

Time Value of Money: Useful Shortcuts

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Last Time

Time Value of Money

- Compounding

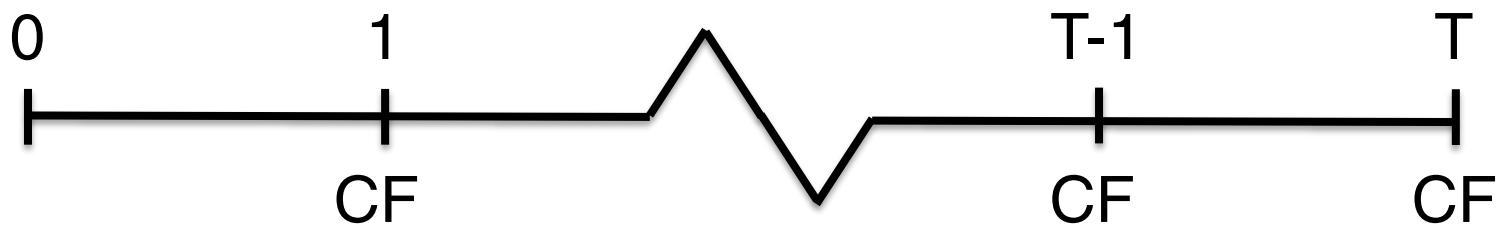
This Time Time Value of Money

- Useful Shortcuts

ANNUITY

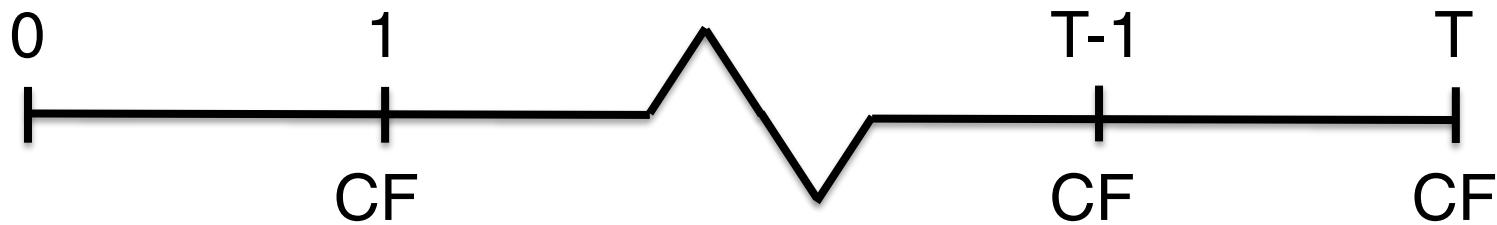
Annuity

An **annuity** is a **finite** stream of cash flows of identical magnitude and equal spacing in time



Annuity

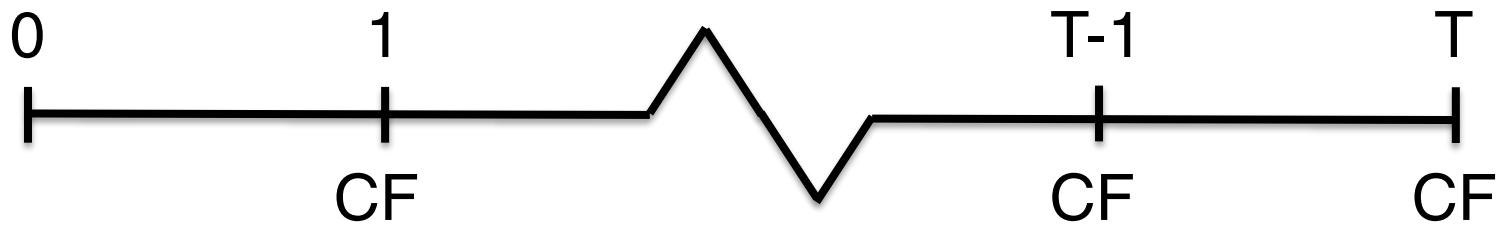
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E.g., Savings, vehicle, home mortgage, auto lease, bond payments

