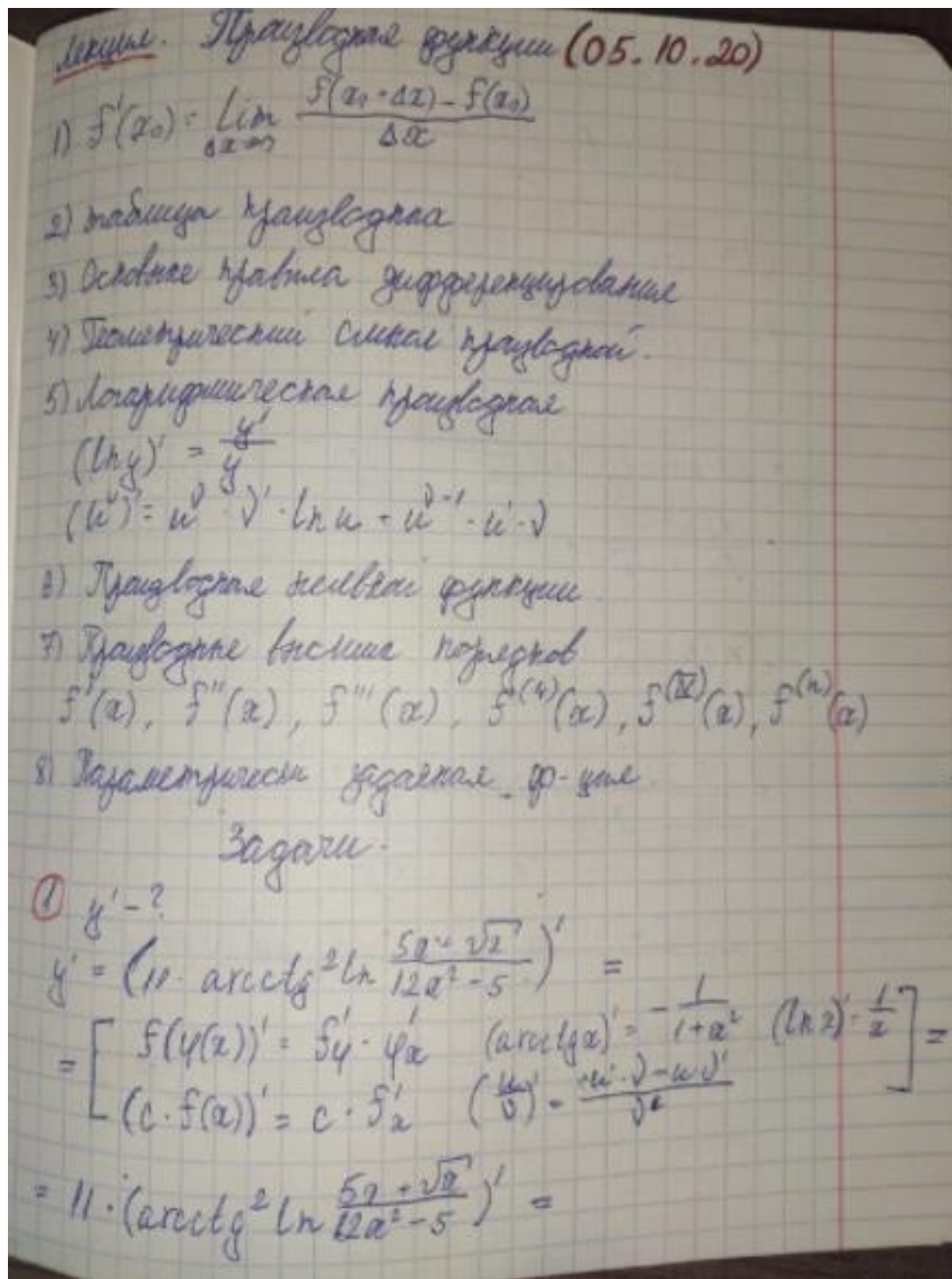


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Группа №1



$$= 11 \cdot 2 \cdot \operatorname{arccotg}^2 \ln \frac{5x + \sqrt{x}}{12x^2 - 5} \cdot (\operatorname{arccotg} \ln \frac{5x + \sqrt{x}}{12x^2 - 5})'$$

