

Interest Rates: APR and EAR

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Last Time

Time Value of Money

- Intuition, tools and discounting
- Compounding
- Useful shortcuts
- Taxes
- Inflation

This Time

Interest Rates

- Interest rate quotes
- Non-annual cash flows and compounding

APR & EAR

Current 5-Year Jumbo CD Rates

Institution	APY	Rate
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2.40% **2.37%**
Tue Dec 16 Compounded daily

Maximize growth and savings. Member FDIC. Apply Now!



2.25% **2.23%**
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Great Rates + Safety = Peace of Mind



2.17% **2.15%**
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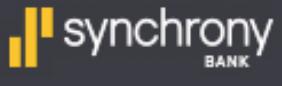
Nationwide Bank **2.30%** **2.27%**
★★★★★ Tue Dec 16 Compounded daily

*Bankrate.com as of 12/16/2014

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Difference between “Rate” and “APY”?

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Rate = APR or Annual Percentage Rate

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Rate = APR or Annual Percentage Rate

Measures amount of simple interest earned in a year

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Rate = APR or Annual Percentage Rate

Simple interest =
interest earned
without compounding

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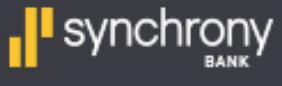
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Many bank quotes are in terms of APR

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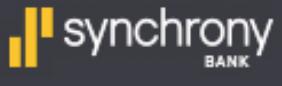
APR typically *not* what we earn or pay

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**APY = Annual
Percentage Yield**

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APY = EAR or
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APY = EAR or
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EAR measures actual amount of interest earned/paid in year

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HOW ARE DIFFERENT RATES RELATED?

Lesson: EAR is a discount rate

EAR is what matters for computing
interest and discounting cash flows

Lesson: APR is *not* a discount rate.

APR is a means to an end. We use it to get a discount rate (e.g., EAR)

How do we get from an APR to an
EAR (and vice versa)?

Lesson: The relation between APR and EAR is:

$$\begin{aligned}EAR &= \left(1 + \frac{APR}{k}\right)^k - 1 \\&= (1 + i)^k - 1\end{aligned}$$

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k is the number of compounding periods per year

Lesson: The relation between APR and EAR is:

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i is the periodic interest rate, or
periodic discount rate

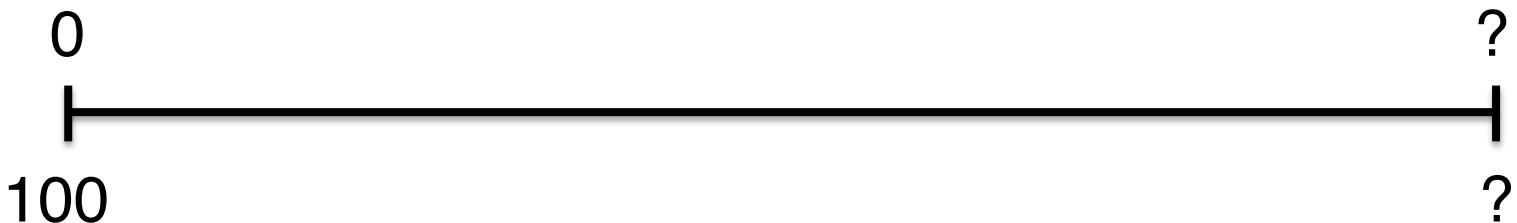
Example

- Invest \$100 in CD offering 5% APR with semi-annual compounding. How much money will you have in one year?

