

基于 Apache Flink 的大规模准实时数据分析平台

Apache Flink empowered large-scale near real-time (NRT) data analytics platform

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纲要

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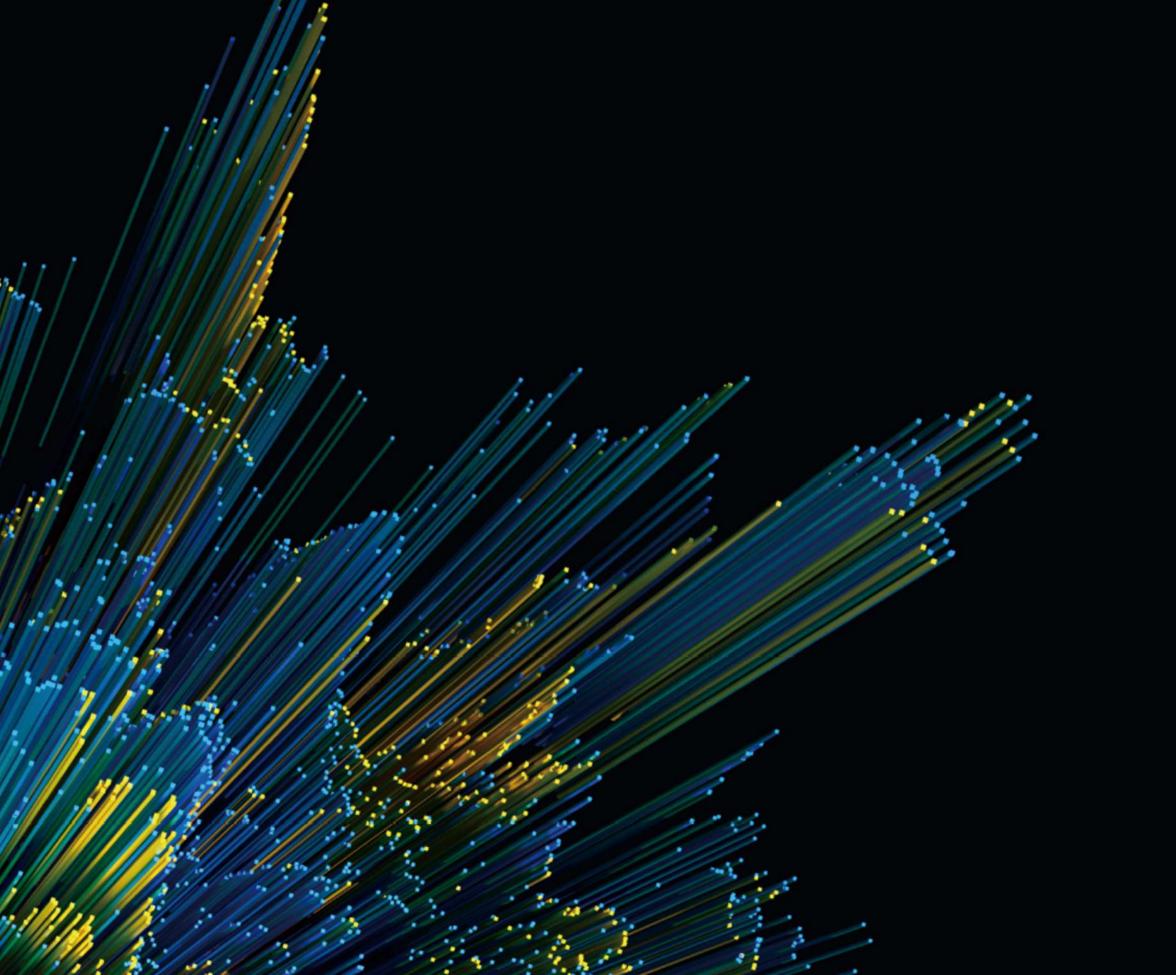
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01 Lyft 的流数据与场景

