

System Security Labs Practical Exam Programs

Experiment No: -3

WAP To Count the Numbers of Words, Character, Blank Spaces & Lines Using LEX.

Program Code

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>
int      lines=0,          words=0,s_letters=0,c_letters=0,          num=0,
spl_char=0,total=0,space=0;
}%
%%

\n { lines++; words++;}
[\t ' '] words++;
(?:\t\t) space++;
[A-Z] c_letters++;
[a-z] s_letters++;
[0-9] num++;
[. @ # $ ! % ^ & * ( ) > < ? ~ ` ' " " ; : ?] spl_char++;
%%

int main(void)
{
yyin= fopen("input.txt","r");
yylex();
total=s_letters+c_letters+num+spl_char;
printf(" This File contains ...");
printf("\n\t%d lines", lines);
printf("\n\t%d words",words-space);
printf("\n\t%d small letters", s_letters);
printf("\n\t%d capital letters",c_letters);
printf("\n\t%d digits", num);
printf("\n\t%d special characters",spl_char);
printf("\n\tIn total %d characters.\n",total);
}

int yywrap()
{
return(1);
}
```

Input File

```
This is the input for!!!!
the lex program with @#$
123456
```

Output

The image shows a terminal window titled "aikt@aikt-OptiPlex-3046: ~/Desktop/spcc". The terminal content is as follows:

```
aikt@aikt-OptiPlex-3046:~/Desktop/spcc$ lex counter.l
aikt@aikt-OptiPlex-3046:~/Desktop/spcc$ gcc lex.yy.c
aikt@aikt-OptiPlex-3046:~/Desktop/spcc$ ./a.out
This file contains ...
No symbols.
3 lines      1 This is the input for!!!!
12 words     2 the lex program with @#$
33 small letters 123456
1 capital letters
6 digits
7 special characters
In total 47 characters.
aikt@aikt-OptiPlex-3046:~/Desktop/spcc$
```


Below the terminal output, there is a list of files in the directory:

```
- 13:35:06: File /home/aikt/Desktop/spcc/input.txt saved.
Status
13:35:18: File /home/aikt/Desktop/spcc/input.txt saved.
13:36:17: File /home/aikt/Desktop/spcc/counter.l saved.
Compiler
13:37:48: File /home/aikt/Desktop/spcc/input.txt saved.
Messages
13:37:48: File /home/aikt/Desktop/spcc/input.txt saved.
13:37:51: File /home/aikt/Desktop/spcc/input.txt saved.
```


At the bottom, a status bar displays:

```
line: 2 / 4 col: 4 sel: 0 INS TAB mode: LF encoding: UTF-8 filetype: None scope: underline
```

Experiment No: -4

WAP To recognize identifiers in C using symbol table.

Program Code

```
//Implementation of Lexical Analyzer using Lex tool
%{
int COMMENT=0;
%}
identifier [a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]*
%%
#.* {printf("\n%s is a preprocessor directive",yytext);}
int |
float |
char |
double |
while |
for |
struct |
typedef |
do |
if |
break |
continue |
void |
switch |
return |
else |
```

```

goto {printf("\n\t%s is a keyword",yytext);}
"/*" {COMMENT=1;}{printf("\n\t %s is a COMMENT",yytext);}
{identifier}\( {if(!COMMENT)printf("\nFUNCTION \n\t%s",yytext);}
\{ {if(!COMMENT)printf("\n BLOCK BEGINS");}
\} {if(!COMMENT)printf("BLOCK ENDS ");}
{identifier}(\[[0-9]*\])? {if(!COMMENT) printf("\n %s IDENTIFIER",yytext);}
\".*\\" {if(!COMMENT)printf("\n\t %s is a STRING",yytext);}
[0-9]+ {if(!COMMENT) printf("\n %s is a NUMBER ",yytext);}
\)(\:)? {if(!COMMENT)printf("\n\t");ECHO;printf("\n");}
\ ( ECHO;
= {if(!COMMENT)printf("\n\t %s is an ASSIGNMENT OPERATOR",yytext);}
\<= |
\>= |
\< |
== |
\> {if(!COMMENT) printf("\n\t%s is a RELATIONAL OPERATOR",yytext);}
%%
int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    FILE *file;
    file=fopen("var.c","r");
    if(!file)
    {
        printf("could not open the file");
        exit(0);
    }
    yyin=file;
    yylex();
    printf("\n");
    return(0);
}
int yywrap()
{
    return(1);
}

```

Input File

