

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3^n - 2^n}{3^{n-1} + 2^n} = \frac{3^\infty - 2^\infty}{3^{\infty-1} + 2^\infty} = (*)$$

hw
01.01
N2

Найдем max n. $3^n > 2^n$; $3^n > 3^{n-1} \Rightarrow 3^n$

$$= (*) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{3^n}{3^n} - \frac{2^n}{3^n}}{\frac{3^n}{3^n \cdot 3} + \frac{2^n}{3^n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 - \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n}{\frac{1}{3} + \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 - \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n}{\frac{1}{3} + \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n} = \frac{1 - 0}{\frac{1}{3} + 0} = 3.$$

$$\frac{3^n}{n \rightarrow \infty} \rightarrow \infty$$

Ответ: 3.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{5}{2}} \frac{2x^2 - 9x + 10}{2x - 5} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{5}{2}} \frac{(x - \frac{5}{2})(x - 2)}{2(x - \frac{5}{2})} = \text{hw or n3.}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{5}{2}} \frac{x - 2}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{5}{2} - 2 \right) = \frac{5}{4} - 1 = \frac{1}{4}.$$

$$2x^2 - 9x + 10 = (x - \frac{5}{2})(x - 2)$$

$$D = b^2 - 4ac = (-9)^2 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 10 = 81 - 80 = 1$$

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{D}}{2a} = \frac{9 \pm 1}{4} \quad \begin{matrix} \frac{10}{4} = \frac{5}{2} \\ \frac{8}{4} = 2 \end{matrix}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n-1}{3n} = \frac{\infty-1}{3\infty} = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{3n} - \frac{1}{3n} = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3n} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5n+1}{4-9n} = \left[\frac{\infty}{-\infty} \right] = \frac{\infty}{-\infty} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{5n}{n} + \frac{1}{n}}{\frac{4}{n} - \frac{9n}{n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5 + \frac{1}{n}}{\frac{4}{n} - 9} = -\frac{5}{9}$$

$$\neq \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^2}{2n^3} = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] = (*)$$

$$(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

$$= (*) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2 + 2n + 1}{2n^3} = \left(\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right) =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{n^2}{n^3} + \frac{2n}{n^3} + \frac{1}{n^3}}{\frac{2n^3}{n^3}} = \frac{\frac{1}{n} + \frac{2}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n^3}}{2} = 0$$

Ответ: неопределенность вида $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$ равна 0.

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(3n^2 - 7n + 1)}{2 - 5n - 6n^2} \stackrel{8/8}{=} \frac{3n^2}{-6n^2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+2)^3 - (n-2)^3}{95n^3 + 39n}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (a+b)^3 &= a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3 \\ (a-b)^3 &= a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3 \\ &= 3a^2(a-b) + 3b^2(a-b) \end{aligned}$$

$$\sin 0 = 0$$

$$\cos 0 = 1$$

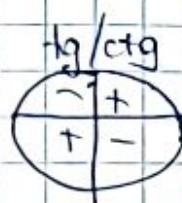
$$\operatorname{tg} 0 = 0$$

Помощь. Обсуждение - 09.
Круг. Обсуждение косинусов - 0x

$$\operatorname{tg} = \frac{\sin}{\cos}$$

$$\operatorname{ctg} = \frac{\cos}{\sin}$$

Знаки триг. - 0-1



1-1. Значение.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin d(x)}{d(x)} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{d(x)}{\sin d(x)} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{3x} = \frac{\sin 3 \cdot 0}{3 \cdot 0} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{5x}{3}}{\sin \frac{5x}{3}} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^3 - 5x^2 + x}{\sin(x^3 - 5x + x)} = \frac{0^3 - 5 \cdot 0^2 + 0}{\sin(0)} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] = 1$$

201. cos^2 x - sin^2 x

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x^2 - 3x + 5)}{x^2 - 3x + 5} = 1 \quad \text{if } x \text{ const.}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 7x}{3x} = \lim$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n \left(\sqrt[3]{4n} - \frac{4\sqrt[4]{81n^3 - 1}}{(n + 4\sqrt{n})(\sqrt{n^2 - 5})} \right)}{n^2} = \left[\frac{\infty - \infty}{\infty} \right] = (*) \text{ h.v.o.c. n1.}$$

