

Elements of Biophysics

Saul Pierotti

October 22, 2019

21/10/19

- The course is made of elements, it is not a complete course
- We want to understand biomolecules
- Structure-function relationship
- The scale of things
- I don't know something if I cannot describe it with a model
 - A model is an equation
- Laser time dependent X ray cristallography allows to see a molecule “breathing”
- The deeper you go in resolution, the more you have to increase the perturbation
 - Bragg diffraction theorem
- Life makes sense only in the light of thermodynamics
- A cell is held together by London forces
- Freeze fracturing
- Atomic force microscope
- rita.casadio@unibo.it
- Complexity means that there are emergent proprieties
 - We do not have models that can predict a cell from its components
- Mitosis, meiosis, apoptosis, developmental biology
- Protein synthesis
- In a cell there are at least 240k different proteins
 - Their relative concentration is of paramount importance
- We are able to label all the neurons in a mouse brain

22/10/19

- I came late
- Bonds can be polar
- Ionic bonds are 2.7/3Å long, and around -5 to -10 Kcal/mol
- Covalent bonds are around 100 Kcal/mol and they show an optimal nuclear distance, which is the bond lenght (1 – 1.4Å)
 - The typical C-C bond is 1.4Å
- Bond lenghts are calculated by X-ray diffraction studies, bond strenghts with calorimetry
- Disulphide bond are around -40 Kcal/mol, 2.07Å