

### 让 Logs、Metrics 和 Traces 联动起来

eBPF 的上层应用







朱杰坤 趣丸科技 Software Engineer OpenTelemetry Contributor



## Agenda

目录



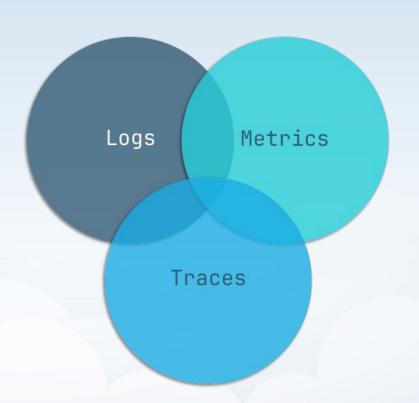
- 01 Connecting Everything
- 02 Why eBPF
- 03 Issues with eBPF Implementation
- 04 Conclusion



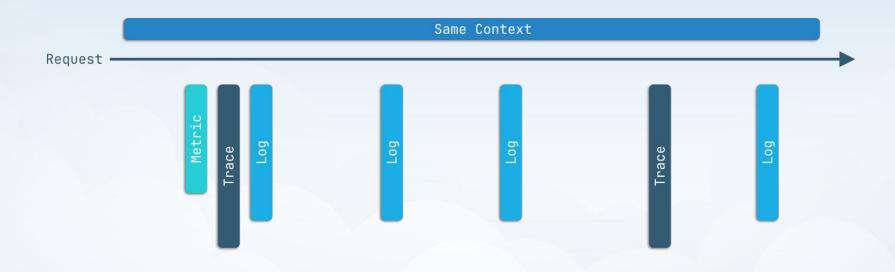
# Part 01 Connecting Everything

关联数据: Metrics, Logs and Traces

The Three Pillars of Observability



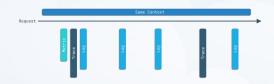
#### **Context**



## exemplars

```
# TYPE http_request_duration_bucket histogram
http_request_duration_bucket{le="0.25"} 205 # {TraceID="938c2cc0dcc05f2b"} 0.1758 1.61519e+09
```

### exemplars



# TYPE http\_request\_duration\_bucket histogram
http\_request\_duration\_bucket{le="0.25"} 205 # {TraceID="938c2cc0dcc05f2b"} 0.1758 1.61519e+09

2023-12-02 21:35:03 [info]

938c2cc0dcc05f2b http access,
api="/user/info",param={"user\_id":921
8,"status":1},body={},response={"user
name":"john","age":30}

2023-12-02 21:35:02 [info]

938c2cc0dcc05f2b http request,
url="https://downstream.com",body={"a
rg":1,"status":1},response={"age":30}

2023-12-02 21:35:01 [info]

938c2cc0dcc05f2b query database,
sql="select \* from user where
user\_id=9218"

2023-12-02 21:35:01 [info]

938c2cc0dcc05f2b safe check,result=0

HTTP Span

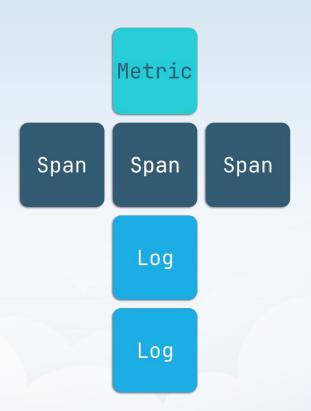
Middleware Span

SQL Span

HTTP Span

#### **All-in-One Data Structure**



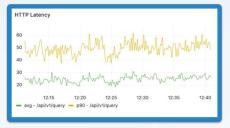


### **Span Metrics Connector**

```
"trace_id": "0123456789abcdef0123456789abcdef",
"span_id": "0123456789abcdef",
"parent_span_id": "abcdef0123456789",
"name": "HTTP Request".
"kind": "CLIENT",
"start_time": "2023-12-03T10:30:00Z",
"end_time": "2023-12-03T10:31:00Z",
"status": "OK",
"attributes": {
  "http.method": "POST",
  "http.host": "https://example.com",
  "http.status_code": 200,
  "http.request.params": {
   "param1": "value1",
    "param2": "value2"
  "http.request.body": "{\"key\": \"value\"}",
  "http.response.body": "{\"result\": \"success\"}",
  "service_name": "user_account",
  "endpoint_name": "/api/v<u>1/query</u>"
```







```
2023-12-03 10:31:00, INFO, 0123456789abcdef0123456789abcdef, HTTP Request, url=https://example.com/api/v1/query, method=POST, status=200, param={"param1":"value1","param2":"value2"}, response={"result":"success"}, duration=60.00s
```



