Living Documentation

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Chapter 1. Summary

Scenarios			Steps							Features: 6	
Passed	Failed	Total	Passed	Failed	Skippe d	Pendin g	Undefi ned	Missin g	Total	Durati on	Status
			Man	age data	base wit	h DBUnit	Rules (core			
1	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	000ms	passed
			Mar	nage data	abase wi	th DBUni	t Rules	CDI			
1	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	01s 032ms	passed
			Manag	e databa	se with	DBUnit R	Rules Cuc	cumber			
1	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	5	000ms	passed
			Manage	database	e with DI	BUnit Ru	les and	JUnit 5			
1	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	000ms	passed
			Dyr	namic dat	ta using	scritab	le datas	ets			
2	0	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	7	000ms	passed
			Datab	ase asse	rtion us	ing expe	cted dat	asets			
5	0	5	16	0	0	0	0	0	16	000ms	passed
					Tot	als					
11	0	11	39	0	0	0	0	0	39	01s	034ms

Chapter 2. Features

2.1. Manage database with DBUnit Rules Core

In order to manage database state in JUnit tests As a developer I want to use DBUnit in my tests.

DBUnit Rules Core module brings DBunit to your unit tests via JUnit rules.

Dependencies

To use it just add the following maven dependency:

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>com.github.dbunit-rules</groupId>
    <artifactId>core</artifactId>
        <version>0.13.3-SNAPSHOT</version>
        <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
```

2.1.1. Scenario: Seed database using yml dataset

Given

The following junit rules d (000ms)

- ① EntityManagerProvider is a simple Junit rule that creates a JPA entityManager for each test. DBUnit rule don't depend on EntityManagerProvider, it only needs a JDBC connection.
- ② DBUnit rule responsible for reading <code>@DataSet</code> annotation and prepare the database for each test.

And

The following dataset **★** (000ms)

```
src/test/resources/dataset/yml/users.yml
```

```
user:
    - id: 1
    name: "@realpestano"
    - id: 2
    name: "@dbunit"
tweet:
    - id: abcdef12345
    content: "dbunit rules!"
    date: "[DAY,NOW]"
    user_id: 1
follower:
    - id: 1
    user_id: 2
```

When

```
@Test
    @DataSet(value = "datasets/yml/users.yml", useSequenceFiltering =
true)
    public void shouldSeedUserDataSet() {
        User user = (User) em().createQuery("select u from User u join
fetch u.tweets join fetch u.followers where u.id =
1").getSingleResult();
        assertThat(user).isNotNull();
        assertThat(user.getId()).isEqualTo(1);
        assertThat(user.getTweets()).isNotNull().hasSize(1);
        Tweet tweet = user.getTweets().get(0);
        assertThat(tweet).isNotNull();
        Calendar date = tweet.getDate();
        Calendar now = Calendar.getInstance();
assertThat(date.get(Calendar.DAY_OF_MONTH)).isEqualTo(now.get(Calendar.
DAY_OF_MONTH));
    }
```



Source code of the above example can be found here.

Then

The database should be seeded with the dataset content before test execution die (000ms)

2.2. Manage database with DBUnit Rules CDI

In order to manage database state in **CDI** based tests As a developer

I want to use DBUnit in a CDI test environment.

DBUnit CDI integration is done through a CDI interceptor.

CDI must be enabled in your test, see the following example:



```
@RunWith(CdiTestRunner.class) ①
public class DBUnitCDITest {
}
```

① CdiTestRunner is provided by Apache Deltaspike but you should be able to use other CDI test runners.

Dependencies

To use this module just add the following maven dependency:

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>com.github.dbunit-rules</groupId>
    <artifactId>cdi</artifactId>
     <version>0.13.3-SNAPSHOT</version>
     <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
```

2.2.1. Scenario: Seed database using yml dataset

Given

src/test/resources/META-INF/beans.xml



Your test itself must be a CDI bean to be intercepted. if you're using Deltaspike test control just enable the following property in test/resources/META-INF/apache-deltaspike.properties:

deltaspike.testcontrol.use_test_class_as_cdi_bean=true

And

The following dataset **■** (000ms)

src/test/resources/dataset/yml/users.yml

```
user:
    - id: 1
    name: "@realpestano"
    - id: 2
    name: "@dbunit"
tweet:
    - id: abcdef12345
    content: "dbunit rules!"
    date: "[DAY,NOW]"
    user_id: 1
follower:
    - id: 1
    user_id: 1
    follower_id: 2
```

Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc include::../../src/test/java/com/github/dbunit/rules/DBUnitCDITest.java
[tags=seedDatabase]



Source code of the above example can be found here.

Then

The database should be seeded with the dataset content before test execution die (000ms)

2.3. Manage database with DBUnit Rules Cucumber

In order to manage database state in BDD tests As a BDD developer I want to use DBUnit along side my BDD tests.