01 Streaming data scenarios at Lyft

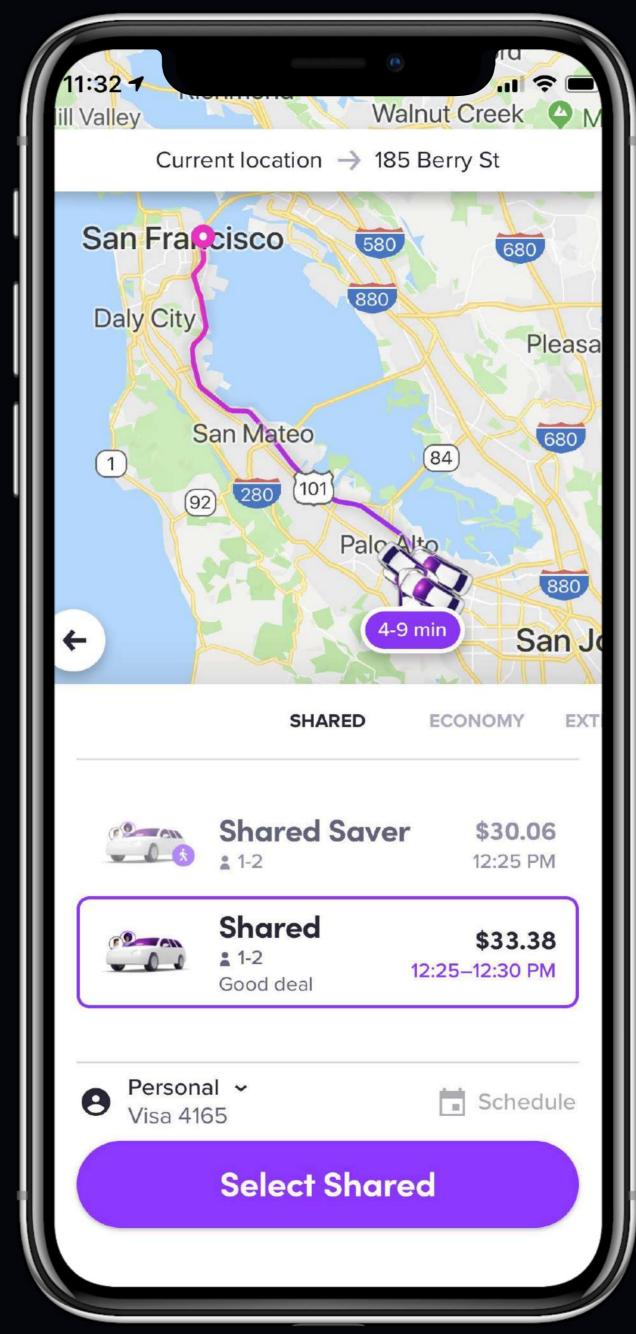


关于 Lyft

About Lyft

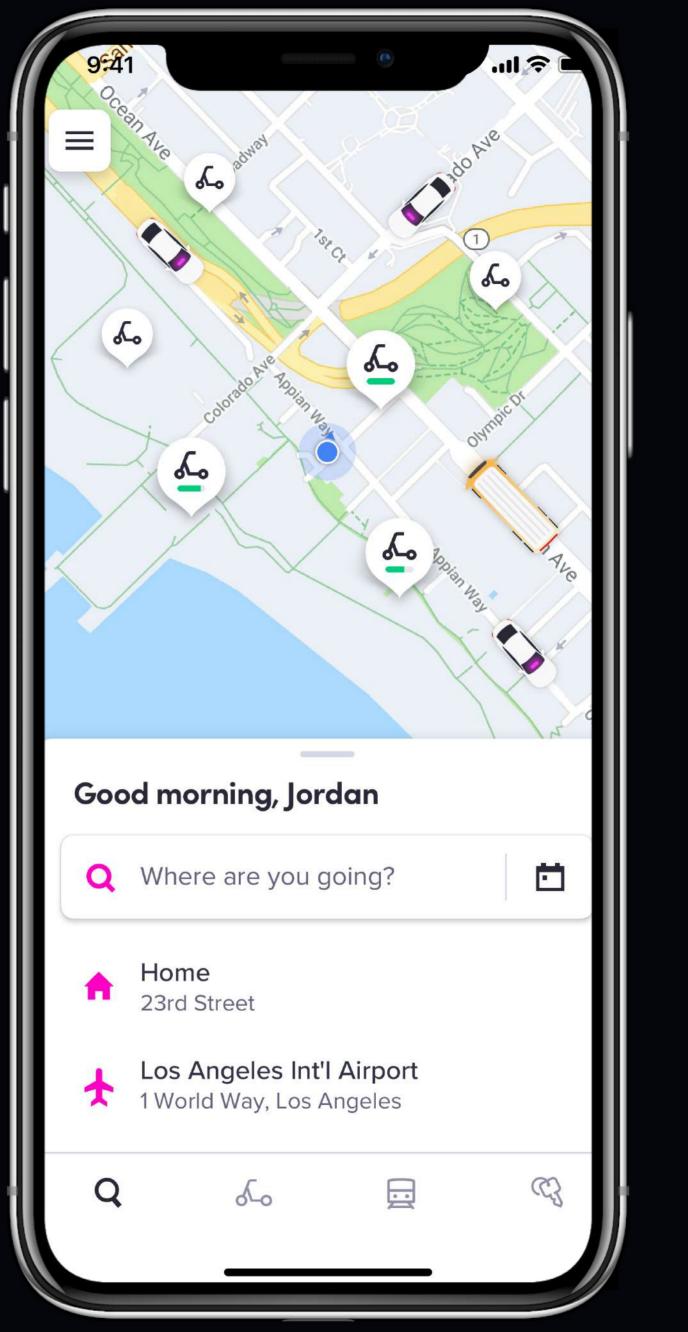
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FLINK FORWARD # ASIA

实时即未来 # Real-time Is The Future







Lyft 的流数据场景

Streaming data scenarios at Lyft

分钟级别

秒级别

流事件处理

Streaming events enrichment (seconds)

实时自适应定价

Real-time adaptive pricing (minute)

欺诈和异常检测

Fraud and anomaly detection (minute)

机器学习特征工程

ML feature engineering (minute)

