# Report for login at 2024-06-17

**Enkidu by Debrunbaix.** 

# **Summary**

- General Information
- Security of the Binary
- Strings
- Assembly Code
- Code Analysis
- Exploits
- Credits

# **Enumeration**

### **Binary Information**

File Name	Path	Format	Bit
login	app/testFile/login	ELF	32-bit

This information comes from the **file** command.

# **Security of the Binary**

Basic Security Features				
Linked	Stripped	RELRO	Canary	
dynamically linked	no	partial	no	

Advanced Security Mechanisms				
NX	PIE	RPath		
no	no	no		

Security Meta-Information				
RunPath	Symbols	Fortify Source		
no	yes	no		

This information comes from the **checksec** command.

### **Strings**

- Enter admin password:
- pass
- Correct Password!
- Incorrect Password!
- Successfully logged in as Admin (authorised=%d):)
- Failed to log in as Admin (authorised=%d) :(
- login.c
- .note.gnu.build-id

This information comes from Binary secions and the **strings** command.

#### **Vulnerable Functions**

- gets
- printf

### **Libraries**

- linux-gate.so.1
- libc.so.6
- /lib/ld-linux.so.2

This information comes from the **Idd** command.

### **Assembly Code**

```
xor ebp, ebp
pop esi
mov ecx, esp
and esp, 0xfffffff0
push eax
push esp
push edx
call 0x80490b3
add ebx, 0x2f70
lea eax, [ebx - 0x2d40]
push eax
lea eax, [ebx - 0x2da0]
push eax
push ecx
push esi
mov eax, 0x8049192
push eax
call 0x8049070
hlt
mov ebx, dword ptr [esp]
ret
nop
nop
nop
nop
nop
ret
nop
nop
nop
nop
nop
nop
nop
```

```
nop
mov ebx, dword ptr [esp]
ret
nop
nop
nop
nop
nop
nop
mov eax, 0x804c028
cmp eax, 0x804c028
je 0x8049110
mov eax, 0
test eax, eax
je 0x8049110
push ebp
mov ebp, esp
sub esp, 0x14
push 0x804c028
call eax
add esp, 0x10
leave
ret
lea esi, [esi]
nop
ret
lea esi, [esi]
lea esi, [esi]
nop
mov eax, 0x804c028
sub eax, 0x804c028
mov edx, eax
shr eax, 0x1f
sar edx, 2
add eax, edx
sar eax, 1
je 0x8049158
```

```
mov edx, 0
test edx, edx
je 0x8049158
push ebp
mov ebp, esp
sub esp, 0x10
push eax
push 0x804c028
call edx
add esp, 0x10
leave
ret
lea esi, [esi]
ret
lea esi, [esi]
cmp byte ptr [0x804c028], 0
jne 0x8049180
push ebp
mov ebp, esp
sub esp, 8
call 0x80490e0
mov byte ptr [0x804c028], 1
leave
ret
lea esi, [esi]
ret
lea esi, [esi]
lea esi, [esi]
nop
jmp 0x8049120
lea ecx, [esp + 4]
and esp, 0xffffff0
push dword ptr [ecx - 4]
push ebp
mov ebp, esp
push ebx
push ecx
```

```
sub esp, 0x10
call 0x80490d0
add ebx, 0x2e57
mov dword ptr [ebp - 0xc], 0
sub esp, 0xc
lea eax, [ebx - 0x1ff8]
push eax
call 0x8049060
add esp, 0x10
sub esp, 0xc
lea eax, [ebp - 0x12]
push eax
call 0x8049050
add esp, 0x10
sub esp, 8
lea eax, [ebx - 0x1fe1]
push eax
lea eax, [ebp - 0x12]
push eax
call 0x8049030
add esp, 0x10
test eax, eax
ine 0x804920c
sub esp, 0xc
lea eax, [ebx - 0x1fdc]
push eax
call 0x8049060
add esp, 0x10
mov dword ptr [ebp - 0xc], 1
jmp 0x804921e
sub esp, 0xc
lea eax, [ebx - 0x1fca]
push eax
call 0x8049060
add esp, 0x10
cmp dword ptr [ebp - 0xc], 0
je 0x804923b
```

```
sub esp, 8
push dword ptr [ebp - 0xc]
lea eax, [ebx - 0x1fb4]
push eax
call 0x8049040
add esp, 0x10
jmp 0x8049250
sub esp, 8
push dword ptr [ebp - 0xc]
lea eax, [ebx - 0x1f80]
push eax
call 0x8049040
add esp, 0x10
mov eax, 0
lea esp, [ebp - 8]
pop ecx
pop ebx
pop ebp
lea esp, [ecx - 4]
ret
nop
push ebp
call 0x80492c1
add ebp, 0x2d9a
push edi
push esi
push ebx
sub esp, 0xc
mov ebx, ebp
mov edi, dword ptr [esp + 0x28]
call 0x8049000
lea ebx, [ebp - 0xf0]
lea eax, [ebp - 0xf4]
sub ebx, eax
sar ebx, 2
je 0x80492b5
xor esi, esi
```

```
lea esi, [esi]
sub esp, 4
push edi
push dword ptr [esp + 0x2c]
push dword ptr [esp + 0x2c]
call dword ptr [ebp + esi*4 - 0xf4]
add esi, 1
add esp, 0x10
cmp ebx, esi
jne 0x8049298
add esp, 0xc
pop ebx
pop esi
pop edi
pop ebp
ret
lea esi, [esi]
ret
mov ebp, dword ptr [esp]
ret
```