DBUnit enters the BDD world through a dedicated JUNit runner which is based on Cucumber and Apache DeltaSpike.

This runner just starts CDI within your BDD tests so you just have to use DBUnit rules CDI interceptor on Cucumber steps, here is the so called Cucumber CDI runner declaration:

```
package com.github.dbunit.rules.bdd;
import cucumber.api.CucumberOptions;
import cucumber.api.junit.Cucumber;
import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
/**
 * Created by rmpestano on 4/17/16.
@RunWith(Cucumber.class)
@CucumberOptions(features = {
        "src/test/resources/features/core/core-seed-database.feature",
        "src/test/resources/features/cdi/cdi-seed-database.feature",
        "src/test/resources/features/cucumber/cucumber-seed-database.feature",
        "src/test/resources/features/junit5/junit5-seed-database.feature",
        "src/test/resources/features/general/dataset-replacements.feature",
        "src/test/resources/features/general/expected-dataset.feature"
},
        plugin = "json:target/dbunit-rules.json")
public class DBUnitRulesBdd {
}
```



As cucumber doesn't work with JUnit Rules, see this issue, you won't be able to use Cucumber runner with *DBunit Rules Core* because its based on JUnit rules, but you can use DataSetExecutor in <code>@Before</code>, see example here.

Dependencies

Here is a set of maven dependencies needed by DBUnit rules Cucumber:



Most of the dependencies, except CDI container implementation, are bring by DBUnit Rules Cucumber module transitively.

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>com.github.dbunit-rules</groupId>
    <artifactId>cucumber</artifactId>
    <version>0.13.3-SNAPSHOT</version>
    <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
```

Cucumber dependencies

1) You don't need to declare because it comes with DBUnit Rules Cucumber module dependency.

DeltaSpike and CDI dependency

- 1 Also comes with DBUit Rules Cucumber.
- ② You can use CDI implementation of your choice.

To use this module just add the following maven dependency:

2.3.1. Scenario: Seed database using DBUnit rules in Cucumber tests

Given

The following feature do (000ms)

```
Feature: Contacts test
 As a user of contacts repository
 I want to crud contacts
 So that I can expose contacts service
 Scenario Outline: search contacts
   Given we have a list of contacts
   When we search contacts by name "<name>"
   Then we should find <result> contacts
   Examples: examples1
      | name | result |
      | delta | 1
     | sp | 2
      | querydsl | 1
      abcd 0
 Scenario: delete a contact
   Given we have a list of contacts
   When we delete contact by id 1
   Then we should not find contact 1
```

And

The following dataset 🖒 (000ms)

```
contact:
 - id: 1
   name: "deltaspike"
   email: "users@deltaspike.apache.org"
   company_id: 1
  - id: 2
    name: "querydsl"
   email: "info@mysema.com"
   company_id: 2
  - id: 3
    name: "Spring"
    email: "spring@pivotal.io"
    company_id: 3
company:
 - id: 1
   name: "Apache"
 - id: 2
   name: "Mysema"
 - id: 3
   name: "Pivotal"
  - id: 4
   name: "Google"
```

And

The following Cucumber test **d** (000ms)

When

The following cucumber steps are executed d (000ms)

```
package com.github.dbunit.rules.examples.cucumber; ①
import com.github.dbunit.rules.api.dataset.DataSet;
import com.github.dbunit.rules.cdi.api.DBUnitInterceptor;
import cucumber.api.java.en.Given;
import cucumber.api.java.en.Then;
import cucumber.api.java.en.When;
import org.example.jpadomain.Contact;
import org.example.jpadomain.Contact_;
import org.example.service.deltaspike.ContactRepository;
import javax.inject.Inject;
import static org.junit.Assert.assertEquals;
import static org.junit.Assert.assertNull;
@DBUnitInterceptor
public class ContactSteps {
    @Inject
    ContactRepository contactRepository; ①
    Long count;
```

