

The ADIC-DAG Yellow Paper

Formalization, Conjectures, and Partial Results

Samuel Reid

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Abstract

This *Yellow Paper* formalizes the ADIC-DAG protocol as introduced in the White Paper and extends it with precise state-machine semantics, admissibility invariants, and mathematically stated conjectures together with partial results and proof sketches. The core ideas—a p -adic ultrametric on message features, higher-dimensional Tangle attachments (each message approves $d+1$ parents), and dual finality tests via k -core coverage and persistent homology—are specified in a way intended to be machine-checkable and implementable. We also present a reference generative model, security assumptions, parameter phase diagrams near $(p, d) = (3, 3)$, and an open-problem bank with acceptance criteria for decentralized research and bounties.

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1 Introduction and Design Goals

ADIC-DAG is a feeless, reputation-weighted distributed ledger where each message attaches to $d+1$ parents across distinct p -adic neighborhoods (axes), enforcing multi-axis diversity at the moment of attachment. Finality is certified by two independent tests: (F1) a k -core coverage criterion with axis-diversity and reputation thresholds; and (F2) stabilization of weighted persistent homology in the future cone. The ADIC token funds utility (storage, PoUW bounties, governance) but *not* consensus security; consensus weight derives from refundable deposits and a non-transferable reputation (ADIC-Rep).

Notation. Fix a prime p and a dimension $d \in \{2, 3, \dots\}$. Each message x carries features $\Phi(x) = (\varphi_1(x), \dots, \varphi_d(x)) \in \mathbb{Q}_p^d$, a public key P_x , a reputation $R(P_x) \geq 0$, and an approval set $A(x) = \{a_0, \dots, a_d\}$ respecting acyclicity. Let $\rho = (\rho_1, \dots, \rho_d) \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}^d$ be axis radii and $q \in \{2, \dots, d+1\}$ a diversity threshold.

2 System Model and State Machine

2.1 The simplicial DAG and future cones

Definition 2.1 (Simplicial hypergraph). The ledger state at any time is a directed acyclic simplicial hypergraph $T_d = (V, \Sigma_d)$ where every $x \in V$ adds a simplex $\{x, a_0, \dots, a_d\} \in \Sigma_d$ with directed approvals $x \rightarrow a_i$, and with no directed cycles. The *future cone* of x is the set of y that (transitively) approve x .

Definition 2.2 (Admissibility and diversity). Given ρ, q , a candidate approval set $A(x) = \{a_0, \dots, a_d\}$ is *admissible* if, for each axis $j \in \{1, \dots, d\}$,

(C1) $v_p(\varphi_j(x) - \varphi_j(a_i)) \geq \rho_j$ for all i ;

(C2) the multiset of p -adic balls $\{B^{(p)}(\varphi_j(a_i), \rho_j)\}_{i=0}^d$ contains at least q *distinct* balls;

(C3) $\sum_{i=0}^d R(a_i) \geq R_{\min}$ and $\min_i R(a_i) \geq r_{\min}$.

2.2 Node state machine

Each node maintains:

- a local view of tips $T \subset V$ (vertices with no incoming approvals),
- per-axis vector clocks to ensure acyclicity on arrival,
- an escrow ledger of deposits D and refunds,
- an estimator for finality (F1)/(F2) with parameters $(k, q, R^*, D^*, \Delta, \varepsilon)$.

The transition function `ValidateAndAttach` checks signature, format, acyclicity, admissibility, escrows D , and appends the simplex. Periodic `Finalize` runs (F1) and/or (F2); on success it refunds D and updates ADIC-Rep.

3 Tip Selection by Multi-Axis Random Walk (MRW)

Definition 3.1 (MRW kernel). Let $\text{proxp}(x, y) := \prod_{j=1}^d (1 + p^{\rho_j - v_p(\varphi_j(x) - \varphi_j(y))})^{-1}$ and $\text{trust}(y) := R(y)^\alpha / (1 + \text{age}(y))^\beta$. With $\mu, \lambda > 0$ and conflict penalty $\text{conflict}(y) \in \{0, 1, \dots\}$, define

$$\Pr(t \rightarrow y) \propto \exp(\lambda \text{proxp}(x, y) \text{trust}(y) - \mu \text{conflict}(y)).$$

Run MRW independently per axis, intersect or diversity-merge candidates, then sample a distinct $d+1$ -tuple satisfying (C1)–(C3).

```
# Tip selection (reference)
C = {} # candidates per axis
for j in {1..d}:
    C_j = MRW_on_axis(j, x, T, lambda, mu)
C = IntersectionOrDiverseMerge(C_1, ..., C_d)
Sample A subset C with |A|=d+1:
    if Admissible(x, A): return A
fallback: widen radii or increase MRW horizon
```

Remark 3.2 (No-starvation desideratum). We seek parameter regimes $(\lambda, \mu, \alpha, \beta)$ under which honest tips below a given reputation percentile receive a non-vanishing visitation frequency. See Conjecture 9.4.

