

SHA256散列方式

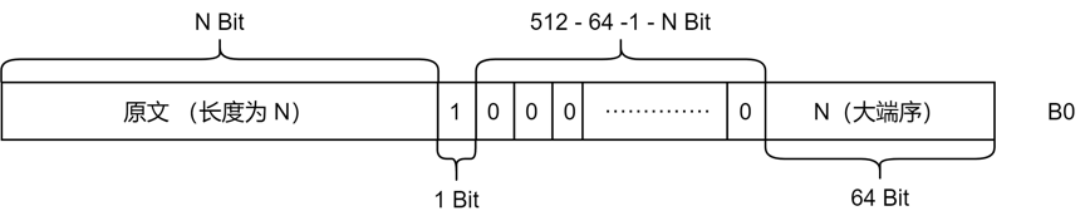
第一步

将需要散列的 16进制 字符串补充到 长度 $\text{mod}512 = 0$, 参考代码: SHA256_Data 结构 的 构造函数。
(同SM3)

补充方式

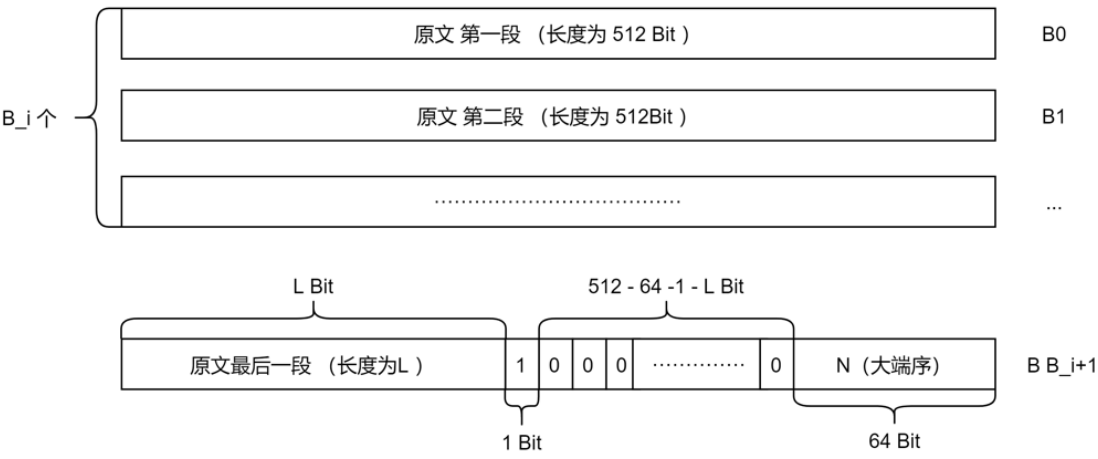
设 需要散列的 文本为"M", M的长度为N Bit , $B_i = N/512$, $L = N\%512$ 。

$N \leq 512-64-1$ Bit:

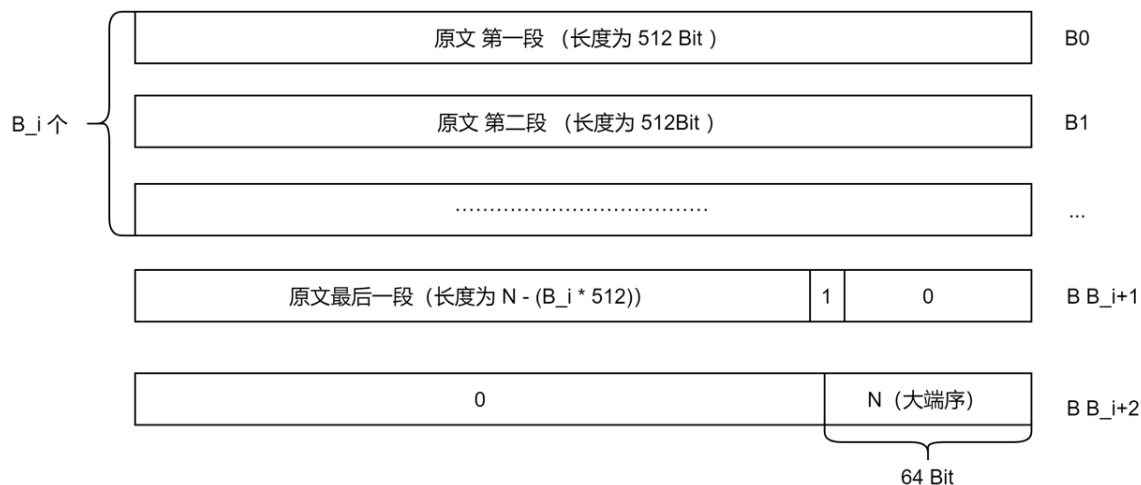


$N > i * 512$ Bit ($i \in \mathbb{N}^* \ \&\& \ i > 1$):

$512-L > 64+1$:



$512-L < 64+1$:



第二步

将经过第一步的 M 叫为 M_c , 将 M_c 分为 i 个 512 Bit 的 B (上图中的 B_0, B_1, \dots, B_{i-1})

对每一个 B 计算 对应的 W (64个), 参考代码: `BOOLEAN Mc_To_W(PSHA256_Data Data);`

$t < 16$ 时:

$W_0 \sim W_{15}$ 为 B 的划分 (B 为 512 Bit 长, 划分一个 W 32 Bit 长, 然后以四字节为单位转换端序)