# Part 02 Why eBPF

埋点选择:为什么用 eBPF 代替 SDK

# **Diversity** of Tech Stacks



ctx 可以不传吗

支持 Gin 吗

GORM 上报没数据 C++ 有没有自动的

Java Agent 配置项 Java 接入咋搞

go-redis hook

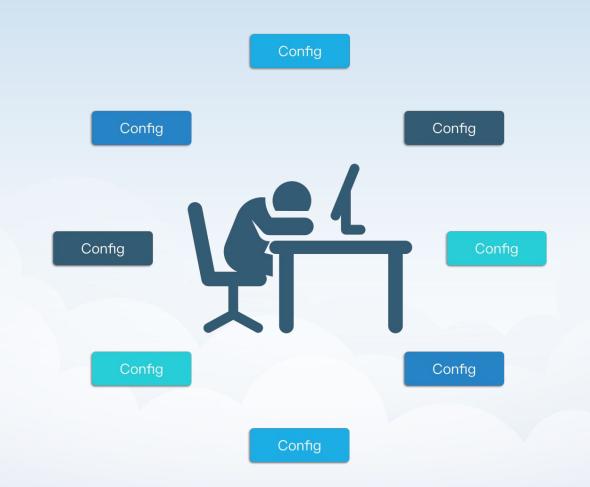
Go 怎么插装

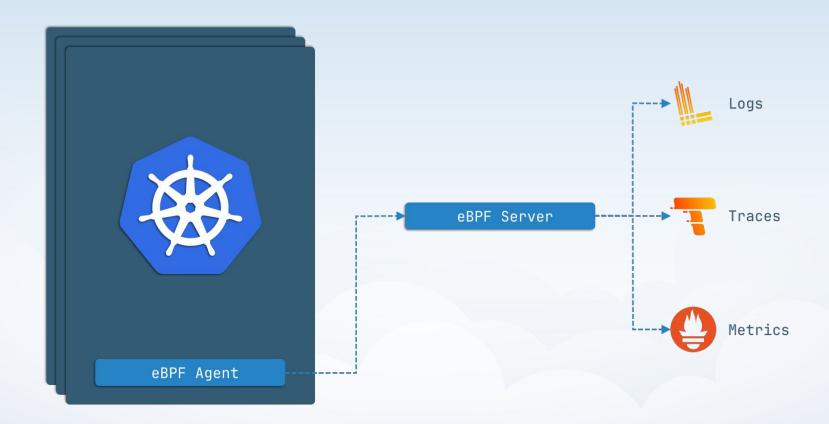
需要帮你开发 Node 吗

Python SDK 文档

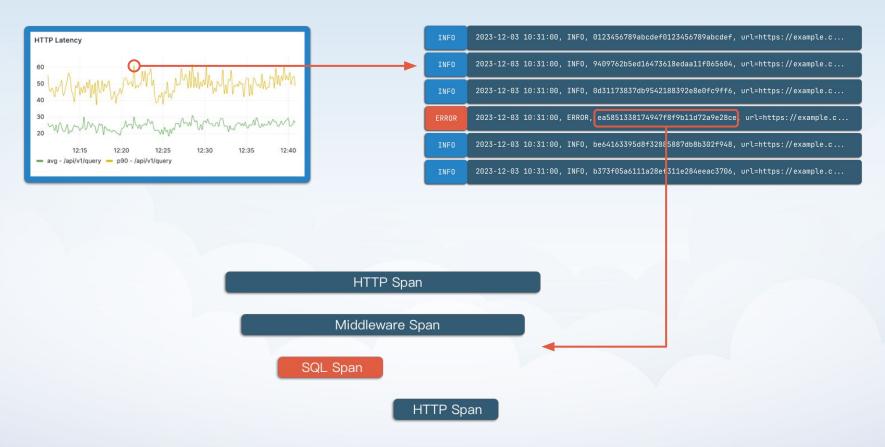
sqlx 白名单设置

# Frequently Asked Questions





#### **How Does It Look**





# Part 03 Troubles Encountered with eBPF

采样、数据精度与 Trace 组装

#### Adaptive

Reducing
Logs

Others

Dynamic

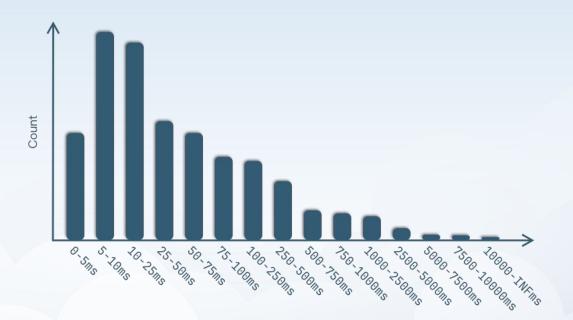
BloomFilter

BloomFilter

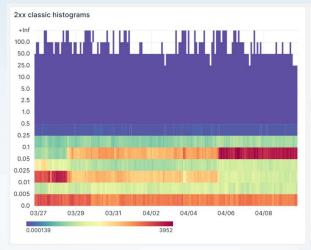
Rate Limit

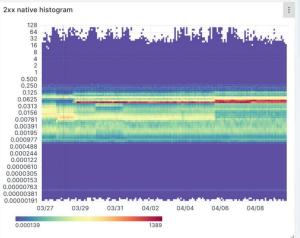
Threshold

Histogram for Diverse Scenarios



**Options**Native Histogram





#### Span (eBPF)



Spans
Without TracelD

### **Connecting eBPF Span**

#### Span (SDK)

```
"trace_id": "0123456789abcdef0123456789abcdef",
"span_id": "0123456789abcdef",
"parent_span_id": "abcdef0123456789",
"name": "HTTP Request",
"kind": "CLIENT",
"start_time": "2023-12-03T10:30:00Z",
"end_time": "2023-12-03T10:31:00Z",
"status": "OK",
"attributes": {
  "service_name": "user_account",
  "endpoint_name": "/api/v1/query"
```

#### Span (eBPF)

```
"parent_span_id": "0000000000000000",
"name": "HTTP Request",
"kind": "CLIENT",
"start_time": "2023-12-03T10:30:00Z",
"end_time": "2023-12-03T10:31:00Z",
"status": "OK",
"attributes": {
 "service_name": "user_account",
 "endpoint_name": "/api/v1/query",
 "tcp.req_seq": 123456789,
 "tcp.resp_seq": 987654321,