Example

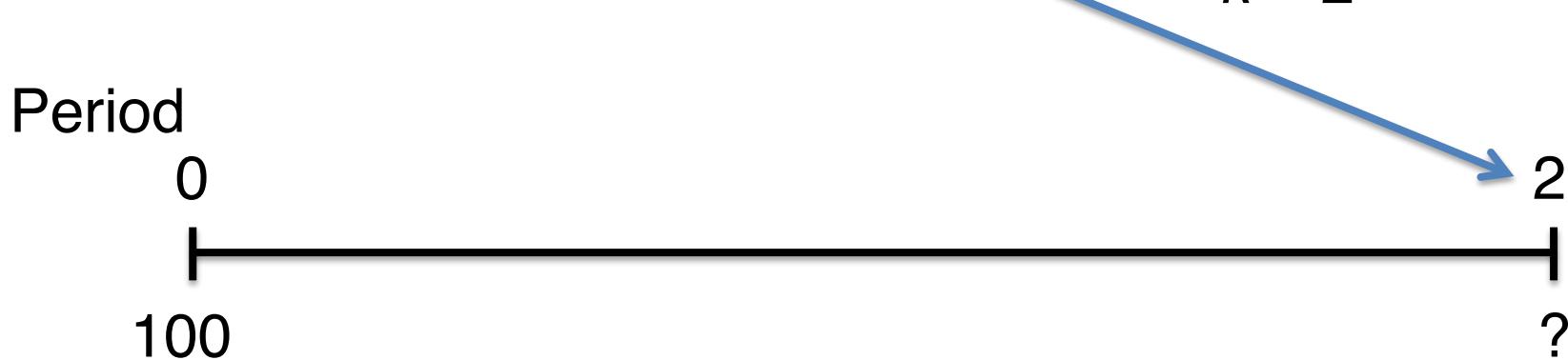
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Period



