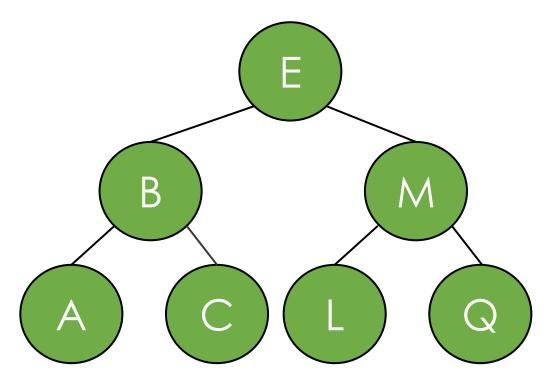
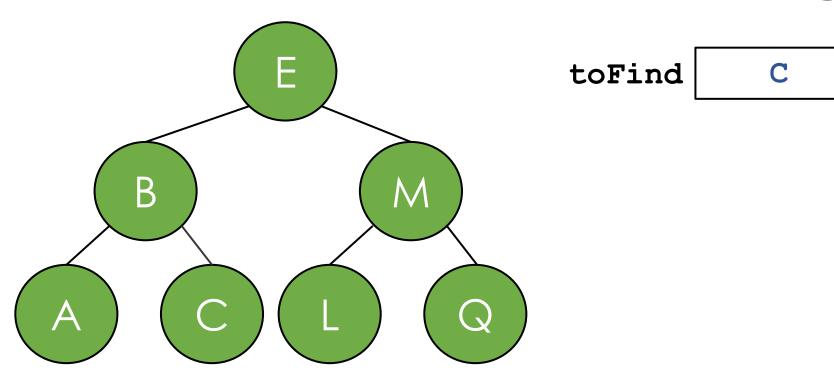
Binary Search Trees: Search

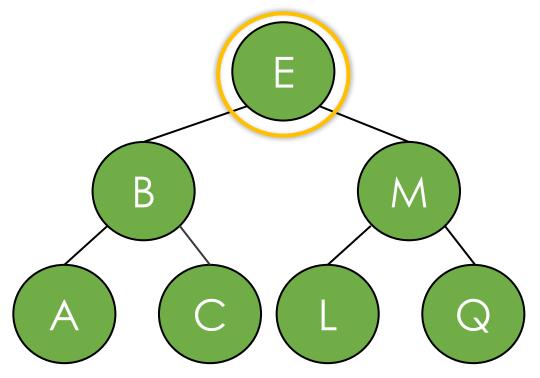
By the end of this video you will be able to...

Perform Search in a Binary Search Tree



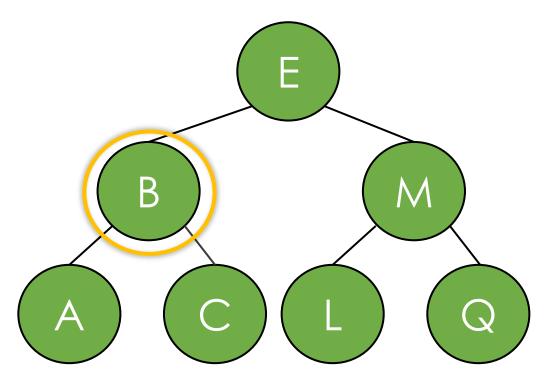
Same fundamental idea as binary search of an array