Annuity

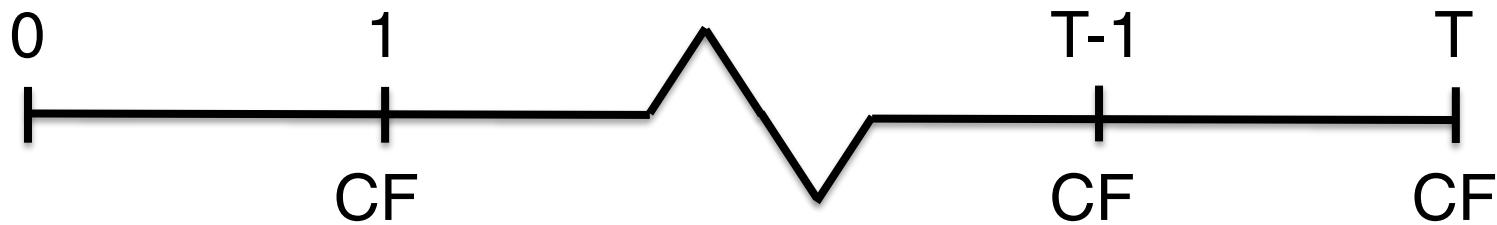
An **annuity** is a **finite** stream of cash flows of identical magnitude and equal spacing in time



$$\begin{aligned} \text{PV of Annuity} &= \frac{CF}{R} \left(1 - (1+R)^{-T} \right) \\ &= CF \times \underbrace{\frac{1 - (1+R)^{-T}}{R}}_{\text{Annuity Factor}} \end{aligned}$$

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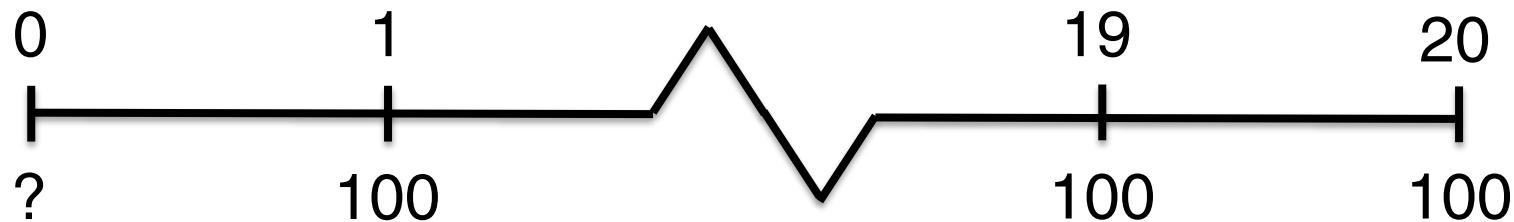
*The first cash flow arrives one period from today

Example 1 – Savings

How much do you have to save today to withdraw \$100 at the end of each of the next 20 years if you can earn 5% per annum?

