a) 
$$\sum_{h=1}^{\infty} (-1)^h \cdot b_h$$
  $b_n = \frac{2^{2k+7}}{2k+7}$ 

$$\lim_{k\to\infty} b_n = \left| \frac{2(k+1)+1}{2(k+1)+1} \cdot \frac{2k+1}{2k+1} \right| = \lim_{k\to\infty} \left| \frac{2^{k+2+1}}{2^{k+2+1}} \cdot \frac{2^{k+1}}{2^{k+1}} \right|$$

$$=\lim_{K\to\infty}\left|\frac{z^2}{z}\right|=0.5\lim_{K\to\infty}\left(z^2\right)$$
 Radius = 1

$$\frac{1}{2} \quad \text{Lim} = \frac{2^{(k+1)+7}}{2^{(k+1)+7}!} \cdot \frac{(2k+1)!}{2^{2k+7}!}$$

$$= \lim_{k \to \infty} \left| \frac{z^{2k+2+1}}{z^{2k+1}} \cdot \frac{(z^{2k+1})!}{z^{2k+1}} \right| = \lim_{k \to \infty} \left| \frac{z^{2}}{(z^{2k+3}) \cdot (z^{2k+2})} \right| = (z^{2k+3}) \cdot (z^{2k+3})!}{(z^{2k+1})!}$$

$$= \lim_{k \to \infty} \left| \frac{z^2}{4k^2 + 10k + 6} \right| = 0 \qquad \| \frac{z^2}{\infty} \|$$

() 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \cdot b_n \quad b_n = \frac{z^2 k}{k!}$$

$$\lim_{k \to \infty} b_k = \left| \frac{z^{2(k+1)}}{(k+1)!} \cdot \frac{k!}{z^{2k}} \right| = \lim_{k \to \infty} \left| \frac{z^{2(k+2)}}{(k+1) \cdot k!} \cdot \frac{k!}{z^{2k}} \right|$$

$$= \lim_{k \to \infty} \left| \frac{z^2}{k+1} \right| = 0 \quad \text{Radius} = \infty$$

for 
$$\alpha \in \mathbb{N}_{c}$$
 we get  $(1+2)^{\alpha} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} {\alpha \choose n} z^{n}$ 

and then 
$$\binom{\alpha}{n} = 0$$
 for  $n > \alpha$ .

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Lim} & \left| \frac{(\alpha + 1) \cdot z^{n+1}}{(\alpha) \cdot z^{n}} \right| = \text{Lim} & \frac{(\alpha - 1)(\alpha - 2) \cdot \ldots \cdot (\alpha - n + 1)(\alpha - n)}{(n + 1)!} \\ = \text{Lim} & \left| \frac{(\alpha - n)}{(n + 1) \cdot z} \right| = \text{Lim} & \left| \frac{z(\alpha - n)}{(n + 1)} \right| = |z| \text{Lim} & \left| \frac{z(\alpha - n)}{(n + 1)} \right| = |z| \text{Lim} & \left| \frac{(\alpha - n)}{(n + 1)} \right| \\ = |z| \text{Lim} & \left| \frac{\frac{\alpha}{n} - \frac{n}{n}}{\frac{n}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} \right| = |z| \text{Radius} = 1 \end{array}$$

$$f'(z) = (7-z)^{\alpha}$$

$$f'(z) = \alpha (7-z)^{(\alpha-1)}$$

$$f''(z) = \alpha (\alpha-1) \cdot (7-z)^{(\alpha-2)}$$

$$f'''(z) = \alpha (\alpha-1) \cdot (7-z)^{(\alpha-2)}$$

$$f'''(z) = \alpha (\alpha-1) \cdot (\alpha-2) \cdot (7-z)^{(\alpha-3)}$$
Same as in  $\binom{\alpha}{n}$ 

$$T_{3}(f,z,o) = \frac{1}{0!} \cdot (z-o)^{2} + \frac{\alpha}{1!} \cdot (z-o)^{7}$$

$$+ \frac{\alpha^{2} - \alpha}{2!} \cdot (z-o)^{2} + \frac{\alpha^{3} - 3\alpha^{2} + 2\alpha}{3!} \cdot (z-o)^{3}$$

$$= (z)^{2} + \alpha \cdot z^{7} + \frac{\alpha^{2} - \alpha}{2} \cdot z^{2}$$

$$+ (\alpha^{3} - 3\alpha^{2} + 2\alpha) \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot z^{3}$$

$$f(0) = (1 - 0)^{\alpha} = 1$$

$$f'(0) = \alpha (1 - 0)^{(\alpha - 1)}$$

$$= \alpha ((1 - 0)^{\alpha} \cdot (1 - 0)^{(1)})$$

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$$= \alpha ((1 - 0)^{\alpha} \cdot (1 - 0)^{(\alpha - 2)})$$