```

//var.c
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int a,b,c;
    a=1;
    b=2;
    c=a+b;
    printf("Sum:%d",c);
}

```

Output

```

aikt@aiktc-OptiPlex-3046: ~/Desktop/Exp No.4[SPCC]
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
aikt@aiktc-OptiPlex-3046:~/Desktop/Exp No.4[SPCC]$ lex identifier.l
aikt@aiktc-OptiPlex-3046:~/Desktop/Exp No.4[SPCC]$ gcc lex.yy.c
aikt@aiktc-OptiPlex-3046:~/Desktop/Exp No.4[SPCC]$ ./a.out
//
var IDENTIFIER.
c IDENTIFIER
#include<stdio.h> is a preprocessor directive
#include<conio.h> is a preprocessor directive
void is a keyword
FUNCTION
main(
)
BLOCK BEGINS
int is a keyword
a IDENTIFIER,
b IDENTIFIER,
c IDENTIFIER;
a IDENTIFIER
= is an ASSIGNMENT OPERATOR
1 is a NUMBER ;
b IDENTIFIER
= is an ASSIGNMENT OPERATOR
2 is a NUMBER ;
c IDENTIFIER
= is an ASSIGNMENT OPERATOR
a IDENTIFIER+
b IDENTIFIER;
FUNCTION
printf(
"Sum:%d" is a STRING,
c IDENTIFIER
)
;
BLOCK ENDS
aikt@aiktc-OptiPlex-3046:~/Desktop/Exp No.4[SPCC]$

```

Experiment No: -5

WAP to remove the Left Recursion from a given grammar.

Program Code

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main() {
    char input[100],*l,*r,*temp,tempprod[20],productions[25][50];
    int i=0,j=0,flag=0;
    printf("Enter the productions: ");
    scanf("%s",input);
    l = strtok(input,"->");
    r = strtok(NULL,"->");
    temp = strtok(r,"|");
    while(temp) {
        if(temp[0] == l[0]) {
            flag = 1;
            sprintf(productions[i++], "%s'->%s%s'\0", l, temp+1, l);
        }
        else
            sprintf(productions[i++], "%s->%s%s'\0", l, temp, l);
        temp = strtok(NULL,"|");
    }
    sprintf(productions[i++], "%s'->\u03B5", l);
    if(flag == 0)
        printf("The given productions don't have Left Recursion");
    else

```

```

        for(j=0;j<i;j++) {
            printf("\n%s",productions[j]);
        }
    return 0;
}

```

Output

```

Enter the productions: A->Abc|ad

A->adA'
A'->bcA'

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.

```

Experiment No: -6

WAP to find first () of given grammar.

Program Code

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>

void Find_First(char[], char);
void Array_Manipulation(char[], char);

int limit;
char production[25][25];

int main()
{
    char option;
    char ch;
    char array[25];
    int count;
    printf("\nEnter Total Number of Productions:\t");
    scanf("%d", &limit);
    for(count = 0; count < limit; count++)
    {
        printf("\nValue of Production Number [%d]:\t", count + 1);
        scanf("%s", production[count]);
    }
    do
    {
        printf("\nEnter a Value to Find First:\t");
        scanf(" %c", &ch);
    }
}

```

```

        Find_First(array, ch);
        printf("\nFirst Value of %c:\t{ ", ch);
        for(count = 0; array[count] != '\0'; count++)
        {
            printf(" %c ", array[count]);
        }
        printf("}\n");
        printf("To Continue, Press Y:\t");
        scanf(" %c", &option);
    }while(option == 'y' || option == 'Y');
    return 0;
}