 "syscall.trace_id": "abcdef0123456789"
```



#### **ACM SIGCOMM '23**

```
Input: start_span - User-Chosen Span, I - Iteration Times
       Output: T - Assembled Trace
            // Iterative Span Search
            span\_set \leftarrow Set(start\_span)
            f ilter \leftarrow {id = start_span.id}
            for iter \leftarrow 1 to I do
              for s \leftarrow span\_set do
Span
                 filter \leftarrow filter \cup \{systrace\_id = s.systrace\_id\}
                 filter \leftarrow filter \cup \{pseudo\_th\_id = s.pseudo\_th\_id\}
                 filter \leftarrow filter \cup \{x\_req\_id = s.x\_req\_id\}
查找关联
                 filter \leftarrow filter \cup \{tcp\_seq = s.tcp\_seq\}
       10:
                 filter \leftarrow filter \cup \{trace\_id = s.trace\_id\}
       11:
               end for
       12:
               span\_set = search\_database(filter)
       13:
               if span_set.not_update then
       14:
                  Break
       15:
               end if
       16: end for
       17: // Set Parent for Each Span
       18: for s \leftarrow span\_set do
              for r_s \leftarrow s.related\_spans() do
       20:
                 if related_s.is_parent(s) then
       21:
                  s.set_parent(related_s)
                  end if
       22:
       23:
               end for
       24: end for
       25: T \leftarrow span\_set.sort()
       26: Return T
```



# Part 04 Conclusion

总结



没有银弹



# **Thank You**