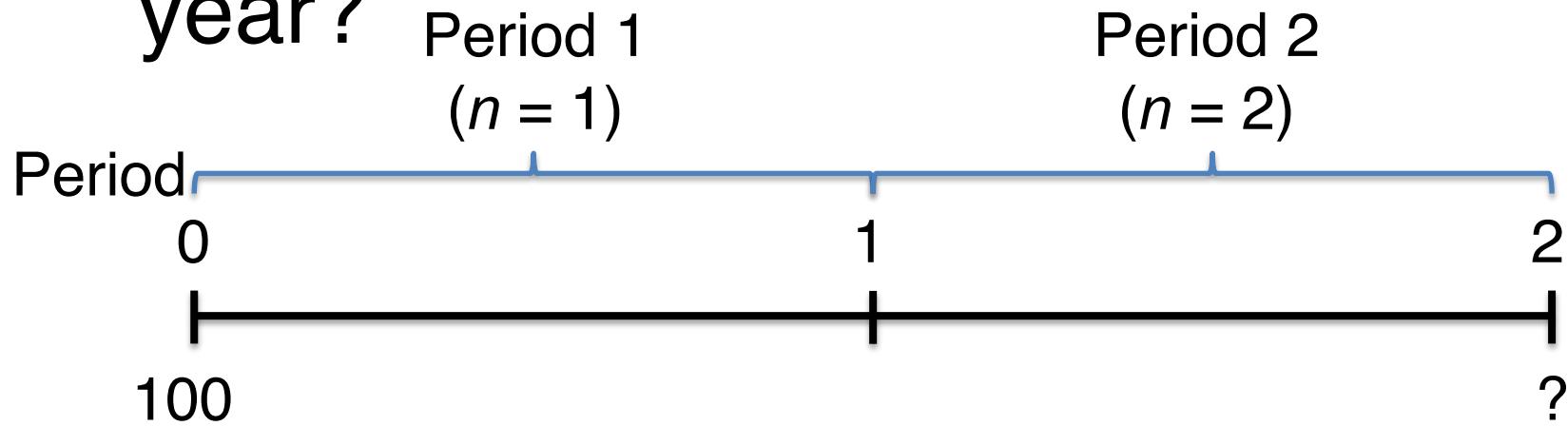
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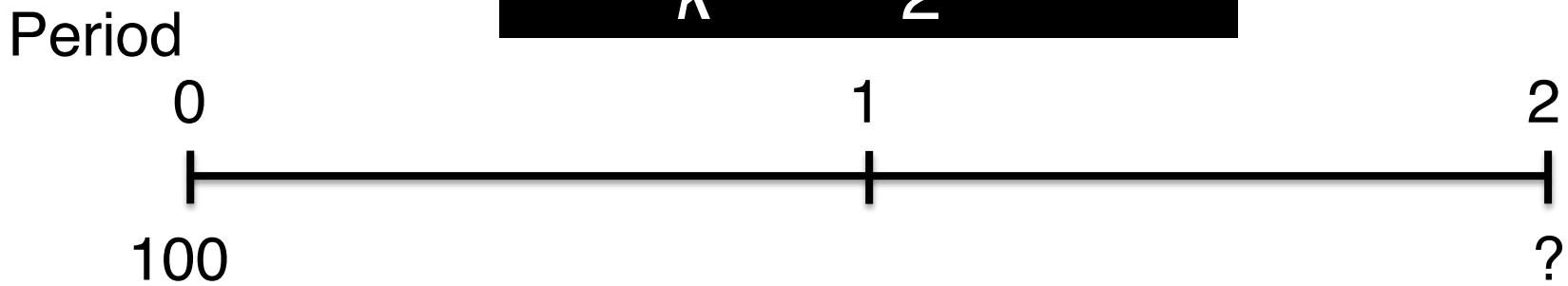
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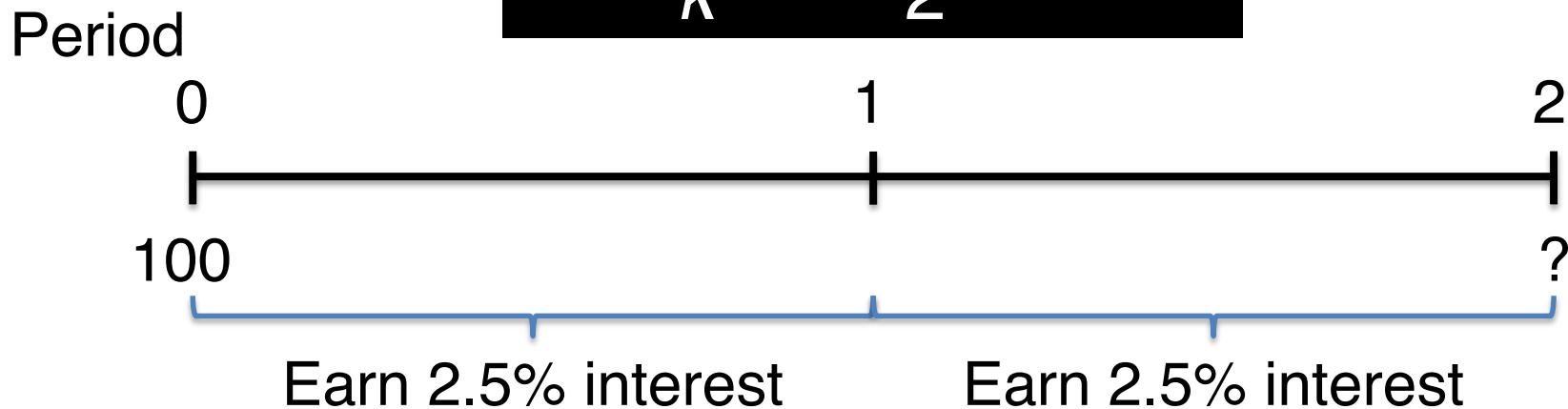
$$i = \frac{APR}{k} = \frac{5\%}{2} = 2.5\%$$