不高于5分钟

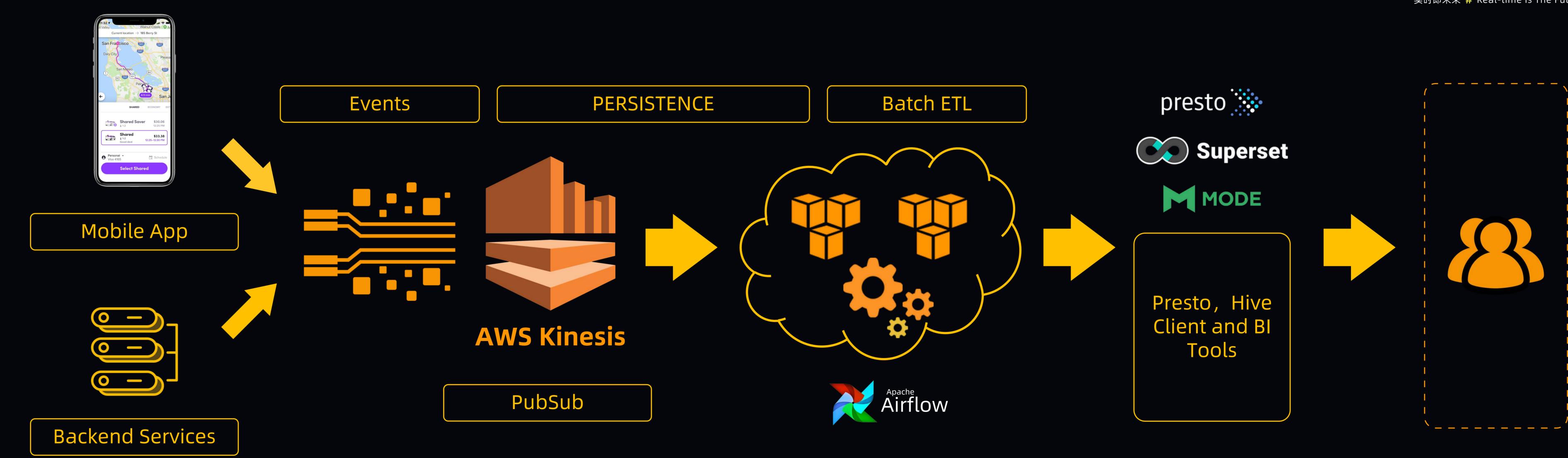
准实时数据交互式查询

Near real-time interactive query (< 5 minutes)



Lyft数据分析平 台架构

Lyft's data analytics platform architecture







既往平台问题

Issues of the legacy platform

导入数据无法满足准实时查询的要求

Persisted data cannot be ready for query in near real-time

基于 KCL 的流式数据导入性能不足

Streaming persistence using KCL with limited performance

导入数据存在太多小文件导致下游操作性能不足

Presence of too many small files limits performance of S3 operations

数据 ETL 大多是高延迟 多日多步架构

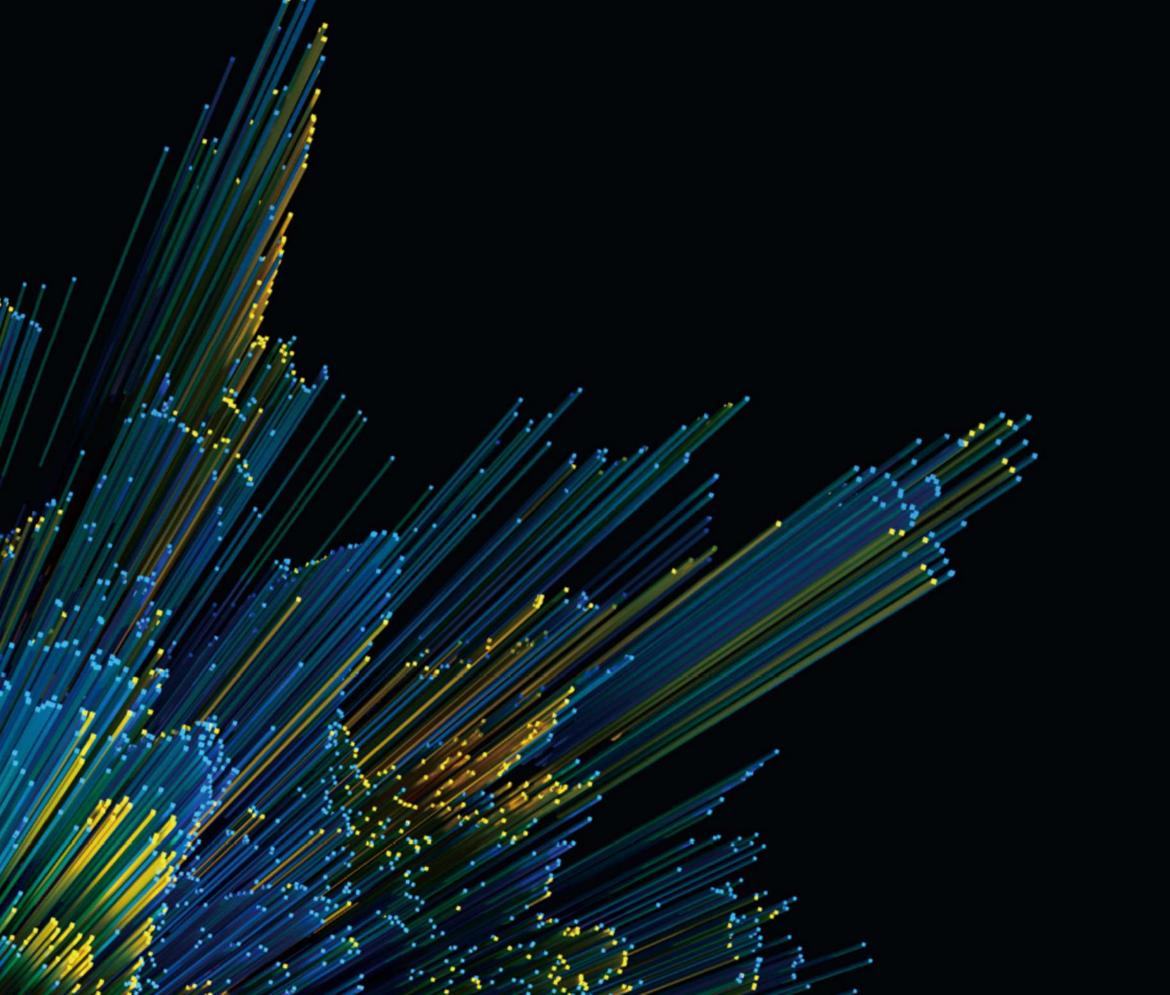
Most ETL were scheduled on a daily basis and have multi-day latency

