

Inspiring Excellence

Course Title: Programming Language II
Course Code: CSE 111

Lab Assignment no: 5

Write a class called Circle with the required constructor and methods to get the following output.

Subtasks:

- 1. Create a class called Circle.
- 2. Create the required **constructor**. Use **Encapsulation** to protect the variables. [**Hint**: Assign the variables in **private**]
- 3. Create **getRadius()** and **setRadius()** method to access variables.
- 4. Create a **method** called area to calculate the area of circles.

[You are not allowed to change the code below]

Write your code here for subtasks 1-5

c1 = Circle(4)

print("First circle radius:" , c1.getRadius())

print("First circle area:" , c1.area())

c2 = Circle(5)

print("Second circle radius:", c2.getRadius())

print("Second circle area:", c2.area())

Output:

First circle radius: 4

First circle area: 50.26548245743669

Second circle radius: 5

Second circle area: 78.53981633974483

Write a class called Triangle with the required constructor and methods to get the following output.

Subtasks:

- 1. Create a **class** called Triangle.
- 2. Create the required **constructor**. Use **Encapsulation** to protect the variables. [**Hint**: Assign the variables in **private**]
- 3. Create **getBase()**, **getHeight()**, **setBase()** and **setHeight()** methods to access variables.
- 4. Create a **method** called area to calculate the area of triangles.

[You are not allowed to change the code below]

Write your code here for subtasks 1-5 **Output:** First Triangle Base: 10 t1 = Triangle(10, 5)First Triangle Height: 5 print("First Triangle Base:" , t1.getBase()) First Triangle area: 25.0 print("First Triangle Height:" , t1.getHeight()) Second Triangle Base: 5 print("First Triangle area:" ,t1.area()) Second Triangle Height: 3 Second Triangle area: 7.5 t2 = Triangle(5, 3)print("Second Triangle Base:" , t2.getBase()) print("Second Triangle Height:" , t2.getHeight()) print("Second Triangle area:" ,t2.area())

Design the program to get the output as shown.

Subtasks:

- 1. You will need to create 2 classes: Teacher and Course
- 2. Make all the variables in the Teacher class **private**.
- 3. Make all the variables in the Course class public.
- 4. Write the required codes in the Teacher and Course classes.

[You are not allowed to change the code below]

# Write your code here for subtasks 1-4	Output:
t1 = Teacher("Saad Abdullah", "CSE") t2 = Teacher("Mumit Khan", "CSE") t3 = Teacher("Sadia Kazi", "CSE") c1 = Course("CSE 110 Programming Language I") c2 = Course("CSE 111 Programming Language-II") c3 = Course("CSE 220 Data Structures") c4 = Course("CSE 221 Algorithms") c5 = Course("CSE 230 Discrete Mathematics") c6 = Course("CSE 310 Object Oriented Programming") c7 = Course("CSE 320 Data Communications") c8 = Course("CSE 340 Computer Architecture") t1.addCourse(c1) t1.addCourse(c2) t2.addCourse(c3) t2.addCourse(c4) t2.addCourse(c5) t3.addCourse(c6) t3.addCourse(c7) t3.addCourse(c8) t1.printDetail() t2.printDetail() t3.printDetail()	Name: Saad Abdullah Department: CSE List of courses
	CSE 110 Programming Language I CSE 111 Programming Language-II
	Name: Mumit Khan Department: CSE List of courses
	CSE 220 Data Structures CSE 221 Algorithms CSE 230 Discrete Mathematics
	Name: Sadia Kazi Department: CSE List of courses
	CSE 310 Object Oriented Programming CSE 320 Data Communications CSE 340 Computer Architecture

Design the program to get the output as shown.

Subtasks:

- 1. You will need to create 2 classes: Team and Player
- 2. Make all the variables in the Team class private.
- 3. Make all the variables in the Player class public.
- 4. Write the required codes in the Team and Player classes

Hints:

- Create a list in team class to store the player's name in that list
- Use constructor overloading technique for Team class

[You are not allowed to change the code below]

# Write your code here for subtasks 1-4	Output:
b = Team() b.setName('Bangladesh') mashrafi = Player("Mashrafi") b.addPlayer(mashrafi) tamim = Player("Tamim") b.addPlayer(tamim) b.printDetail() a = Team("Australia") ponting = Player("Ponting") a.addPlayer(ponting) lee = Player("Lee") a.addPlayer(lee) a.printDetail()	Team: Bangladesh List of Players: ['Mashrafi', 'Tamim'] ====================================

Design the Student and the Usis class so that the following output is produced.

Note:

- 1. A student's email, password, and login status are None by default while creating an object of the Student class.
- 2. Your code should satisfy the conditions mentioned in the output only.

Driver Code	Output
rakib = Student("Rakib", 12301455, "CSE") print("1************************************	Student object is created! 1***********************************

Design the required class/es so that the following output is generated.