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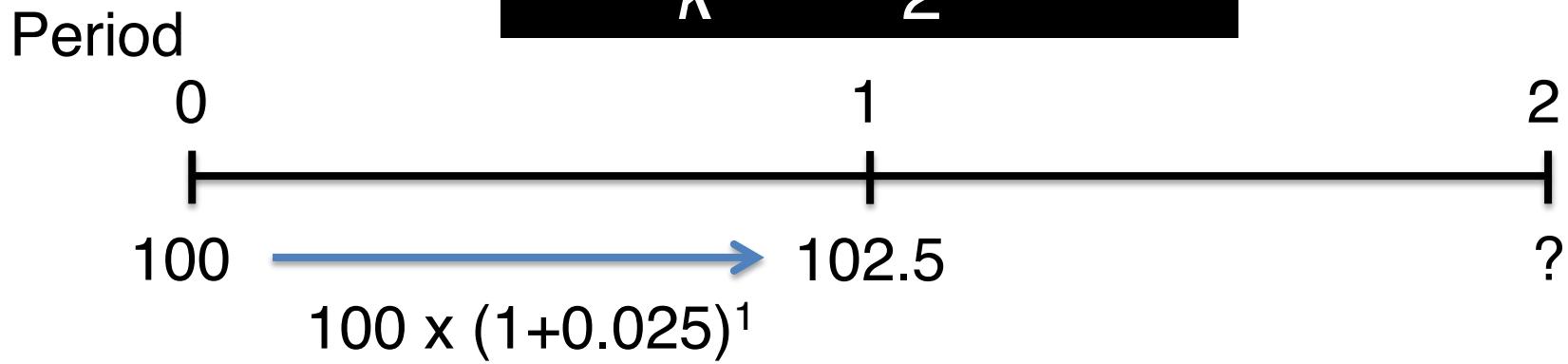
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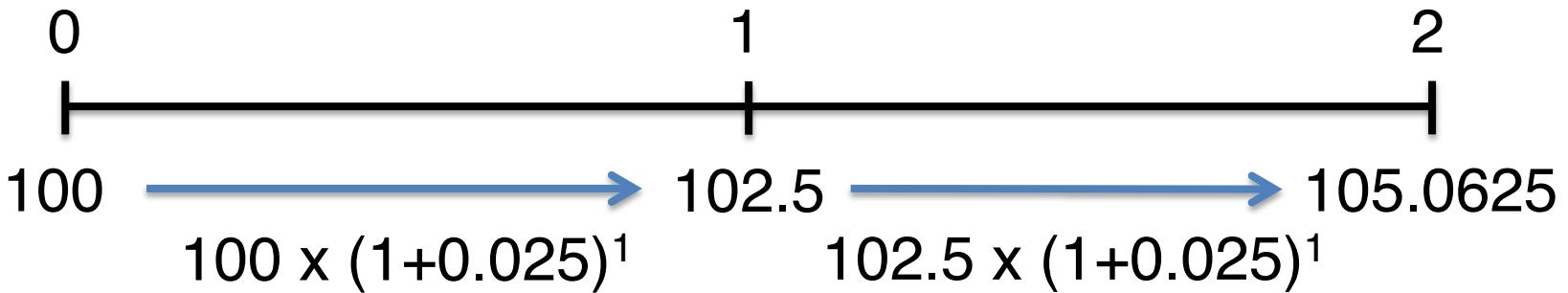


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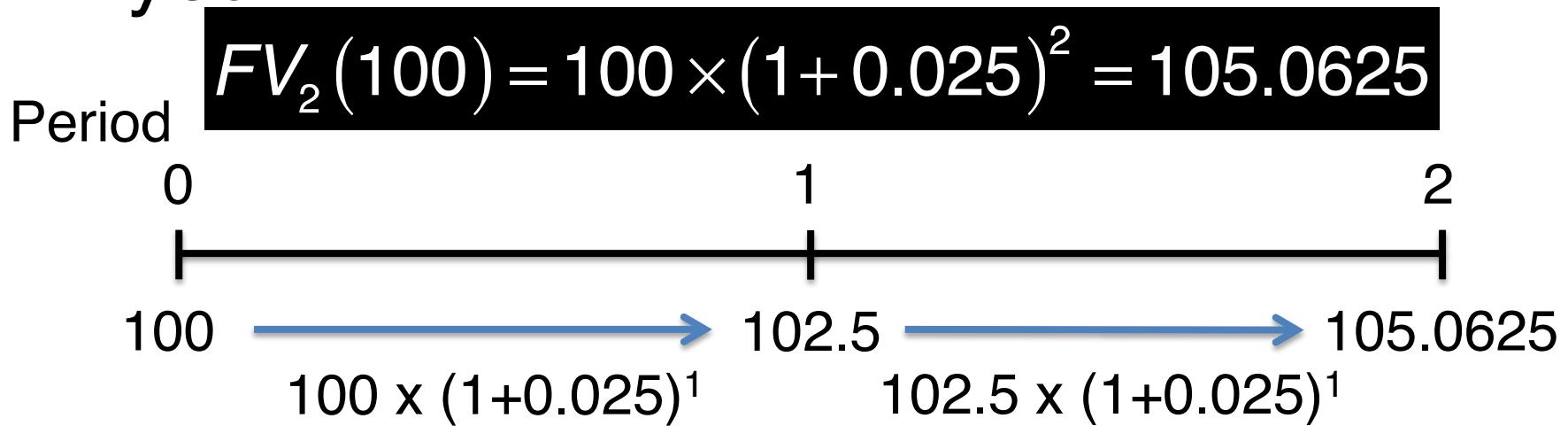
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Period