4 Conflict Energy and Drift

For a conflict set C (e.g. mutually exclusive UTXO spends), define

$$\text{supp}(z; C) = \sum_{y \text{ descends to } z} \frac{R(y)}{1 + \text{depth}(y)}, \quad E = \sum_C \sum_{z \in C} \text{sgn}(z) \text{supp}(z; C).$$

Conjecture 4.1 (Negative drift of conflict energy). *Under MRW and admissibility (C1)–(C3), there exist $c, \delta > 0$ (depending on $\lambda, \mu, \rho, q, \alpha, \beta$) such that*

$$\mathbb{E}[E(t+1) - E(t) \mid \mathcal{F}_t] \leq -c \mathbf{1}_{\{E(t) > \delta\}},$$

hence conflicts resolve to a unique winner with finite expected time and subexponential tails.

Attempted proof. Couple MRW to a time-changed birth–death process on support differences; use admissibility to bound the probability that newly arriving mass can concentrate on a losing branch across q distinct balls per axis. A supermartingale argument with optional stopping yields the claimed drift. Completing the proof requires (i) explicit mixing bounds for MRW (Sec. 9.2) and (ii) a uniform anti-concentration bound across axes. \triangleright

5 Finality: k -Core and Persistent Homology

Definition 5.1 (Finality tests). A node x is *final* if either:

- (F1) (**k -core**) The future cone of x contains a k -core with at least q distinct p -adic balls per axis, total reputation $\geq R^*$, and minimum depth $\geq D^*$.
- (F2) (**Homology**) In the induced weighted simplicial complex, H_d stabilizes over a window of Δ rounds and the bottleneck distance on H_{d-1} falls below ε .

Conjecture 5.2 (Implication gap). *There exist thresholds $(k, q, R^*, D^*, \Delta, \varepsilon)$ such that, for the ADIC generative model, (F1) implies (F2) with probability $1 - \delta$. Quantify minimal such tuples and δ .*

Proof sketch. Model the future cone as a d -simplicial percolation process constrained by (C1)–(C3). A dense k -core distributed across q balls per axis forces stabilization of higher-dimensional cycles: high-weight d -simplices fill d -holes while keeping $(d-1)$ -noise below the ε threshold, yielding (F2). A quantitative proof needs explicit isoperimetric inequalities on the product ultrametric and stability of persistent diagrams under weighted additions. \triangle

6 Economics and Reputation

6.1 Feeless base and refundable deposits

Every message escrows a deposit D refunded on finality; objective faults (invalid signature, malformed approvals, provable sybil overlap) trigger slashing of D . Fees are not required for liveness or safety.

6.2 ADIC-Rep (reputation)

Definition 6.1 (Reputation update). For public key P ,

$$R_{t+1}(P) = \gamma R_t(P) + (1 - \gamma)(\text{good}(P) - \text{bad}(P)),$$

where good credits finalized approvals with diversity/depth weighting and bad penalizes overlap across axes. Only R (not ADIC balances) affects consensus weight.

Conjecture 6.2 (Stability and boundedness). *For appropriate $(\gamma, \eta, \text{caps})$, the reputation dynamics are globally stable and uniformly bounded against any finite-budget adversary.*

Attempted proof. Construct a Lyapunov function $L = \sum_P w_P R(P)$ with weights inversely proportional to axis-overlap rates. Show $\mathbb{E}[L_{t+1} - L_t] \leq -\xi \sum_P R(P)$ outside a compact set. The main gap is a tight bound on overlap estimators under adaptive adversaries. \triangleright

7 Parameters and Safe Operating Regions

7.1 v1 defaults

We adopt $(p, d) = (3, 3)$, $\rho = (2, 2, 1)$, $q = 3$, $k = 20$, $D^* = 12$, window $\Delta = 5$, reputation exponents $(\alpha, \beta) = (1, 1)$, and deposit $D = 0.1$ ADIC as a reference point for analysis and benchmarks.

7.2 Phase diagram (conceptual)

We consider the region in $(p, d, \rho, q, k, D^*, \Delta, \lambda, \mu, \alpha, \beta)$ space separating liveness (non-empty admissible tip set, bounded confirmation latency) from finality failure (persistent topological noise or absence of diversified k -cores). A formal map is left as Conjecture ??.

8 Security Model

Adversarial goals include sybil concentration (violating (C2)), censorship (starving honest tips), and double-spend (sustaining conflicting support). Defenses: refundable deposits, soul-bound reputation, MRW across axes, diversity thresholds, and dual finality with topological stabilization.