[Hint: If you have stops at A, B, and C the fare from A to B is \$100, A to C is \$200 and B to C is \$100]

Driver Code	Output
t1 = Train('T1-Express','New York','Manhattan','Brooklyn','Boston') print("1==========""") p1 = Passenger("Naruto") t1.addPassenger(p1) p2 = Passenger("Sasuke","Manhattan") p3 = Passenger("Hinata","Manhattan","Brooklyn") print("2=========="") t1.addPassenger(p2,p3) print("3==========="") t1.allPassengerDetails() print("4============"") t2 = Train('Europe-Express','London','Paris','Brussels','Turkey') print("5============="") p4 = Passenger("Max","London","Brussels") p5 = Passenger("Mike","Brussels") t2.addPassenger(p4,p5,p6) print("6============"") t2.allPassengerDetails()	Welcome aboard on T1-Express Start: New York Destination: Boston 1====================================

Design the required class/es so that the following output is generated. Read the following description:

- 1. You may assume that to board a bus, a student must have the bus pass, and his/her destination must match the route of the bus.
- 2. Additionally, the default maximum capacity of the bus is 2.

Driver Code	Output
st1 = BracuStudent("Afif", "Mirpur")	1======================================
print("1=======")	Student Name: Afif
st2 = BracuStudent("Shanto", "Motijheel")	Lives in Mirpur
1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Have Bus Pass? False Student Name: Shanto
st3 = BracuStudent("Taskin", "Mirpur")	Lives in Motijheel
st1.show_details()	Have Bus Pass? False
st2.show_details()	2======================================
print("2======")	Student Name: Taskin
st3.show_details()	Lives in Mirpur Have Bus Pass? False
print("3=======")	3======================================
bus1 = BracuBus("Mirpur")	Bus Route: Mirpur
bus2 = BracuBus("Azimpur", 5)	Passengers Count: 0 (Max: 2)
bus1.show_details()	Passengers On Board: [] Bus Route: Azimpur
bus2.show_details()	Passengers Count: 0 (Max: 5)
print("4======"")	Passengers On Board: []
· · ·	4======================================
st2.get_pass()	5=====================================
st3.get_pass()	Lives in Motijheel
print("5======")	Have Bus Pass? True
st2.show_details()	Student Name: Taskin
st3.show_details()	Lives in Mirpur Have Bus Pass? True
print("6======"")	6=====================================
bus1.board()	No passenger!
print("7======"")	7=====================================
bus1.board(st1, st2)	You got on wrong bus!
print("8======"")	8======================================
st1.get_pass()	Student Name: Afif
st2.home = "Mirpur"	Lives in Mirpur Have Bus Pass? True
st1.show_details()	Student Name: Shanto
st2.show_details()	Lives in Mirpur
print("9======"")	Have Bus Pass? True
bus1.board(st1, st2, st3)	Afif boarded the bus.
	Shanto boarded the bus.
print("10======"")	Bus is full!
bus1.show_details()	10====================================
	Passengers Count: 2 (Max: 2)
	Passengers On Board: ['Afif', 'Shanto']

Design the required class/es so that the following output is generated.

Read the following description:

- The Library class has two dictionaries: one contains borrower information(the name of borrowers and the number of books they borrowed) and the other contains book availability information (book type and their remaining number)
- A reader cannot borrow more than 5 books.
- If a book's availability is 0 in the Library, then the reader cannot borrow that book.
- The readerInfo method in the Reader class prints the type and the number of all books borrowed if no parameter is passed, else it prints the number of books borrowed of the specific type mentioned in the parameter. You may use the default argument for this.

Driver Code	Output
L1=Library('Dhaka', {'Arts':15, 'Fiction':135, 'Politics':2, 'Science':11,' Poetry':15}) L1.details() print("1") r1=Reader('Aladdin') r1.borrow(L1, 'Arts', 'Fiction', 'Fiction', 'Politics') print("2") r1.borrow(L1, 'Politics', 'Fiction') print("3") r1.readerInfo() print("4") r1.readerInfo('Fiction') print("5") L1.details() print("6") r2=Reader('Jasmine') r2.borrow(L1, 'Politics', 'Poetry') print("7") r2.readerInfo()	Dhaka Library details Borrower details: {} Books availability: {'Arts': 15, 'Fiction': 135, 'Politics': 2, 'Science': 11, 'Poetry': 15} 1
print("8") L1.details()	6 Politics books are not available at the moment. Poetry book is borrowed successfully. 7

Jasmine, you have 1 book(s) with you. Books on Poetry: 1 8 Dhaka Library details
Borrower details: {'Aladdin': 5, 'Jasmine': 1} Books availability: {'Arts': 14, 'Fiction': 133, 'Politics': 0, 'Science': 11, 'Poetry': 14}