

SEGURANÇA CIBERNÉTICA

CM4002 – Segurança Cibernética – Cisco Networking Academy

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SEGURANÇA CIBERNÉTICA

Agenda

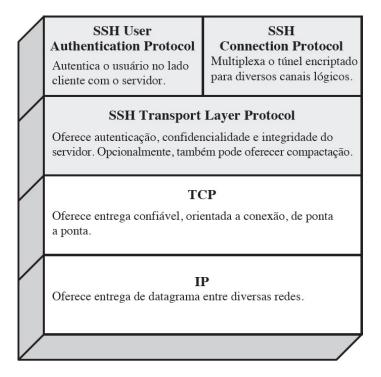
Configuração Segura do Servidor SSH



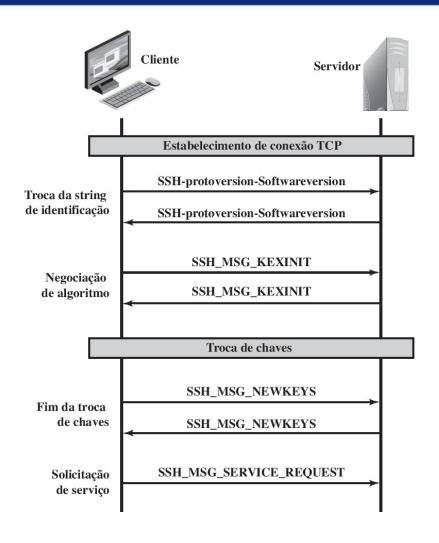
- RFCs 4250 e 4256;
- Protocolo para comunicações de redes seguras;
- Simples de se utilizar;
- Fácil implementação;
- Substituição do Telnet e outros;
- Transferência de arquivos.



• Secure Shell (SSH) é um protocolo para as comunicações de rede seguras, projetado para ser relativamente simples e pouco dispendioso de ser implementado:









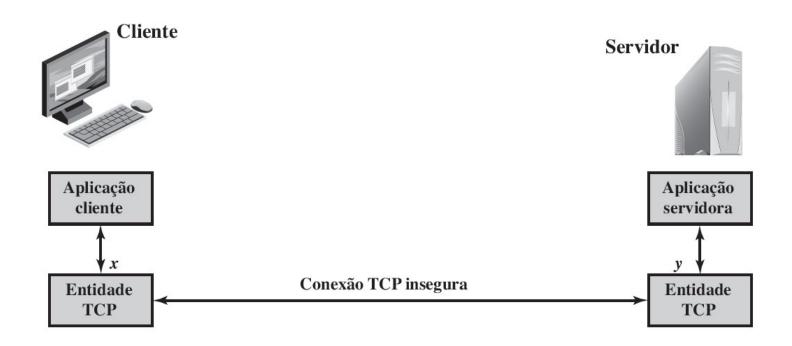
• Algoritmos criptográficos do SSH Transport Layer:

Cifra	
3des-cbc*	3DES com três chaves no modo CBC
blowfish-cbc	Blowfish no modo CBC
twofish256-cbc	Twofish no modo CBC com chave de 256 bits
twofish192-cbc	Twofish com chave de 192 bits
twofish128-cbc	Twofish com chave de 128 bits
aes256-cbc	AES no modo CBC com chave de 256 bits
aes192-cbc	AES com chave de 192 bits
aes128-cbc**	AES com chave de 128 bits
Serpent256-cbc	Serpent no modo CBC com chave de 256 bits
Serpent192-cbc	Serpent com chave de 192 bits
Serpent128-cbc	Serpent com chave de 128 bits
arcfour	RC4 com chave de 128 bits
cast128-cbc	CAST-128 no modo CBC

Algoritmo MAC	
hmac-sha1*	HMAC-SHA1; tamanho do resumo = tamanho da chave = 20
hmac-shal-96**	Primeiros 96 bits do HMAC-SHA1; tamanho do resumo = 12; tama- nho da chave = 20
hmac-md5	HMAC-MD5; tamanho do resumo = tamanho da chave = 16
hmac-md5-96	Primeiros 96 bits do HMAC-MD5; tamanho do resumo = 12; tama- nho da chave = 16