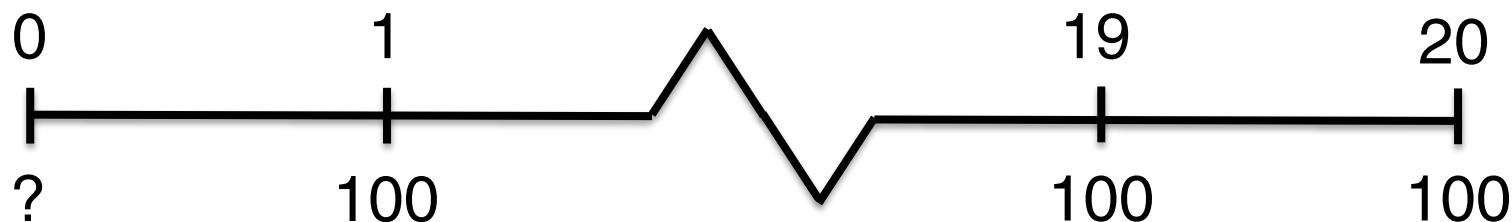
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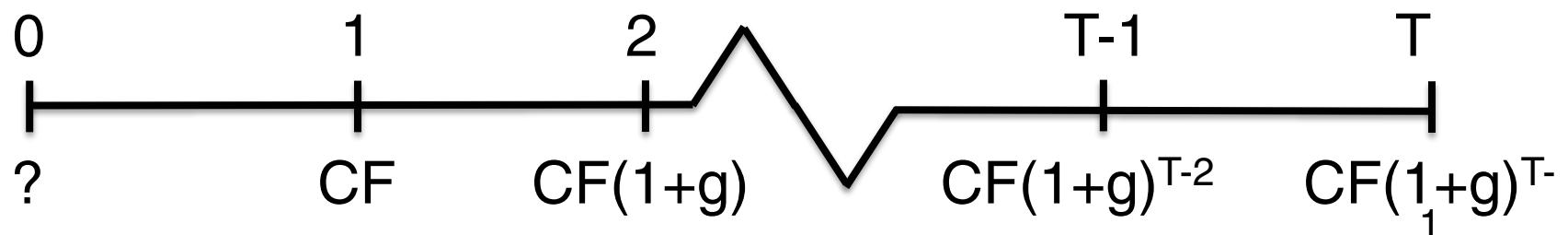


$$\text{PV of Annuity} = \frac{100}{0.05} \left(1 - (1 + 0.05)^{-20} \right) = 1,246.22$$

GROWING ANNUITY

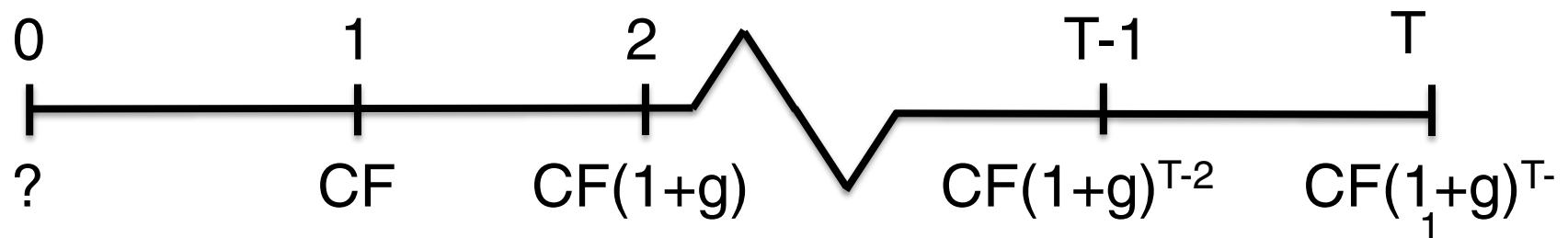
Growing Annuity

A growing annuity is a finite stream of cash flows that grow at a constant rate and that are evenly spaced through time



Growing Annuity

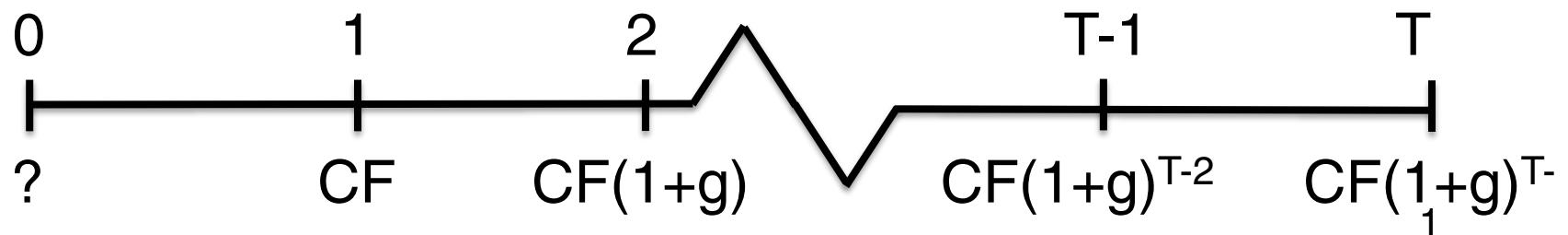
A **growing annuity** is a finite stream of cash flows that grow at a constant rate and that are **evenly spaced through time**