$t \geq 16$ & $t \leq 63$ 时:

$$W_t = \sigma_1(W_{t-2}) + W_{t-7} + \sigma_0(W_{t-15}) + W_{t-16}$$

我的代码中, 对于一个消息 M_c , 对应的 W 的样式如下: 每个 B 有 63 个 W

	W0	W1	W2	W3	W63
B0	nW[0][0]					
B1		nW[1][1]				
B2			nW[2][2]			
...						
B_{i-1}	nW[i-1][0]	nW[i-1][1]	nW[i-1][2]	nW[i-1][3]		nW[i-1][63]

算出每个 B 的 $W_0 \sim W_{63}$, 填入上述表格中。

补充细节:

```

ULONG32 SR(ULONG32 x, int n) { //右循环n位
    ULONG32 y = x >> n;
    x = x << (32 - n);
    return x | y;
}

ULONG32 SIG0(ULONG32 x) {
    return SR(x, 7) ^ SR(x, 18) ^ ((x) >> 3);
}

ULONG32 SIG1(ULONG32 x) {
    return SR(x, 17) ^ SR(x, 19) ^ ((x) >> 10);
}

```

第三步

对于i个B（每个B有63个W），都要计算：

```

for (int i = 0; i < B_i; i++) { //每个B都要计算一次，共B_i个B
    A = nH[i][0]; B = nH[i][1]; C = nH[i][2]; D = nH[i][3]; E = nH[i][4]; F = nH[i][5]; G = nH[i][6]; H = nH[i][7];
    for (int j = 0; j < 64; j++) { //每个B进入这个循环算出nH[i+1]
        T1 = H + Ep1(E) + Ch(E, F, G) + K[j] + Data->nw[i][j];
        T2 = Ep0(A) + Maj(A, B, C);
        H = G;
        G = F;
        F = E;
        E = D + T1;
        D = C;
        C = B;
        B = A;
        A = T1 + T2;
    }
    nH[i + 1][0] = A + nH[i][0];
    nH[i + 1][1] = B + nH[i][1];
    nH[i + 1][2] = C + nH[i][2];
    nH[i + 1][3] = D + nH[i][3];
    nH[i + 1][4] = E + nH[i][4];
    nH[i + 1][5] = F + nH[i][5];
    nH[i + 1][6] = G + nH[i][6];
    nH[i + 1][7] = H + nH[i][7];
}
}

```

nH的结构如下：

	[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]
nH[0]	0x6a09e667	0xbb67ae85	0x3c6ef372	0xa54ff53a	0x510e527f	0x9b05688c	0x1f83d9ab	0x5be0cd19
nH[1]		nH[1][1]						
...								
nH[i-1]							nH[i-1][6]	
nH[i]	nH[i][0]	nH[i][1]	nH[i][2]	nH[i][3]	nH[i][4]	nH[i][5]	nH[i][6]	nH[i][7]

共 i+1 个 nH（i 为 B 的个数），每个 nH 有 8 个 ULONG32。

nH[0]有初始值,如上表格所示。

最后得到的nH[i]即为SHA256最后结果。

补充细节:

```
ULONG32 K[64] = {

    0x428a2f98,0x71374491,0xb5c0fbcf,0xe9b5dba5,0x3956c25b,0x59f111f1,0x923f82a4,0xab1c5ed5,

    0xd807aa98,0x12835b01,0x243185be,0x550c7dc3,0x72be5d74,0x80deb1fe,0x9bdc06a7,0xc19bf174,

    0xe49b69c1,0xefbe4786,0x0fc19dc6,0x240ca1cc,0x2de92c6f,0x4a7484aa,0x5cb0a9dc,0x76f988da,

    0x983e5152,0xa831c66d,0xb00327c8,0xbf597fc7,0xc6e00bf3,0xd5a79147,0x06ca6351,0x14292967,

    0x27b70a85,0x2e1b2138,0x4d2c6dfc,0x53380d13,0x650a7354,0x766a0abb,0x81c2c92e,0x92722c85,

    0xa2bfe8a1,0xa81a664b,0xc24b8b70,0xc76c51a3,0xd192e819,0xd6990624,0xf40e3585,0x106aa070,

    0x19a4c116,0x1e376c08,0x2748774c,0x34b0bcb5,0x391c0cb3,0x4ed8aa4a,0x5b9cca4f,0x682e6ff3,

    0x748f82ee,0x78a5636f,0x84c87814,0x8cc70208,0x90bffffa,0xa4506ceb,0xbef9a3f7,0xc67178f2
};

ULONG32 SL(ULONG32 x, int n) { //左循环n位
    ULONG32 y = x << n;
    x = x >> (32 - n);
    return x | y;
}

ULONG32 SR(ULONG32 x, int n) { //右循环n位
    ULONG32 y = x >> n;
    x = x << (32 - n);
    return x | y;
}

ULONG32 Ch(ULONG32 x, ULONG32 y, ULONG32 z) {
    return (x & y) ^ (~x & z);
}

ULONG32 Maj(ULONG32 x, ULONG32 y, ULONG32 z) {
    return ((x & y) ^ (x & z)) ^ ((y & z));
}

ULONG32 Ep0(ULONG32 x) {
```

```
    return SR(x, 2) ^ SR(x, 13) ^ SR(x, 22);  
}  
  
ULONG32 Ep1(ULONG32 x) {  
    return SR(x, 6) ^ SR(x, 11) ^ SR(x, 25);  
}
```