} = \frac{5 - 0.8}{5 \text{ mA}} = 840 \Omega$$

Solving  $KVL$  ②!

$$R_{2x} = \frac{5 - 0.08 - 0.8}{5 \text{ mA}} = \underline{\underline{820 \Omega}}$$

For the current limiting  
Resistors,  
as mentioned above,  $5.5\text{mA}$   
per LED should work  
perfectly and satisfy all  
the constraints! -

$$\Rightarrow R_x = \frac{5 - 2(0.08) - 1.72}{5.5 \text{ mA}}$$

$$R_x = 570 \Omega$$

I Can't find the exact values for the Resistors so I changed them as follows:-

$$R_x = 470 \Omega$$

$$R_{2x} = 1 \text{ K} \Omega$$

$$\therefore \text{New } I_{LED} = \frac{5 - 0.08(2) - 1.72}{470}$$

$$\therefore I_{E0} = 6.64 \text{ mA}$$

∴ New  $I_B = \frac{4.2}{1k} = 4.2mA$

This still satisfy the constraints ✓

### Constraints and Info:

LED:-

- Fwd Voltage drop @ 5.5mA = 1.72V
- max current = 25mA

Atmega :

- $I_{\text{sink per pin}} = 20 \text{ mA (max)}$
- $I_{\text{sink per port}} = 100 \text{ mA (max)}$

## Decoder :

- $$-I \sin \alpha = 8 \text{ mA} \quad (\text{max})$$

### Transistor: -

- $V_{CE}(Sat) = -0.08V$  @  $I_C \approx 40mA$   
-  $V_{BE}(Sat) = -0.8V$  @  $I_C \approx 40mA$

$$\therefore \text{New } I_{LED} = \frac{5 - 0.08(2) - 1.72}{470}$$

$$\therefore I_{E0} = 6.64 \text{ mA}$$

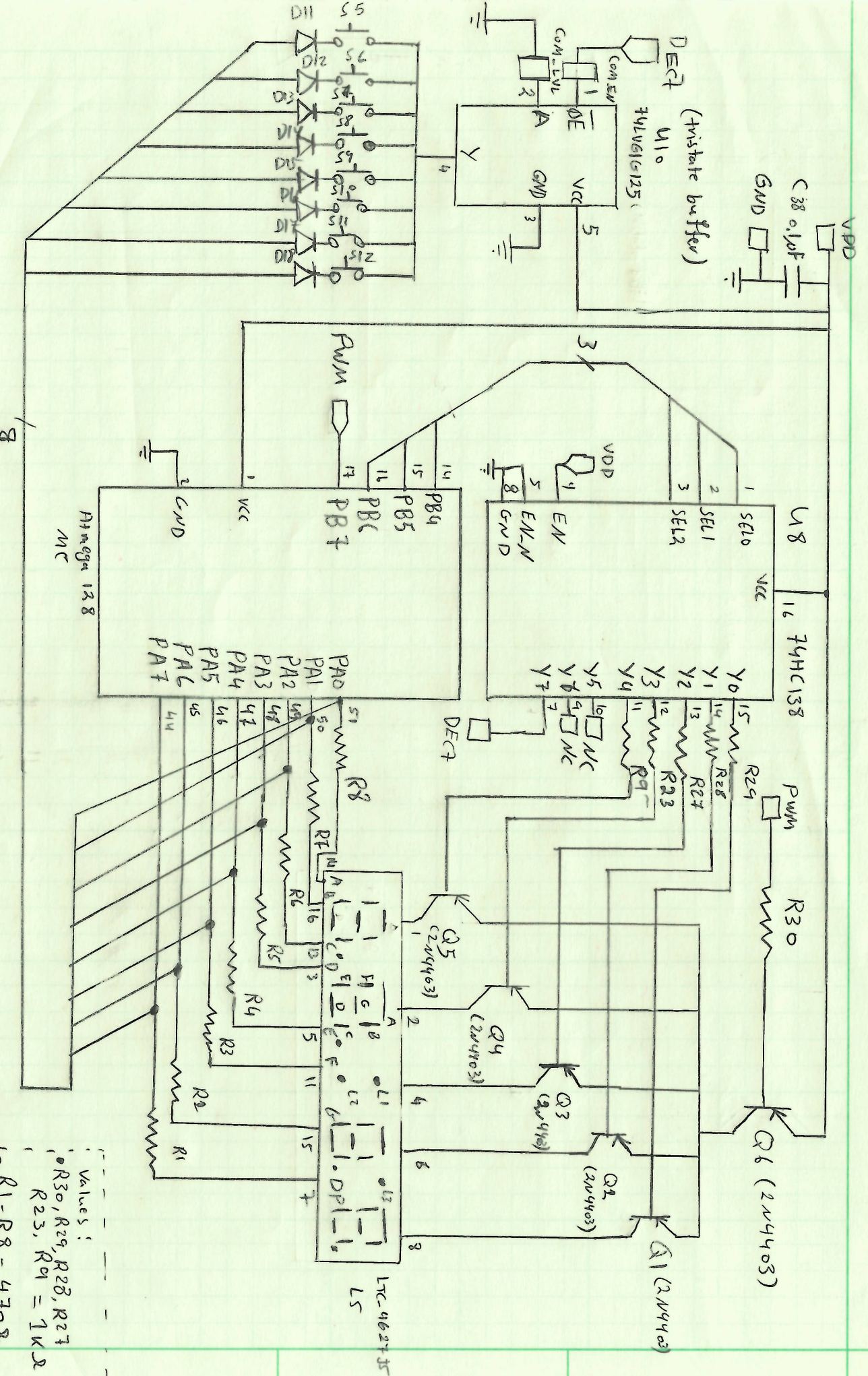
∴ New  $I_B = \frac{4.2}{1k} = 4.2mA$

This still satisfy the constraints ✓



ECE 473

Ibrahim Alarifi



Values:

R30, R29, R28, R27


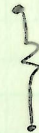




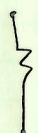


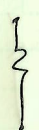
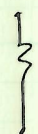



R23, R01 = 1k $\Omega$

R1-R8 = 470 $\Omega$

see Resistor Page



Resistor values:

 R1  
470  $\Omega$  R2  
470  $\Omega$  R3  
470  $\Omega$  R4  
470  $\Omega$  R5  
470  $\Omega$  R6  
470  $\Omega$  R7  
470  $\Omega$  R8  
470  $\Omega$  R9  
1 k $\Omega$  R23  
1 k $\Omega$  R27  
1 k $\Omega$  R28  
1 k $\Omega$  R29  
1 k $\Omega$  R30  
1 k $\Omega$