

Dhanalakshmi Srinivasan Arts and Science (Co-Education) College (Affiliated to University of Madras)



UNEARTHING THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT OF HUMAN ACTIVITY: A GLOBAL CO2 EMISSION ANALYSIS

A PROJECT REPORT SUBMITTED BY

INDUMATHY K - 222009446

DHARSHINI M - 222009443

ILAKKIYA S - 222009445

RANJITH M - 222009441

1.INTRODUCTION:

The increasing average atmospheric temperature has led to global warming, which drives a set of changes to the Earth's climate and weather systems. These swift changes are happening as humans continue to emit heat-trapping greenhouse gases (GHG) to the atmosphere [1]. Among these emissions, carbon dioxide (CO2) is the critical anthropogenic greenhouse gas due to its abundance and its ability to remain in the atmosphere for thousands of years.

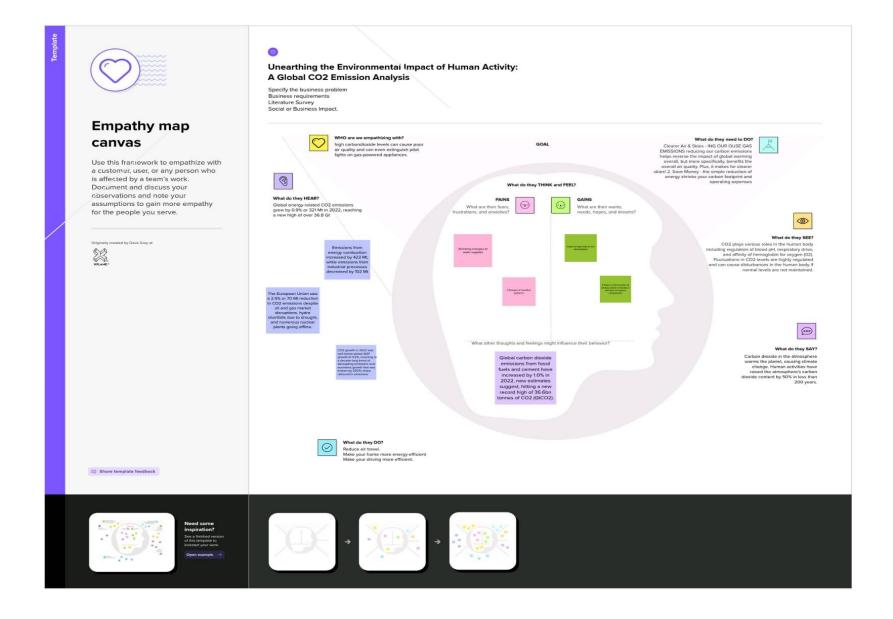
1.1 OVERVIEW:

Global warming is one of the biggest challenges currently being faced by the human race, although correlation is not causation, a likely cause of global warming is due to increased atmospheric carbon dioxide from human activities.

1.2 PURPOSE:

- The challenge in sustainably advancing the building sector is the increasingly large outflows of CO2 due to the utilization of non-sustainable energy sources in the planning, construction, and operations of buildings.
- It is well-known that CO2 emissions contribute to global warming and climate change, which can significantly cause severe impacts and consequences for humans and the environment.
- Key words: co2 emissions; building sector; impacts; mitigations.