平台对于嵌套数据提供支持不足

Legacy platform offers limited support for nested data







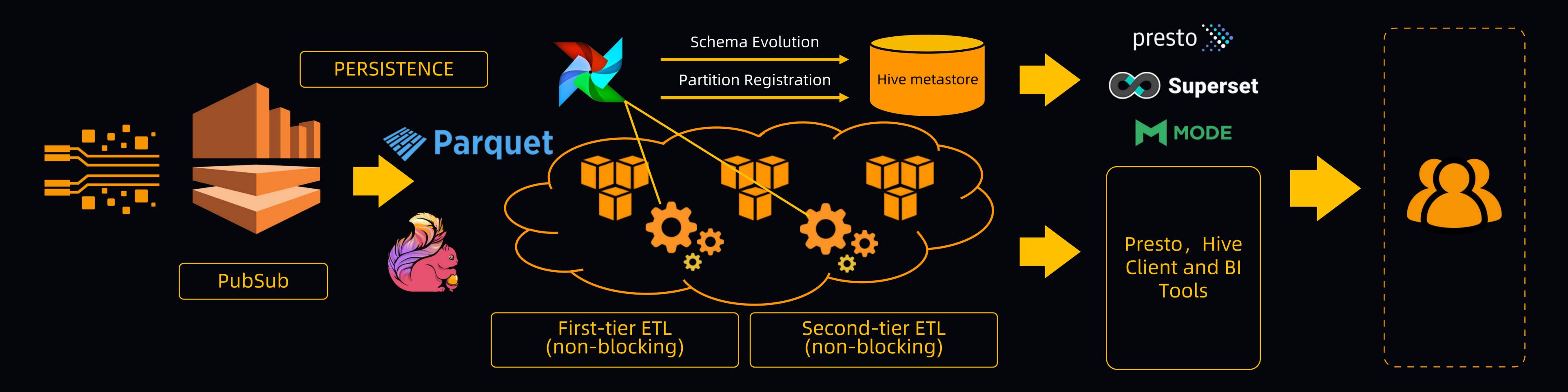
02 准实时数据分析平台架构

02 Architecture of near real-time data ingest and analytics platform



准实时平台架构

Near real-time data analytics platform architecture







平台设计

Platform design

高速有效的流数据接入: Flink

Highly efficient streaming persistence: Flink (StreamingFileSink)

Parquet 格式的数据支持交互式查询

Data persisted in Parquet format supporting interactive query

基于已有 AWS 云端存储 (无需特殊存储形式)

Built on top of existing AWS S3 storage (no specialized format) 多级ETL进程以确保更好性能和数据质量

Multi-stage hourly ETL for enhanced performance and data quality

兼顾性能容错及可演进性

Performance, fault tolerance and evolvability built into the design





平台特征及应用

Platform characteristics and use cases

每天处理千亿级事件

Hundreds of billions of events per day



自发的交互式查询

Ad-hoc interactive queries

实时机器学习模型正确性预警

Real-time alerting on ML model accuracy

实时 dashboards 监测供需市场健康状况

Real-time dashboards for marketplace health monitoring

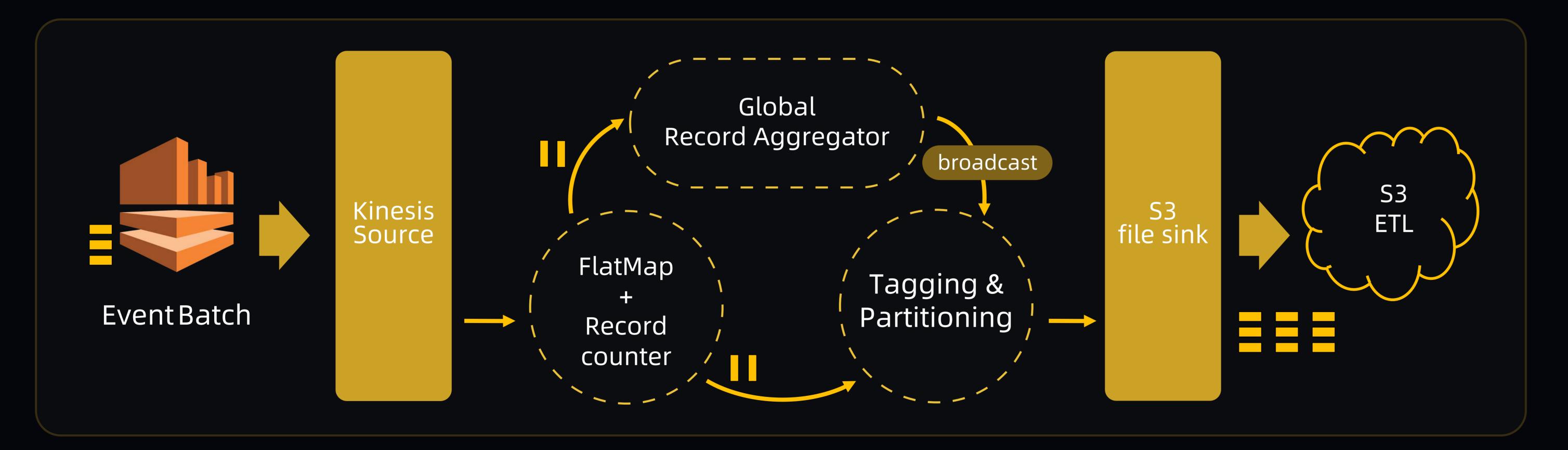




基于 Flink 的准实时数据导入

Flink empowered near real-time data ingestion





Flink Kinesis 链接器(Lyft 团队贡献的水印功能)

Flink kinesis source connector (watermark support Contributed by Lyft)

