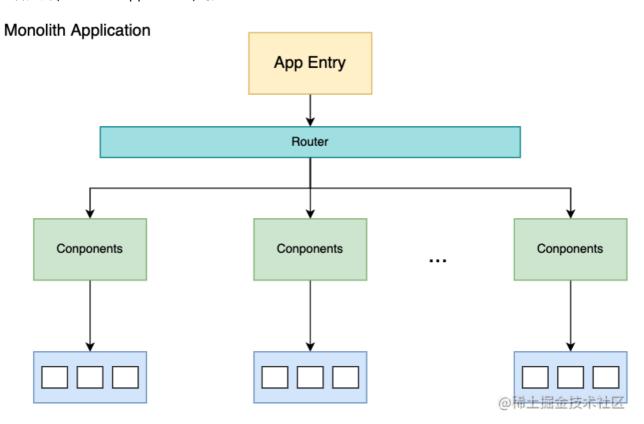
# Why Micro Frontend

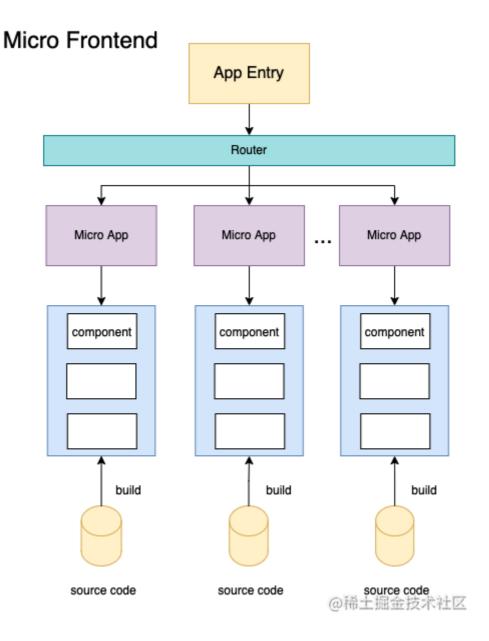
• 巨石应用(Monolith Application)的产生



- 。 带来的问题(Disadvantages of Monolith)
  - 1. Difficult to deploy and maintain
  - 2. Obstacle to frequent deployments
  - 3. Dependency between unrelated features
  - 4. Makes it diffcult to try out new technologies/framework
- 微前端(Micro Frontend)
  - 概念(concept)

微前端是一种类似于微服务的架构,是一种由独立交付的多个前端应用组成整体的架构风格,将前端应用分解成一些更小、更简单的能够独立开发、测试、部署的应用,而在用户看来仍然是内聚的单个产品。

ο 架构



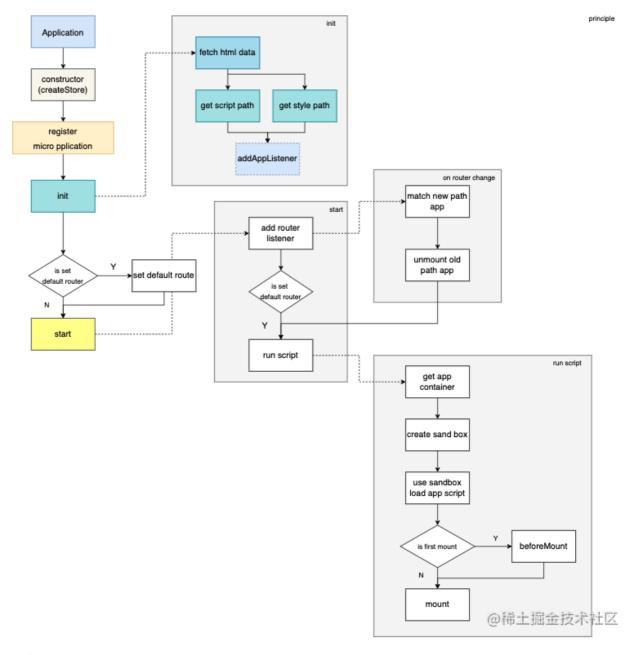
#### 。 优缺点

- Advantage
  - 应用自治。只需要遵循统一的接口规范或者框架,以便于系统集成到一起,相互之间是不存在依赖关系的。
  - 单一职责。每个前端应用可以只关注于自己所需要完成的功能。
  - 技术栈无关。可以使用 原生 JS 的同时,又可以使用 React 和 Vue。
- Disadvantage
  - 维护问题
  - 架构复杂
- o 应用场景(scenes)
  - Middleground/Background