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Lagrange remainder:

$$f''''' = (2 - 1)(x - 2)(x - 3) \cdot (1 - 2)$$

$$f''''' = (2 - 0)$$

$$\frac{f'''''}{(0 + 6)_{2,20} \cdot (2 - 0)} \cdot (2 - 0)^{4}$$

$$= \frac{f''''}{4!} \cdot 2^{4}$$

$$\frac{3a}{b^{2}} \sum_{r=0}^{N} \left( \sum_{k=0}^{N} a_{k} b_{r-k} \right) 2^{r} = 1$$

$$for \ v = 0 : a_{0}b_{0} \cdot 2^{0} = 1$$

$$a_{0} = \frac{1}{b_{0}}$$

$$b_{0} = \frac{1}{a_{0}}$$

$$(a_{0}b_{1} + a_{1} \cdot b_{0}) \cdot 2^{1} + (a_{0} \cdot b_{0}) \cdot 2^{0} = 1$$

$$(a_{0}b_{1} + a_{1} \cdot b_{0}) \cdot 2^{1}$$

$$(a_{0}b_{1} + a_{1} \cdot b_{0})$$

$$a_{0}b_{1}$$

$$= \frac{7 - (a_{0}b_{0} \cdot 2^{0})}{2}$$

$$= \frac{7 - a_{0}b_{0}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{7 - a_{0$$

$$(a_{\circ} \cdot b_{1} + \alpha_{1} \cdot b_{1} + \alpha_{2} \cdot b_{0}) \cdot z^{2} = 1 - (\alpha_{\circ} \cdot b_{1} + \alpha_{1} \cdot b_{0}) \cdot z^{1} - (\alpha_{\circ} \cdot b_{0}) \cdot z^{0}$$

$$(a_{\circ} \cdot b_{2} + \alpha_{1} \cdot b_{1} + \alpha_{2} \cdot b_{0}) = \frac{1 - (\alpha_{\circ} \cdot b_{1} + \alpha_{1} \cdot b_{0}) \cdot z^{1} - (\alpha_{\circ} \cdot b_{0}) \cdot z^{0}}{z^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1 - (\alpha_{\circ} \cdot b_{1} + \alpha_{1} \cdot b_{0}) \cdot z^{1} - (\alpha_{\circ} \cdot b_{0}) \cdot z^{0}}{z^{2}} - \alpha_{1} \cdot b_{1} - \alpha_{2} \cdot b_{0}$$

$$= \frac{1 - (\alpha_{\circ} \cdot b_{1} + \alpha_{1} \cdot b_{0}) \cdot z^{1} - (\alpha_{\circ} \cdot b_{0}) \cdot z^{0}}{z^{2}} - \alpha_{1} \cdot b_{1} - \alpha_{2} \cdot b_{0}$$

$$F = 3 : (\alpha_{3} \cdot b_{0} + \alpha_{2} \cdot b_{1} + \alpha_{1} \cdot b_{2} + \alpha_{0} \cdot b_{3}) \cdot z^{3} + (\alpha_{2} \cdot b_{0} + \alpha_{1} \cdot b_{1} + \alpha_{0} \cdot b_{2}) \cdot z^{2} + (\alpha_{1} \cdot b_{0} + \alpha_{1} \cdot b_{1} + \alpha_{1} \cdot b_{2} + \alpha_{0} \cdot b_{3}) \cdot z^{3} = 1 - (\alpha_{1} \cdot b_{0} + \alpha_{1} \cdot b_{1} + \alpha_{0} \cdot b_{2}) \cdot z^{2} - (\alpha_{1} \cdot b_{0} + \alpha_{1} \cdot b_{1} + \alpha_{0} \cdot b_{2}) \cdot z^{2} - (\alpha_{1} \cdot b_{0} + \alpha_{0} \cdot b_{1}$$