Example

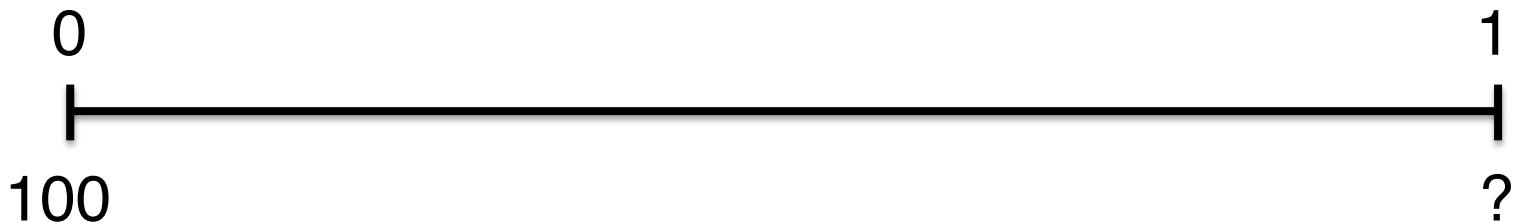
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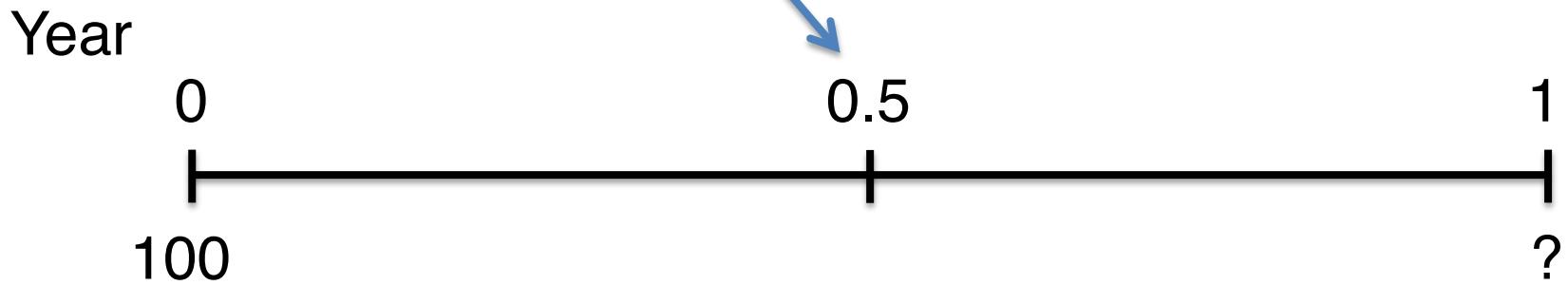
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Year