E.g., Income streams, savings strategies, project revenue/expense streams

Growing Annuity

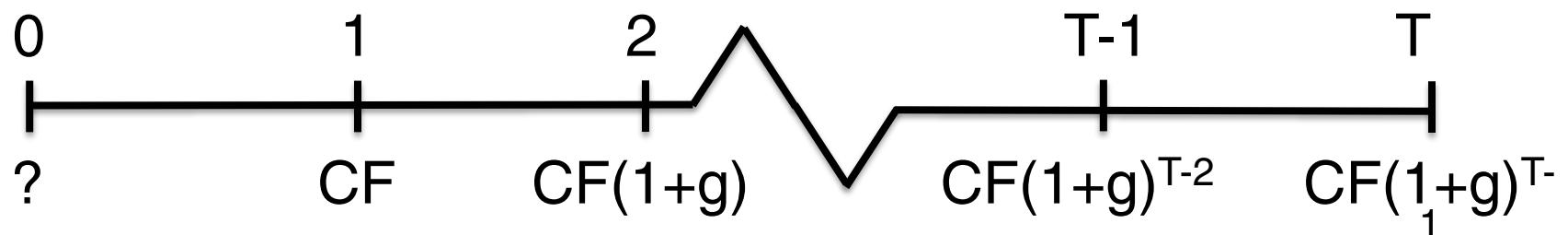
A **growing annuity** is a finite stream of cash flows that grow at a constant rate and that are **evenly spaced through time**



$$\text{PV of Growing Annuity} = \frac{CF}{R - g} \left(1 - \left(\frac{1 + R}{1 + g} \right)^{-T} \right)$$

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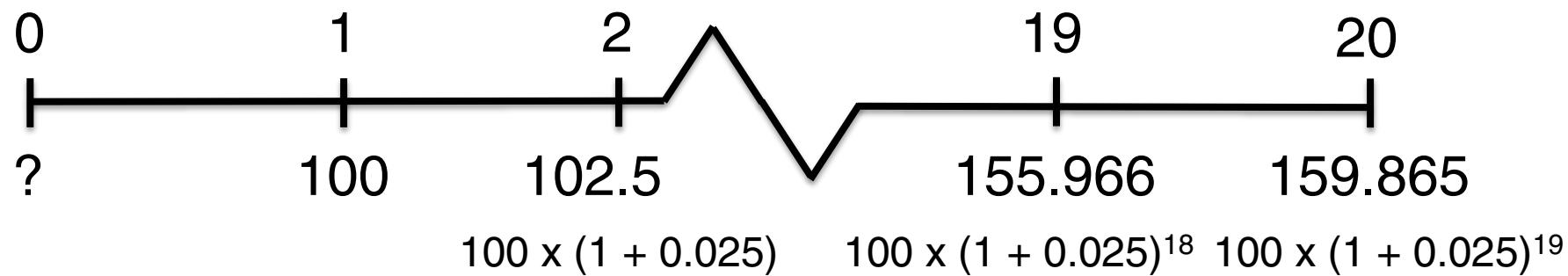
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Example 2 – Savings

How much do you have to save today to withdraw \$100 at the end of this year, 102.5 next year, 105.06 the year after, and so on for the next 19 years if you can earn 5% per annum?