This information comes from the Capstone's library and elftools command.

## **Code Analysis**

#### **Pseudo C Code**

#### main.c

```
/* WARNING: Function: x86.get pc thunk.bx replaced with
injection: get pc thunk bx */
undefined4 main(void)
{
  int iVar1;
  char local 1a [6];
  int local 14;
  undefined *local 10;
  local 10 = \&stack0x000000004;
  local 14 = 0;
  puts("Enter admin password: ");
  gets(local 1a);
  iVar1 = strcmp(local 1a, "pass");
  if (iVar1 == 0) {
    puts("Correct Password!");
    local 14 = 1;
  }
  else {
    puts("Incorrect Password!");
  }
  if (local 14 == 0) {
    printf("Failed to log in as Admin (authorised=%d) :
(\n", 0);
 }
  else {
    printf("Successfully logged in as Admin
```

```
(authorised=%d) :)\n",local_14);
}
return 0;
}
```

This information comes from Ghidra CLI.

#### \_start.c

This information comes from Ghidra CLI.

#### \_init.c

```
/* WARNING: Function: __x86.get_pc_thunk.bx replaced with
injection: get_pc_thunk_bx */
int _init(EVP_PKEY_CTX *ctx)

{
   undefined *puVar1;

   puVar1 = PTR___gmon_start___0804bffc;
   if (PTR___gmon_start___0804bffc != (undefined *)0x0) {
      puVar1 = (undefined *)(*(code
   *)PTR___gmon_start___0804bffc)();
   }
   return (int)puVar1;
}
```

This information comes from Ghidra CLI.

# **Exploit**

### **Fuzzing**

Exploit success with this input:

- pass
- login.c

#### **Buffer Overflow**

To determine if a buffer overflow is possible, the process involves injecting progressively larger payloads into the target binary and observing the results. By starting with a small payload and incrementally increasing its size, the goal is to trigger a **segmentation fault**, which indicates a buffer overflow vulnerability. If such a fault occurs, the binary is deemed vulnerable, and the specific payload size at which this happens is noted. This method ensures a systematic approach to identifying potential vulnerabilities within a predefined limit.

The memory of the binary is writable with this offset: 12

### **Credits**

The development of Enkidu utilized various tools and libraries to achieve its functionality:

file: For determining file types.

**checksec**: To check the security properties of binaries.

**strings**: For extracting printable strings from files.

**Idd**: To list dynamic dependencies of executables.

**elftools** & **capstone**: For parsing and analyzing ELF files and disassembling binaries.

**Ghidra**: Used for decompiling binaries into C-like pseudocode through the AnalyseHeadless script.

**ChatGPT API**: For enhancing code comprehension and generating explanatory paragraphs.

**markdown**: For converting text formatted in Markdown to HTML, facilitating report generation.

**WeasyPrint**: To convert HTML documents into PDF files for easy distribution and archiving of reports.