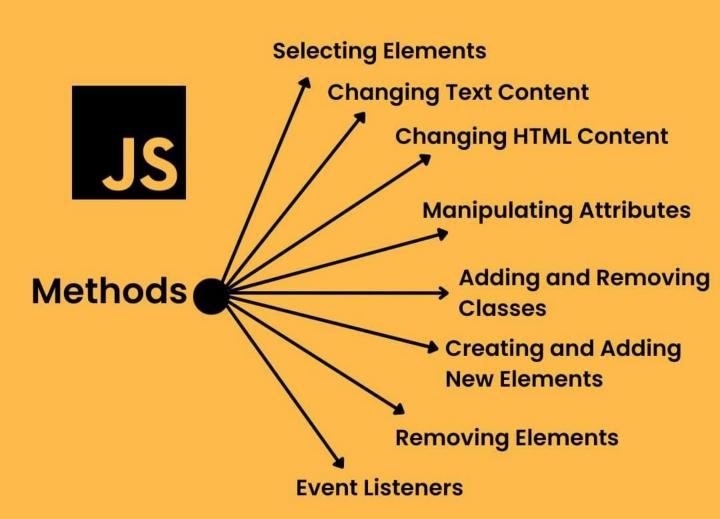
JavaScript DOM Maniupulation Methods



1. Selecting Elements:

- document.getElementById('id'): Gets an element by its ID.
- document.querySelector('selector'): Gets the first element that matches the provided CSS selector.
- document.querySelectorAll('selector'): Gets all elements that match the provided CSS selector.

```
1  Let div = document.getElementById('myDiv');
2  Let firstButton = document.querySelector('button');
3  Let allButtons = document.querySelectorAll('button');
```

2. Changing Text Content:

 element.textContent: Gets or sets the text content of an element.

```
1 div.textContent = 'New text content!';
```

3. Changing HTML Content:

 element.innerHTML: Gets or sets the HTML content inside an element.

```
div.innerHTML = '<strong>This is bold text.</strong>';
```

4. Manipulating Attributes:

- element.getAttribute('attribute'): Gets the value of an attribute.
- element.setAttribute('attribute', 'value'): Sets the value of an attribute

```
1 Let link = document.querySelector('a');
2 Let hrefValue = link.getAttribute('href');
3 link.setAttribute('href', 'https://www.example.com');
```

5. Adding and Removing Classes:

- element.classList.add('class'): Adds a class to an element.
- element.classList.remove('class'): Removes a class from an element.
- element.classList.toggle('class'): Toggles a class (adds it if it doesn't exist, removes it if it does).

```
div.classList.add('highlight');
div.classList.remove('old-highlight');
div.classList.toggle('toggle-class');
```

6. Creating and Adding New Elements:

 document.createElement('elementName'): Creates a new DOM element.

```
1 Let newPara = document.createElement('p');
2 newPara.textContent = 'This is a new paragraph.';
3 div.appendChild(newPara);
4 // Adds the new paragraph as a child of the div.
```

7. Removing Elements:

- element.removeChild(childElement): Removes a child element from the specified element.
- element.remove(): Removes the element directly.

```
div.removeChild(newPara);
// or
newPara.remove();
```

8. Manipulating Attributes:

 Use element.addEventListener('event', function) to respond to user interactions

```
firstButton.addEventListener('click', function() {
    alert('Button was clicked!');
});
```