9 Open Problems and Partial Results

Below we formalize key problems as conjectures/theorems. Each has a “counts-as-solved” target for decentralized bounties.

9.1 Ultrametric embeddings and diversity

Conjecture 9.1 (Low-distortion encoders). *Construct $\Phi : \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}_p^d$ for discrete features with distortion bounded by a function of (p, d) while preserving radii constraints in (C1)–(C2).*

Attempted proof. Use base- p digit interleaving and Hensel lifting for hierarchical buckets; prove that the p -adic distance between encodings lower-bounds axis separation after coarse-graining. Gaps: optimal constants and adversarial worst cases. \triangleright

Conjecture 9.2 (Minimal diversity threshold). *For fixed (p, d, ρ) , there exists q_{\min} such that $q \geq q_{\min}$ makes long-term axis capture by any bounded-budget coalition exponentially unlikely.*

Proof sketch. Model approvals as occupancy in product p -adic trees; apply multi-type branching bounds and Chernoff-style tail inequalities across axes. \triangle

9.2 MRW mixing and fairness

Conjecture 9.3 (MRW mixing time). *The MRW mixes to a stationary measure in $\tilde{O}(\text{poly}(d)/\text{gap})$ steps uniformly over time (with mild degree/age regularity).*

Conjecture 9.4 (Fairness under heterogeneous reputations). *Under suitable $(\lambda, \mu, \alpha, \beta)$, honest tips below any fixed reputation percentile receive a minimum visitation frequency $\geq \theta > 0$.*

Attempted proof. Bound conductance of the MRW kernel by decoupling axis-wise transitions; apply path-congestion techniques to obtain a spectral-gap lower bound depending on (ρ, q) and degree regularity. \triangleright

9.3 Percolation, cores, and homology

Conjecture 9.5 (Core threshold with diversity). *In a random ADIC-like directed d -simplicial hypergraph with constraints (C1)–(C3), the emergence of a k -core that is q -diverse per axis exhibits a sharp threshold in average attachment rate.*

Conjecture 9.6 (F1 vs. F2 separation). *There exist parameter families where (F1) holds but (F2) fails (or vice versa), with explicit topological obstructions.*

Attempted proof. Construct gadgets of d -simplices that sustain a k -core yet maintain transient $(d - 1)$ cycles above the ε bottleneck until additional cross-axis attachments occur. \triangleright

9.4 Reputation dynamics

Conjecture 9.7 (Collusion resistance). *There exist $(\gamma, \eta, \text{caps})$ such that no coalition can raise average reputation above honest baselines without violating (C2).*

9.5 Mechanism design

Conjecture 9.8 (Minimal refundable deposit). *There is a threshold D^\dagger (in units tied to workload) above which spam/overlap attacks are suboptimal for any attacker with bounded variance in issuance rate.*

Conjecture 9.9 (Potential-game formulation). *The attach/approve game admits a potential whose local maxima coincide with equilibria maximizing diversity and liveness.*

9.6 Complexity bounds

Conjecture 9.10 (Dynamic finality complexity). *The online decision “is x final under (F1)/(F2)?” is fixed-parameter tractable in D^* and local degree, or else admits conditional lower bounds (e.g. SETH) for general streams.*

Conjecture 9.11 (Near-log update for homology). *There exists a dynamic algorithm that maintains H_d and H_{d-1} with amortized $O(\log^c m)$ updates for ADIC-style streams, or else an $\Omega(m^\epsilon)$ lower bound holds.*

10 Reference Specification (Condensed)

10.1 Admissibility score

For $A = \{a_0, \dots, a_d\}$ define

$$S(x; A) = \sum_{j=1}^d \min_{a \in A} p^{-\max\{0, \rho_j - v_p(\varphi_j(x) - \varphi_j(a))\}}.$$

Require $S(x; A) \geq d$ and (C2)–(C3).

10.2 Validation and finality

```
Validate(x):
  check signature, format, per-axis acyclicity
  assert Admissible(x, A(x))
  escrow deposit D
Finalize():
  test F1 and/or F2 on candidates
  refund D on finality; update ADIC-Rep; slash faults
```

11 Generative Model for Analysis

We consider a time-indexed process where honest arrivals follow a renewal process with bounded inter-arrival variance, features $\Phi(x)$ are drawn from axis-specific distributions with Lipschitz densities in the p -adic topology, and adversaries can adaptively choose features and timing subject to deposit costs. This model underlies Conjectures 4.1, 5.2, 9.3.

12 Toward Machine-Checkable Proofs

We recommend formalizing (i) admissibility invariants, (ii) MRW kernel properties, and (iii) finality criteria as executable properties in a proof assistant (e.g. Coq/Lean). The p -adic arithmetic, ultrametric balls, and simplicial complexes are standard libraries or straightforward to encode.

