```
K9(a)
      \mathbf{geg.} : \varepsilon > 0, \, f_{\varepsilon} : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R} : x \mapsto \frac{1}{\varepsilon + x^2}
       \mathbf{z}.\mathbf{z}.: f_{\varepsilon} \in \operatorname{Lip}(\mathbb{R}) \Leftrightarrow \exists L > 0 \ \forall x,y \in \mathbb{R}: |f_{\varepsilon}(x) - f_{\varepsilon}(y)| \leqslant L |x - f_{\varepsilon}(y)| \leq L |
  \begin{split} &\mathbf{B} \colon \left| f_{\varepsilon}(x) - f_{\varepsilon}(y) \right| = \left| \frac{1}{\varepsilon + x^2} - \frac{1}{\varepsilon + y^2} \right| = \left| \frac{\varepsilon + y^2 - (\varepsilon + x^2)}{(\varepsilon + x^2)(\varepsilon + y^2)} \right| = \left| \frac{y^2 - x^2}{(\varepsilon + x^2)(\varepsilon + y^2)} \right| \\ &= \left| \frac{(y - x)(y + x)}{(\varepsilon + x^2)(\varepsilon + y^2)} \right| \stackrel{\varepsilon > 0}{\underset{x^2, y^2 > 0}{=}} \frac{|y - x||y + x|}{(\varepsilon + x^2)(\varepsilon + y^2)} \\ &\xrightarrow{\mathbf{Droject super}} \end{split}
      \Rightarrow \left|f_{\varepsilon}(x) - f_{\varepsilon}(y)\right| \leqslant |y - x| \frac{\left(\varepsilon + x^2\right) + \left(\varepsilon + y^2\right)}{\left(\varepsilon + x^2\right)\left(\varepsilon + y^2\right)} = |y - x| \left(\frac{1}{\varepsilon + y^2} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon + x^2}\right)^{|y - x| = |x - y|} \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|}}_{\mathbf{L}_{f_{\varepsilon}}} \mathbf{Z}_{|x - y|}^{|x - y|} + \underbrace
      mit |x| = \sqrt{x^2} < \sqrt{x^2 + \varepsilon} < x^2 - \frac{1}{2}
    \operatorname{geg}: f: (0; +\infty) \to \mathbb{R}: x \mapsto \frac{1}{x^2}
       \textbf{\textit{z.z.}} : f \not\in \operatorname{Lip}((0;+\infty)) \Leftrightarrow \forall L > 0 \; \exists x,y \in (0;+\infty) : |f(x)-f(y)| \geqslant L|x-y| 
      B (durch Widerspruch): Angenommen, f \in \text{Lip}((0; +\infty))
      \Rightarrow \exists L {>} 0 \ \forall x,y \,{\in} \ (0;+\infty) \colon |f(x)-f(y)| \leqslant L|x-y| \mapsto |f(x)-f(y)| 
    |f(x)-f(y)| = \left|\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{y^2}\right| = \left|\frac{y^2 - x^2}{x^2y^2}\right| = \left|\frac{(y-x)(y+x)}{x^2y^2}\right| \stackrel{x^2y^2 > 0}{=} |y-x| \cdot \frac{|x+y|}{x^2y^2} \leqslant L \cdot |y-x|
\overset{y \neq x}{\Leftrightarrow} L \geqslant \frac{|x+y|}{x^2 y^2} = \left| \frac{x+y}{x^2 y^2} \right| \overset{y = \frac{x}{2}}{\geqslant} \left| \frac{\frac{3}{2} x}{x^2 \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2} \right| = \left| \frac{3x \cdot 4}{2x^2 x^2} \right| = \left| \frac{6}{x^3} \right| \overset{x > 0}{=} \frac{6}{x}
    \Leftrightarrow x \geqslant \frac{6}{L} > 0 \Leftrightarrow x \in \left[\frac{6}{L}; +\infty\right] \Rightarrow x \in \left(0; \frac{6}{L}\right) \text{?! zu } x \in (0; +\infty)
      \Rightarrow f \notin \text{Lip}((0;+\infty))
      K9(b)
      \operatorname{\mathbf{geg.}} : f,g:D \subset \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R} \in \operatorname{Lip}(D)
                                                          \overset{\text{Lemma 3.10}}{\Rightarrow} |f-g|: D \subset \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}: x \mapsto |f(x)-g(x)| \in \operatorname{Lip}(D)