Milestone 1: Define problem/ Problem understanding

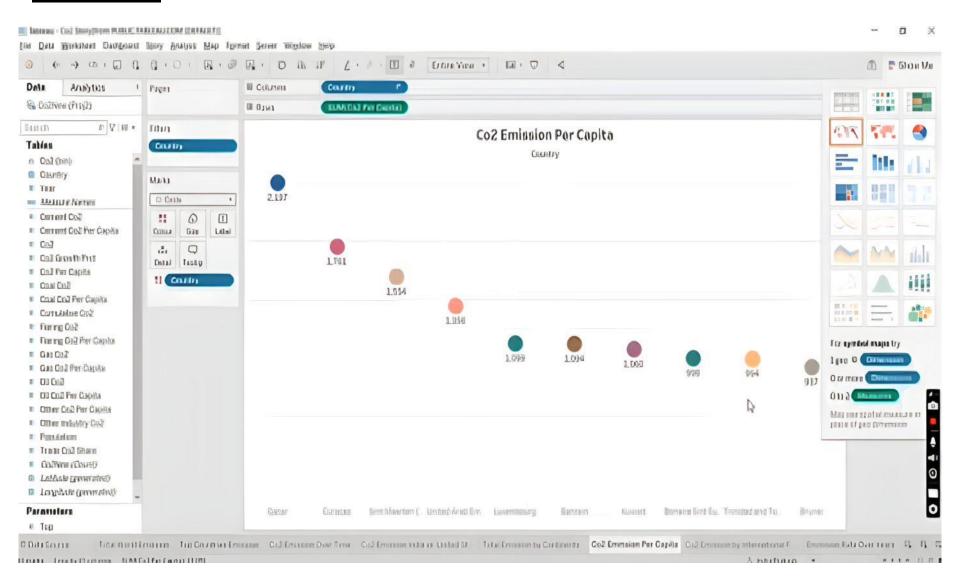


1.2 BRAINSTORMING:

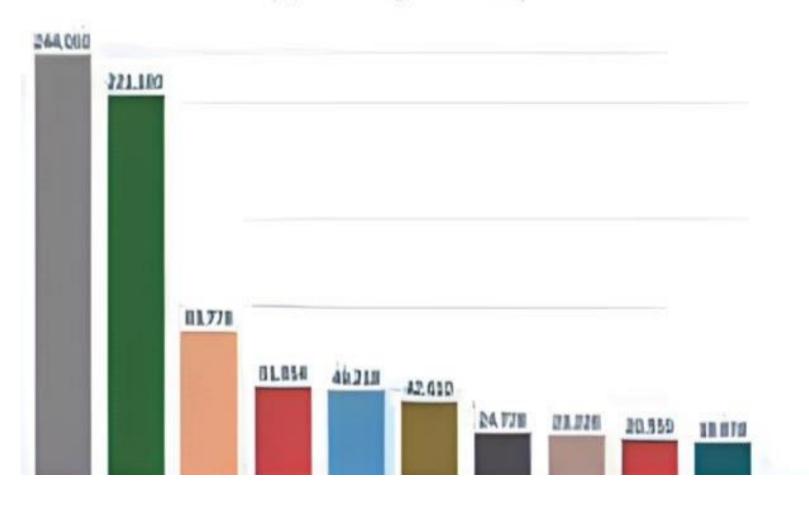