```
public void we_search_contacts_by_name_(String name) throws
Throwable {
       Contact contact = new Contact();
       contact.setName(name);
       count = contactRepository.countLike(contact, Contact_.name);
   }
   @Then("^we should find (\\d+) contacts$")
   public void we should find result contacts(Long result) throws
Throwable {
       assertEquals(result, count);
   }
   @Given("^we have a list of contacts$")
   @DataSet("datasets/contacts.yml") ②
   public void given() {
       assertEquals(contactRepository.count(), new Long(3));
   @When("^we delete contact by id (\\d+)$")
   public void we delete contact by id(long id) throws Throwable {
       contactRepository.remove(contactRepository.findBy(id));
   }
   @Then("^we should not find contact (\\d+)$")
   public void we should not find contacts in database(long id) throws
Throwable {
       assertNull(contactRepository.findBy(id));
   }
}
```

- ① As the Cucumber cdi runner enables CDI, you can use injection into your Cucumber steps.
- ② Here we use the DBUnit Rules CDI interceptor to seed the database before step execution.



Source code for the example above can be found here.

Then

The database should be seeded with the dataset content before step execution • (000ms)

2.4. Manage database with DBUnit Rules and JUnit 5

In order to manage database state in JUnit 5 integration tests As a developer

I want to use DBUnit along side my JUnit 5 tests.

DBUnit is enabled in JUnit 5 tests through an extension named **DBUnitExtension**.

Dependencies

To use the extension just add the following maven dependency:

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>com.github.dbunit-rules</groupId>
    <artifactId>junit5</artifactId>
     <version>0.13.3-SNAPSHOT</version>
     <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
```

2.4.1. Scenario: Seed database using DBUnit rules in JUnit5 tests

Given

The following dataset do (000ms)

src/test/resources/dataset/yml/users.yml

```
user:
    - id: 1
        name: "@realpestano"
    - id: 2
        name: "@dbunit"

tweet:
    - id: abcdef12345
        content: "dbunit rules!"
        date: "[DAY,NOW]"
        user_id: 1

follower:
    - id: 1
        user_id: 2
```

When

The following junit5 test is executed **▲** (000ms)

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc - include::../../junit5/src/test/java/com/github/dbunit/junit5/DBUnitJUnit5Test.java[tags=declaration;connectionField;test]
```

- 1 Enables DBUnit;
- 2 JUnit 5 runner;
- 3 As JUnit5 requires **Java8** you can use lambdas in your tests;
- DBUnitExtension will get connection by reflection so just declare a field or a
 method with ConnectionHolder as return type.



Source code of the above example can be found here.

Then

The database should be seeded with the dataset content before test execution die (000ms)

2.5. Dynamic data using scritable datasets

In order to have dynamic data in datasets
As a developer

I want to use scripts in DBUnit datasets.

Scritable datasets are backed by JSR 223. [2: Scripting for the Java Platform, for more information access the official docs here].

2.5.1. Scenario: Seed database with groovy script in dataset

```
Given
  Groovy script engine is on test classpath ★ (000ms)
       <dependency>
           <groupId>org.codehaus.groovy</groupId>
           <artifactId>groovy-all</artifactId>
           <version>2.4.6
           <scope>test</scope>
       </dependency>
And
  The following dataset do (000ms)
       tweet:
        - id: "1"
           content: "dbunit rules!"
           date: "groovy:new Date()" ①
           user_id: 1
     1 Groovy scripting is enabled by groovy: string.
When
```

```
@Test
@DataSet(value = "datasets/yml/groovy-with-date-
replacements.yml",cleanBefore = true, disableConstraints = true,
executorId = "rules-it")
public void shouldReplaceDateUsingGroovyInDataset() {
    Tweet tweet = (Tweet) emProvider.em().createQuery("select t from
Tweet t where t.id = '1'").getSingleResult();
    assertThat(tweet).isNotNull();

assertThat(tweet).isNotNull();

assertThat(tweet.getDate().get(Calendar.DAY_OF_MONTH)).isEqualTo(now.get
(Calendar.DAY_OF_MONTH));

assertThat(tweet.getDate().get(Calendar.HOUR_OF_DAY)).isEqualTo(now.get
(Calendar.HOUR_OF_DAY));
}
```

Then

Dataset script should be interpreted while seeding the database do (000ms)

2.5.2. Scenario: Seed database with javascript in dataset



Javascript engine comes within JDK so no additional classpath dependency is necessary.

Given

The following dataset do (000ms)

```
tweet:
    - id: "1"
        content: "dbunit rules!"
        likes: "js:(5+5)*10/2" ①
        user_id: 1

① Javascript scripting is enabled by js: string.
```

When

```
@Test
@DataSet(value = "datasets/yml/js-with-calc-
replacements.yml",cleanBefore = true ,disableConstraints = true,
executorId = "rules-it")
public void shouldReplaceLikesUsingJavaScriptInDataset() {
    Tweet tweet = (Tweet) emProvider.em().createQuery("select t from
Tweet t where t.id = '1'").getSingleResult();
    assertThat(tweet).isNotNull();
    assertThat(tweet.getLikes()).isEqualTo(50);
}
```

Then

Dataset script should be interpreted while seeding the database d (000ms)

2.6. Database assertion using expected datasets

In order to verify database state after test execution As a developer

I want to assert database state with datasets.

2.6.1. Scenario: Database assertion with yml dataset

Given The following dataset ★ (000ms) expectedUsers.yml user: - id: 1 name: "expected user1" - id: 2 name: "expected user2"

The following test is executed: **■** (000ms)

