

Developing Back-End Apps with Node.js and Express Module 3 Cheat Sheet: Express Web Application Framework

Package/Method	Description	Code Example
	A dependency of	1. 1
Dependencies in	express version	<pre>1. "dependencies":{"express":"4.x"}</pre>
`package.json`	between 4.0 to 5.0	
	will be declared as:	Copied!
	Cuantas au avenuas	1. 1 2. 2
	Creates an express object which acts	
new express()	as a server	<pre>1. const express = require("express"); 2. const app = new express();</pre>
	application.	
		Copied!
	The listen method	1. 1
	is invoked on the	2. 2 3. 3
	express object with the port number on	4. 4
P O	which the server	1. app.listen(3333, () => {
express.listen()	listens. The	2. console.log("Listening at
	function is	<pre>3. http://localhost:3333)</pre>
	executed when the server starts	4. })
	listening.	Copied!
	This method is	
	meant to serve the	1. 1
	retrieve requests to	2. 2
	the server. The	3. 3 4. 4
	get() method is to be implemented	5. 5
	with two	6. 6
ovnwess got().	parameters; the	 // handles GET queries to end point /user/about/id.
express.get();	first parameter	 app.get("user/about/:id", (req,res)=>{ res.send("Response about user "
	defining the end-	<pre>4. +req.params.id)</pre>
	point and the second parameter	5.
	is a function taking	6. })
	the request-handler	Copied!
	and response- handler.	Copica:
	This method is	
	meant to serve the	
	create requests to	1. 1
	the server. The	2. 2
	post() method is to	3. 3
	be implemented with two	4. 4 5. 5
	parameters: the	1. // handles POST queries to the same end point.
express.post();	first parameter	2. app.post("user/about/:id", (req,res)=>{
	defines the end-	3. res.send("Response about user"
	point and the	<pre>4. +req.params.id) 5. })</pre>
	second parameter is a function taking	
	the request-handler	Copied!
	and response-	
	handler.	
express.use()	This method takes	1. 1 2. 2
	middleware as a	3. 3
	parameter. Middleware acts as	4. 4
	a gatekeeper in the	5. 5 6. 6
	same order that it is	7. 7
	used, before the	8. 8 9. 9
	request reaches the	10. 10
	get() and post()	

```
handlers. The order
                      1. const express = require("express");
                      2. const app = new express();
in which the
                      3. function myLogger(req, res, next){
middleware is
                           req.timeReceived = Date();
chained depends on
                           next();
the order in which
                      6. }
                      7. app.get("/", (req, res)=>{
8. res.send("Request received at
9. "+req.timeReceived+" is a success!")
the .use() method is
used to bind them.
The middleware
myLogger()
function takes three Copied!
parameters, which
are request,
response, and next.
You can define a
method that takes
these three
parameters and
then bind it with
express.use() or
router.use(). Here,
you are creating
middleware named
myLogger and
making the
application use it.
The output
rendered includes
the time the request
is received.
Router-level
middleware is not
                      4. 4
bound to the
                      5. 5
application.
                      6.6
Instead, it is bound
                      7. 7
to an instance
                      8.8
of express.Router().
                     10. 10
You can use
                     11. 11
specific
                     12. 12
middleware for a
                     13. 13
specific route
                     14. 14
instead of having
                     15. 15
                     16. 16
all requests going
through the same
                      1. const express = require("express");
middleware. Here,
                      2. const app = new express();
                      3. let userRouter = express.Router();
the route is /user
                      4. let itemRouter = express.Router();
and you want the
                      5. userRouter.use(function (req, res, next){
request to go
                      console.log("User quert time:", Date());
through the user
                      7.
                           next();
router. Define the
                      8. })
router, define the
                      userRouter.get("/:id", function (req, res,
                     10.
middleware
                           res.send("User "+req.params.id+ " last
function that the
                     12.
                           successful login "+Date())
router will use and
                     13. })
what happens next,
                     14. app.listen(3333, () => {
                           console.log("Listening at http://localhost:3333)
and then you bind
                     15.
                     16. })
the application
route to the router.
                    Copied!
                      1. 1
This is an example
                      2. 2
of static
                      3. 3
middleware that is
                      4.4
used to render
                      5.5
static HTML pages
and the images
                      1. const express = require("express");
from the server
                      2. const app = new express();
side. At the
                      3. app.use(express.static("cad220_staticfiles"))
application level,
                      4. app.listen(3333, () => {
the static files can
                            console.log("Listening at http://localhost:3333")
                      6. })
be rendered from
the
                    Copied!
cad220 staticfiles
```

express.Router()

express.static()

directory. Notice

```
that the URL has
                      only the server
                      address and the
                      port number
                      followed by the
                      filename.
                                           2. 2
                                            3. 3
                                            4. 4
                                            5.5
                      Used for signing-in
                      based on a
                                            1. if (uname === "user" && pwd === "password") {
jsonwebtoken.sign()
                      generated JWT
                                            2.
                                                   return res.json({
                      (JSON Web token)
                                                     token: jsonwebtoken.sign({ user: "user" }, JWT_SECRET),
                                            4.
                                                   });
                                            5.
                                                 }
                                          Copied!
                      Verifies a JWT by
                      passing the token
                                            1. const verificationStatus = jsonwebtoken.verify(tokenValue, "aVeryVerySecretString");
jsonwebtoken.verify() value & the JWT
                      secret as
                                          Copied!
                      arguments.
                                            1. 1
                                            2. 2
                                            3. 3
                                            4. 4
                                            5.5
                                           6. 6
7. 7
                                           8.8
                                           9.9
                                           10. 10
                                           11. 11
                                           12. 12
                                           13. 13
                                          14. 14
                      A fairly established
Project folder
                      project structure

    test-project/

strucure
                      for API's built
                                            2.
                                                  node_modules/
                      using Express.js is:
                                            3.
                                                  config/
                                            4.
                                                    db.js
                                                                     //Database connection and configuration
                                                    credentials.js //Passwords/API keys for external services used by your app
                                            5.
                                            6.
                                                  models/
                                                                      //For mongoose schemas
                                            7.
                                                     items.js
                                            8.
                                                     prices.js
                                            9.
                                                  routes/
                                                                     //All routes for different entities in different files
                                           10.
                                                     items.js
                                           11.
                                                     prices.js
                                           12.
                                                  app.js
                                                  routes.js
                                                                     //Require all routes in this and then require this file in
                                           13.
                                           14.
                                                  package.json
                                          Copied!
```

Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
04-07-2022	1.0	Pallavi	Initial version created
18-10-2022	1.1	K Sundararajan	Cheatsheet updated
17-11-2022	1.2	K Sundararajan	IDSN logo updated based on Beta feedback
29-11-2022	1.3	K Sundararajan	Title updated based on Beta testing feedback

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