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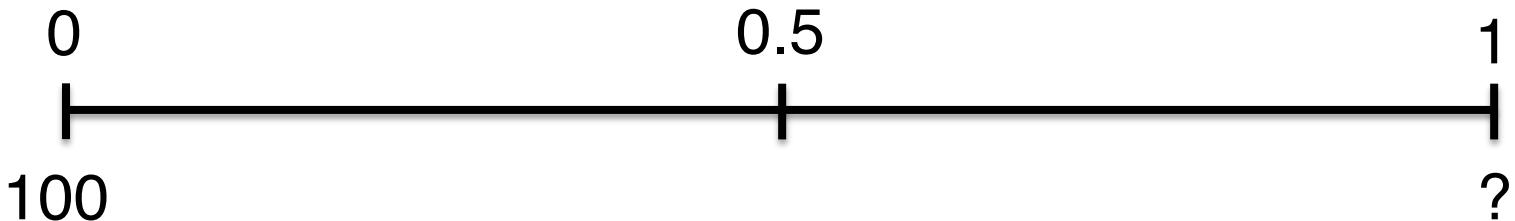


Example

- Invest \$100 in CD offering 5% APR with semi-annual compounding. How much money will you have in one year?

$$EAR = (1+i)^k - 1 = (1+0.025)^2 - 1 = 5.0625\%$$

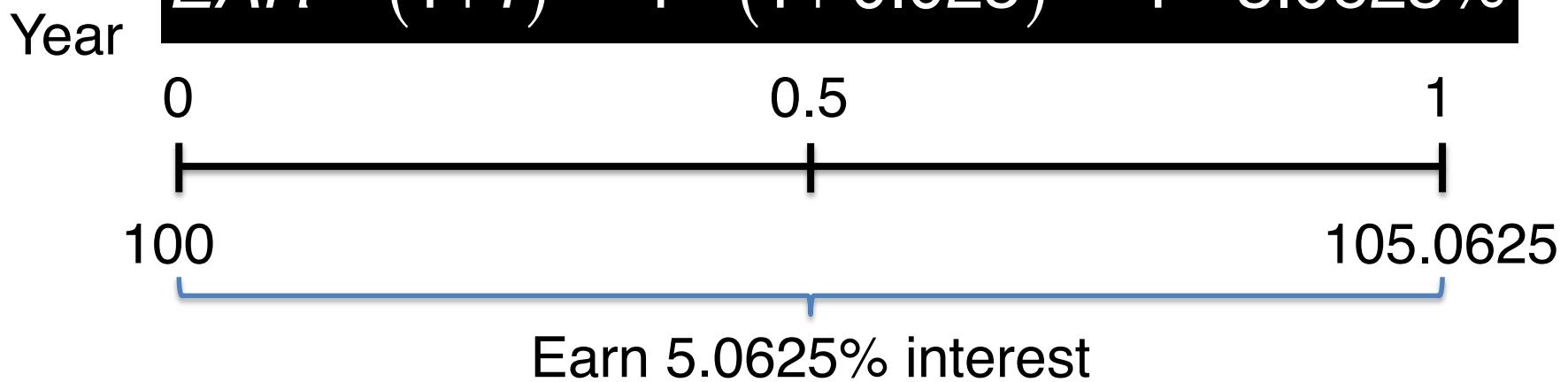
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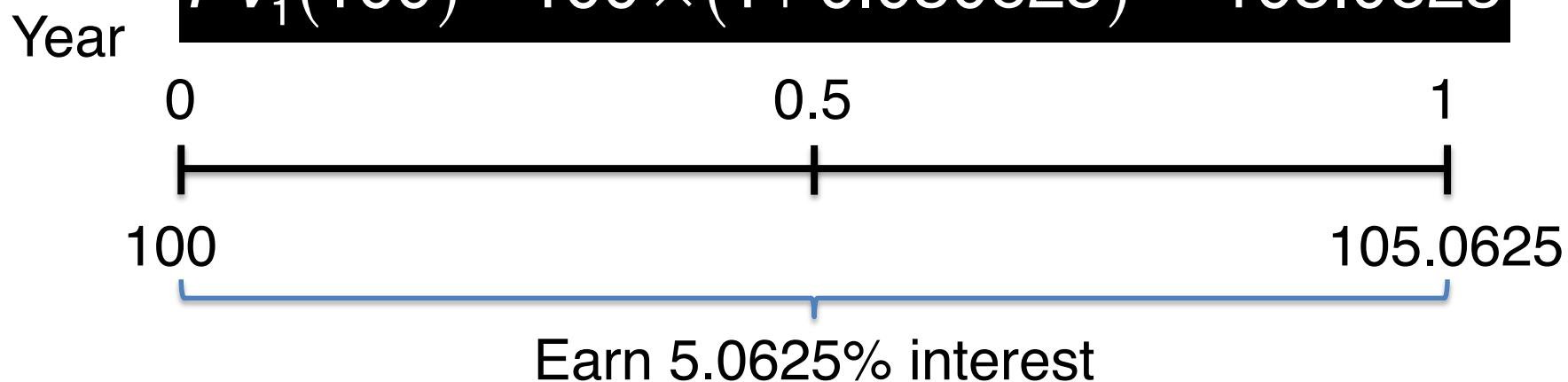
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$$FV_1(100) = 100 \times (1 + 0.050625)^1 = 105.0625$$