# 微前端实现方式与原理分析(principle)

- 微前端实现方式
  - o iframe

- why not iframe<sup>[1]</sup>
  - 性能问题,iframe 每次进入子应用时都会重新渲染,资源也会重新加载
  - 全局上下文完全隔离,内存变量不共享。cookie 不共享,需要搭建特定的 channel 进行通信
  - DOM 结构不共享,无法使用全局弹窗
  - url 不同步,刷新页面,无法使用前进/后退
- Web Components
  - 子应用打包成 npm 模块。主应用通过 npm 安装,import 的方式引入
- o nginx + Components
  - 通过 nginx 路由显示不同的子应用
- 。 基于系统基座实现
  - 主应用搭建一个基座,在基座中渲染子应用
  - qiankun, singleSPA
- 微前端应用加载流程图

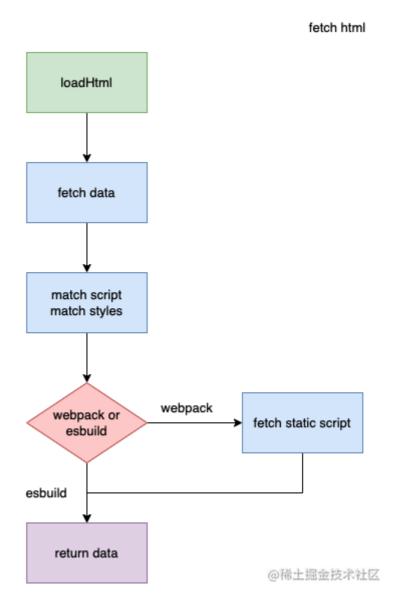


- 需要实现的功能
  - 1. 加载 HTML

- 2. 加载 JS 文件
- 3. 定义生命周期
- 4. 使用沙箱隔绝执行作用域
- 5. 创建应用间通信 channel
- 6. 路由监听
- 7. 样式隔离

# 实现流程

### 1. 获取应用

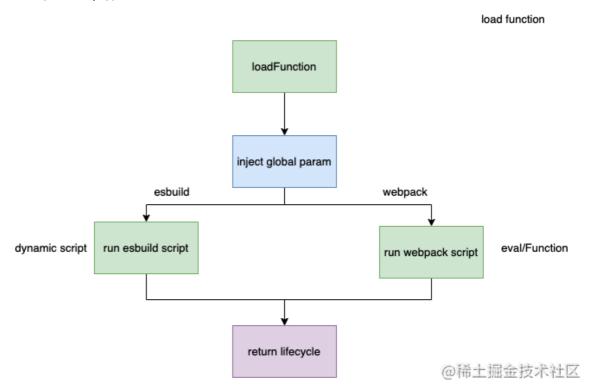


- 。 获取 HTML 文件
  - loadHtml

```
async function loadHtml(
  entry: string,
  type: LoadScriptType
): Promise<LoadHtmlResult> {
  const data = await fetch(entry, {
    method: 'GET',
  });
```

```
let text = await data.text();
  const scriptArr = text
    .match(scriptReg)
    ?.filter((val) => val)
    .map((val) => (isHttp.test(val) ? val : `${entry}${val}`));
 const styleArr = text
    .match(styleReg)
    ?.filter((val) => val)
    .map((val) => (isHttp.test(val) ? val : `${entry}${val}`));
 text = text.replace(/(<script.*><\/script>)/g, '');
 console.log(scriptArr);
 const scriptText: string[] = [];
  if (type === 'webpack' && scriptArr) {
   for (const item of scriptArr) {
     let scriptFetch = await fetch(item, { method: 'GET' });
      scriptText.push(await scriptFetch.text());
    }
  }
  return {
    entry,
   html: text,
    scriptSrc: type === 'webpack' ? scriptText : scriptArr || [],
    styleSrc: styleArr || [],
 };
}
```