基于 StreamingFileSink 将批量数据存为 Parquet 格式

StreamingFileSink unlocks writing bulk-encoded data in Parquet

每三分钟做一次 Checkpoint 操作

Checkpoint interval: 3 minutes

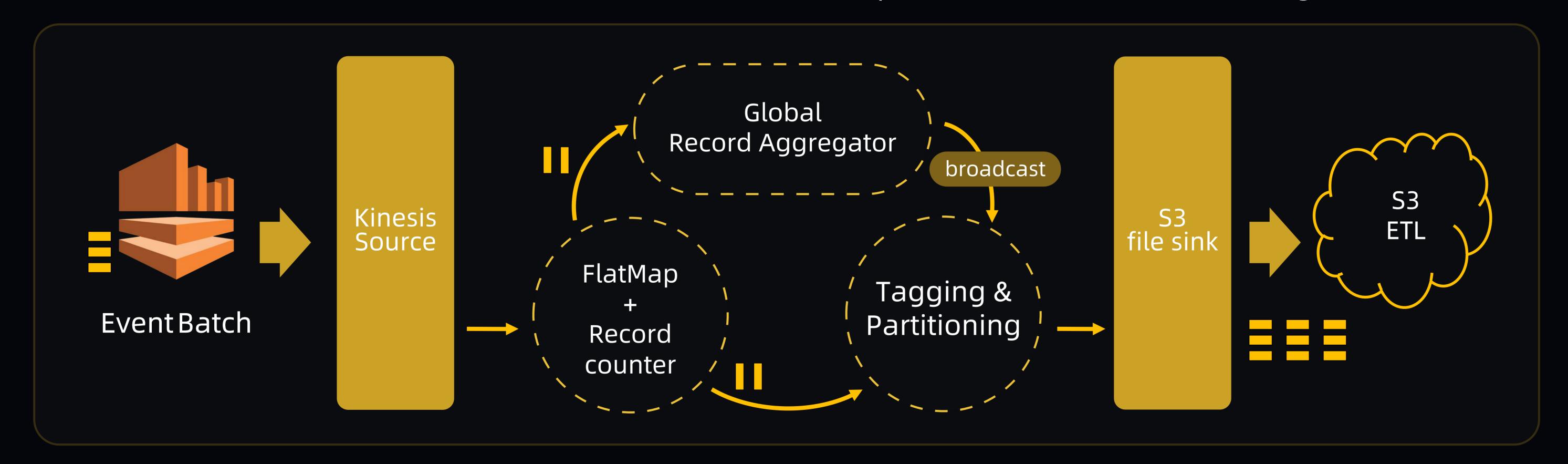




基于 Flink 的准实时数据导入

Flink empowered near real-time data ingestion





Subtask 记录本地事件权重

Subtask records local event counts and broadcast periodically

全局记录聚合器 - 计算全局事件权重并广播

Global record aggregator - computing global event weights and broadcast

标记操作 - 连接广播状态并将事件分配给 sink

Tagging function – connect broadcast state and assign event to sink

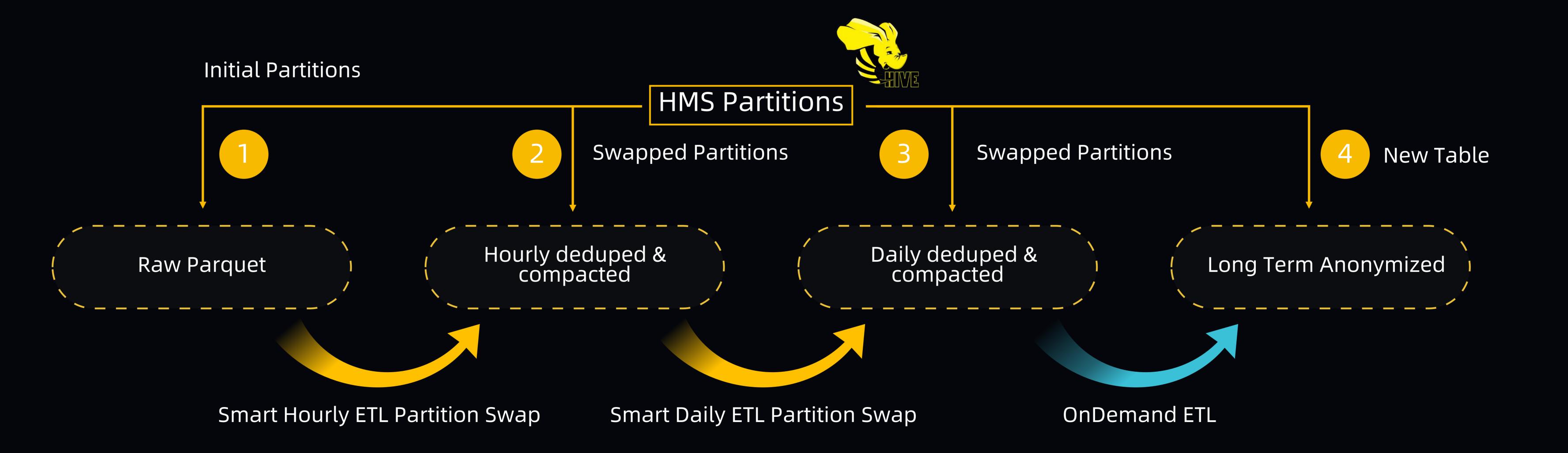
(# of subtasks) = event_weight * sink_parallelism