Milestone: 2

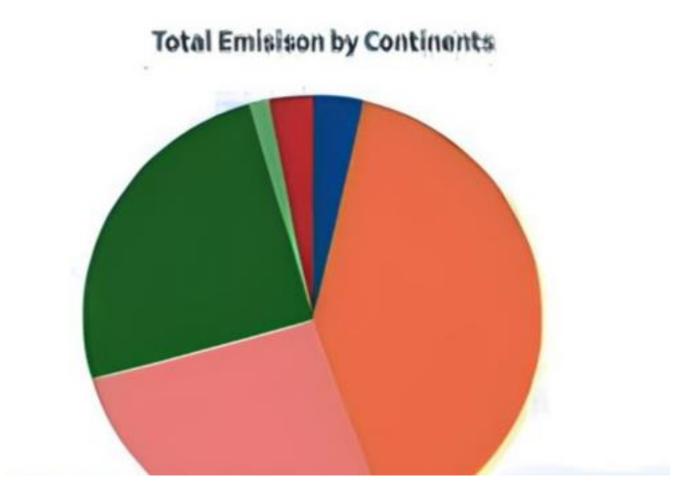
Activity: 1



Top Emitting Countries



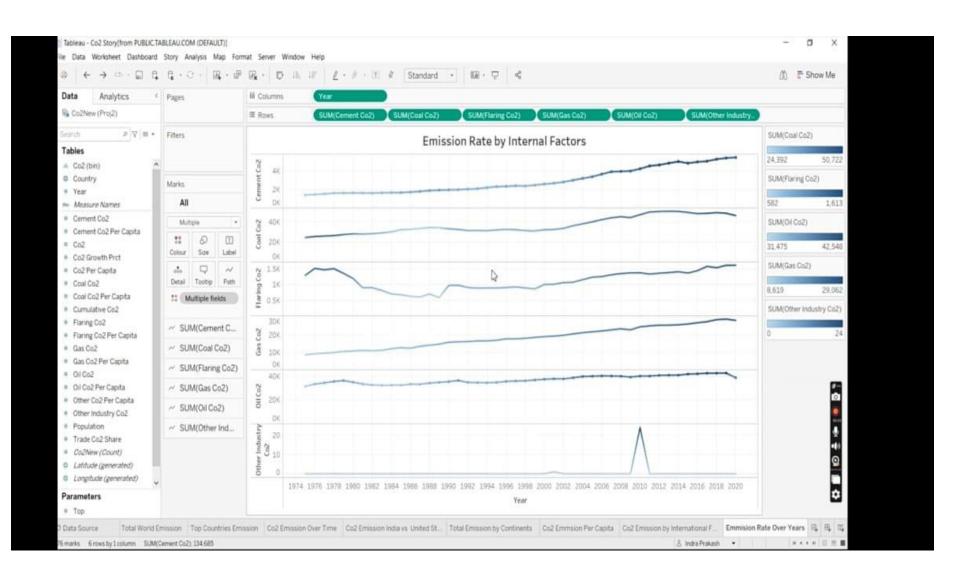
Activity 2:

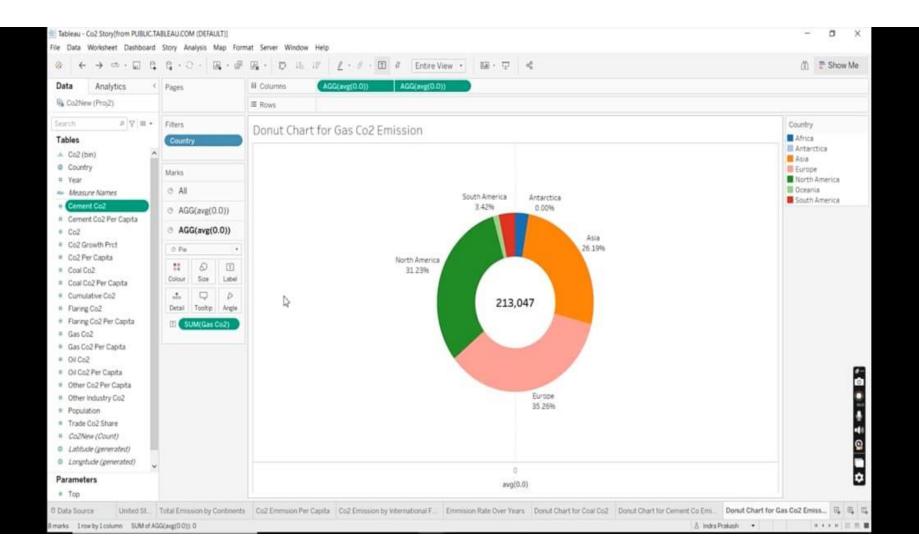


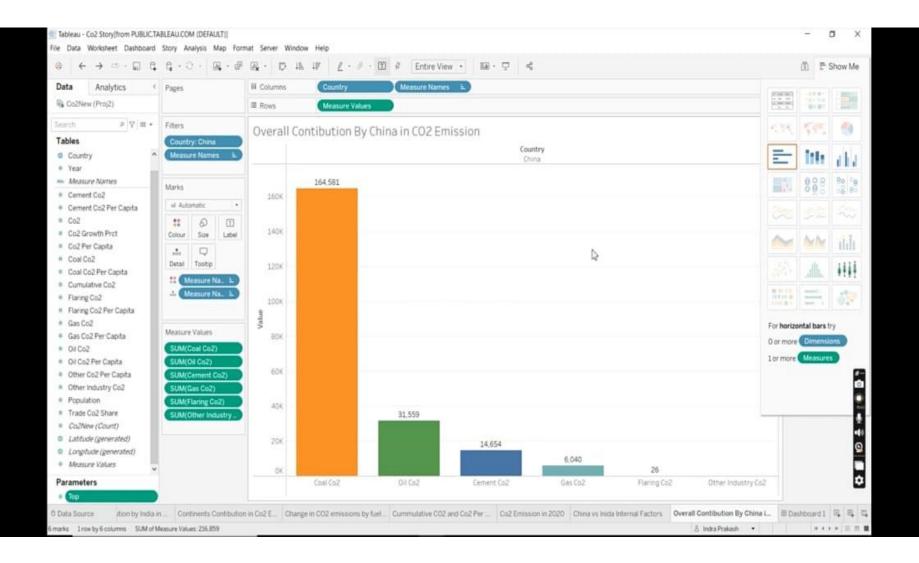
Total World Emission

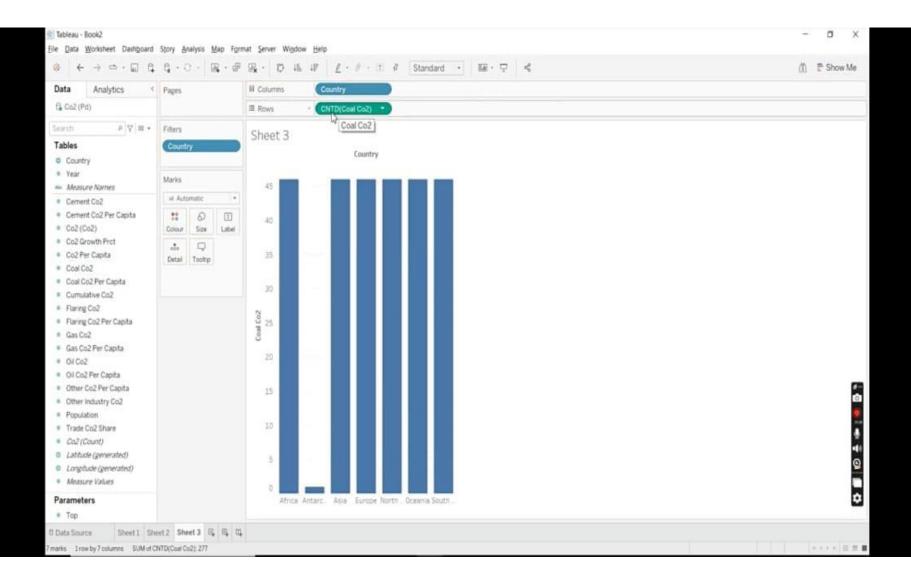


Milestone 3:



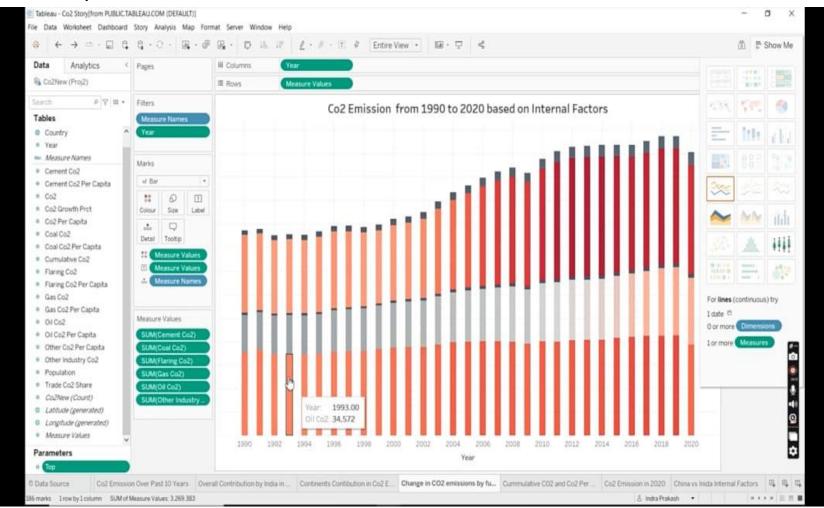




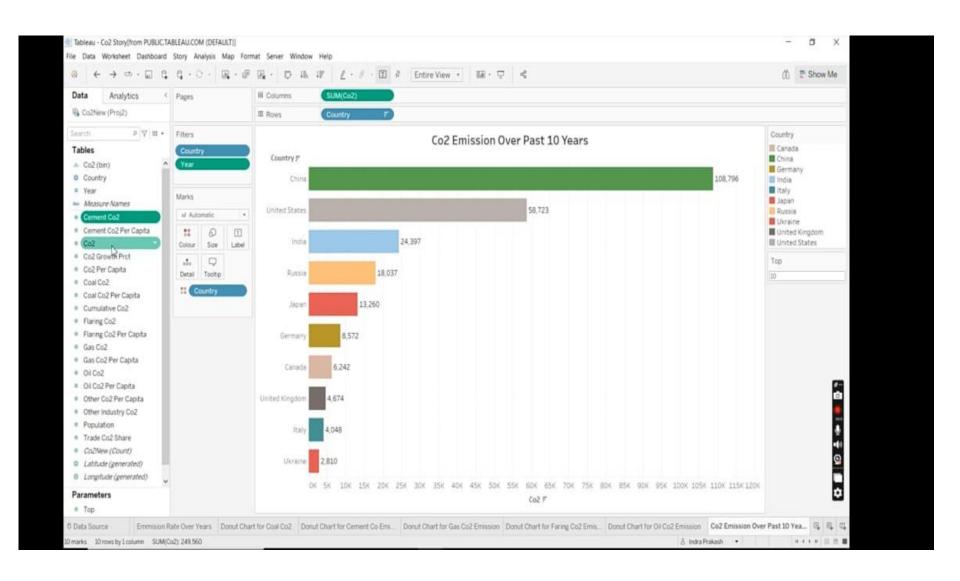


Milestone 4:

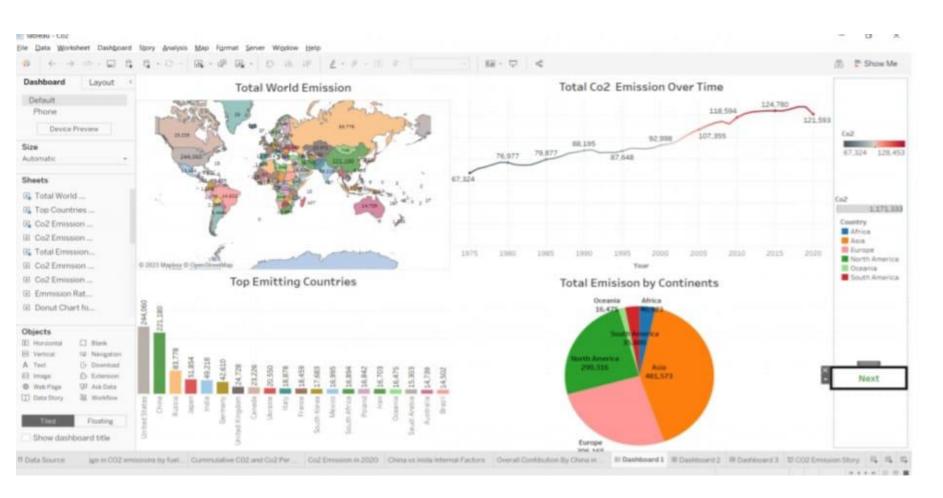
Activity 1:



Activity 2:

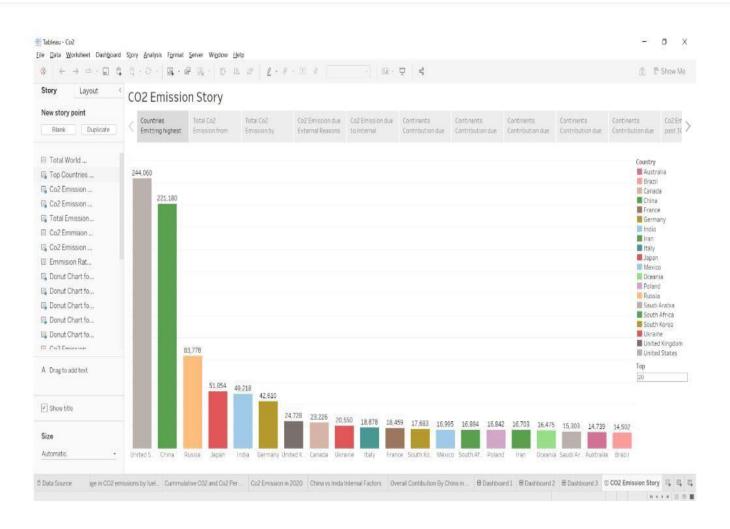


Milestone 5 : Dashboard Activity 1



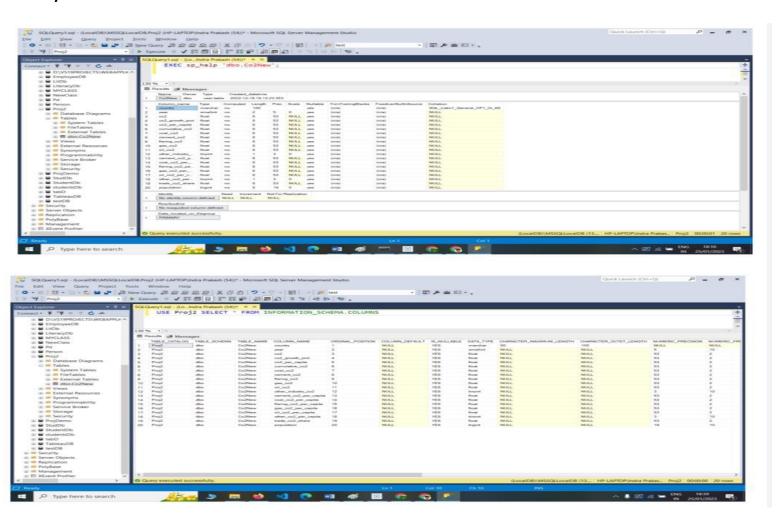
Milestone 6: Story

Activity 1:

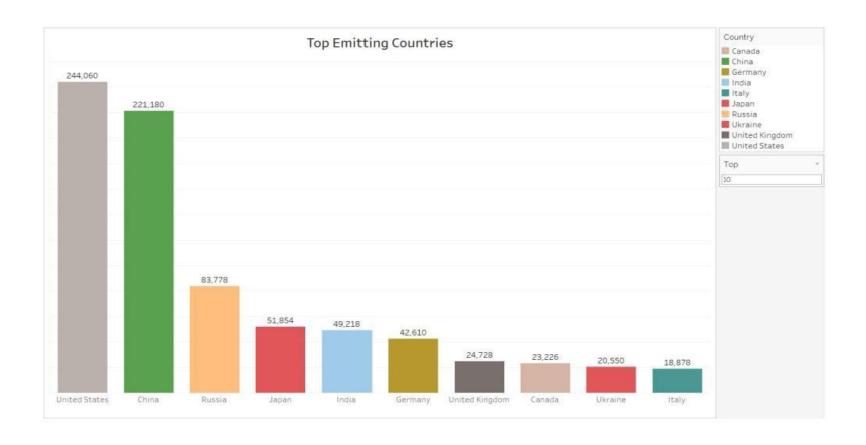


Milestone 7: Performance Testing

Activity 1:



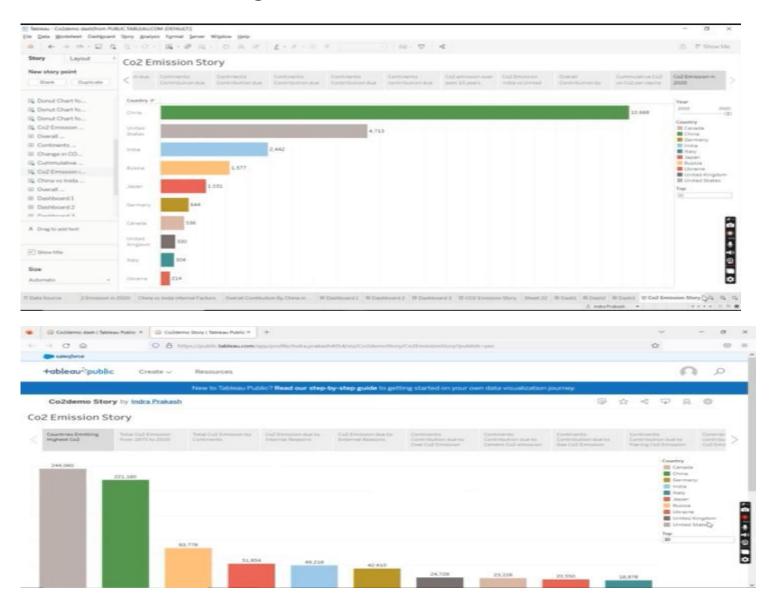
Activity 2:



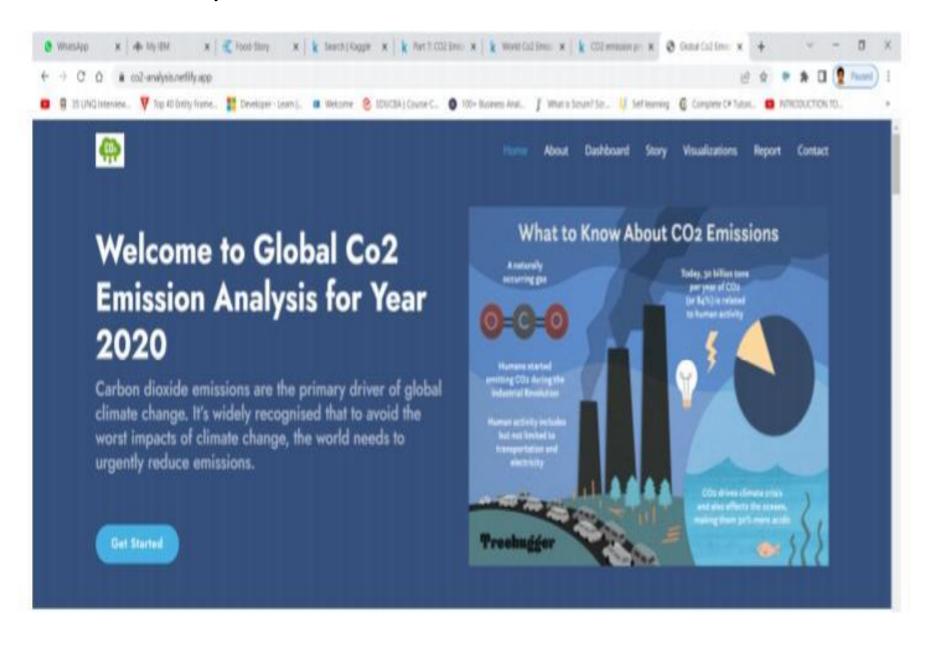
Activity 3:

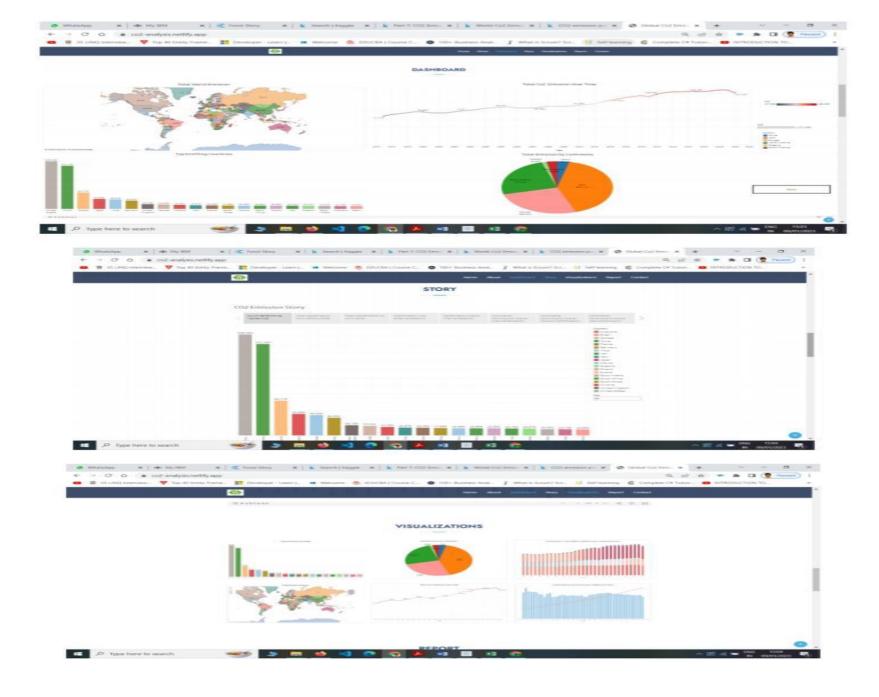
- 1. Top World Emission
- 2. Top Emitting Countries
- 3. Co2 Emission over Time
- 4. Co2 Emission India vs USA
- 5. Total Emission by Continents
- 6. Co2 Emission per Capita
- 7. Co2 Emission by International Factors
- 8. Emission Rate over Years
- 9. Donut Charts-Coal Co2, Cement Co2, Gas Co2, Oil Co2
- 10. Co2 Emission over past 10 years
- 11. Continent Contribution in Co2 Emission
- 12. Cumulative Co2 and Co2 per Capita
- 13. Co2 Emission in 2020
- 14. China vs India Co2 emission due to internal factors
- 15. Overall Contribution by China in Co2 Emission

