Problem 1 – Arrange Integers

You are given an array of integer numbers which you need to rearrange by their **name** in the English language. For example, the integers **0**, **1**, **2**, **3**, **4**, **5**, **6**, **7**, **8**, **9** must be ordered as **8**, **5**, **4**, **9**, **1**, **7**, **6**, **3**, **2**, **0**. (eight, five, four, nine, one, seven, six, three, two, zero, i.e. sorted alphabetically)

Integers larger than ten are represented in a simplified way, for example **88** is 'eight-eight' and **1234** is 'one-two-three-four'. That means that **88** comes before **85**. If the name of one integer starts with the name of another integer, such as in **11** (one-one) and **111** (one-one-one), the smaller integer comes first.

There are no negative integers in the input.

Input

The input is on a single line – the integers to be rearranged, separated by a comma and space.

Output

• On the only output line, print the rearranged integers, in format {n1, n2, n3 ... n}

Constraints

- The input numbers are positive signed integers
- There are no more than 50 integers in the input
- Allowed time/memory: 100ms/16MB

Input	Output
0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9	8, 5, 4, 9, 1, 7, 6, 3, 2, 0

Input	Output
1111, 1, 111, 11	1, 11, 111, 1111

Input	Output
17, 32, 45, 88, 44	88, 45, 44, 17, 32

















