



Js Quest07

Subject

1 Solution

Additional Resources
(1)

Js Quest07

Remember to git add && git commit && git push each exercise!

We will execute your function with our test(s), please DO NOT PROVIDE ANY TEST(S) in your file

For each exercise, you will have to create a folder and in this folder, you will have additional files that contain your work. Folder names are provided at the beginning of each exercise under `submit directory` and specific file names for each exercise are also provided at the beginning of each exercise under `submit file(s)`.

Introduction

This is the final quest, and we will conclude with one of the big piece of coding is about using the `correct` data structure.

Control Center



Group formation



In Progress



Submitted



Test review



Finished: approved



[Go To DoCode](#)



Access:

READ

WRITE

[Go To Gitea](#)

[Keep Working On This Solution](#)

What is a data structure?

An array is a data structure.

But it's not the only one, `hash`, `queue`, `stack`, `linked list`, `tree`, ... they are a lot of different data structure. :D

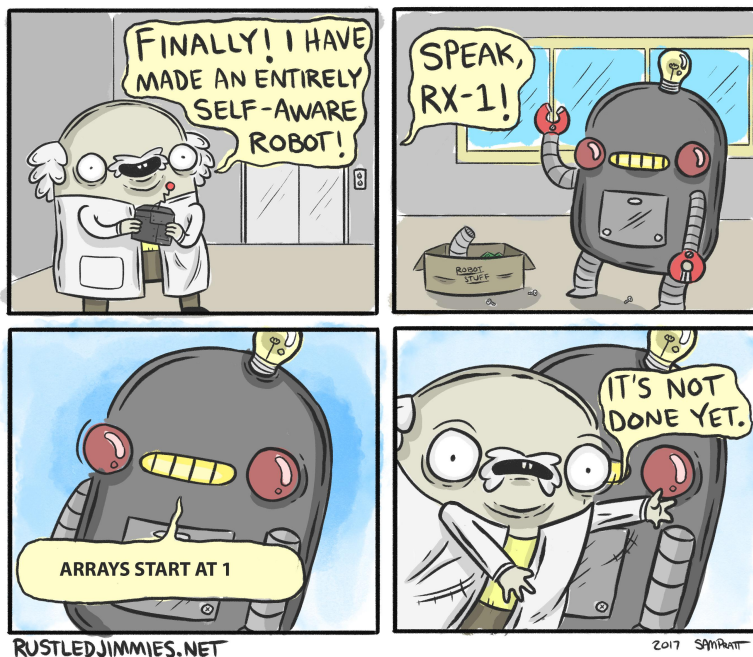
They can perform different type of operation and specially at different speed OR/AND use of memory.

For example an `Array` is faster to search (and even more if it's sorted) than a `Linked list` but a `Linked list` is easier to insert an element in the middle of it.

For this quest you will only need to know how to use an `array` and a `dictionary` (or often called a `Hash`).

Good luck :-)

PS:



Js Quest07	My Map Mult Two
Submit directory	ex00
Submit file	my_map_mult_two.js

Description

Multiply by 2 each elements of an array.

Looking for a group



[lucas_v](#)

Also working on the project



[abdulla](#)



[rasulov](#)



[suxrob](#)



[risaliev](#)

[y_b](#)

[_d](#)

[ov_s](#)

[_e](#)



[xujamu](#)



[to-](#)



[rahmo](#)



[isakov](#)

[ra_d](#)

[xtasi_a](#)

[no_az](#)

[a](#)



[asomo](#)



[axmad](#)



[sodigo](#)



[alpeiss](#)

[v_u](#)

[xo-j](#)

[v_o](#)

[o_n](#)



[sultono](#)



[nigmat](#)



[begimq](#)



[xudabo](#)

[v_x](#)

[u_mu](#)

[ul_g](#)

[ye_s](#)



[norxoja](#)



[stupak](#)



[sodikov](#)



[sultanb](#)

[y_o](#)

[ov_k](#)

[_ar](#)

[a_y](#)

Just finished



[parpiev](#)



[diyarov](#)



[muhid](#)



[uktamo](#)

[_s](#)

[a_s](#)

[din_s](#)

[v_s](#)



Create a function `my_map_mult_two` which receives an integer array as parameter and iterate over the array, perform a multiplication by 2 on each value and return the new array collected.

