MODULE *ELZ*

EXTENDS *Integers*

This model describes the semantics of rendezvous signal exchange intended for C programs verification tools. These operations should not be considered as regular operators for execution.

CONSTANTS *Processes*, The numbver of processes (threads actually) that can communicate. *\
Signals, The set of names of signal that can be sent by any thread. *\
WorkingSet Values that can be assigned at any working step *\

VARIABLES *SigStates*, Describes the state of each signal transition. *\
ProcStates, Process states: working or ready. *\
ProcValues, Current values stored per process *\
SigStorage, Describes the state of each process. *\
ProcSignals Specifies the signal that expected to be received *\

$vars \triangleq \langle SigStates,\ ProcStates,\ ProcValues,\ SigStorage,\ ProcSignals \rangle$

At the very beginning, each process has a 0 value, and all processes have the same signal as a chosen one.

$$\begin{aligned} Init \triangleq\ & \land\ SigStates = [s \in Signals \mapsto \text{“idle”}] \\ & \land\ SigStorage\ = [s \in Signals \mapsto 0] \\ & \land\ ProcStates\ = [p \in Processes \mapsto \text{“working”}] \\ & \land\ ProcValues = [p \in Processes \mapsto 0] \\ & \land\ ProcSignals = [p \in Processes \mapsto 0] \end{aligned}$$

At the very beginning, each process has a 0 value, and all processes have the same signal as a chosen one.

At the working step, a process may change its values nondeterministically.

$$\begin{aligned} Working(p) \triangleq\ & \land\ ProcStates[p] = \text{“working”} \\ & \land \exists\, i \in WorkingSet :\ ProcValues' = [ProcValues \text{ EXCEPT } ![p] = i] \\ & \land \text{UNCHANGED } \langle ProcStates,\ SigStates,\ SigStorage,\ ProcSignals \rangle \end{aligned}$$

Flag action shows other processes that this process wants to receive a message.

$$\begin{aligned} Flag(p,\ s) \triangleq\ & \land\ ProcStates[p] = \text{“working”} \\ & \land\ ProcStates' = [ProcStates \text{ EXCEPT } ![p] = \text{“ready”}] \\ & \land\ SigStates[s] = \text{“idle”} \\ & \land\ SigStates' = [SigStates \text{ EXCEPT } ![s] = \text{“waiting”}] \\ & \land \text{UNCHANGED } \langle ProcValues,\ SigStorage,\ ProcSignals \rangle \end{aligned}$$

Send value to any process that waits signal “s”.

$$\begin{aligned} Send(p,\ s) \triangleq\ & \land\ ProcStates[p] = \text{“working”} \\ & \land\ SigStates[s] = \text{“waiting”} \end{aligned}$$

$\land\ SigStates' = [SigStates \text{ EXCEPT } ![s] = \text{“set”}]$
$\land\ SigStorage' = [SigStorage \text{ EXCEPT } ![s] = ProcValues[p]]$
$\land\ \text{UNCHANGED } \langle ProcStates,\ ProcValues,\ ProcSignals\rangle$

A process can receive the value that was sent by another process.

$$\begin{aligned} Receive(p,\ s) \triangleq\ & \land\ ProcStates[p] = \text{“ready”} \\ & \land\ SigStates[s] = \text{“set”} \\ & \land\ ProcSignals[p] = s \\ & \land\ ProcStates' = [ProcStates \text{ EXCEPT } ![p] = \text{“working”}] \\ & \land\ ProcValues' = [ProcValues \text{ EXCEPT } ![p] = SigStorage[s]] \\ & \land\ SigStates' = [SigStates \text{ EXCEPT } ![s] = \text{“idle”}] \\ & \land\ \text{UNCHANGED } \langle SigStorage,\ ProcSignals\rangle \end{aligned}$$

This action is an artificial one and intended for choosing another signal by a process. It is crucial preventing the change of a process'es signal when it is in the “ready” state.

$$\begin{aligned} ChangeSignal(p) \triangleq\ & \land\ ProcStates[p] = \text{“working”} \\ & \land\ \exists\, s \in Signals : ProcSignals' = [ProcSignals \text{ EXCEPT } ![p] = s] \\ & \land\ \text{UNCHANGED } \langle SigStates,\ ProcStates,\ ProcValues,\ SigStorage\rangle \end{aligned}$$

This action is an artificial one and intended for choosing another signal by a process. It is crucial preventing the change of a process'es signal when it is in the “ready” state.

Each step a process may either work, change its signal, flag and then receive a signal or send any signal.

$$\begin{aligned} Next \triangleq\ & \exists\, p \in Processes : \lor\ Working(p) \\ & \lor\ ChangeSignal(p) \\ & \lor\ \exists\, s \in Signals : \lor\ Flag(p,\ s) \\ & \qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad \lor\ Send(p,\ s) \\ & \qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad \lor\ Receive(p,\ s) \end{aligned}$$

The formula describes the behaviour of the model.

$Spec \triangleq\ Init \land \Box[Next]_{vars}$

The formula below is a type invariant.

$$\begin{aligned} TypeOK \triangleq\ & \land\ SigStates \in [Signals \to \{\text{“idle”},\ \text{“waiting”},\ \text{“set”}\}] \\ & \land\ SigStorage\ \in [Signals \to WorkingSet \cup \{0\}] \\ & \land\ ProcStates\ \in [Processes \to \{\text{“working”},\ \text{“ready”}\}] \\ & \land\ ProcValues \in [Processes \to WorkingSet \cup \{0\}] \\ & \land\ ProcSignals \in [Processes \to Signals \cup \{0\}] \end{aligned}$$

The formula below shows the correspondence between signals and processes.

$PropPending \triangleq\ \exists\, x \in Processes : ProcStates[x] = \text{“ready”} \equiv \exists\, s \in Signals : SigStates[s] \neq \text{“idle”}$

* Modification History
* Last modified *Mon Feb* 10 17:00:44 *MSK* 2020 by *zakharov*

\ * Created *Fri Feb* 07 12:23:21 *MSK* 2020 by *zakharov*