Найдем max. степень n ~~n^3~~ $n \sqrt[3]{n} = \sqrt[3]{n^3 \cdot n} = n^{\frac{4}{3}}, n^2$;
 $n; \sqrt{n}; \sqrt{n^2} = n \Rightarrow n^2 \Rightarrow \text{на } n^2$.

$$= (*) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{n \sqrt[3]{4n}}{n^2} - \frac{4\sqrt[4]{81n^3 - 1}}{n^2}}{\frac{(n + 4\sqrt{n})(\sqrt{n^2 - 5})}{n^2}} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{4} \frac{\sqrt[3]{n^4}}{\sqrt[3]{n^6}} - \frac{4\sqrt[4]{\frac{81n^3}{n^8} - \frac{1}{n^8}}}{n^2}}{\frac{(n + 4\sqrt{n})}{n} \cdot \frac{(\sqrt{n^2 - 5})}{n}} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{4} n^{-\frac{2}{3}} - 4\sqrt[4]{81 - \frac{1}{n^5}}}{\left(\frac{n}{n} + \frac{4\sqrt{n}}{n}\right) \cdot \left(\sqrt{\frac{n^2}{n^2} - \frac{5}{n^2}}\right)} =$$

$$= 1.7415$$

$$= 202500$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{7} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{n^2}} - \sqrt[4]{81} \cdot \frac{1}{n^2}}{\left(1 + \frac{4}{n}\right) \left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{5}{n^2}}\right)} = \frac{-\frac{4\sqrt[4]{81}}{1}}{1} = -3$$

Ответа: -3.

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x-6} + 2}{x+2} = \frac{0}{0} = (*) =$$

испол. 01
н5.

$$a^3 + b^3 = (a+b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x-6} + 2)((\sqrt[3]{x-6})^2 - 2\sqrt[3]{x-6} + 2^2)}{(x+2)((\sqrt[3]{x-6})^2 - 2\sqrt[3]{x-6} + 2^2)} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x-6})^3 + 2^3}{(x+2)(1-1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x-6+8}{(x+2)(1-1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x-6+8}{(x+2)(1-1)} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x+2}{(x+2)(\sqrt[3]{x-6})^2 - 2\sqrt[3]{x-6} + 4} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{x-6})^2 - 2\sqrt[3]{x-6} + 4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{-2-6})^2 - 2\sqrt[3]{-2-6} + 4} = \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{-8})^2 - 2\sqrt[3]{-8} + 4} = \frac{1}{(-2)^2 - 2(-2) + 4} = \frac{1}{4+4+4} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(-2)^2 - 2 \cdot (-2) + 4} = \frac{1}{4+4+4} = \frac{1}{12}$$

5.231

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n-1}{3n} = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{n}{n} - \frac{1}{n}}{\frac{3n}{n}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

5.232.

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5n+1}{7-9n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{5n}{n} + \frac{1}{n}}{\frac{7}{n} - \frac{9n}{n}} = -\frac{5}{9}$$

5.233.

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^2}{2n^3} = \left[\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] = \frac{\frac{n^2}{n^3} + \frac{2n}{n^3} + \frac{1}{n^3}}{\frac{2n^3}{n^3}} = \frac{0}{2} = 0$$

5.234

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3n^2 - 7n + 1}{2 - 5n - 6n^2} = \frac{\frac{3n^2}{n^2} - \frac{7n}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n^2}}{\frac{2}{n^2} - \frac{5n}{n^2} - \frac{6n^2}{n^2}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} -\frac{3}{6} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

5.235

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+2)^3 - (n-2)^3}{95n^3 + 39n} &= \left[\frac{\infty - \infty}{\infty + \infty} \right] = \\ &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^3 + 3n^2 \cdot 2 + 3 \cdot 2^2 n + 2^3 - (n^3 - 3 \cdot 2n^2 + 3 \cdot 2^2 n - 2^3)}{95n^3 + 39n} = \\ &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^3 + 6n^2 + 12n + 8 - n^3 + 6n^2 - 12n + 8}{95n^3 + 39n} = \\ &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{12n^2 + 16}{n(95n^2 + 39)} = \frac{\frac{12n^2}{n^3} + \frac{16}{n^3}}{\frac{95n^3}{n^3} + \frac{39n}{n^3}} = 0 \end{aligned}$$