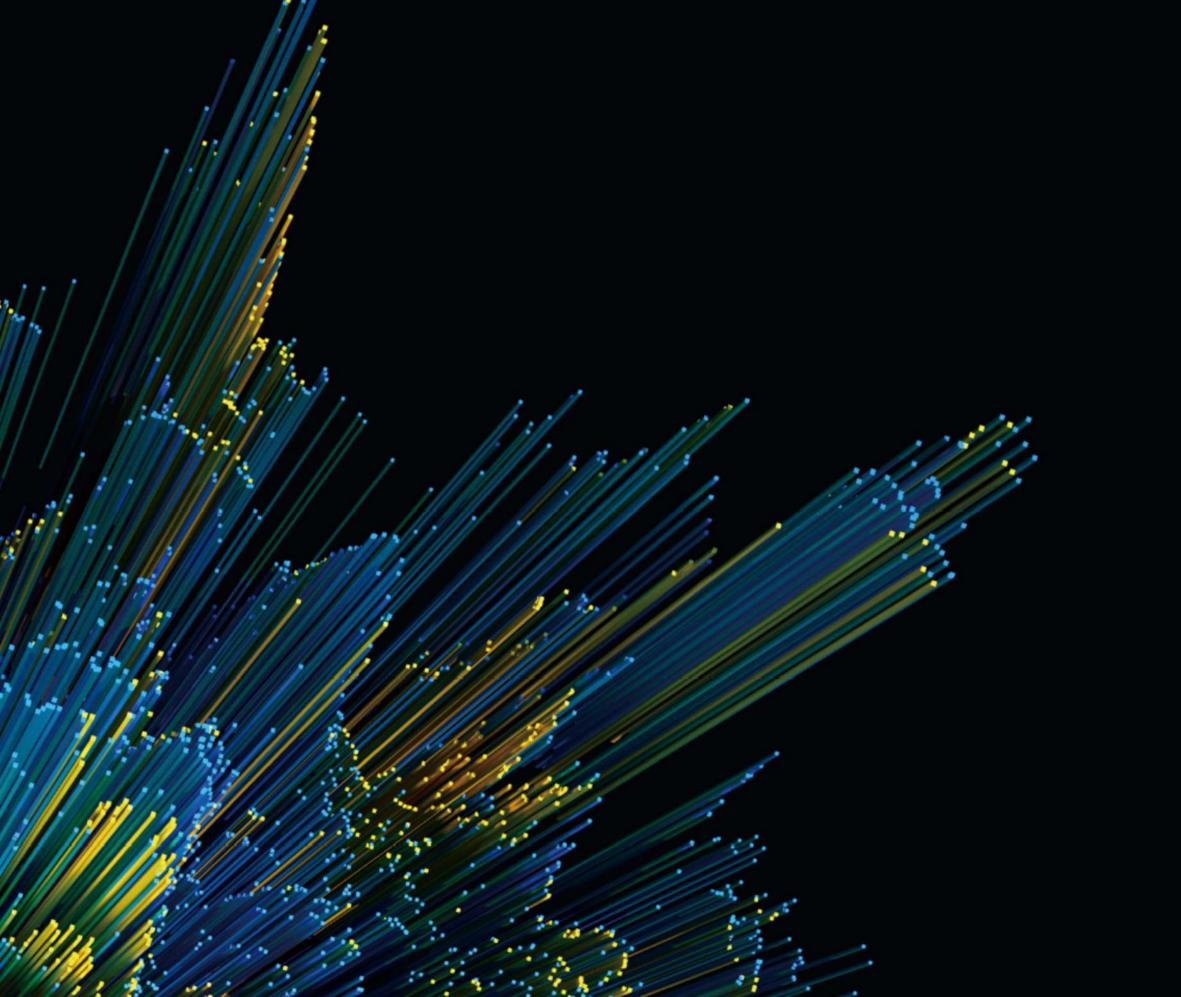
ETL多级压缩和 去重

ETL Multi-tier compaction deduplication









03平台性能及容错深入分析

03 Deep dive on performance and fault tolerance





事件时间驱动的分区感测 - Flink

Event-time driven partition sensing - Flink

S3 分区格式

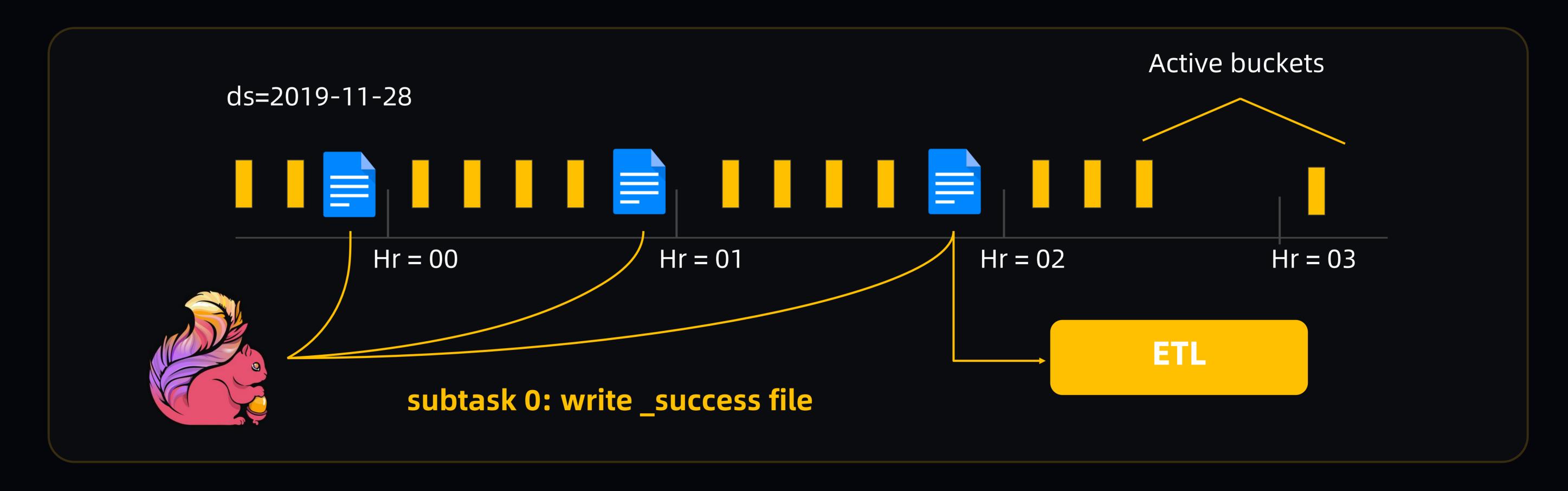
S3 partition scheme

s3://rawevents/\$randomPrefix/\$eventname /ds=yyyy-MM-dd/hr=HH

基于事件时间驱动的分区

Event-time driven partitioning

基于 Success 文件的分区感测 Success file driven partition sensing







事件时间驱动的分区感测 - Flink

Event-time driven partition sensing - Flink

update: list<bucket_ts> subtasks **Global State** Aggregator watermark: min[bucket_ts]

