

(08.06.20)

N 6.4.31

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2+5x^2-x^3}{2x^3-2x+7} &= \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x(1+5x-x^2)}{x(2x^2-2+\frac{7}{x})} = \\&= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1+5x-x^2}{2x^2-2+\frac{7}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2(\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{5}{x} - 1)}{x^2(2 - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{7}{x^2})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{5}{x} - 1}{2 - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{7}{x^2}} = \\&= \frac{0+0-1}{2-0+0} = -\frac{1}{2}\end{aligned}$$

N 6.4.32

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1-3x^2}{x^3-7x-2} &= \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2(\frac{1}{x^2} - 3)}{x^3(1 + \frac{-7}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2})} = \\&= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x^2} - 3}{1 - \frac{7}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2}} = \frac{0-3}{1+0-0} = -3\end{aligned}$$

N 6.4.33

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3+x}{x^4-3x^2+1} = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^3}}{1 - \frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^4}} = \frac{0+0}{1-0+0} = \frac{0}{1} = 0$$

N 6.4.34

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^5-3x}{2x^3-2x+1} = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{3}{x^4}}{\frac{2}{x^3} + \frac{1}{x^5} - \frac{1}{x^5}} = \frac{1-0}{0+0+0} = \infty$$

N 6.4.35

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{x^2+4} - x) &= [\infty - \infty] = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(\sqrt{x^2+4} - x)(\sqrt{x^2+4} + x)}{(\sqrt{x^2+4} + x)} = \\&= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2+4-x^2}{\sqrt{x^2+4}+x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4}{\sqrt{x^2+4}+x} = \frac{4}{\infty} = 0\end{aligned}$$

N/6.4.36

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{x^3}{x^2-3} - 2 \right) &= \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} - \infty \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 - 2^3 + 3x}{x^2 - 3} = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x}{x^2 - 3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 \left(\frac{3}{x} \right)}{x^2 \left(1 - \frac{3}{x^2} \right)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{3}{x}}{1 - \frac{3}{x^2}} = \frac{0}{1-0} = 0\end{aligned}$$

N/6.4.37

$$1) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin y}{\frac{y}{2}} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \sin y}{y} =$$

$$= 2 \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin y}{y} = 2$$

$$2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 5x}{\sin 3x} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{\sin 5x}{x}}{\frac{\sin 3x}{x}} = \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 5x}{x}}{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{x}} = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}3) \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x}{x - \frac{\pi}{2}} &= \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos(y + \frac{\pi}{2})}{2(y + \frac{\pi}{2}) - \frac{\pi}{2}} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\sin y}{2y} = \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin y}{y} = -\frac{1}{2}\end{aligned}$$

$$4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x \cos x}{x} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{t}{\sin t} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\frac{\sin t}{t}} = 1$$