(17.04.20) Legelumurechare reaccentine lleng eaguran l Theuseyarthan WAIDE, AA. 10a MA LORY, AND MA, 104, MASTON 20 У тогка в проступнение одногнагно определение ум начаст приморанной системы подушат Och: Ox - och abeyner. Ox 10x 102 0x - och arhunnan. Ox 10x 102 = 0 Egururnue behingen: That ox, I have , That nae morra mocropanenta u, rge el - mandon

Enganaram morre de l'acresse roggerat de l'acresse roggerat de l'acresse roggerate de l'acresse roggerate East all = (x, y, E), mo ul(x, y, E) 2 - abeyesca morren de 4 - organista horan il 7!(x; x, 2) => 3! le the (20, 32, 32) thrulineemae no gropune: d = 2(22-21)2+(42-41)2+(22-84)2 AB 6 consumal of 1 14 (21, 121), B(22, 12, 22), AB 6 consumal of 14 14 14 1 14 1 16 norma in general. morga: 2: 122 y = 4: 1 /2 = 2: + 12 Yaconom augran: M- cogegnan AB, A=1. 2=21+22 1 4= 41-40 2 = 21+20 15.1.1. A(2,3,1) B(-1,5,2), M(2, y; 2); Jemerne: MEDy => M(0; y; 0). 1 All = 1 de B1; 1 All = 2 (30-2) + (y-3) - (0-1)2 1Bell 1= V (0+1)2+(y-5)2+(0-2)2 Jg = -69 + 14 = Jg = -109 + 30 => 4y = 18 => y = 4 => => de(0;4;0)

15.1.4 AB - Objector, A (-2, 4;1), B(2, -4;-3) der de e AB Mach = 1 derdez 1 = 1 dez B1 Laure M1(21, 41, 21), M2(22; 42; 22). 14, - genun 18 2 = 2 = /w.81 mayor $2a + 3ab = -2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3}$ $3a + 3ab = -2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3}$ $3a \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3}$ $3a \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1$ m. E | Ade| = 1 le 1 le 2 = 1 le 2 = 1 le 2 - cepegna (de) Morga: $x_1 + x_2 = \frac{2}{3} + 2 = \frac{4}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$ $x_3 = \frac{2}{2} = \frac{4}{3} + (-4) = \frac{4}{3} = -\frac{4}{3} = \frac{4}{3} = \frac{4}{3$ => (M2 (\$: -\$; -\$))