LeetCode 题解 (C Plus Plus 版本)

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```
1
 2
      * @lc app=leetcode.cn id=1 lang=cpp
 3
 4
      * [1] 两数之和
 5
      */
     class Solution {
 6
     public:
 8
         vector<int> twoSum(vector<int>& nums, int target) {
              // 哈希表
 9
              unordered_map<int, int>dict;
10
              vector<int> res;
11
12
              for (int i = 0; i < nums.size(); i++){
                   // 找不到
13
                   if (\operatorname{dict}.\operatorname{find}(\operatorname{target} - \operatorname{nums}[i]) == \operatorname{dict.end}()){
14
                       dict[nums[i]] = i;
15
                  }
16
17
                   else {
                       res.push_back(dict[target-nums[i]]);
18
                       res.push_back(i);
19
                   }
20
21
              }
22
              return res;
23
         }
24
     };
```

```
1
     * @lc app=leetcode.cn id=2 lang=cpp
 2
 3
     * [2] 两数相加
 4
 5
     */
 6
    /**
 7
     * Definition for singly-linked list.
     * struct ListNode {
 8
           int val;
9
           ListNode *next;
10
           ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(NULL) \{\}
11
```

```
12
     * };
     */
13
    class Solution {
14
    public:
15
        ListNode*\ addTwoNumbers(ListNode*\ l1,\ ListNode*\ l2)\ \{
16
            int jinwei = 0;
17
18
            // 结果
            ListNode *head , *n ;
19
            head = n = new ListNode(0);
20
            int v1 ,v2,sum;
21
            while (l1 != NULL || l1 != NULL || jinwei)
22
23
                v1 = v2 = 0;
24
                if (11 != NULL){
25
                    v1 = l1 -> val;
26
                    l1 = l1 -> next;
27
                }
28
29
                if (12 != NULL){
30
                    v2 = l2 -> val;
                    12 = 12 -> \text{next};
31
                }
32
                // 除数、余数
33
                jinwei = (v1+v2+jinwei)/10;
34
                sum = (v1+v2+jinwei)\%10;
35
                ListNode *node = new ListNode(sum);
36
37
                n->next = node;
                // 指向下一个
38
                n = n -> next;
39
            }
40
            return head->next;
41
42
        }
43
    };
```

```
1
 2
     * @lc app=leetcode.cn id=3 lang=cpp
 3
4
     *[3] 无重复字符的最长子串
 5
     */
    class Solution {
 6
7
    public:
8
        int lengthOfLongestSubstring(string s) {
            // 记录表 256个字符 填-1
9
            vector\langle int \rangle charmap (256,-1);
10
11
12
            int start = 0;
13
            int maxlen = 0;
```

```
// 遍历 滑动窗 [start,j ] j往右边移动 若遇到重复的 start又移一位
14
           for(int j = 0; j < s.size(); j++) \{ 
15
             // 如果这个字符出现过了,又移动 最左边那个踢出滑动窗
16
             if(charmap[s[j]] >= start)
17
                 start = charmap[s[j]] + 1;
18
             // 如果这个字符在滑动窗中没出现过,位置给它(出现过也要给它)
19
             charmap[s[j\,]]\ = j;
20
             maxlen = \frac{max}{maxlen}, j - start + 1);
21
          }
22
23
          return maxlen;
      }
24
   };
25
```