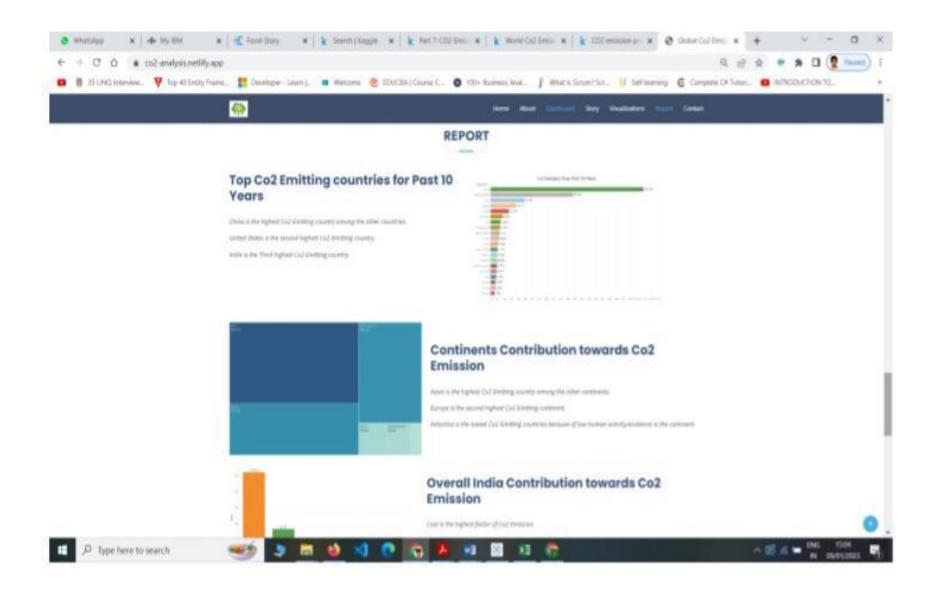
Milestone 8: Web integration



Activity 1:







Advantages:

GREENHOUSE EFFECT PROMOTES LIFE

Greenhouse gases keep our planet liveable by holding onto some of Earth's heat energy so that it does not all escape into space. This heat-trapping is known as the greenhouse effect. The greenhouse effect helps to maintain a certain temperature level on Earth's surface, making it habitable for living beings. Thanks to the greenhouse gases, the earth is warm enough to sustain life.

PROTECTION FROM DANGER

Greenhouse gases protect all living things on Earth from dangerous solar radiation. They block those parts of the solar radiation which are harmful to our existence and bounce them back into the atmosphere. The greatest example is that of UV or UltraViolet radiation. Ozone, which is one of the main greenhouse gases, acts as a shield against the UV rays entering the earth. In the absence of the ozone layer, there will be no resistance to the UV rays, and they would reach us directly

Disadvantages:

GLOBAL WARMING

This is by far the greatest disadvantage of the greenhouse effect. Global warming is the long-term warming of the planet's overall temperature. Though this warming trend has been going on for a long time, its pace has significantly increased in the last hundred years due to the burning of fossil fuels. As the human population continues to increase, so has the volume of fossil fuels being burnt.

RISE IN SEA LEVELS

As the Earth continues to warm due to the greenhouse gases, water heats up and expands causing sea levels to rise. The effects of sea-level rise are already being felt, and the forecasts are not very hopeful. First, water is increasingly invading coastal areas, causing soil erosion and threatening farmland, housing, or recreation areas. The flooding of wetlands and pollution of aquifers also occur, affecting the flora and fauna of each place, causing the loss of habitat for fish, birds, plants, and many other species.

CONCLUSION:

The building sector plays a significant part in the emissions of CO2 globally. The tremendous production and release of CO2 have led to severe consequences and repercussions contributing to climate change. The adverse effects of the non-sustainable built environment have not only put a strain on the environment but also have affected humanity.

Description:

- CO2 emissions act like a blanket in the air, trapping heat in the atmosphere, and warming up the Earth.
- This layer prevents the Earth from cooling, and thus raises global temperatures
- Global warming would affect environmental conditions, food and water supplies, weather pattern, and sea levels.

Thank You