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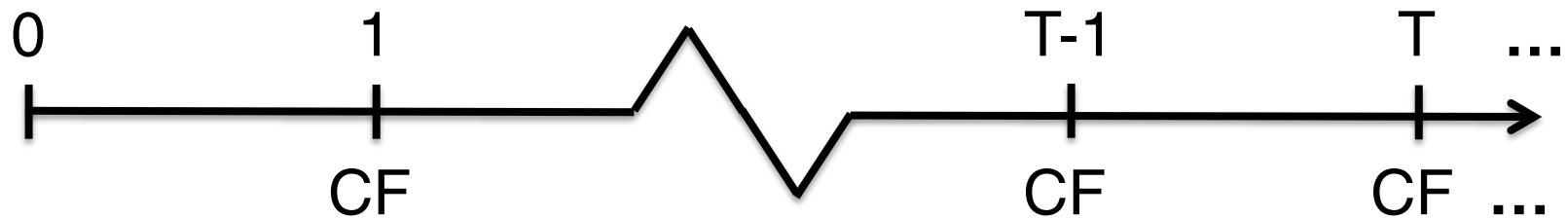


$$\begin{aligned}\text{PV of Growing Annuity} &= \frac{CF}{R-g} \left(1 - \left(\frac{1+R}{1+g} \right)^{-T} \right) \\ &= \frac{100}{0.05 - 0.025} \left(1 - \left(\frac{1+0.05}{1+0.025} \right)^{-20} \right) = 1,529.69\end{aligned}$$

PERPETUALITY

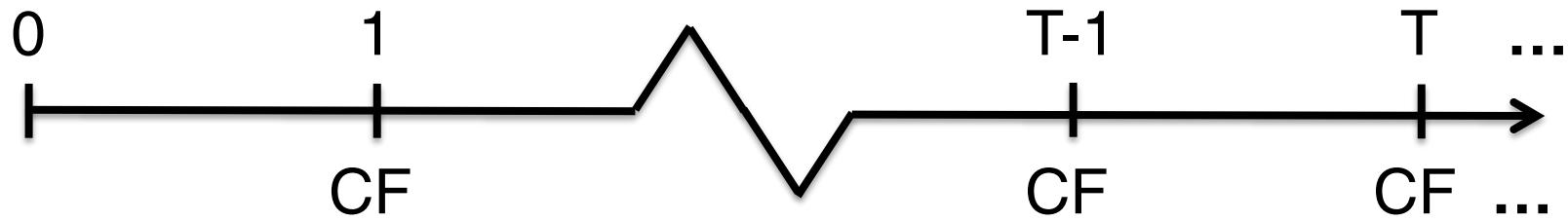
Perpetuity

An perpetuity is an infinite stream of cash flows of identical magnitude and equal spacing in time



Perpetuity

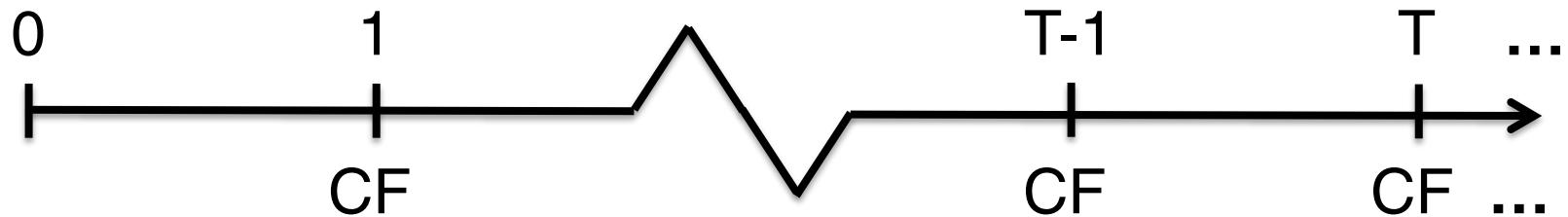
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E.g., Perpetuities, consol bonds