Function prototype (javascript)

```
/*
**
** QWASAR.IO -- my_map_mult_two
**
**
** @param {Integer[]} param_1
** @return {integer[]}
**
*/

function my_map_mult_two(param_1) {

};
```

Example 00

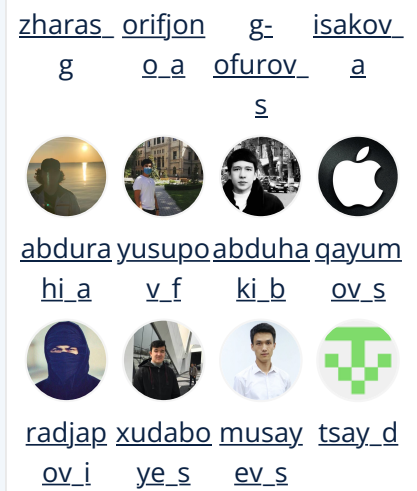
Input: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
Output:
Return Value: [2, 4, 6, 8, 10]

Example 01

Input: []
Output:
Return Value: []

Tips

Google while YOURCODINGLANGUAGE
Google for YOURCODINGLANGUAGE
Google array YOURCODINGLANGUAGE



Type

Project

Group

Size

1
Participant

Review
system

Test Review (Gandalf)

Difficult

y

Initiation

Averag
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duratio
n

1
Week

Project's Metadata

Project

id: 242

name: js-quest07

visible: True

Js Quest07	My Count On It
Submit directory	ex01
Submit file	my_count_on_it.js

Description

Count the size of each elements in an array.

Create a function `my_count_on_it`, which receives a string array as parameter and returns an array with the length of each strings.

Function prototype (javascript)

```
/*  
**  
** QWASAR.IO -- my_count_on_it  
**  
**  
** @param {String[]} param_1  
** @return {integer[]}  
  
**  
*/  
  
function my_count_on_it(param_1) {  
  
};
```

Example 00

```
Input: ["This", "is", "the", "way"]  
Output:  
Return Value: [4, 2, 3, 3]
```

Example 01

Input: ["aBc", "AbcE Fgef1"]

Output:

Return Value: [3, 10]

Example 02

Input: ["aBc"]

Output:

Return Value: [3]

Tips

Google while YOURCODINGLANGUAGE

Google for YOURCODINGLANGUAGE

Google array.length YOURCODINGLANGUAGE

Js Quest07	My Array Uniq
Submit directory	ex02
Submit file	my_array_uniq.js

Description

Create an array without any duplicates.

Create a function `my_array_uniq` , which receives an integer array as a parameter and returns an array with those integers but without any duplicates.

Function prototype (javascript)

```
/*
**
** QWASAR.IO -- my_array_uniq
**
**
** @param {Integer[]} param_1
** @return {integer[]}
**
*/

function my_array_uniq(param_1) {

};
```

Example 00

Input: [1, 1, 2]
Output:
Return Value: [1, 2]

Example 01

Input: []
Output:
Return Value: []

Example 02

Input: [1, 1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 1]
Output:
Return Value: [1, 2, 3, 4]

Tip

Google filter/uniq YOURCODINGLANGUAGE

Js Quest07	My Average Mark
Submit directory	ex03
Submit file	my_average_mark.js

Description

Hash is a data structure which works like an array but instead of having numerical value as index you can specify "any type" of key:

```
# ARRAY
my_array = [1, 2, 3]
my_array[0] # 1

# HASH
my_hash = {'age' => 34, 'name' => 'Luke'}
my_hash['age'] # 34
my_hash['name'] # Luke
```

Assignment:

You have a test for a class and we want to know the average results for the class. Write a function that takes an array of hash with all of the grades/marks for a given test and returns an average grade for the entire class.

Input are in JSON (be careful ruby users, "string": is not a symbol)

Function prototype (javascript)

```

/*
**
** QWASAR.IO -- my_average_mark
**
**
** @param {String_integer[]} param_1
** @return {float}

**
*/

function my_average_mark(param_1) {

};

```

Example 00

Example 00: (In Javascript)

John, Margot, Jules, and Marco are in a class together.

```

Input: [
    {"string": "John", "integer": 7},
    {"string": "Margot", "integer":
8},
    {"string": "Jules", "integer":
4},
    {"string": "Marco", "integer":
19}
]

Output: 9.5

```

Example 01


```
Input: [  
      {"string": "Quentin", "integer":  
1},  
      {"string": "Fred", "integer": 1},  
      {"string": "Julia", "integer":  
18},  
      {"string": "stephanie",  
"integer": 13}  
      ]  
Output: 8.3
```

Example 02

```
Input: []  
Output: 0.0
```

Tips

(In Javascript)

For javascript user in order to get the right precision of the floating number, use toFixed().

Google the following: Float variable type

Google the following: what is a Hash (look at dictionary or technical definition and use cases)

Google the following: Object.keys(hash)