```
@RunWith(JUnit4.class)
 @DBUnit(cacheConnection = true)
 public class ExpectedDataSetIt {
     @Rule
     public EntityManagerProvider emProvider =
 EntityManagerProvider.instance("rules-it");
     @Rule
     public DBUnitRule dbUnitRule =
 DBUnitRule.instance(emProvider.connection());
     @Test
     @DataSet(cleanBefore = true)①
     @ExpectedDataSet(value = "yml/expectedUsers.yml",ignoreCols = "id")
     public void shouldMatchExpectedDataSet() {
         EntityManagerProvider instance =
 EntityManagerProvider.newInstance("rules-it");
         User u = new User();
         u.setName("expected user1");
         User u2 = new User();
         u2.setName("expected user2");
         instance.tx().begin();
         instance.em().persist(u);
         instance.em().persist(u2);
         instance.tx().commit();
     }
① Clear database before to avoid conflict with other tests.
```

Then

Test must pass because database state is as in expected dataset. ๗ (000ms)

2.6.2. Scenario: Database assertion with regular expression in expected dataset

Given

The following dataset **▲** (000ms)

```
user:
    - id: "regex:\\d+"
        name: regex:\\expected user.* #expected user1
    - id: "regex:\\d+"
        name: regex:.*user2$ #expected user2
```

When

The following test is executed: ★ (000ms)

```
@Test
@DataSet(cleanBefore = true)
@ExpectedDataSet(value = "yml/expectedUsersRegex.yml")
public void shouldMatchExpectedDataSetUsingRegex() {
    User u = new User();
    u.setName("expected user1");
    User u2 = new User();
    u2.setName("expected user2");
    tx().begin();
    em().persist(u);
    em().persist(u2);
    tx().commit();
}
```

Then

Test must pass because database state is as in expected dataset.

d (000ms)

2.6.3. Scenario: Database assertion with seeding before test execution

Given

The following dataset **▲** (000ms)

```
user.yml

user:
    - id: 1
    name: "@realpestano"
    - id: 2
    name: "@dbunit"
```

And

The following dataset **▲** (000ms)

```
expectedUser.yml

user:
    - id: 2
    name: "@dbunit"
```

When

The following test is executed: ๗ (000ms)

```
@Test
@DataSet(value = "yml/user.yml", disableConstraints = true)
@ExpectedDataSet(value = "yml/expectedUser.yml", ignoreCols = "id")
public void shouldMatchExpectedDataSetAfterSeedingDataBase() {
    tx().begin();
    em().remove(em().find(User.class,1L));
    tx().commit();
}
```

Then

Test must pass because database state is as in expected dataset. ๗ (000ms)

2.6.4. Scenario: Failling database assertion

Given

The following dataset do (000ms)

```
expectedUsers.yml

user:
    - id: 1
    name: "expected user1"
    - id: 2
    name: "expected user2"
```

When

The following test is executed: ๗ (000ms)

```
@Test
@ExpectedDataSet(value = "yml/expectedUsers.yml",ignoreCols = "id")
public void shouldNotMatchExpectedDataSet() {
    User u = new User();
    u.setName("non expected user1");
    User u2 = new User();
    u2.setName("non expected user2");
    tx().begin();
    em().persist(u);
    em().persist(u2);
    tx().commit();
}
```

Then

Test must fail with following error: **★** (000ms)

junit.framework.ComparisonFailure: value (table=USER, row=0, col=name) expected:<[]expected user1> but was:<[non]expected user1> at org.dbunit.assertion.JUnitFailureFactory.createFailure(JUnitFailureFactory.java:39) at org.dbunit.assertion.DefaultFailureHandler.createFailure(DefaultFailureHandler.java:97) at org.dbunit.assertion.DefaultFailureHandler.handle(DefaultFailure

2.6.5. Scenario: Database assertion using automatic transaction

Handler.java:223) at ...

Given

The following dataset do (000ms)

```
user:
    - id: "regex:\\d+"
      name: regex:\\d+"
      name: regex:\\d+"
      name: regex:.*user2$ #expected user2
```

When

The following test is executed: **d** (000ms)

```
@Test
@DataSet(cleanBefore = true, transactional = true,executorId =
"TransactionIt")
@ExpectedDataSet(value = "yml/expectedUsersRegex.yml")
@DBUnit(cacheConnection = true)
public void shouldManageTransactionAutomatically() {
    User u = new User();
    u.setName("expected user1");
    User u2 = new User();
    u2.setName("expected user2");
    em().persist(u);
    em().persist(u2);
}
```



Transactional attribute will make DBUnit Rules start a transaction before test and commit the transaction **after** test execution but **before** expected dataset comparison.

Then

Test must pass because inserted users are committed to database and database state matches expected dataset. •• (000ms)