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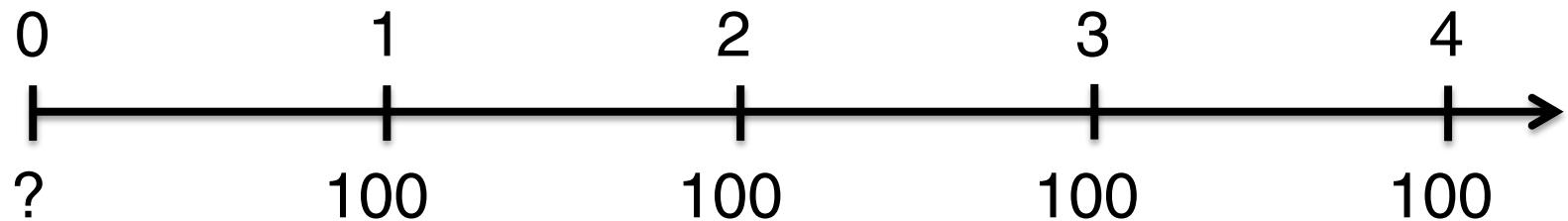
$$\text{PV of Perpetuity} = \frac{CF}{R}$$

Example 3 – Savings

How much do you have to save today to withdraw \$100 at the end of each year forever if you can earn 5% per annum?

Example 3 – Savings

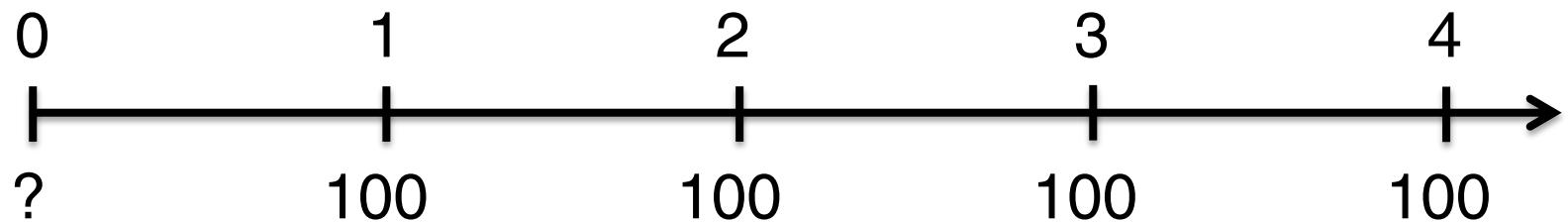
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Discount CFs one at a time...impossible!

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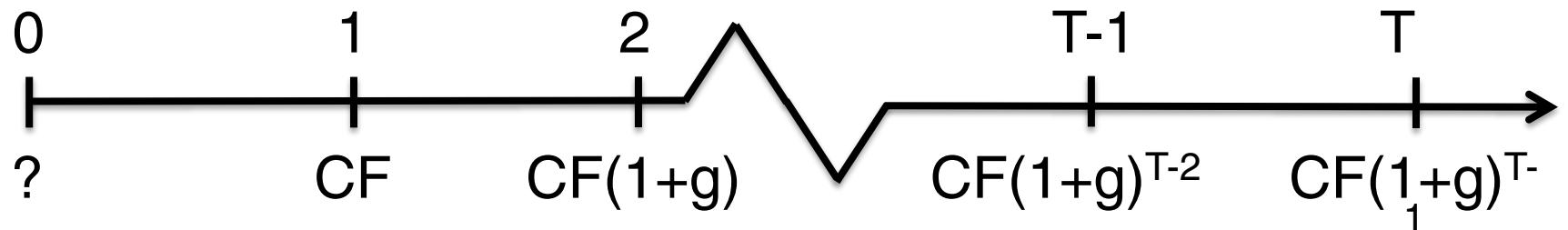


