



Modelling dynamic systems

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2 ZERO
HUNGER



End hunger, achieve
food security and
improved nutrition
and promote
sustainable agriculture





Partial fraction expansion

Case 1. Roots of the denominator of $F(s)$ are real and distinct

Exercise L2E3: Using the Laplace transform, solve the following differential equation

- $y(t)$ if all initial conditions are zero
- $u(t)$ is a step function

$$\frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + 12 \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 32y(t) = 32u(t)$$

NISE - EXAMPLE 2.3

$$s^2 Y(s) + 12s Y(s) + 32 Y(s) = \frac{32}{s} \quad \text{Unit step zero initial conditions}$$

$$Y(s) (s^2 + 12s + 32) = \frac{32}{s}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{32}{s(s^2 + 12s + 32)} = \frac{32}{s(s+4)(s+8)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+4} + \frac{C}{s+8}$$

$$A = \frac{32}{(s+4)(s+8)} \Big|_{s \rightarrow 0} = 1$$

$$B = \frac{32}{s(s+8)} \Big|_{s \rightarrow -4} = 2$$

$$C = \frac{32}{s(s+4)} \Big|_{s \rightarrow -8} = 1$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{2}{s+4} + \frac{1}{s+8} \Rightarrow y(t) = (1 - 2e^{-4t} + e^{-8t})u(t)$$



Laplace transform

Exercises

Exercise L2E4: Find the Laplace transform of $f(t) = te^{-5t}$.

Exercise L2E5: Find the inverse Laplace transform of

$$F(s) = \frac{10}{s(s+2)(s+3)^2}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{s-10}{(s+2)(s+5)}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{100}{(s+1)(s^2+4s+13)}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{s+18}{s(s+3)^2}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{1}{(s+5)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F(s) &= \int_0^{\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt = \int_0^{\infty} te^{-5t} e^{-st} dt = \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} t e^{-(s+5)t} dt = \\ &= \left[-\frac{t}{s+5} e^{-(s+5)t} - \frac{1}{(s+5)^2} e^{-(s+5)t} \right]_0^{\infty} = \\ &= 0 - \frac{1}{(s+5)^2} (0-1) = \frac{1}{(s+5)^2} \end{aligned}$$



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$$F(s) = \frac{10}{s(s+2)(s+3)^2} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+2} + \frac{C}{s+3} + \frac{D}{(s+3)^2}$$

$$A = \frac{10}{(s+2)(s+3)^2} \Big|_{s \rightarrow 0} = \frac{5}{9} \quad B = \frac{10}{s(s+3)^2} \Big|_{s \rightarrow -2} = -5$$

$$C = \frac{10}{s(s+2)} \Big|_{s \rightarrow -3} = \frac{10}{3}$$

$$D = \frac{d}{ds} \left[\frac{10}{s(s+2)} \right] \Big|_{s \rightarrow -3} = \frac{-10(2s+2)}{s^2(s+2)^2} \Big|_{s \rightarrow -3} = -\frac{40}{9}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{5}{9} - 5e^{-2t} + \frac{10}{3}te^{-3t} - \frac{40}{9}e^{-3t}$$



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$$\bullet \bar{F}(s) = \frac{s-10}{(s+2)(s+5)} = \frac{A}{s+2} + \frac{B}{s+5} = -\frac{4}{s+2} + \frac{5}{s+5}$$

$$f(t) = -4e^{-2t} + 5e^{-5t}$$

$$\bullet \bar{F}(s) = \frac{100}{(s+1)(s^2+4s+13)}$$

$$f(t) = 10e^{-t} - \frac{10}{3}\sqrt{10}e^{-2t}\cos(3t+2.81)$$

or

$$f(t) = 10e^{-t} - 10e^{-2t}\left(\cos 3t + \frac{1}{3}\sin 3t\right)$$



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$$F(s) = \frac{s+18}{s(s+3)^2}$$

$$\bullet \quad \bar{f}(s) = \frac{s+18}{s(s+3)^2} \quad f(t) = 2 - 2e^{-3t} - 5te^{-3t}$$

$$\bar{f}(s) = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{(s+3)^2} + \frac{C}{s+3}$$

$$A = s \cdot \bar{f}(s) \Big|_{s \rightarrow 0} = \frac{s+18}{(s+3)^2} \Big|_{s \rightarrow 0} = 2$$

$$B = \frac{d}{ds} \left[(s+3)^2 \cdot \bar{f}(s) \right] \Big|_{s \rightarrow -3} = \frac{d}{ds} \left[\frac{s+18}{s} \right] \Big|_{s \rightarrow -3} = -\frac{18}{9} = -2$$

$$C = (s+3)^2 \cdot \bar{f}(s) \Big|_{s \rightarrow -3} = \frac{s+18}{s} \Big|_{s \rightarrow -3} = \frac{15}{-3} = -5$$