#### 。 运行 JS(runScript), 定义生命周期



- 生命周期
  - beforeMount

- mount
- unmount

```
/** 生命周期函数 */
export type LoadFunctionResult = {
 beforeMount: () => void;
 mount: (props: LoadFunctionMountParam) => void;
 unmount: (props: UnloadFunctionParam) => void;
}:
export type LoadScriptType = 'esbuild' | 'webpack';
/** 注入环境变量 */
export function injectEnvironmentStr(context: ProxyParam) {
 context[PRODUCT_BY_MICRO_FRONTEND] = true;
 context.__vite_plugin_react_preamble_installed__ = true;
 return true;
}
/** 使用import加载script */
export async function loadScriptByImport(scripts: string[]) {
  injectEnvironmentStr(window);
 let scriptStr = `
      return Promise.all([`;
 scripts.forEach((val) => {
    scriptStr += `import("${val}"),`;
 scriptStr = scriptStr.substring(0, scriptStr.length - 1);
 scriptStr += `]);
 return await new Function(scriptStr)();
}
/** 执行js字符串 */
export async function loadScriptByString(
 scripts: string[],
 context: ProxyParam
) {
 const scriptArr: Promise<Record<string, any>>[] = [];
 injectEnvironmentStr(context);
 scripts.forEach(async (val) => {
   scriptArr.push(
      await new Function(`
          return (window => {
            ${val}
            return window.middleVue;
          })(this)
    `).call(context)
   );
 });
 return scriptArr;
}
```

```
/** 加载JS文件 */
export async function loadFunction<T extends LoadFunctionResult>(
 context: Window,
 scripts: string[] = [],
 type: LoadScriptType = 'esbuild'
): Promise<T> {
 let result = {};
 if (type === 'esbuild') {
    result = await loadScriptByImport(scripts);
   result = await loadScriptByString(scripts, context);
 }
 let obj: LoadFunctionResult = {
    beforeMount: () => {},
   mount: () => {},
   unmount: () => {},
 };
  (<Record<string, any>[]>result).forEach((val) => {
   Object.assign(obj, val);
 });
 return <T>obj;
}
```

#### 2. 微应用加载类(MicroFront)

```
interface MicroFrountendMethod {
  init: () => void;
  setCurrentRoute: (routeName: string) => void;
  start: () => void;
}
export default class MicroFrountend implements MicroFrountendMethod {
  /** 微应用列表 */
  private servers: RegisterData[];
  /** 请求后的应用列表 */
  private serverLoadData: Record<string, LoadHtmlResult>;
  /** 当前路由 */
  public currentRoute: string;
 /** 当前开启的微应用容器 */
  public currentActiveApp: string[];
  /** 全局store */
  public store: Record<string, any>;
  constructor(servers: RegisterData[]) {
   this.servers = servers;
   this.serverLoadData = {};
   this.currentRoute = '';
   this.currentActiveApp = [];
    this.store = createStore();
  }
```

```
/** 初始化 */
  public async init() {
    for (let item of this.servers) {
      const serverData = await loadHtml(item.entry, item.type);
      addNewListener(item.appName);
     this.serverLoadData[item.appName] = serverData;
    }
   return true;
  }
  /** 设置路由 */
  public setCurrentRoute(routeName: string) {
    const appIndex = this.servers.findIndex(
      (val) => val.activeRoute === routeName
    );
    if (appIndex === -1) return false;
    const appName = this.servers[appIndex].appName;
    const isInclude =
Object.keys(this.serverLoadData).includes(appName);
    if (!isInclude) {
      return false:
    }
   this.currentRoute = routeName;
   return true;
  }
  /** 开启加载微前端应用 */
  public async start() {
    const currentRoute = this.currentRoute ||
window.location.pathname;
    const appList = this.servers.filter(
      (val) => val.activeRoute === currentRoute
    );
    for (let val of appList) {
      const appName = val.appName;
      const htmlData = this.serverLoadData[appName];
      const scriptResult = await runScript(val, htmlData, this.store);
      this.serverLoadData[appName].lifeCycle = scriptResult.lifeCycle;
      this.serverLoadData[appName].sandbox = scriptResult.sandBox;
   }
  }
```

