

Setup RaspPi Heidi Server

- download / install RaspPi Imager from <https://www.raspberrypi.org/software/>
- > rpi-imager choose recommended image
- plug in SD card to RaspPi, login (user pi, passwd raspberry / raspberrz on german keyboards) startup, step through setup (no WiFi)
- resize root partition on SD-card to 16GiB (e.g. use gparted on a other system)
- backup and clean /opt
- create a separated fs mounted to /opt (best a separated device, a partition should do too)
- remove auto-login: edit /etc/lightdm/lightdm.conf comment out line autologin-user...
- enable ssh for remote sessions:
> sudo systemctl enable ssh
- install php, apache, mysql (mariadb)
> sudo apt install apache2 php mariadb-server mariadb-client
> sudo systemctl enable mysql (ignore „too many symlinks“)
> sudo mysql_secure_installation (set new root pw/ all other „Y“)
> sudo mysql -u root
MariaDB [mysql]> USE mysql;
MariaDB [mysql]> UPDATE user SET plugin='mysql_native_password' WHERE User='root';
MariaDB [mysql]> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
MariaDB [mysql]> exit;
- change store-location for mysql:
> sudo systemctl stop mariadb.service
> sudo mkdir /opt/heidi
> sudo mv /var/lib/mysql /opt/heidi/.
> sudo chown -R mysql /opt/heidi/mysql
> sudo chgrp -R mysql /opt/heidi/mysql
> sudo nano /etc/mysql/mariadb.conf.d/50-server.cnf
-> datadir = /opt/heidi/mysql
> sudo systemctl start mariadb.service
- > sudo apt install phpmyadmin, choose option apache2, do not reinstall database
- open phpmyadmin website and login with mariadb root login, phpmyadmin will request you to create basic structures
- new database: name „Heidi“ Kollation: utf8_general_ci
- new user: name „HeidiTracker“, localhost, INSERT / UPDATE / SELECT only on database „Heidi“
- create administrative user besides root with less privileges
- new Table „TrackerData“ InnoDB with 12 Columns:

TrackerID	VARCHAR	9	
Longitude	DECIMAL	9,6	
Latitude	DECIMAL	9,6	
Altitude	DECIMAL	9,6	
TimeStamp	DATETIME		
Battery	DECIMAL	3,2	NULL
Temperature	DECIMAL	4,2	NULL
FreeValue1	VARCHAR	16	NULL
FreeValue2	VARCHAR	16	NULL
FreeValue3	VARCHAR	16	NULL
FreeValue4	VARCHAR	16	NULL
FreeValue5	VARCHAR	16	NULL
- new Table „Fence“ InnoDB with 4 Columns:

HerdeID	VARCHAR	4	
Longitude	DECIMAL	9,6	
Latitude	DECIMAL	9,6	
Active	TINYINT		Default: 0

- configure apache2 for web-frontend
/etc/apache2/ports.conf: add ports for http and https / tls (I'm using 1080 for http and 1083 for https you may use other ports)

```
>sudo nano /etc/apache2/apache2.conf
```

(additionally to similar blocks) add:

```
<Directory /opt/heidi/web/>
    Options Indexes FollowSymLinks
    AllowOverride None
    Require all granted
</Directory>
```

```
>sudo nano /etc/apache2/sites-available/heidi.conf
```

```
<VirtualHost *:1080>
    ServerAdmin root@localhost
    DocumentRoot /opt/heidi/web
    ErrorLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/error.log
    CustomLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/access.log combined
</VirtualHost>
```

```
> sudo nano /etc/apache2/sites-available/heidi-ssl.conf
```

```
<IfModule mod_ssl.c>
    <VirtualHost *:1083>
        ServerAdmin root@localhost
        DocumentRoot /opt/heidi/web

        ErrorLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/error.log
        CustomLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/access.log combined

        SSLEngine on
        SSLCertificateFile      /etc/ssl/certs/ssl-cert-snakeoil.pem
        SSLCertificateKeyFile   /etc/ssl/private/ssl-cert-snakeoil.key

        <FilesMatch "\.(cgi|shtml|phtml|php)$">
            SSLOptions +StdEnvVars
        </FilesMatch>
        <Directory /usr/lib/cgi-bin>
            SSLOptions +StdEnvVars
        </Directory>

    </VirtualHost>
</IfModule>
```

(copy details from default-ssl.conf)

```
> sudo a2ensite heidi.conf
> sudo a2ensite heidi-ssl.conf
> sudo a2enmod ssl
> sudo systemctl restart apache2.service
```

- you may need to manually upgrade phpmyadmin, following: <https://devanswers.co/manually-upgrade-phpmyadmin/>
- Web-content: upload all files from repository to /opt/heidi/web, enter /opt/heidi/web


```
> wget https://github.com/openlayers/ol2/releases/download/release-2.13.1/OpenLayers-2.13.1.tar.gz
> tar -xvzf OpenLayers-2.13.1.tar.gz
> mv OpenLayers-2.13.1 ol
> rm OpenLayers-2.13.1.tar.gz
```
- Configure your network according to the settings made here. If you not intend to use a commercial web-service, which maybe not a bad idea, you may use a fritz box DSL router because AVM provides a static URL for each device.
- that's it