## CS 221 Numbers Evaluation Assignment

Lily Larsen

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- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- a.

- $\min:0$
- $\max:2^{43}-1$

Ь.

- $\mathsf{min}:-2^{42}$
- $\max:2^{42}-1$

c.

- $\min:0$
- $\mathsf{max}:2^{11}-1$

d.

- $\mathsf{min}:-2^{10}$
- $\mathsf{max}:2^{10}-1$

- 6.
- a.

The largest tiny floating point would have a sign of 0, an exponent of 7 (or  $1110_2-7$ ) and a mantissa of 1.875 (or  $1.111_2$ ), and so would equal  $(-1)^0 \cdot 1.875 \cdot 2^7 = 240$ . The second-largest tiny floating point would have the same sign and exponent and a mantissa of 1.75 (or  $1.111_2$ ) which would equal  $(-1)^0 \cdot 1.75 \cdot 2^7 = 224$ . So, the difference between the largest non-infinite number representable with tiny floating points and the second largest would be 240-224=16.

## Ь.

The smallest positive tiny floating point would have a sign of 0, an exponent of -6 (or  $0000_2)$  and a mantissa of 0.125 (or  $0.001_2$  due to denormalized encoding), and so would equal  $(-1)^0\cdot 0.125\cdot 2^{-6}\approx 0.001953125=0.000000001_2.$  The second smallest would have the same sign and exponent and a mantissa of 0.25 (or  $0.010_2$ ) which would equal  $(-1)^0\cdot 0.25\cdot 2^{-6}\approx 0.00390625$  or exactly  $0.00000001_2.$  So the difference between the two would approximately be  $0.00390625-0.001953125\approx 0.001953125=0.000000001_2.$