void Find_First(char* array, char ch)
{
    int count, j, k;
    char temporary_result[20];
    int x;
    temporary_result[0] = '\0';
    array[0] = '\0';
    if(!(isupper(ch)))
    {
        Array_Manipulation(array, ch);
        return ;
    }
    for(count = 0; count < limit; count++)
    {
        if(production[count][0] == ch)
        {
            if(production[count][2] == '$')
            {
                Array_Manipulation(array, '$');
            }
            else
            {
                j = 2;
                while(production[count][j] != '\0')
                {
                    x = 0;
                    Find_First(temporary_result,
production[count][j]);
                    for(k = 0; temporary_result[k] != '\0'; k++)
                    {
                        Array_Manipulation(array,temporary_result[k]);
                    }
                    for(k = 0; temporary_result[k] != '\0'; k++)
                    {
                        if(temporary_result[k] == '$')
                        {
                            x = 1;
                            break;
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
        if(!x)
        {
            break;
        }
        j++;
    }
}

}

return;
}

void Array_Manipulation(char array[], char value)
{
    int temp;
    for(temp = 0; array[temp] != '\0'; temp++)
    {
        if(array[temp] == value)
        {
            return;
        }
    }
    array[temp] = value;
    array[temp + 1] = '\0';
}

```

Output

```

Enter Total Number of Productions:    9

Value of Production Number [1]: S=ACBD
Value of Production Number [2]: S=CbB
Value of Production Number [3]: S=Ba
Value of Production Number [4]: A=da
Value of Production Number [5]: A=BC
Value of Production Number [6]: B=g
Value of Production Number [7]: B=#
Value of Production Number [8]: C=b
Value of Production Number [9]: C=#

Enter a Value to Find First:    S

First Value of S:    { d g # b }
To Continue, Press Y:    y

Enter a Value to Find First:    A

First Value of A:    { d g # }
To Continue, Press Y:    y

Enter a Value to Find First:    B

First Value of B:    { g # }
To Continue, Press Y:    y

Enter a Value to Find First:    C

First Value of C:    { b # }
To Continue, Press Y:    ☐

```

Experiment No: -7**WAP to find Follow () of given grammar****Program Code**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<string.h>

int limit, x = 0;
char production[10][10], array[10];

void find_first(char ch);
void find_follow(char ch);
void Array_Manipulation(char ch);

int main()
{
    int count;
    char option, ch;
    printf("\nEnter Total Number of Productions:\t");
    scanf("%d", &limit);
    for(count = 0; count < limit; count++)
    {
        printf("\nValue of Production Number [%d]:\t", count + 1);
        scanf("%s", production[count]);
    }
    do
    {
        x = 0;
        printf("\nEnter production Value to Find Follow:\t");
        scanf(" %c", &ch);
        find_follow(ch);
        printf("\nFollow Value of %c:\t{ ", ch);
        for(count = 0; count < x; count++)
        {
            printf("%c ", array[count]);
        }
        printf("}\n");
        printf("To Continue, Press Y:\t");
        scanf(" %c", &option);
    }while(option == 'y' || option == 'Y');
    return 0;
}

void find_follow(char ch)
{
    int i, j;
    int length = strlen(production[i]);
    if(production[0][0] == ch)
    {
        Array_Manipulation('$');
```



```

    }
    for(i = 0; i < limit; i++)
    {
        for(j = 2; j < length; j++)
        {
            if(production[i][j] == ch)
            {
                if(production[i][j + 1] != '\0')
                {
                    find_first(production[i][j + 1]);
                }
                if(production[i][j + 1] == '\0' && ch !=
production[i][0])
                {
                    find_follow(production[i][0]);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

void find_first(char ch)
{
    int i, k;
    if(!(isupper(ch)))
    {
        Array_Manipulation(ch);
    }
    for(k = 0; k < limit; k++)
    {
        if(production[k][0] == ch)
        {
            if(production[k][2] == '$')
            {
                find_follow(production[i][0]);
            }
            else if(islower(production[k][2]))
            {
                Array_Manipulation(production[k][2]);
            }
            else
            {
                find_first(production[k][2]);
            }
        }
    }
}

void Array_Manipulation(char ch)
{
    int count;
    for(count = 0; count <= x; count++)
    {

```

```
        if(array[count] == ch)
        {
            return;
        }
    }
    array[x++] = ch;
}
```