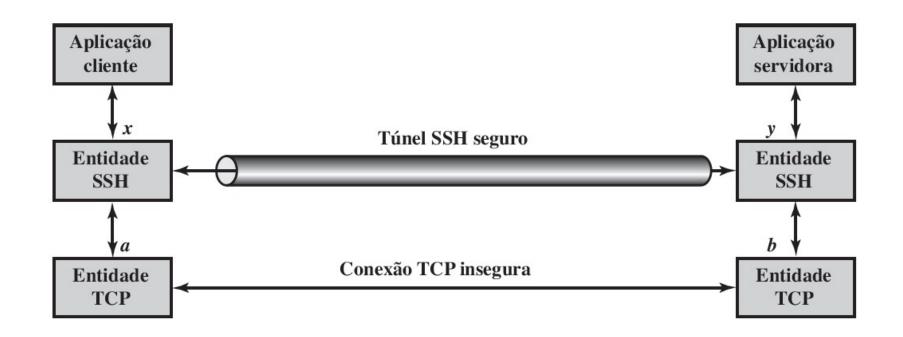
Algoritmo de compactação	
none*	Sem compactação
zlib	Definido na RFC 1950 e RFC 1951





(a) Conexão via TCP





(b) Conexão via túnel SSH



SERVIDOR SSH

- Instalando o pacote ssh no servidor
 - > apt-get install openssh-server
- Configurando o servidor
 - nano/etc/ssh/sshd_config



nano /etc/ssh/sshd_config

- ➤ Port 22 # alterar a porta padrão → Port 3333 (exemplo)
- ➤ MaxAuthTries 3 # quantidade máxima de tentativas para se conectar
- > AllowUsers ubuntu # permite que apenas esse usuário possa realizar o login nesse servidor
- ➤ PermitRootLogin # não permite acesso ao root
- ➤ PasswordAuthentication no # não permite conexões usando senhas



Verificando os serviços

```
root@kali:~# nmap 192.168.56.116
Starting Nmap 7.70 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-06-22 11:25 EDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.116
Host is up (0.00061s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed ports
PORT STATE SERVICE
21/tcp
        open ftp
22/tcp open ssh
        open telnet
23/tcp
25/tcp
        open smtp
53/tcp
        open domain
80/tcp
        open
              http
```



■ Alterando a portas no servidor (22 \rightarrow 3333) Metasploitable2

```
# Package generated configuration file
# See the sshd(8) manpage for details

# What ports, IPs and protocols we listen for
Port 3333
# Use these options to restrict which interfaces/protocols sshd will bind to
#ListenAddress ::
#ListenAddress 0.0.0.0
Protocol 2
# HostKeys for protocol version 2
HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_rsa_key
HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_dsa_key
#Privilege Separation is turned on for security
UsePrivilegeSeparation yes
```

```
root@metasploitable:/home/msfadmin# /etc/init.d/ssh restart
* Restarting OpenBSD Secure Shell server sshd [ OK ]
root@metasploitable:/home/msfadmin#
```



Parâmetro MaxAuthTries 3 - Metasploitable2

```
Subsystem sftp /usr/lib/openssh/sftp-server
UsePAM yes
MaxAuthTries 3
```

```
root@metasploitable:/home/msfadmin# /etc/init.d/ssh restart
* Restarting OpenBSD Secure Shell server sshd [ OK ]
root@metasploitable:/home/msfadmin#
```

```
root@kali:~# ssh user@192.168.56.116 -p 3333
user@192.168.56.116's password:
Permission denied, please try again.
user@192.168.56.116's password:
Received disconnect from 192.168.56.116 port 3333:2: Too many authentication failures for user
Disconnected from 192.168.56.116 port 3333
```



Testando usuários para acesso ao Servidor (msfadmin, user, service)

```
root@kali:~# ssh user@192.168.56.116 -p 3333
user@192.168.56.116's password:
Linux metasploitable 2.6.24-16-server #1 SMP Thu Apr 10 13:58:00 UTC 2008 i686
The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

To access official Ubuntu documentation, please visit:
http://help.ubuntu.com/
Last login: Mon Jun 22 13:47:42 2020 from 192.168.56.103
user@metasploitable:~$
```



 Desabilitando usuários criados para acesso ao Servidor (msfadmin, user, service) e usuário root

```
PermitRootLogin no
```

PasswordAuthentication no

```
root@metasploitable:/home/msfadmin# /etc/init.d/ssh restart
* Restarting OpenBSD Secure Shell server sshd [ OK ]
root@metasploitable:/home/msfadmin#
```

```
root@kali:~# ssh msfadmin@192.168.56.116 -p 3333
msfadmin@192.168.56.116: Permission denied (publickey).
```