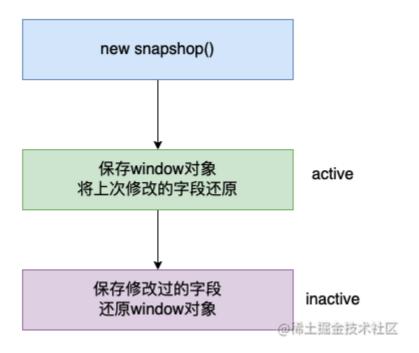
#### 3. JS 沙箱

沙箱种类 iframe

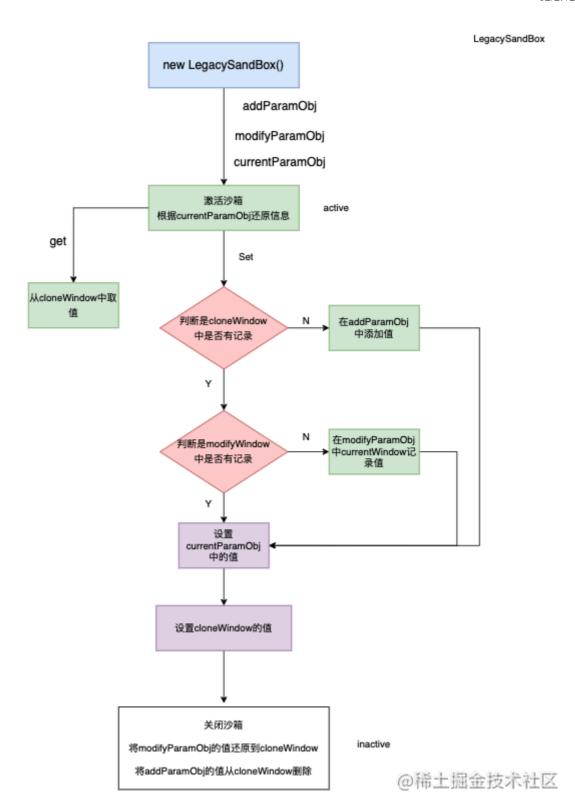
```
<iframe></iframe>
```

## SnapshopSandbox(快照沙箱)

## snapshop sandbox

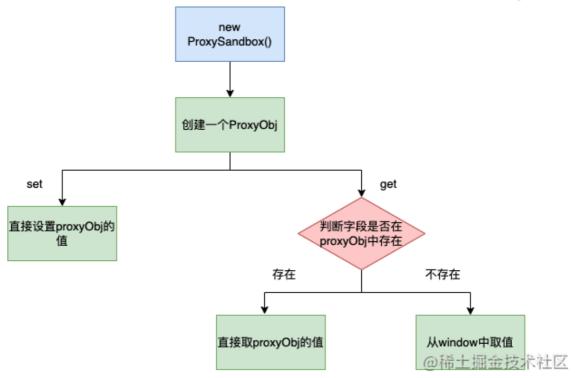


LegacySandbox (单例沙箱)



ProxySandbox (多例沙箱)