Output

```
Enter Total Number of Productions:      9

Value of Production Number [1]: S=ACB

Value of Production Number [2]: S=CbB

Value of Production Number [3]: S=Ba

Value of Production Number [4]: A=da

Value of Production Number [5]: A=BC

Value of Production Number [6]: B=g

Value of Production Number [7]: B=#

Value of Production Number [8]: C=b

Value of Production Number [9]: C=#

Enter production Value to Find Follow:  S

Follow Value of S:      { $ }
To Continue, Press Y:   Y

Enter production Value to Find Follow:  A

Follow Value of A:      { b # }
To Continue, Press Y:   Y

Enter production Value to Find Follow:  C

Follow Value of C:      { g # b }
```

Experiment No: -8**WAP to generate 3 address code.****Program Code**

```

import java.io.*;
class ThreeAddressCode
{
    private static final char[][] precedence = {
        {'/', '1'},
        {'*', '1'},
        {'+', '2'},
        {'-', '2'}
    };

    private static int precedenceOf(String t)
    {
        char token = t.charAt(0);
        for (int i=0; i < precedence.length; i++)
        {
            if (token == precedence[i][0])
            {
                return Integer.parseInt(precedence[i][1]+"");
            }
        }
        return -1;
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception
    {
        int i, j, opc=0;
        char token;
        boolean processed[];
        String[][] operators = new String[10][2];
        String expr="", temp;
        BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(System.in));
        System.out.print("\nEnter an expression: ");
        expr = in.readLine();
        processed = new boolean[expr.length()];
        for (i=0; i < processed.length; i++)
        {
            processed[i] = false;
        }
        for (i=0; i < expr.length(); i++)
        {
            token = expr.charAt(i);
            for (j=0; j < precedence.length; j++)
            {
                if (token==precedence[j][0])
                {
                    operators[opc][0] = token+"";

```

```

        operators[opc][1] = i+"";
        opc++;
        break;
    }
}
System.out.println("\nOperators:\nOperator\tLocation");
for (i=0; i < opc; i++)
{
    System.out.println(operators[i][0] + "\t\t" +
operators[i][1]);
}
//sort
for (i=opc-1; i >= 0; i--)
{
    for (j=0; j < i; j++)
    {
        if (precedenceOf(operators[j][0]) >
precedenceOf(operators[j+1][0]))
        {
            temp = operators[j][0];
            operators[j][0] = operators[j+1][0];
            operators[j+1][0] = temp;
            temp = operators[j][1];
            operators[j][1] = operators[j+1][1];
            operators[j+1][1] = temp;
        }
    }
}
System.out.println("\nOperators sorted in their
precedence:\nOperator\tLocation");
for (i=0; i < opc; i++)
{
    System.out.println(operators[i][0] + "\t\t" +
operators[i][1]);
}
System.out.println();
for (i=0; i < opc; i++)
{
    j = Integer.parseInt(operators[i][1]+"");
    String op1="", op2="";
    if (processed[j-1]==true)
    {
        if (precedenceOf(operators[i-1][0]) ==
precedenceOf(operators[i][0]))
        {
            op1 = "t"+i;
        }
        else
        {
            for (int x=0; x < opc; x++)
            {

```

```

                                if ((j-2) ==
Integer.parseInt(operators[x][1]))
                                {
                                    op1 = "t" + (x+1) + "";
                                }
                            }
                    }
                else
                {
                    op1 = expr.charAt(j-1) + "";
                }
                if (processed[j+1] == true)
                {
                    for (int x=0; x < opc; x++)
                    {
                        if ((j+2) == Integer.parseInt(operators[x][1]))
                        {
                            op2 = "t" + (x+1) + "";
                        }
                    }
                }
                else
                {
                    op2 = expr.charAt(j+1) + "";
                }
                System.out.println("t" + (i+1) + " = " + op1 + operators[i][0] + op2);
                processed[j] = processed[j-1] = processed[j+1] = true;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

Output

```

Enter an expression: a*b/c+d-e*f
Operators:
Operator      Location
*              1
/              3
+              5
-              7
*              9

Operators sorted in their precedence:
Operator      Location
*              1
/              3
*              9
+              5
-              7

t1 = a*b
t2 = t1/c
t3 = e*f
t4 = t2+d
t5 = t4-t3
C:\SPCC>

```