Criando usuário no servidor (conexão via chave pública)

```
root@metasploitable:/home/msfadmin# adduser user1
Adding user `user1' ...
Adding new group `user1' (1004) ...
Adding new user `user1' (1004) with group `user1' ...
Creating home directory `/home/user1' ...
Copying files from '/etc/skel' ...
Enter new UNIX password:
Retype new UNIX password:
passwd: password updated successfully
Changing the user information for user1
Enter the new value, or press ENTER for the default
         Full Name []:
         Room Number []:
         Work Phone []:
         Home Phone [1:
         Other []:
Is the information correct? [y/N] y
root@metasploitable:/home/msfadmin#
```



\$ cat /etc/passwd

```
sshd:x:104:65534::/var/run/sshd:/usr/sbin/nologin
msfadmin:x:1000:1000:msfadmin,,,:/home/msfadmin:/bin/bash
bind:x:105:113::/var/cache/bind:/bin/false
postfix:x:106:115::/var/spool/postfix:/bin/false
ftp:x:107:65534::/home/ftp:/bin/false
postgres:x:108:117:PostgreSQL administrator,,,:/var/lib/postgresql:/bin/bash
mysql:x:109:118:MySQL Server,,,:/var/lib/mysql:/bin/false
tomcat55:x:110:65534::/usr/share/tomcat5.5:/bin/false
distccd:x:111:65534::/:/bin/false
user:x:1001:1001:just a user,111,,:/home/user:/bin/bash
service:x:1002:1002:,,,:/home/service:/bin/bash
telnetd:x:112:120::/nonexistent:/bin/false
proftpd:x:113:65534::/var/run/proftpd:/bin/false
statd:x:114:65534::/var/lib/nfs:/bin/false
snmp:x:115:65534::/var/lib/snmp:/bin/false
user1:x:1003:1003:,,,:/home/user1:/bin/bash
```



Habilitando o parâmetro "AllowUsers" para acesso ao usuário via chave pública

```
AllowUsers user1
```

```
root@metasploitable:/home/msfadmin# /etc/init.d/ssh restart
* Restarting OpenBSD Secure Shell server sshd [ OK ]
root@metasploitable:/home/msfadmin#
```



ETAPAS DE UMA CONEXÃO SSH





GERAÇÃO DE CHAVES (CLIENTE SSH)

\$ ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096 # gerando o par de chaves

```
root@kali:~# ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/root/.ssh/id rsa): /root/
rsa already exists.
Overwrite (y/n)? y
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in /root/.ssh/id rsa.
Your public key has been saved in /root/.ssh/id rsa.pub.
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:o1G9ksermXnbpZ1G+DtW+VFSmJFoMKtcePVZNzN7GtY root@kali
The key's randomart image is:
+---[RSA 4096]----+
           0....00
          o +o.++B|
         =...00+0
     [SHA256]----+
```



GERAÇÃO DE CHAVES (CLIENTE SSH)

■ \$ ls -l /root/.ssh # verificando o par de chaves gerado

```
root@kali:~# ls -l /root/.ssh
total 20
-rw----- 1 root root 3414 Jun 22 12:41 id_rsa
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 735 Jun 22 12:41 id_rsa.pub
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 5026 Jun 16 09:07 known_hosts
```

• \$ cat /root/.ssh/id rsa.pub # visualizando a chave pública

root@kali:~# cat /root/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaClyc2EAAAADAQABAAACAQDVRf9a6yqoRY2W6u6bbIMBUbMgTfTDqZ
X3z9uj0Zv2CAJkp5AqniHjfWzPPJ433eiSzgHFZBVoXPDU7ohEJru5Jcmq+0j0MmgFGAbJ
ScKHmEIcDD7uTpju0/P0nAhUQrowIXee2RCAJzQlajTa9IYiPb/oec42IqpuzB756xUWtZ
J0ixlg28LKLzF3tGjDiyxjy1ppMS5PfeIz56g0NN+sdD233fi1RoUGrLSIAC3d8aH1/4dM
NKsh4BcW+9Zhzga81UfqB0PvTuc81ZXEw6iu/nYSQHoC0iGsq/Rv22stx7t95ctT2TV4uo
2lglE2zj4fjWuyJXbL50jL3JzDNvVpQKu2KSkJpfYThab6S4um1aK9bFJ2QhH+3kpmpgHQ
LZVXQQRLJ3y1YTMLQGZKs/KgklpUL40sPL5uTDJTaDSs6wF3AICT0G4PI4E/9ISRml+n63
46vMwZtDk+EFJ7VMlsZJHV34hcJ61TtdjkN9DlGdJeWB/FMOVl+WM16azmDd6nf5q6uhZ2
DRvwPVlzH/Nt8xhzD59g+9AqTbyTMzNF/0QSz0NcAA2x/CLDL3fJf96DB9+ty8+p4z+NB9
jrkp3b0rjinBaVoaS0ZvcIXA1Nr7pbE62yLas0k+nmuz3FAaWoCsIDVL2pJhCihZv6IxwB
lFIn0GzReYBpcyN68NkDHQ== root@kali