Proxy Sandbox



### 。 沙箱实现(多例沙箱)

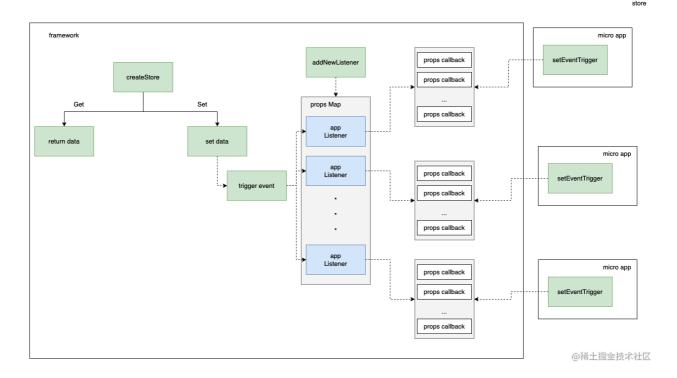
```
interface SandBoxImplement {
  active: () => void;
  inActive: () => void;
}
type ProxyParam = Record<string, any> & Window;
/** 沙箱操作 */
class SandBox implements SandBoxImplement {
  public proxy: ProxyParam;
  private isSandboxActive: boolean;
  public name: string;
  /** 激活沙箱 */
  active() {
   this.isSandboxActive = true;
  /** 关闭沙箱 */
  inActive() {
   this.isSandboxActive = false;
  }
  constructor(appName: string, context: Window & Record<string, any>)
{
    this name = appName;
   this.isSandboxActive = false;
    const fateWindow = {};
```

```
this.proxy = new Proxy(<ProxyParam>fateWindow, {
      set: (target, key, value) => {
        if (this.isSandboxActive) {
         target[<string>key] = value;
        }
        return true;
      },
      get: (target, key) => {
        if (target[<string>key]) {
         return target[<string>key];
        } else if (Object.keys(context).includes(<string>key)) {
          return context[<string>key];
       return undefined;
      },
    });
 }
}
export default SandBox;
```

#### 。 在沙箱中运行微应用

```
/** 注入环境变量 */
function injectEnvironmentStr(context: ProxyParam) {
  context[PRODUCT_BY_MICRO_FRONTEND] = true;
  context.__vite_plugin_react_preamble_installed__ = true;
 return true;
}
/** 执行is字符串 */
async function loadScriptByString(scripts: string[], context:
ProxyParam) {
  const scriptArr: Promise<Record<string, any>>[] = [];
  injectEnvironmentStr(context);
  scripts.forEach(async (val) => {
    scriptArr.push(
      await new Function(`
          return (window => {
            ${val}
            return window.middleVue;
          })(this)
    `).call(context)
   );
  });
  return scriptArr;
}
```

#### 4. 全局通信状态管理



### 。 创建全局状态

```
/** 创建全局store */
export function createStore() {
  const globalStore = new Proxy(<Record<string, any>>{}, {
    get(target, key: string) {
      return target[key];
    },
    set(target, key: string, value) {
      const oldVal = target[key];
      target[key] = value;

    // 触发监听事件
    triggerEvent({ key, value, oldValue: oldVal });
    return true;
    },
    });
    return globalStore;
}
```

### 。 新增监听器

```
export type triggerEventParam<T> = {
    key: string;
    value: T;
    oldValue: T;
};
/** 监听对象 */
```

```
const listener: Map<
    string,
    Record<string, (data: triggerEventParam<any>) => void>
> = new Map();
/** 新增store监听器 */
export function addNewListener(appName: string) {
    if (listener.has(appName)) return;
    listener.set(appName, {});
}
```

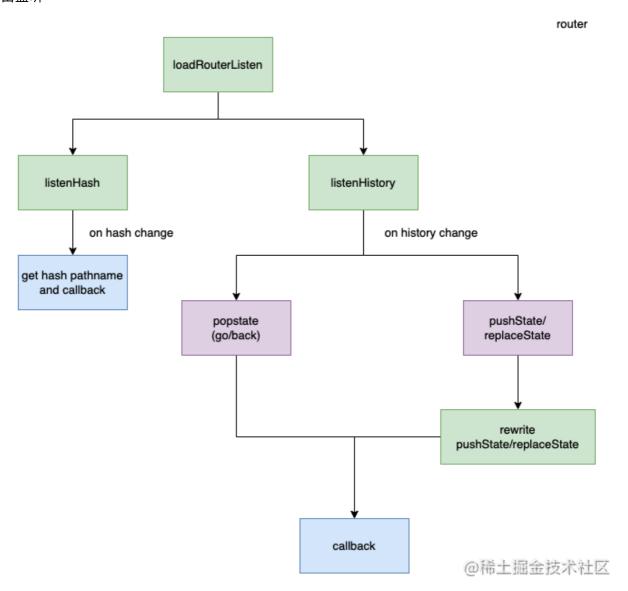
#### 。 订阅事件

```
/** 设置监听事件 */
export function setEventTrigger<T extends any>(
    appName: string,
    key: string,
    callback: (data: triggerEventParam<T>) => void
) {
    if (listener.has(appName)) {
        const obj = listener.get(appName);
        if (obj) {
            obj[key] = callback;
        }
    }
}
```

