Living Documentation

Version 0.6.2-SNAPSHOT

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Chapter 1. Introduction

DBUnit Rules aims for bringing **DBUnit** closer to your JUnit tests. Here are the main features:

• JUnit rule to integrate with DBUnit via annotations:

```
@Rule
public DBUnitRule dbUnitRule = DBUnitRule.instance(jdbcConnection);①

@Test
@DataSet(value = "datasets/yml/users.yml")
public void shouldSeedDataSet(){
    //database is seed with users.yml dataset
}
```

- 1 The rule depends on a JDBC connection.
- CDI interceptor to seed database without rule instantiation;
- Json, Yaml, xml and flat xml support;
- Cucumber integration;
- JPA integration;
- Multiple database support;
- Date/time support in datasets;

The project is composed by 5 modules:

- Core: Contains the dataset executor and JUnit rule;
- CDI: provides the DBUnit interceptor
- Cucumber: a CDI aware cucumber runner;
- JPA: Comes with a dataset executor based on JPA entity manager
- Examples module.

Chapter 2. Summary

Scenarios			Steps						Features: 2			
Passed	Failed	Total	Passed	Failed	Skippe d	Pendin g	Undefi ned	Missin g	Total	Durati on	Status	
Manage database with DBUnit Rules Core												
1	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	006ms	passed	
Manage database with DBUnit Rules CDI												
1	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	991ms	passed	
Totals												
2	0	2	8	0	0	0	0	0	8	997ms		

Chapter 3. Features

3.1. Manage database with DBUnit Rules Core

In order to manage database state in JUnit tests As a developer I want to use DBUnit in my tests.

DBUnit Rules Core module brings DBunit to your unit tests via JUnit rules.

3.1.1. Scenario: Seed database using yml dataset

Given

The following junit rules d (002ms)

- ① EntityManagerProvider is a simple Junit rule that creates a JPA entityManager for each test. DBunit rule don't depend on EntityManagerProvider, it only needs a JDBC connection.
- ② DBUnit rule responsible for reading <code>@DataSet</code> annotation and prepare the database for each test.

And

The following dataset 🔞 (003ms)

src/test/resources/dataset/yml/users.yml

```
user:
 - id: 1
   name: "@realpestano"
 - id: 2
   name: "@dbunit"
tweet:
 - id: abcdef12345
   content: "dbunit rules!"
   user_id: 1
 - id: abcdef12233
   content: "dbunit rules!"
   user_id: 2
 - id: abcdef1343
    content: "CDI for the win!"
   user_id: 2
follower:
  - id: 1
    user_id: 1
   follower_id: 2
```

When

The following test is executed: **■** (000ms)

```
@Test
    @DataSet(value = "datasets/yml/users.yml", useSequenceFiltering =
true)
    public void shouldSeedUserDataSet() {
        User user = (User) emProvider.em().createQuery("select u from
User u join fetch u.tweets join fetch u.followers where u.id =
1").getSingleResult();
        assertThat(user).isNotNull();
        assertThat(user.getId()).isEqualTo(1);
        assertThat(user.getTweets()).isNotNull().hasSize(1);
        Tweet tweet = user.getTweets().get(0);
        assertThat(tweet).isNotNull();
        Calendar date = tweet.getDate();
        Calendar now = Calendar.getInstance();
assertThat(date.get(Calendar.DAY_OF_MONTH)).isEqualTo(now.get(Calendar.
DAY_OF_MONTH));
    }
```

Then

The database should be seeded with the dataset content before test execution de (000ms)

3.2. Manage database with DBUnit Rules CDI

In order to manage database state in **CDI** based tests As a developer

I want to use DBUnit in a CDI test environment.

DBUnit CDI integration is done through a CDI interceptor.

CDI must be enabled in your test, see the following example:



```
@RunWith(CdiTestRunner.class) ①
public class DBUnitCDITest {
}
```

① CdiTestRunner is provided by Apache Deltaspike but you should be able to use other CDI test runners.

3.2.1. Scenario: Seed database using yml dataset

Given

DBUnit interceptor is enabled in your test beans.xml: 🏚 (991ms)

src/test/resources/META-INF/beans.xml



Your test itself must be a CDI bean to be intercepted. if you're using Deltaspike test control just enable the following property in test/resources/META-INF/apache-deltaspike.properties:

deltaspike.testcontrol.use_test_class_as_cdi_bean=true

And

The following dataset **▲** (000ms)

```
src/test/resources/dataset/yml/users.yml
```

```
user:
  - id: 1
    name: "@realpestano"
  - id: 2
    name: "@dbunit"
tweet:
 - id: abcdef12345
    content: "dbunit rules!"
    user id: 1
  - id: abcdef12233
    content: "dbunit rules!"
    user id: 2
  - id: abcdef1343
    content: "CDI for the win!"
    user_id: 2
follower:
  - id: 1
    user_id: 1
    follower_id: 2
```

When

```
@Test
  @UsingDataSet("yml/users.yml")
public void shouldSeedUserDataSetUsingCdiInterceptor() {
    List<User> users = em.createQuery("select u from User u order
by u.id asc").getResultList();
    User user1 = new User(1);
    User user2 = new User(2);
    Tweet tweetUser1 = new Tweet();
    tweetUser1.setId("abcdef12345");
    assertThat(users).isNotNull().hasSize(2).contains(user1,
user2);
    List<Tweet> tweetsUser1 = users.get(0).getTweets();

assertThat(tweetsUser1).isNotNull().hasSize(1).contains(tweetUser1);
}
```

Then

The database should be seeded with the dataset content before test execution $\stackrel{\bullet}{•}$ (000ms)