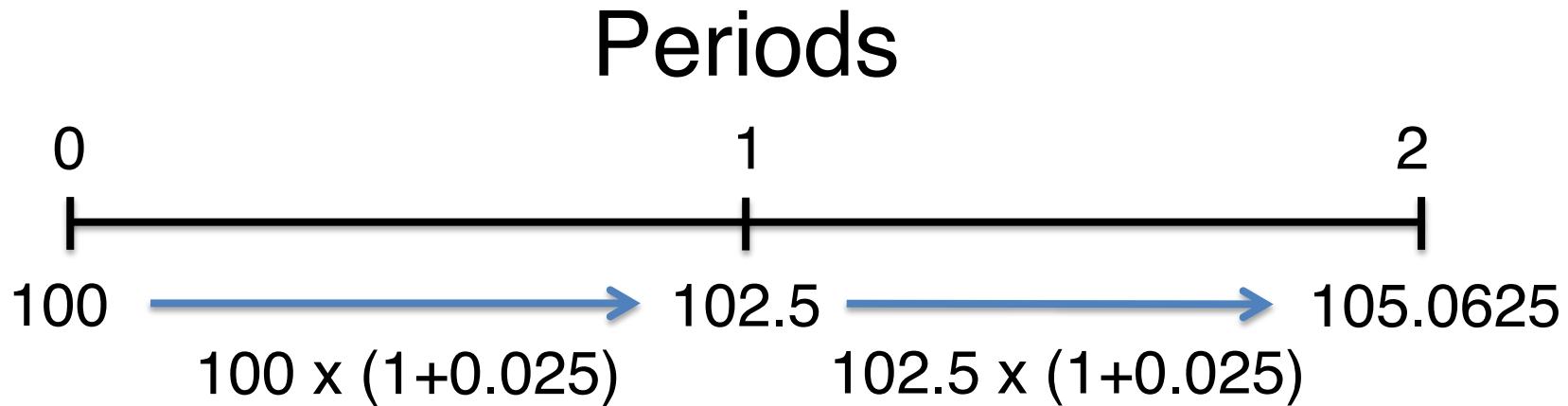
Lesson: If you discount cash flows using EAR, then measure time in years. If you discount cash flows using periodic interest rate, then measure time in periods.