## 。 触发事件

```
/** 改变字段值触发事件 */
export function triggerEvent<T extends any>(data:
triggerEventParam<T>) {
  listener.forEach((val) => {
    if (val[data.key] && typeof val[data.key] === 'function') {
     val[data.key](data);
    }
  });
}
```

#### 5. 路由监听



。 监听 hash 路由变化回调

。 监听 history 路由变化回调

```
export type listenCallback = (
  oldPathName: string,
  pathName: string,
  param: any
) => void:
/** 监听history路由变化 */
function listenHistory(callback: listenCallback, currentRoute: string)
 window.history.pushState = historyControlRewrite('pushState',
callback);
 window.history.replaceState = historyControlRewrite(
    'replaceState',
   callback
  );
  window.addEventListener('popstate', (ev) => {
    callback(currentRoute, window.location.pathname, ev.state);
 });
}
// 重写pushState方法
const historyControlRewrite = function (
  name: 'pushState' | 'replaceState',
  callback: listenCallback
) {
  const method = history[name];
  return function (data: any, unused: string, url: string) {
   const oldPathName = window.location.pathname;
   if (oldPathName === url) return;
   method.apply(history, [data, unused, url]);
   callback(oldPathName, url || '', data);
 };
};
```

#### 6. 样式隔离

- 。 样式隔离解决方案
  - 1. 在微前端框架中获取 style 样式并添加唯一前缀
  - 2. 微应用中约定通过 postcss 处理
- 。 利用 postcss 处理样式隔离

## 7. 改造旧应用

#### ∘ React 改造

```
type MountProps = {
  container?: Element;
  store: {
    listen: (
      key: string,
      callback: (data: {
       key: string;
       value: unknown;
       oldValue: unknown;
     }) => void
    set: (key: string, value: unknown) => void;
    get: <T extends unknown>(key: string) => T;
 }:
};
if (!(window as Record<string, any>).PRODUCT_BY_MICRO_FRONTEND) {
  ReactDOM.render(
   </React.StrictMode>,
   document.getElementById('root')
  );
}
export function mount(props: MountProps) {
 ReactDOM.render(
   </React.StrictMode>,
   props.container?.querySelector('#root') || document.getElementById('root')
· );
export function unmount(props: MountProps) {
 const { container } = props;
   container?.querySelector('#root') || document.querySelector('#root');
  if (element) {
    ReactDOM.unmountComponentAtNode(element);
                                                                      @稀土掘金技术社区
```

。 Vue 改造

```
let router = null;
let instance = null;
let history = null;
function render(props = {}) {
  const { container } = props;
 history = createWebHistory(window.PRODUCT_BY_MICRO_FRONTEND ? '/vue' : '/');
  router = createRouter({
    history,
    routes,
  });
  props.store.listen({
    key: 'aa',
    callback: ({ key, value, oldValue }) => {
      console.log('trigger', key, value, oldValue);
   },
  });
  props.store.set('aa', '123');
 props.store.get('aa');
 instance = createApp(App);
 instance.use(router);
 instance.use(store);
  instance.mount(container ? container.querySelector('#app') : '#app');
if (!window.PRODUCT_BY_MICRO_FRONTEND) {
  render();
export async function beforeMount() {
 console.log('%c ', 'color: green;', 'vue3.0 app bootstraped');
export async function mount(props) {
 render(props);
export async function unmount() {
  instance.unmount();
  instance._container.innerHTML = '';
 instance = null;
 router = null;
 history.destroy();
                                                               @稀土掘金技术社区
```

# 小结

## 参考

- 1. Why Not Iframe
- 2. 字节跳动是如何落地微前端的
- 3. qiankun
- 4. singleSpa