13 Implementation Roadmap (Aligned to Proof Obligations)

Phase 0 (prototype): message format, encoders, MRW, admissibility, k -core, deposits/refunds, explorer.

Phase 1 (beta): streaming homology library, ADIC-Rep SBT, axis-aware gossip, anti-entropy checkpoints.

Phase 2 (mainnet-candidate): PoUW hooks, storage markets, governance (quadratic), parameter sweeps, adversarial testing.

14 Genesis (Informative)

The Genesis hyperedge uses $(p, d) = (3, 3)$ with anchors in distinct balls; the manifest (parameters, anchors, multisig) is anchored on multiple L1s for timestamping. *Contribution addresses for legacy L1 coordination:*

BTC

bc1qnykv3t8fqpar7aguaas3sxtlsqyndxrpa0g7h8

ETH

0x7EB0c7ea79D85d2A3Ac45aF6A8CB0F7AC9A125bE

SOL

GrUy83AAsibyrcUtpAVA8VgpnQSGyCAb1d8Je8MXNGLJ.

Contributions fund R&D and infrastructure; no returns are promised or implied.

15 Conclusion

ADIC-DAG formalizes a feeless consensus with multi-axis diversity and dual finality grounded in combinatorics and topology. The conjectures herein chart the path for decentralized mathematical research that will harden guarantees and tune parameters ahead of mainnet.

A Problem Bank (Canonical Statements & Acceptance Criteria)

Each item below includes a crisp target for acceptance.

A. p -Adic Geometry & Axis Encodings

Conjecture A.1 (A1: Low-distortion ultrametric encoders). *Given discrete feature sets, produce $\Phi : \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}_p^d$ with distortion $\leq f(p, d)$ s.t. (C1)–(C2) hold. **Accept if:** worst-case or distributional bounds & explicit encoder.*

Conjecture A.2 (A2: Minimal diversity thresholds). *There exists q_{\min} achieving exponentially small capture probability for bounded-budget coalitions. **Accept if:** non-asymptotic tail bounds vs. q, ρ and budget.*

B. MRW on Ultrametries

Conjecture A.3 (B1: MRW mixing). *TV mixing in $\tilde{O}(\text{poly}(d)/\text{gap})$. **Accept if:** rigorous upper bounds; or matching lower bounds.*

Conjecture A.4 (B2: Hitting diverse parents). *Within T^* steps MRW selects $d+1$ admissible parents per (C1)–(C3). **Accept if:** non-trivial upper/lower bounds or sharp asymptotics.*

C. Conflict Energy

Conjecture A.5 (C1: Explicit drift). *Quantify $c(\cdot)$, prove $\mathbb{E}[\tau_{\text{resolve}}] \leq C \log(1 + |\text{support}|)$. **Accept if:** drift & tail bounds.*

D. Finality via k -Core and Homology

Conjecture A.6 (D1: $(F1) \Rightarrow (F2)$). *Specify minimal $(k, q, R^*, D^*, \Delta, \varepsilon)$ yielding $(F2)$ w.h.p. **Accept if:** thresholds & failure δ proved.*

Conjecture A.7 (D2: Separation). *Families where $(F1)$ holds and $(F2)$ fails (or vice versa). **Accept if:** explicit constructions & proofs.*

E. Hypergraph Percolation

Conjecture A.8 (E1: Core threshold with diversity). *Sharp threshold for q -diverse k -core. **Accept if:** threshold or finite-size scaling with bounds.*

F. Reputation Dynamics

Conjecture A.9 (F1: Stability). *Global stability & boundedness for $(\gamma, \eta, caps)$. **Accept if:** Lyapunov proof with explicit bounds.*

G. Deposits and Mechanism Design

Conjecture A.10 (G1: Minimal refundable deposit). *Threshold D^\dagger making spam/overlap attacks suboptimal. **Accept if:** attacker-model proof & sensitivity.*

K. Complexity

Conjecture A.11 (K1: Dynamic finality complexity). *FPT in D^* and local degree or conditional hardness. **Accept if:** formal classification.*

B Reference Pseudocode

```
# Axis-aware gossip (informal):
on_receive(msg x):
    if not verify_signature(x): reject
    if not acyclic_per_axis(x): queue/later
    if not admissible(x): reject
    escrow_deposit(x.P, D)
    attach_simplex(x, A(x))
    for neighbor in peers:
        send_if_useful(neighbor, x)

# Finality loop:
every t_f seconds:
    candidates = select_recent()
    for x in candidates:
        if KCoreFinal(x, k, q, R*, D*): finalize(x); refund(x.P, D)
        else if HomologyFinal(x, Delta, Epsilon): finalize(x); refund(x.P, D)
```