 $= 1 - \frac{3}{1^2} z + \left(\frac{3^2}{1^3} - \frac{3}{1^2}\right) z^2 + \left(\frac{7}{1^2} - \frac{3^2}{1^4}\right) z^3$ 

 $g(z) = b_0 z^0 + b_1 z^7 + b_2 z^2 + b_3 z^3$ 

 $= 1 - 3z + 6z^2 - 26z^3$ 

rewriting b0-b3:

$$b_0 = \frac{1}{\alpha_0}$$

$$b_1 = \frac{1 - \alpha_0 \cdot \frac{1}{\alpha_0}}{\frac{1}{\alpha_0}} - \frac{1 - 1}{\alpha_0} = \frac{\frac{\alpha_1}{\alpha_0}}{\frac{1}{\alpha_0}} = -\frac{\frac{\alpha_1}{\alpha_0}}{\frac{\alpha_0}{\alpha_0}} = -\frac{\alpha_1}{\alpha_0}$$

$$b_{2} = \frac{1 - (\alpha_{0} \cdot (-\frac{\alpha_{1}}{\alpha_{0}^{2}}) + (\alpha_{1} \cdot \frac{1}{\alpha_{0}})) \cdot z^{7} - (\alpha_{0} \cdot \frac{1}{\alpha_{0}}) \cdot z^{0}}{z^{2}} - \alpha_{1} \cdot (-\frac{\alpha_{1}}{\alpha_{0}^{2}}) - \frac{\alpha_{2}}{\alpha_{0}}}$$

$$= \frac{1 - \left(-\frac{\alpha_1}{\alpha_0} + \frac{\alpha_1}{\alpha_0}\right) \cdot z^7 - 1}{z^2} + \frac{\alpha_1^2}{\alpha_0^2} - \frac{\alpha_2}{\alpha_0}$$

$$= \frac{Q_{7}^{2}}{Q_{8}^{2}} + \frac{Q_{7}^{2}}{Q_{8}^{2}} - \frac{Q_{2}}{Q_{8}}$$

$$= \frac{Q_{7}^{2}}{Q_{8}^{2}} + \frac{Q_{7}^{2}}{Q_{8}^{2}} - \frac{Q_{7}^{2}}{Q_{8}^{2}}$$

$$= \underbrace{\frac{\alpha_1^2}{\alpha_2^2}}_{\underline{a_0}} - \underbrace{\frac{\alpha_2}{\alpha_0}}_{\underline{a_0}} - \underbrace{\frac{\alpha_2}{\alpha_0^2}}_{\underline{a_0}} - \underbrace{\frac{\alpha_2}{\alpha_0^2}}_{\underline{a_0}} - \underbrace{\frac{\alpha_2}{\alpha_0^2}}_{\underline{a_0}} - \underbrace{\frac{\alpha_2}{\alpha_0^2}}_{\underline{a_0}} - \underbrace{\frac{\alpha_2}{\alpha_0^2}}_{\underline{a_0}}$$

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} = (((1-(a2*b0 + a1*b1 + a0*b2)*z^2 - (a1*b0 + a0*b1)*z - (a0*b0)*1)/z^3) - a3*b0 - a2*b1 - a1*b2)/a0$$

 $= (((1-(a2*(1/a0) + a1*(-(a1/a^20)) + a0*((a^21/a^30)-(a2/a^20)))*z^2 - (a1*(1/a0) + a0*(-(a1/a^20)))*z - (a0*(1/a0))*1)/z^3) - a3*(1/a0) - a2*(-(a1/a^20)) - a1*((a^21/a^30)-(a2/a^20)))/a0$ 

$$= (((1 - 0 - 0 - 1)/z^3) - (a3/a0) - (a^31/a^30))/a0$$

$$b_3 = \frac{\frac{0}{2^3} - \frac{a_3}{a_0} - \frac{a_3}{a_0}}{\frac{a_0}{a_0}} = \frac{\frac{a_3}{a_0}}{\frac{a_0}{a_0}} - \frac{\frac{a_3}{a_0}}{\frac{a_0}{a_0}} - \frac{a_3}{a_0} - \frac{a_3}{a_0}$$