构建 Bucket 水印 Constructing bucket watermark

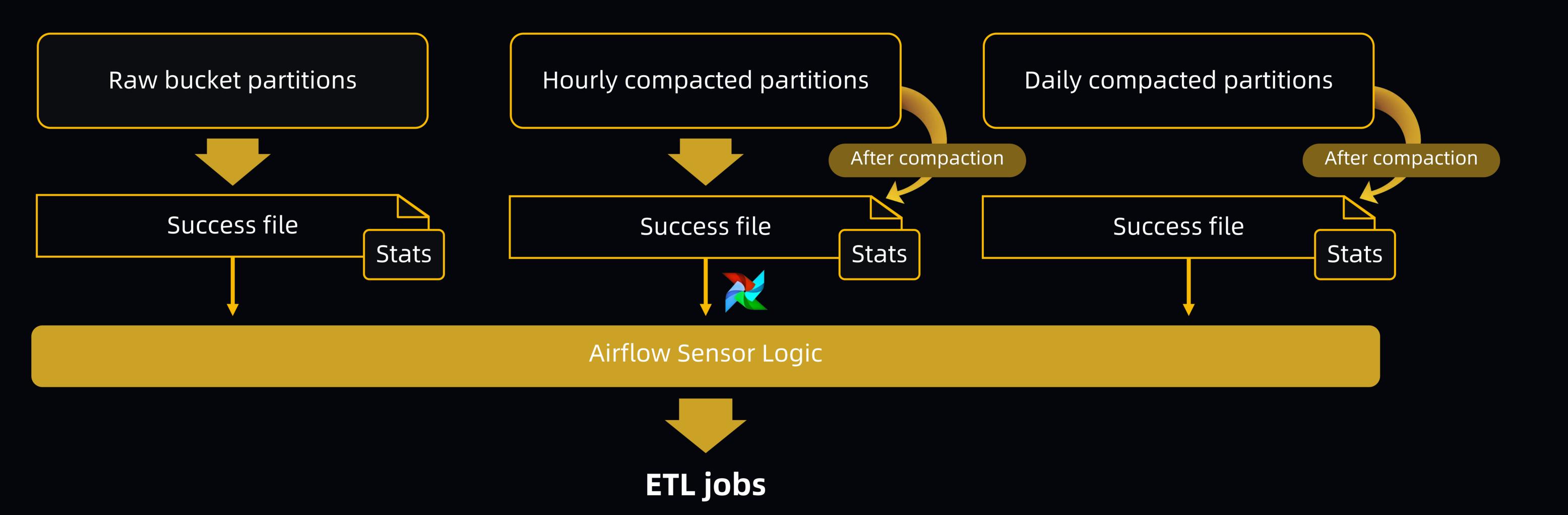
Bucket 水印作为存储状态 Bucket watermark stored as job state





事件时间驱动的 分区感测 - ETL

Event-time driven partition sensing - ETL







Schema 演进的挑战

Schema evolution challenges

不同引擎的数据类型

Hive v.s. Parquet v.s. Protobuf v.s. Presto Types

嵌套结构的演变

Nested struct Type changes v.s.
Column changes

数据类型演变对去重逻辑的影响

Dedupe logic on changed column types





53 深入分析

S3 deep dive

53 熵数前缀

S3 entropy and atomic swap

分区标记文件

Partition marker manifest to guide ETL decisions

输入数据的统计直方图

Input data size histogram manifest to guide ETL decisions





Parquet 优化方案

Parquet Optimization

文件数据值大小范围统计信息

Cardinality Stats & Min/Max
Stats

文件系统统计信息

File Stats (Success File stats)

基于主键数据值的排序

Clustering

二级索引的生成

Secondary Indexes



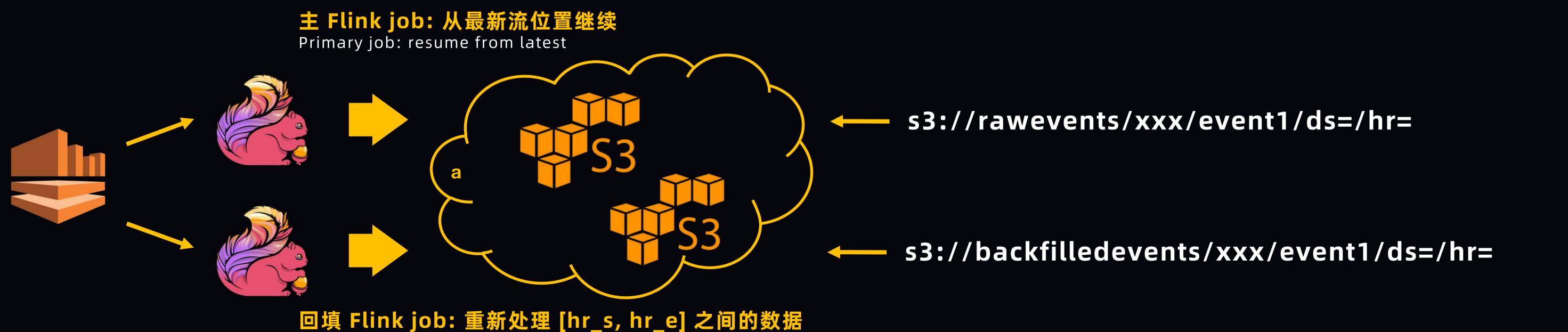


基于数据回填的平台容错机制 - Flink

Data backfilling: coping with failures and outages - Flink

Flink 可以从短暂系统失败中恢复,但是长时间的系统瘫痪呢?