ENVIANDO A CHAVE PÚBLICA PARA O SERVIDOR

• \$ ssh-copy-id -i /root/.ssh/id_rsa.pub user1@192.168.56.116 -p 3333 # enviando a chave pública para o servidor

```
root@kal1:~# ssh-copy-id -1 /root/.ssh/id_rsa.pub userl@192.168.56.116 -p 3333
/usr/bin/ssh-copy-id: INFO: Source of key(s) to be installed: "/root/.ssh/id_rsa.pub"
/usr/bin/ssh-copy-id: INFO: attempting to log in with the new key(s), to filter out any that are already installed
/usr/bin/ssh-copy-id: INFO: 1 key(s) remain to be installed -- if you are prompted now it is to install the new keys
userl@192.168.56.116's password:
Number of key(s) added: 1
```



VERIFICANDO O SERVIDOR

\$ cat .ssh/authorized_keys # verificando a chave pública no servidor

root@metasploitable:/home/msfadmin# cat .ssh/authorized_keys
ssh-dss AAAAB3NzaC1kc3MAAACBANWgcbHvxF2YRX0gTizyoZazzHiU5+63hKFOhzJch8dZQpFU5gGk
DkZ30rC4jrNqCXNDN50RA4ylcNt078B/I4+5YCZ39faSiXIoLfi8tOVWtTtg3lkuv3eSV0zuSGeqZPHM
tep6iizQA5yoClkCyj8swXH+cPBG5uRPiXYL911rAAAAFQDL+pKrLy6vy9HCywXWZ/jcPpPHEQAAAIAg
t+cN3fDT1RRCYz/VmqfUsqW4jtZ06kvx3L8ZTZZ1YVeXe79Z9JWeu9d30B+NeE8EopMiWaTZTOWI+Okz
xSAGyuTskue4nvGCfxnDr58xa1pZcS066R5jCSARMHU6WBWId3MYzsJNZqTN4uoRa4tIFwM8X99K0UUV
mLvNbPByEAAAAIBNfKRDwM/QnEpdRTTsRBh9rALq6eDbLNbu/5gozf4Fv1Dt1Zmq5ZxtXeQtW5BYyorI
LRZ5/Y4pChRa01bxTRSJah0RJk5wxAUPZZ8ZN07fzcJyVlBojMvPlbAplpSiecCuLGX7G04Ie8SFzT+w
CketP9Vrw0PvtUZU3DfrVTCytg== user@metasploitable
root@metasploitable:/home/msfadmin# _



TESTANDO O SERVIÇO COM O SERVIDOR

Testando o serviço com o servidor (acessando com o usuário via chave pública)

```
root@kali:~# ssh user1@192.168.56.116 -p 3333
Linux metasploitable 2.6.24-16-server #1 SMP Thu Apr 10 13:58:00 UTC 2008 i686

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

To access official Ubuntu documentation, please visit:
http://help.ubuntu.com/
Last login: Mon Jun 22 12:38:09 2020 from 192.168.56.103
user1@metasploitable:~$
```



SERVIÇO SFTP

Serviço sftp (transferência de arquivos)

```
root@kali:~# sftp -P 3333 user1@192.168.56.116
Connected to user1@192.168.56.116.
sftp> get arquivo.txt
Fetching /home/user1/arquivo.txt to arquivo.txt
/home/user1/arquivo.txt
sftp> quit
100% 20 15.7KB/s 00:00
```



BIBLIOGRAFIA

Bibliografia:

- STALLINGS, W. Criptografia e Segurança de Redes Princípios e Práticas 6ed., Pearson, 2015.
- RFC4250 e RFC4256. The Secure Shell (SSH). Disponível em: https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4250.txt e https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4256.txt >. Acesso em: 22 junho, 2020.
- Notas de Aula