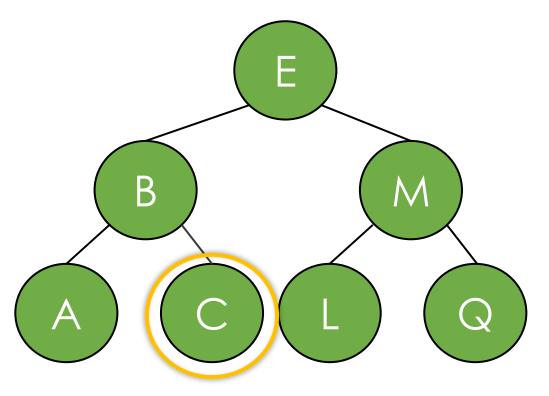
toFind C

Compare: E and C



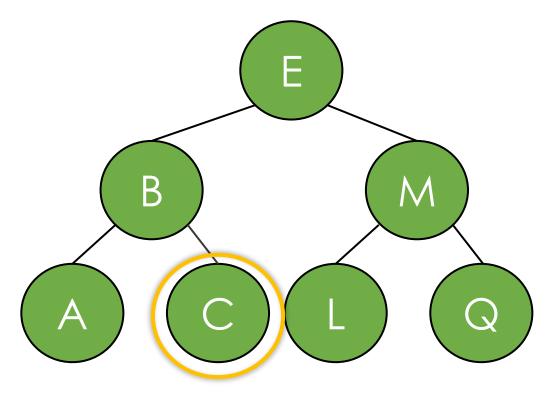
toFind C

Compare: B and C



toFind C

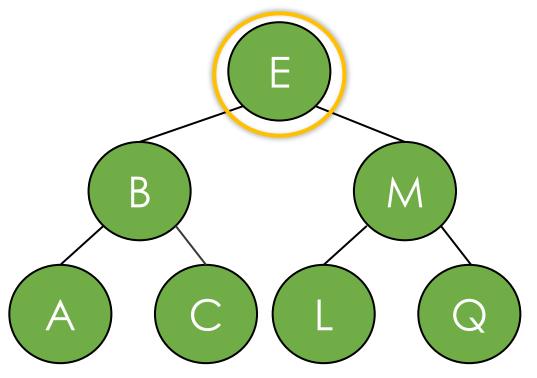
Compare: C and C



toFind C

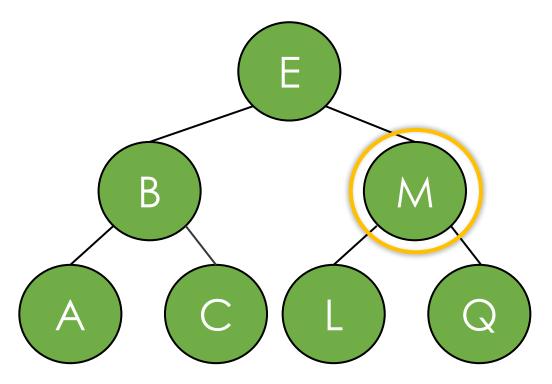
Compare: C and C

Found it!