$$= 22 \cdot \operatorname{arccotg} \ln \frac{5x + \sqrt{x}}{12x^2 - 5} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{1 + \left(\ln \frac{5x + \sqrt{x}}{12x^2 - 5} \right)^2} \right) \cdot$$

$$\left(\ln \frac{5x + \sqrt{x}}{12x^2 - 5} \right)' = 22 \operatorname{arccotg} \ln \frac{5x + \sqrt{x}}{12x^2 - 5} \cdot$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{1 + \ln^2 \frac{5x + \sqrt{x}}{12x^2 - 5}} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\frac{5x + \sqrt{x}}{12x^2 - 5}} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{5x + \sqrt{x}}{12x^2 - 5} \right)' =$$

$$= 22 \operatorname{arccotg} \left(\ln \left(\frac{5x + \sqrt{x}}{12x^2 - 5} \right) \right) \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{1 + \ln^2 \frac{5x + \sqrt{x}}{12x^2 - 5}} \right) \cdot$$

$$\cdot \frac{12x^2 - 5}{5x + \sqrt{x}} \cdot \frac{(5x + \sqrt{x})'(12x^2 - 5) - (5x + \sqrt{x})(12x^2 - 5)'}{(12x^2 - 5)^2} =$$

$$= \left[\frac{(5 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}})(12x^2 - 5) - (5x + \sqrt{x})(12 \cdot 2x - 0)}{(12x^2 - 5)^2} \right] =$$

$$= \frac{(5 \cdot 2\sqrt{x} + 1)(12x^2 - 5) - 2\sqrt{x}(5x + \sqrt{x}) \cdot 24x}{(12x^2 - 5)^2} =$$

$$= \frac{(10\sqrt{x} + 1)(12x^2 - 5) - 2\sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt{x}(5\sqrt{x} + 1) \cdot 24x}{2\sqrt{x}(12x^2 - 5)^2} =$$

$$= \left[\frac{(10\sqrt{x} + 1)(12x^2 - 5) - 48x^2(5\sqrt{x} + 1)}{2\sqrt{x}(12x^2 - 5)^2} \right] =$$

$$= -22 \operatorname{arctg}\left(\ln\left(\frac{5x+\sqrt{x}}{12x^2-5}\right)\right) \cdot \frac{1}{1+\ln\frac{5x+\sqrt{x}}{12x^2-5}} \cdot \frac{(12x^2-5)}{(5x+\sqrt{x})} \cdot$$

$$\cdot \frac{((10\sqrt{x}+1)(12x^2-5) - 48x^2(5\sqrt{x}+1))}{2\sqrt{x}(12x^2-5)^2} =$$

$$= -22 \operatorname{arctg}\left(\ln\left(\frac{5x+\sqrt{x}}{12x^2-5}\right)\right) \cdot \frac{1}{1+\ln\frac{5x+\sqrt{x}}{12x^2-5}} \cdot$$

$$\cdot \frac{(10\sqrt{x}+1)(12x^2-5) - 48x^2(5\sqrt{x}+1)}{2x(5\sqrt{x}+1)(12x^2-5)}$$

② $y' = ?$ $y = (x^3 - \sqrt{11}x)^{\arcsin(x^2-1)}$

$$(\ln y)' = (\ln(x^3 - \sqrt{11}x)^{\arcsin(x^2-1)})' \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{y'}{y} = (\arcsin(x^2-1) \cdot \ln(x^3 - \sqrt{11}x))' \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{y'}{y} = (\arcsin(x^2-1))' \ln(x^3 - \sqrt{11}x) + \arcsin(x^2-1) (\ln(x^3 - \sqrt{11}x))' = 2$$

$$\frac{y'}{y} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(x^2-1)^2}} \cdot 2x \ln(x^3 - \sqrt{11}x) + \arcsin(x^2-1) \cdot \frac{1}{x^3 - \sqrt{11}x} (3x^2 - \sqrt{11})$$

$$\frac{y'}{y} = \frac{2x \cdot \ln(x^3 - \sqrt{11}x)}{\sqrt{1-(x^2-1)^2}} + \frac{\arcsin(x^2-1)(3x^2 - \sqrt{11})}{x^3 - \sqrt{11}x} *$$

$$y' = (x^3 - \sqrt{11}x)^{\arcsin(x^2-1)} \cdot *$$