

№ 7.3.20

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{\sin x} \right) &= [\infty - \infty] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin x - 2}{2 \sin x} \right) = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x - 1}{\sin x + 2 \cos x} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\sin x}{\cos x + \cos x - 2 \sin x} = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\sin x}{2 \cos x - 2 \sin x} = \frac{0}{2} = 0\end{aligned}$$

№ 7.3.21

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x \cdot (e^{\frac{1}{x}} - 1) &= [\infty \cdot 0] = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{\frac{1}{x}} - 1}{\frac{1}{x}} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{\frac{1}{x}} \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)'}{\left(\frac{1}{x} \right)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^{\frac{1}{x}} = e^0 = 1\end{aligned}$$

№ 7.3.22

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(\frac{1}{1-x^2} - \frac{1}{1-x^3} \right) &= [\infty - \infty] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(\frac{1}{(1-x)(1+x)} - \frac{1}{(1-x)(1+x+1)} \right) \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(\frac{(1+x) - (1+x+1)}{(1-x)(1+x)(1+x+1)} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(\frac{-x^2}{(1-x)(1+x)(1+x+1)} \right) = \frac{-1^2}{0 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} = -\frac{1}{6}\end{aligned}$$

Принцип замещения предела

f - непрерывна, тогда $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} (f(g(x))) = f(\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} (g(x)))$

Примеры

1) Степенная функция $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} b^{f(x)} = b^{\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)}$, b - const, $a > 0$

2) Логарифмическая функция $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} (\log_a f(x)) = \log_a (\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x))$, где a - const, $a > 0$, $a \neq 1$

№ 7.3.23

1) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^x = [0^0]$, $y = x^x$ $\ln y = \ln(x^x)$, $\ln y = x \cdot \ln x$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\ln y) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x \cdot \ln x) \Rightarrow \ln(\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} y)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x \cdot \ln x) = [0 \cdot \infty] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln x}{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{x^2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (-x) = 0$$

$$\ln(\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} y) = 0, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} y = e^0, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} y = 1, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 = 0$$

$$2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\cos x)^{\frac{1}{x}} = [1^\infty]$$

$$y = (\cos x)^{\frac{1}{x}}, \quad \ln y = \ln((\cos x)^{\frac{1}{x}}), \quad \ln y = \frac{1}{x} \ln(\cos x)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\ln y) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{x} \ln(\cos x) \right)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{x} \ln(\cos x) \right) = [0 \cdot \infty] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(\cos x)}{x} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\cos x} (-\sin x)}{1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (-\tan x) = 0$$

$$\ln(\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} y) = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} y = e^0 \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} y = 1 \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\cos x)^{\frac{1}{x}} = 1$$

З. 3.24

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^{\frac{1}{x}} = [0^0]$$

$$y = x^{\frac{1}{x}}, \quad \ln y = \frac{1}{x} \ln x, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\ln y) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{x} \ln x \right)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{x} \ln x \right) = [0 \cdot \infty] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\ln x}{x} \right), \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln x}{x} = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{x^2}} = -\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2 x}{x} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = -\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \sin x \cos x}{1} =$$

$$= -\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sin 2x = 0$$

$$\ln(\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} y) = 0 \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} y = e^0 \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x^{\frac{1}{x}}) = 1$$