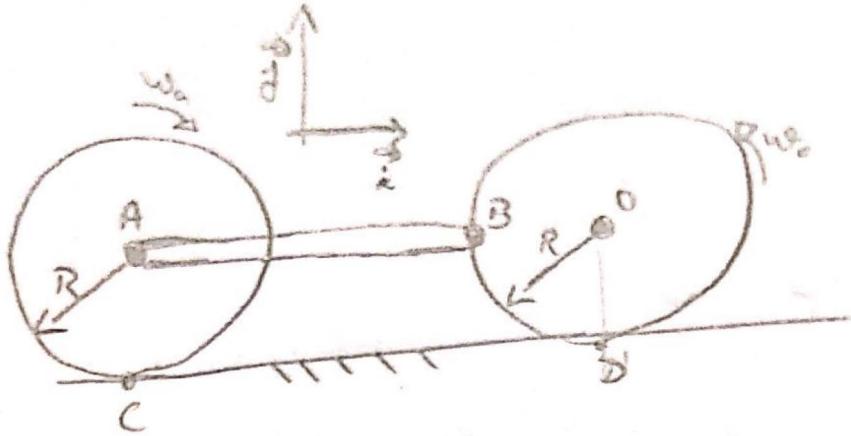


1-



$$a) \vec{V}_A = \vec{V}_C + \omega_a \wedge (A - C)$$

$$(\vec{V}_C = 0)$$

$$\vec{V}_A = -\omega_a \vec{k} \wedge (R \vec{j})$$

$$V_A \vec{i} = \omega_a R \vec{i}$$

$$\omega_a = \frac{V_A}{R} \Rightarrow |\omega_a| = \frac{V_A}{R}$$

$$b) \vec{V}_B = \vec{V}_A + \vec{\omega}_{ab} \wedge (O - B)$$

$$\vec{V}_B = V_A \vec{i} + (\omega_{ab} l \vec{j})$$

$$V_0 = \vec{V}_D + \omega_0 \wedge (C - D)$$

$$V_0 = -\omega_0 \vec{k} \wedge (C, D)$$

$$V_0 = R \omega_0 i$$

$$V_B = V_0 + \omega_0 \wedge (B - O)$$

$$V_A \vec{i} + \omega_{ab} l \vec{j} = R \omega_0 \vec{i} + \omega_0 R \vec{j}$$

En:

$$V_A = R \cdot \omega_0$$

$$\omega_0 = \frac{V_A}{R} \Rightarrow |\omega_0| = \frac{V_A}{R}$$

$$c) \vec{j}$$

en j

$$\omega_{ab} l = \omega_0 R$$

$$\omega_{ab} = \frac{\omega_0 R}{l} = \frac{V_A R}{R l}$$

$$|\omega_{ab}| = \frac{V_A}{l}$$