Proof

$$\begin{aligned}(1+EAR)^T &= \left(1+(1+i)^k - 1\right)^T \\&= \left((1+i)^k\right)^T \\&= (1+i)^{kT} \\&= (1+i)^N\end{aligned}$$

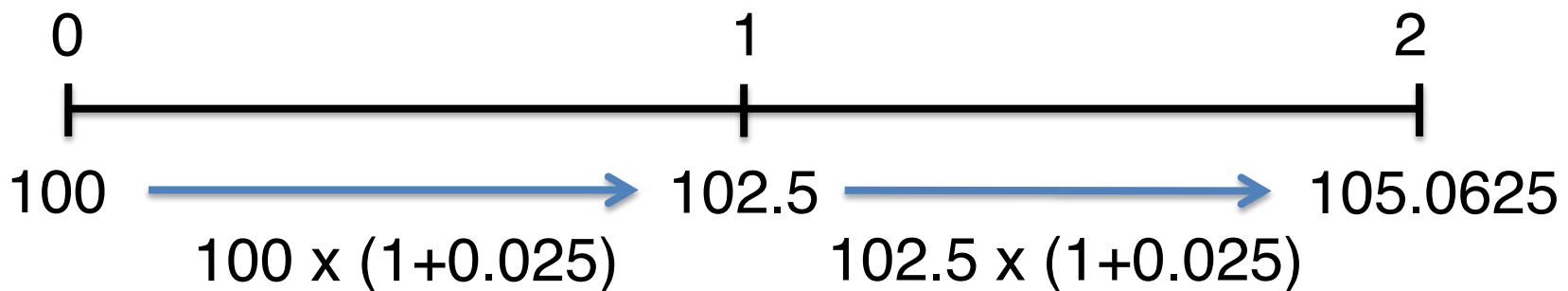
where $N = kT = \# \text{ of periods}$

Periods vs Years

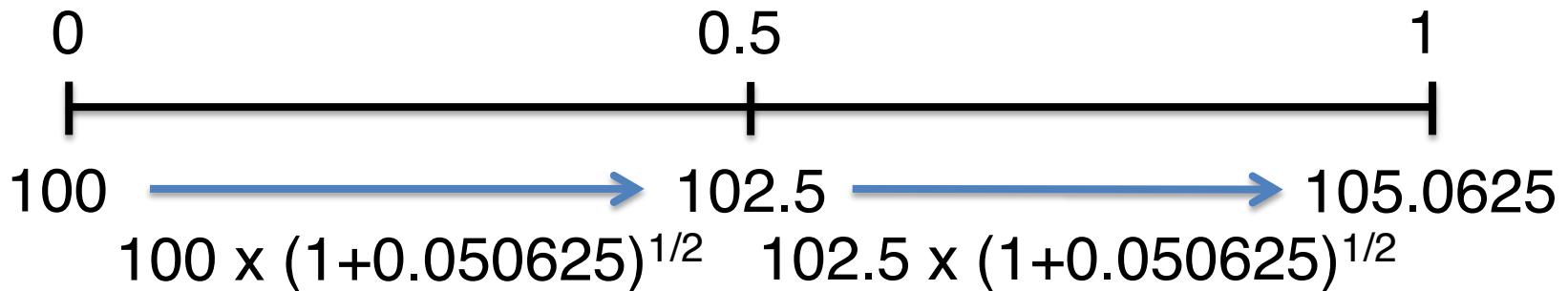


Periods vs Years

Periods



Years



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APR = 2.37%

$k = 365$ (or 360, 252)

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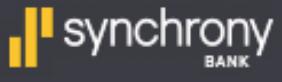
$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow i &= 2.37\% / 365 \\ &= 0.006714\% \end{aligned}$$

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$$k = 365 \text{ (or } 360, 252\text{)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow i &= 2.37\% / 365 \\ &= 0.006714\% \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow EAR &= \\ &(1+0.006714\%)^{365}-1 \\ &= 2.398\% \end{aligned}$$

Summary

Lessons

- **EAR** is a discount rate
 - Measures cash flows in years
- **Period interest rate, i ,** is a discount rate
 - Measures cash flows in periods
- **APR** is not a discount rate

Lessons

- Moving between **EAR** and **APR**

$$\begin{aligned} EAR &= \left(1 + \frac{APR}{k}\right)^k - 1 \\ &= (1+i)^k - 1 \end{aligned}$$

where

$i = APR / k$ and $k = \#$ of periods per year

Coming up next

- Interest Rates
 - Term Structure of interest rates and the yield curve