LeetCode 题解 (C Plus Plus 版本)

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本文档一共统计了 3 道题

```
1
 2
     * @lc app=leetcode.cn id=1 lang=cpp
 3
     * [1] 两数之和
 4
 5
 6
    class Solution {
 7
    public:
 8
        vector<int> twoSum(vector<int>& nums, int target) {
 9
            // 哈希表
            unordered_map<int, int>dict;
10
11
            vector<int> res;
            for(int i = 0; i < nums.size(); i++){
12
13
                // 找不到
14
                if (dict.find(target - nums[i]) == dict.end()){
                    dict[nums[i]] = i;
15
16
                }
                else {
17
                    res.push\_back(dict[target-nums[i]]);
18
                    res.push_back(i);
19
                }
20
21
22
            return res;
23
        }
24
    };
```

```
12
    * };
    */
13
    class Solution {
14
15
    public:
        ListNode* addTwoNumbers(ListNode* 11, ListNode* 12) {
16
17
            int jinwei = 0;
           // 结果
18
           ListNode *head , *n ;
19
20
           head = n = new ListNode(0);
21
            int v1 ,v2,sum;
22
           while (l1 != NULL || l1 != NULL || jinwei)
23
           {
24
               v1 = v2 = 0;
25
               if(l1 != NULL){
26
                   v1 = l1 -> val;
                   l1 = l1 -> next;
27
28
               }
                if (l2 != NULL){
29
                   v2 = l2 -> val;
30
                   12 = 12 - \text{next};
31
               }
32
               // 除数、余数
33
34
               jinwei = (v1+v2+jinwei)/10;
               sum = (v1+v2+jinwei)\%10;
35
36
               ListNode *node = new ListNode(sum);
               n->next = node;
37
               // 指向下一个
38
               n = n -> next;
39
40
41
           return head->next;
42
        }
43
    };
 1
 2
    * @lc app=leetcode.cn id=3 lang=cpp
 3
     * [3] 无重复字符的最长子串
 4
 5
 6
    class Solution {
 7
    public:
        int lengthOfLongestSubstring(string s) {
```

 $ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(NULL) \{\}$

11

8

9

10 11 12

// 记录表 256个字符 填-1

int start = 0;

vector < int > charmap (256, -1);

```
13
           int maxlen = 0;
           // 遍历 滑动窗 [start,j ] j往右边移动 若遇到重复的 start又移一位
14
           for (int j = 0; j < s.size(); j++){
15
              // 如果这个字符出现过了,又移动 最左边那个踢出滑动窗
16
17
              if(charmap[s[j]] >= start)
                  start = charmap[s[j]] + 1;
18
              // 如果这个字符在滑动窗中没出现过,位置给它(出现过也要给它)
19
              charmap[s[j]] = j;
20
21
              \mathrm{maxlen} = \mathrm{max}(\mathrm{maxlen} \ , \ j - \mathrm{start} \ +1);
22
23
           return maxlen;
24
       }
25
    };
```