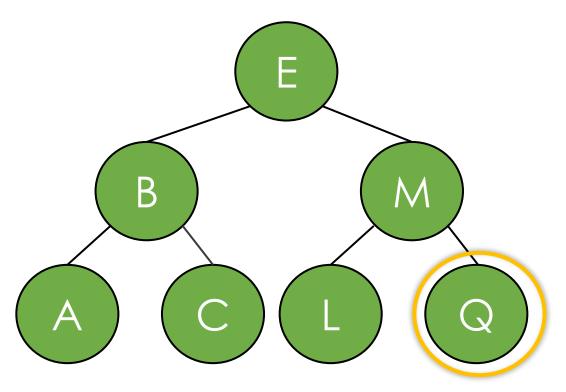
toFind P

Compare: E and P



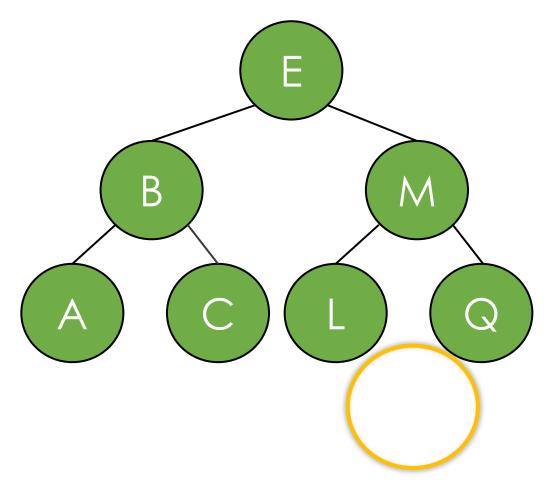
toFind P

Compare: M and P



toFind P

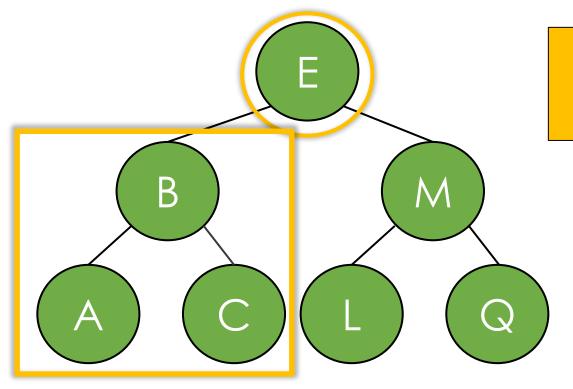
Compare: P and Q



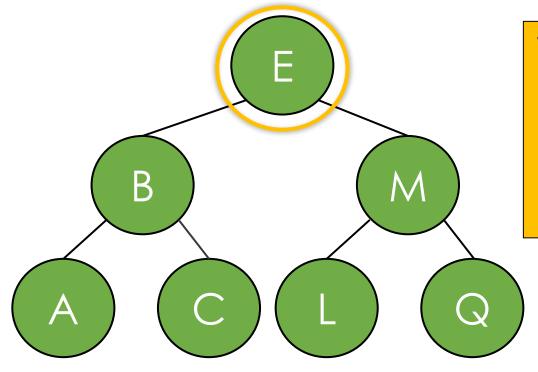
toFind P

Node is null

Not Found!



You could solve this with recursion.



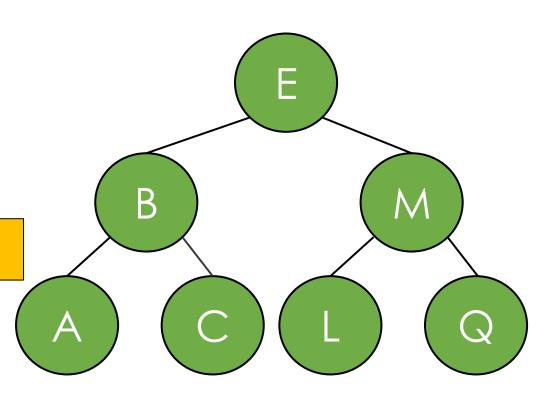
You could also solve it with iteration by keeping track of your current node.

If you want more help, we walk through this in a support video.