$$\text{PV of Perpetuity} = \frac{100}{0.05} = 2,000$$

GROWING PERPETUALITY

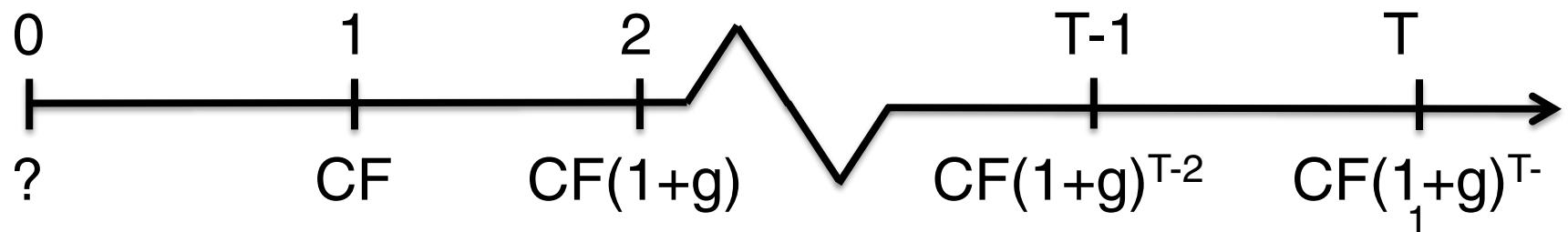
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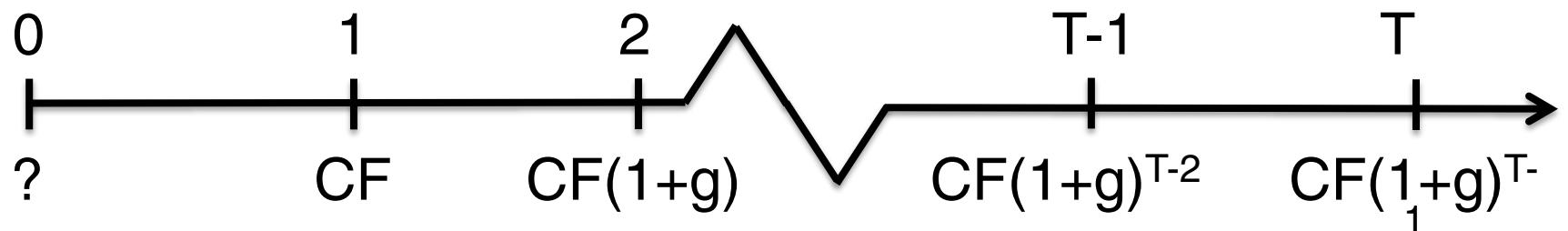
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E.g., Dividend streams

Growing Perpetuity

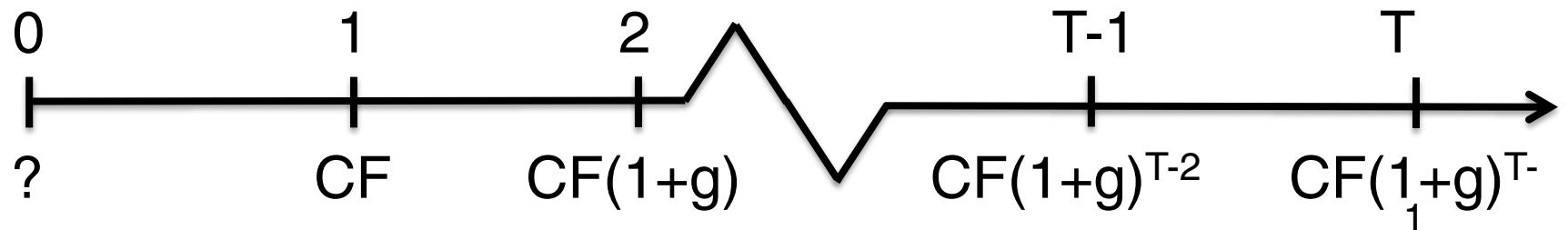
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$$\text{PV of Growing Perpetuity} = \frac{CF}{R - g}$$

