

## Equitable Equations: *Hypothesis testing with t*

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### Instructions

For each of the following problems,

- Write null and alternative hypotheses appropriate to this study.
- Compute the  $t$ -score of the sample mean.
- Compute the  $p$ -value of the sample mean.
- Are the results statistically significant at level  $\alpha = .05$ ?
- What conclusions, if any, can be drawn from this study? Answer in ordinary human language.
- Verify your calculations using the `t.test` function.

### Problem 1

A fluorescent lamp manufacturer advertises that the mean life of their lamps is 10,000 hours. You worry that it's less. Use the `lamp` data set, available on Moodle, to test this claim at significance level  $\alpha = .05$ .

### Problem 2

A guidebook says that the average time between eruptions of the Wyoming's Old Faithful geyser is 75 minutes. Use built-in R data set `faithful` to test this claim at significance level  $\alpha = .05$ .

1) a)  $H_0: \mu = 10,000$  hours

$$H_a: \mu < 10,000 \text{ hours}$$

$$b) t = \frac{\text{mean}(\text{lamps\$hours\_of\_use}) - 10,000}{\text{sd}(\text{lamps\$hours\_of\_use}) / \sqrt{32}}$$

$$t = -1.38$$

$$c) p = pt(t, 31)$$

$$p = 0.0893$$



d)  $p > \alpha$   $\therefore$  results are statistically significant

e) The data supports the advertisement claim that the average life of a lamp is 10,000 hours.

f)  $t.test(lamps\$hours\_of\_use, alternative = "less", mu = 10000)$

$$t = -1.38$$

$$p = 0.0893$$

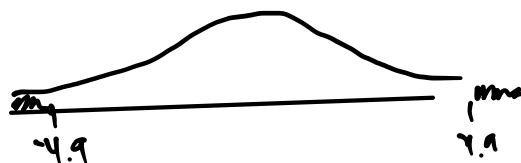
2) a)  $H_0: N = 75 \text{ min}$

$H_a: N \neq 75 \text{ min}$

$$b) t = \frac{\text{mean}(\text{faithful}\$waiting) - 75}{\text{sd}(\text{faithful}\$waiting) / \sqrt{272}}$$

$$t = -4.98$$

$$c) p = pt(t, 271) * 2$$



$$p = 1.15 \times 10^{-6} = 0.00000115$$

d)  $p < \alpha$   $\therefore$  p is not statistically significant

e) The data does not support the average waiting time of

75 minutes stated by the guidebook

f) t.test(faithful\$waiting, mu=75)

$$t = -4.98$$

$$p = 1.15 \times 10^{-6}$$