EJERGGO 1/

Fabricación de telas genera follos -> 0,85 fallos/150 m.

Se fabrican rollos de 170 m.

Rollos para lonas vinílicas La lo sumo 1 falla

Rollos para toldos X2 bel resto

contidod de follos en rollos de tela de 170m -> Poisson

Parametros - > 1 = 0,85/150 m t= 140 m

m= 1.t= 0,9633

a) Promedios truncados

 $H(X \leq 1) = \frac{H(1)}{F(1)}$ USA formula
H para
POISSON

H(1)= m. F(1-1/m) > Busio en la 0,38163

H(1) = 013676

F(1) = P(x ≤1) = 0, 74926.

M(x = 1) = 0,490649.

 $\mu(x \ge 2) = \frac{J(2)}{G(2)}$ Posa vociables

Olischetas uso $\mu(x \ge 2) = \frac{J(2)}{G(2)}$ $\mu = H(r) + J(r+1)$

M=E(x)=m← M=H(1)+J(2) 0,9633 = 0,3676 + J(2) J(2)=0,5957

EJERCICIO 1

Fallas a 12261 0,8f/160 m Rollos de 190 m.

Lonas - a lo sumo 1 falla

Toldos -> el resto.

X - unt. de fellas en rollos de tela de 190m L> POISSON.

2=0,8 f/160m 6= 190m

m=>.t=0,95

a) Promedios trincodos

4(XE1)=H(1) F(1) APP

H(1)= m. F(1-1/m) >0,38674

H(1)= 0,3674.

F(1)= P(X ≤1)= 0, 75414.

M (X & I) = 0,4871

M(x = 2)=](2)

M(x)=E(x)=m = H(1)+ J(1+1) 0,95= 0,3674 + 1(2) J(2)= 0,5826

$$\mu(x \ge 2) = \frac{J(2)}{G(2)} \rightarrow 0,5826$$

$$\mu(x \ge 2) = 2,3696$$

$$\text{nedia cat. bonas} \rightarrow 0,4871$$

$$\text{nedia cat. boldos} \rightarrow 2,3696$$

$$\text{ont. de rollos a extraer}$$

$$\text{Result } x = 4$$

$$\text{P(lona)} = ?$$

$$\text{P(lona)} = P(x \le 1) = 0,75414$$

$$\text{E(R)} = \frac{x}{P} = \frac{4}{0,75414} = 5,364$$

$$\text{e(x)} = \frac{x}{P} = \frac{4}{0,75414} = 5,364$$

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$$\text{e(x)} = \frac{x}{P} = \frac{4}{0,75414} = \frac{5}{0,364}$$

$$\text{e(x)} = \frac{x}{P(x \ge 2)} = \frac{P(x \le 3/x \ge 2)}{P(x \ge 2)} = \frac{P(x \le 3) - P(x \le 4)}{P(x \ge 2)} = \frac{P(x \le 3) - P(x \le 4)}{P(x \ge 2)} = \frac{9,98393 - 0,75414}{0,24586} = 0,9346$$

PROBLEMA 2/

Si el montaje demora menos de 20 días el costo es 3.000 uts mas 80 uts/día.

Si el montaje demore more de 20 días -> 12 uss x de exces

Wracidn del montaje -> 6amma + 1 dos G = 8 dos

$$Q(t) = \sqrt{\frac{x}{\lambda^2}} = 8$$

X=17-X

X= 4,5156 Busio en la App.

b) beterminar E(costo).

(3000 U\$s+ 80 U\$s. tul. si t < 20 C(t) 2 (3000 U\$s+ 80 U\$s. 20 + 12 U\$s (t-20) SI t > 20

C(t)= {3000 u\$s + 80 u\$s.t si t.20 4360 u\$s + 12 u\$s.t si t>20

PROBLEMA 21

mes 60 U\$s/die

Mos de 22 dias 14 uss x olia excedente.

20 días -> 12 uss x die exred + > Diración del montaje

a) P(t < 15) = ? X = 4.5156 Busin en la $\lambda = 0.2656$. App

P(+ LIS)= 0,45955

6) Deferminar E (costo)

(3,500 uss + 60 uss. t si t <22

(3.500 USS + 60 USS. 22+ 14 USS (t-22) Sit) 2

C(t) 4,512 Uss + 14 Uss. + 51 + 22

E[C(t)]= 3.500. F(22)+60. H(22)+

+ 4512. G(22) + 14. J(22)

F(22) = P(t<22) = 0,76621

H(22) = = = = F(x/(+1; 1)

H(22) = 4,5156. 0,60974

H(22) = 10,36649

$$E[C(t)] = 3000.F(20) + 80.H(20) +
+ 4360.G(20) + 12.J(20) = ?
H(20) = $(x/x+1)\lambda$
 $($$$

$$G(22) = P(t) 22) = 0,23349$$

$$J(22) = M - H(22) = 17 - 10,36649$$

$$J(22) = 6,6335$$

$$E[C(t)] = 4451,45388$$
C) Promedio truncodo poro t>22
$$M(t) 22) = \frac{J(22)}{G(22)} = 28,3737$$

PROBLEMA 3

Ancho marco -> Normal

J (M)

M= 24 P

INDEPENDIENTES G=1/8P

Ancho pierta -> Normal

P 1= 23,875p J= 1/16 P

a) Nueva voriable

boilerencia marco y andio preste

D= MP

Da Normal (ps, Js) por

PROPIEDAD REPRODUCTIVA

E(D)= MD= E(M-P) =

= E(M) - E(P) =

= MM - MP =

= 24 -5 23,875=

= 0,125

Var(D) = G2 = Var (M-1P) =

= Var (M) + Var (P) =

 $=(1/8)^2+(1/16)^2=0,0195$

GA = J0,0195 = 0, 1396

6) P(D>1/4)=?

 $Z = \frac{D-\mu}{G} = \frac{1/4 - 0.125}{0.1396} = 0.8954$

P(D>1/4)=0,18529

PROBLEMA 3

Andro morco -> Normal

INDEP. 1/6

Ancho Puerta -> Normal

M= 22,672

T= 1/16.

a) Nueva variable

Ly Differencia marco y ancho puerto

D= M-P

DN Normal (UD, TD) Por

PROPIEDAS REPRODUCTIVA

E(D)= MD = E(M-P) =

= E(M)-E(P)=

= MH - MP =

= 25- 22,672= 2,328

Vor(D)= GD = Vor (M-P)=

= Var(n)+ Var(P)=

= (1/6) 2 + (1/16) 2 = 0,03168

JD=10,03168=0,1779

6) P(D>8/3)=?

 $Z = \frac{D-M}{G} = \frac{8/3 - 2,328}{0,1779} = 1,90369$

P(D)8/3) = 0,02848