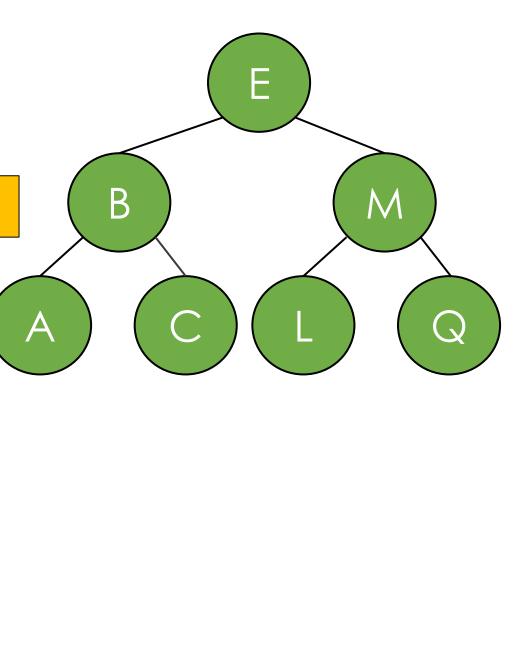
Next step

Insertion and deletion in a BST

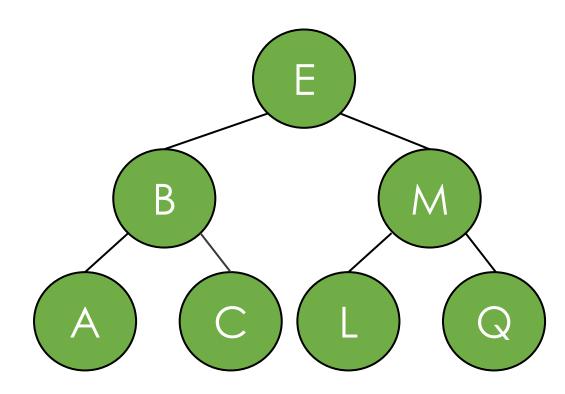
```
Return if item is in the tree
// rooted at node
contains(item):
 curr = root
                    Start at root
 while (curr != null) {
   if (node.val == item)
     return true
   else if (node.val < item)
     curr = node.right
   else // node.val > item
     curr = node.left
```



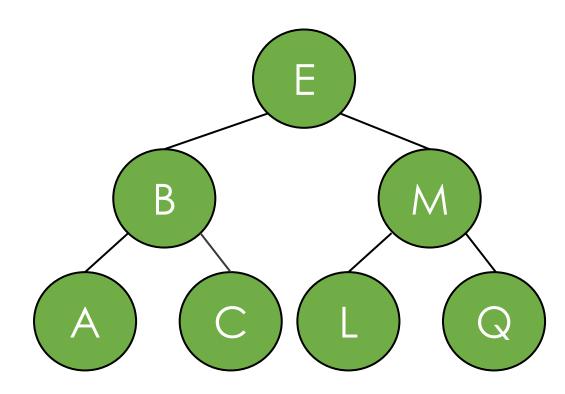
```
BST: Contains Algorithm
   Return if item is in the tree
// rooted at node
contains(item):
                     Start at root
 curr = root
 while (curr != null) {
  if (node.val == item)
     return true
  else if (node.val < item)
     curr = node.right
  else // node.val > item
     curr = node.left
```



```
Return if item is in the tree
// rooted at node
contains(item):
 curr = root
 while (curr != null) {
   if (node.val == item)
     return true
   else if (node.val < item)
     curr = node.right
   else // node.val > item
     curr = node.left
```



```
Return if item is in the tree
// rooted at node
contains(item):
 curr = root
 while (curr != null) {
   if (node.val == item)
     return true
   else if (node.val < item)
     curr = node.right
   else // node.val > item
     curr = node.left
```



```
BST: Contains Algorithm
   Return if item is in the tree
  rooted at node
contains(item, node):
 if (node == null)
                           Tree's empty
    return false
 else if (node.val == item)
    return true
 else if (node.val < item)
    return contains(item, node.right)
 else // node.val > item
    return contains(item, node.left)
```

```
Return if item is in the tree
// rooted at node
contains(item, node):
 if (node == null)
                         Found it!
    return false
 else if (node.val == item)
    return true
 else if (node.val < item)
    return contains(item, node.right)
 else // node.val > item
    return contains(item, node.left)
```

B

```
BST: Contains Algorithm
   Return if item is in the tree
  rooted at node
contains(item, node):
                                       B
 if (node == null)
    return false
 else if (node.val == item)
    return true
                             Look right
 else if (node.val < item)
    return contains(item, node.right)
 else // node.val > item
    return contains(item, node.left)
```

```
Return if item is in the tree
  rooted at node
contains(item, node):
                                        B
 if (node == null)
    return false
 else if (node.val == item)
    return true
                               Look left
 else if (node.val < item)
    return contains(ite node.right)
 else // node.val > item
    return contains(item, node.left)
```