Flink can recover from short-term system failures. What about long outages?



Backfilling job: re-process data between [hr_s, hr_e]

主 Flink job 和回填 Flink job 并行运行
Primary and backfilling Flink jobs running in parallel

基于事件时间驱动的分区:回填进程相对于流处理有幂等性 Event-time driven partitioning: backfilling process idempotent with stream processing





基于数据回填的平台容错机制 - ETL

Data backfilling: coping with failures and outages - ETL

Airflow 幂等调度系统

Apache Airflow: Idempotent ETL scheduler

原子压缩和HMS操作

Atomic compaction and HMS operations

分区自检自修复体系

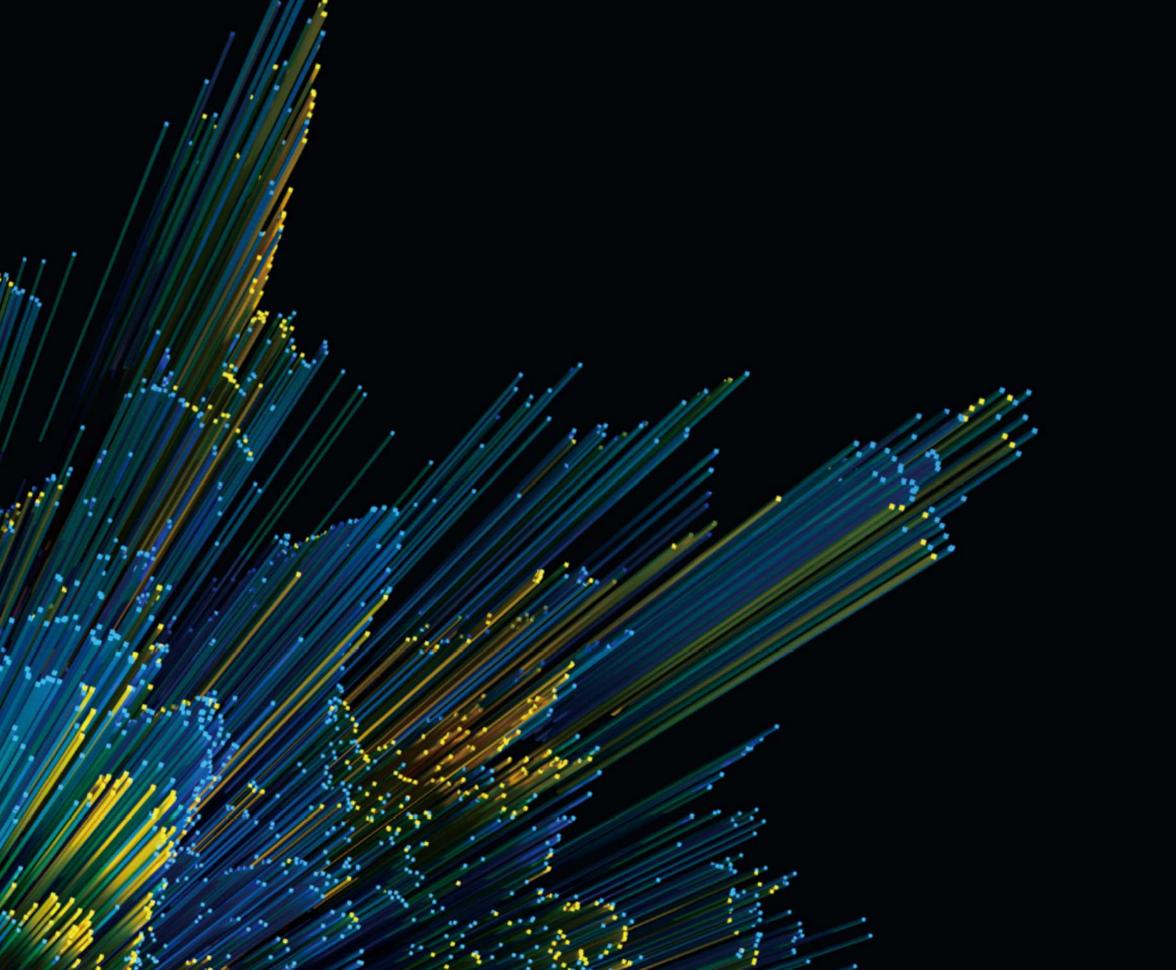
Automated metrics to detect partition gaps and data gaps to trigger backfills

Schema 整合

Schema stitching to hide the complexity of the data backfills and ETL operations







04 总结与未来展望

04 Summary and future directions





体验与经验教训

Experience and lessons learned

Flink 准实时注入 Parquet 数据使交互式查询成体验为可能

Flink persisting Parquet data in near real-time unlocks interactive query experiences

Flink 的重启和部署可能影响延时 SLO

Flink full restart or job deployment could affect SLO

将 Flink 停滯 subtask 对延迟的影响最小化

Minimizing the impact of stalled Flink subtask on latency

ETL 分区感应降低成本和延迟

ETL Partition Sensing and Compaction

S3 文件布局对性能的提升

S3 file layout is critical to consistency and performance

Schema 兼容性至关重要

Backward compatible schema change is critical to data quality





未来展望

Future directions

Flink 在 Kubernetes 环境下运行

Flink job operating in k8s environment

ETL 智能压缩及事件驱动 ETL

ETL smart compaction and event-driven ETL

通用的流数据导入框架

Generalized streaming persistence framework

存储管理的改进以及查询优化

Storage management improvement and query optimization





团队工作

Team Work

成员 (字母顺序)

Members (Alphabetic order)

Jason Carey, Beto Dealmeida, Li Gao, Mark Grover, Kailash HD, Yash Kumaraswamy, Dev Tagare, Sherin Thomas, Chris Williams and Ying Xu

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