

Prompt

Scratchpad

Our Solution(s)

Video Explanation

**Difficulty:** ■ **Category:** Sorting **Successful Submissions:** 6,008+

## Heap Sort ○ ☆

Write a function that takes in an array of integers and returns a sorted version of that array. Use the Heap Sort algorithm to sort the array.

If you're unfamiliar with Heap Sort, we recommend watching the Conceptual Overview section of this question's video explanation before starting to code.

### Sample Input

```
array = [8, 5, 2, 9, 5, 6, 3]
```

### Sample Output

```
[2, 3, 5, 5, 6, 8, 9]
```

## Hints

### Hint 1 ▲

Divide the input array into two subarrays in place. The second subarray should be sorted at all times and should start with a length of 0, while the first subarray should be transformed into a max (or min) heap and should satisfy the heap property at all times.

### Hint 2 ▲

Note that the largest (or smallest) value of the heap should be at the very beginning of the newly-built heap. Start by swapping this value with the last value in the heap; the largest (or smallest) value in the array should now be in its correct position in the sorted subarray, which should now have a length

of 1; the heap should now be one element smaller, with its first element out of place. Apply the "sift down" method of the heap to re-position this out-of-place value.

### Hint 3

Repeat the step mentioned in Hint #2 until the heap is left with only one value, at which point the entire array should be sorted.

### Optimal Space & Time Complexity

Best:  $O(n \log(n))$  time |  $O(1)$  space - where  $n$  is the length of the input array  
Average:  $O(n \log(n))$  time |  $O(1)$  space - where  $n$  is the length of the input array  
Worst:  $O(n \log(n))$  time |  $O(1)$  space - where  $n$  is the length of the input array