



## 6. Exercise: Estimates and estimators

Exercises due Apr 8, 2020 05:29 IST Completed

### Exercise: Estimates and estimators

3/3 points (graded)

Valerie wants to find an estimator for an unknown random variable  $\Theta$ . She can observe a random variable  $X$  whose distribution satisfies  $\mathbf{E}[X^2 \mid \Theta] = \Theta$ . She goes ahead and observes that  $X$  took a numerical value of 5. She then estimates  $\Theta$  as the square of the observed value, namely, 25.

For each of the following questions, choose the most appropriate answer.

1)  $X^2$  is an

Estimator ▼ ✓ Answer: Estimator

2) 25 is an

Estimate ▼ ✓ Answer: Estimate

3)  $X^3 + 2$  is another (not necessarily good)

Estimator ▼ ✓ Answer: Estimator

### Solution:

In the first and the third cases, we have a random variable  $g(X)$ , which is determined as a function of the observation  $X$ . Such a random variable is called an estimator.

In the second case, we are dealing with the realized numerical value of an estimator, which we call an estimate.



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You have used 1 of 1 attempt

**i** Answers are displayed within the problem

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? 6 - Exercise : Estimates & Estimators

1

It is mentioned that estimates  $\Theta$  is the square of the observed value, namely, 25 . But, the equation is Ex...

? Why  $E[X^2 | \Theta]$  in this problem?

2

 Why isn't  $E[X^2 | \Theta]$  the estimator?

3

According to the lecture definition, an estimator is a random variable that is a function of the data  $X$ , i.e. ...

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