Growing Perpetuity

A **growing perpetuity** is an **infinite** stream of cash flows that **grow** at a constant rate and that are **evenly spaced** through time



$$\text{PV of Growing Perpetuity} = \frac{CF}{R - g}$$

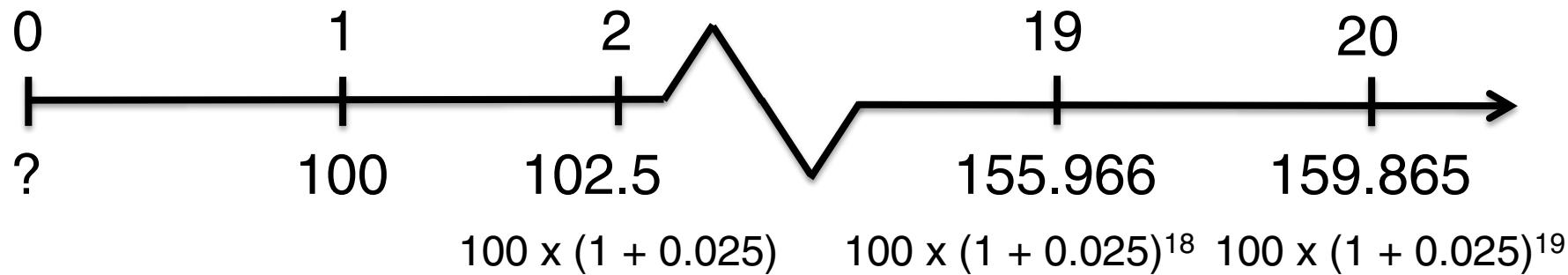
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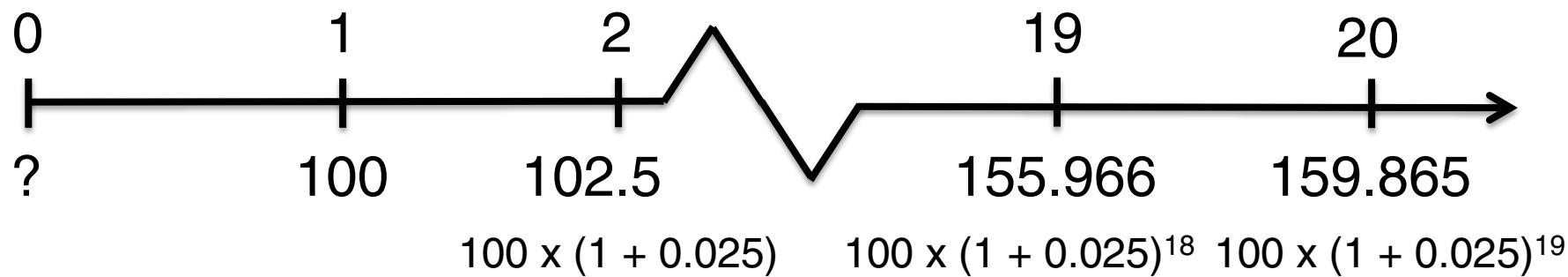
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$$\text{PV of Growing Perpetuity} = \frac{CF}{R - g} = \frac{100}{0.05 - 0.025} = 4,000$$

Summary

Lessons

- An **annuity** is a finite stream of cash flows of identical magnitude and equal spacing in time

$$\text{PV of Annuity} = \frac{CF}{R} \left(1 - (1+R)^{-T} \right)$$

- A **perpetuity** is an infinite stream of cash flows of identical magnitude and equal spacing in time

$$\text{PV of Perpetuity} = \frac{CF}{R}$$

Lessons

- A **growing annuity** is a finite stream of cash flows growing at a constant rate and equally spaced in time

$$\text{PV of Growing Annuity} = \frac{CF}{R-g} \left(1 - \left(\frac{1+R}{1+g} \right)^{-T} \right)$$

- A **growing perpetuity** is an infinite stream of cash flows growing at a constant rate and equally spaced in time

$$\text{PV of Growing Perpetuity} = \frac{CF}{R-g}$$

Caution

- Annuity and perpetuity formulas assume first cash flow occurs one period from today
- Growth rate, g , must be less than the discount rate, R , for PV formulas to make sense
- Understand excel functions assumptions

Coming up next

- Problem Set
- Taxes