                                                              \Leftrightarrow \exists L_f {>} 0 \, \forall x,y \in D {:} \, |f(x) {-} f(y)| \leqslant L_f |x {-} y|
                                                            \Leftrightarrow \exists L_{g}{>}0 \ \forall x,y \in D \colon |g(x){-}g(y)| \leqslant L_{g}|x{-}y|
                                                              \Leftrightarrow \exists L_{f-q} > 0 \ \forall x,y \in D \colon ||f(x) - g(x)| - |f(y) - g(y)|| \leqslant L_{f-q}|x-y|
                                                            \max\{f,g\} \colon D \subset \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R} \colon x \mapsto \max\{f(x),g(x)\}
                                                            \min\{f,g\} \colon D \subset \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R} \colon x \mapsto \min\{f(x),g(x)\}
      z.z.: \max\{f,g\}, \min\{f,g\} \in \text{Lip}(D)
      \operatorname{B:} \max\{f,g\} \in \operatorname{Lip}(D) \Leftrightarrow \exists L_{\max\{f,g\}} > 0 \ \forall x,y \in D \colon |\max\{f,g\}(x) - \max\{f,g\}(y)| \leqslant L_{\max\{f,g\}}|x-y| \colon |x-y| = 1 \text{ for } x \in \mathbb{R}^n
      (\max\{f,g\})(x) = \max\{f(x),g(x)\} = \frac{f(x) + g(x) + |f(x) - g(x)|}{2}
  \begin{split} &|(\max\{f,g\})(x) - (\max\{f,g\})(y)| = \left|\frac{f(x) + g(x) + |f(x) - g(x)|}{2} - \frac{f(y) + g(y) + |f(y) - g(y)|}{2}\right| \\ &= \left|\frac{f(x) + g(x) + |f(x) - g(x)| - (f(y) + g(y) + |f(y) - g(y)|)}{2}\right| = \left|\frac{f(x) - f(y) + g(x) - g(y) + |f(x) - g(x)| - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2}\right| \\ &= \left|\frac{f(x) - f(y)}{2} + \frac{g(x) - g(y)}{2} + \frac{|f(x) - g(x)| - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2}\right| \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - f(y)}{2} + \frac{g(x) - g(y)}{2} + \frac{|f(x) - g(x)| - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2}\right| \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - f(y)}{2} + \frac{g(x) - g(y)}{2} + \frac{|f(x) - g(x)| - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - f(y)}{2} + \frac{g(x) - g(y)}{2} + \frac{|f(x) - g(x)| - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - f(y)}{2} + \frac{f(x) - g(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - f(y)}{2} + \frac{f(x) - g(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - f(y)}{2} + \frac{f(x) - g(y) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - f(y) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - g(y) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - f(y) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - g(y) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - f(y) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - f(y) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \lim_{t \to t} \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{f(x) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2}
  \overset{\text{Dreiecksungl.}}{\leqslant} \frac{1}{2} |f(x) - f(y)| + \frac{1}{2} |g(x) - g(y)| + \frac{1}{2} ||f(x) - g(x)| - |f(y) - g(y)||
    \leqslant \frac{L_f}{2} \cdot |x-y| + \frac{L_g}{2} \cdot |x-y| + \frac{L_{f-g}}{2} \cdot |x-y|
    = \left(\!\frac{L_f\!\!+\!L_g\!\!+\!\!L_{f\!-\!g}}{2}\!\right)\!\!\cdot\!|x\!-\!y| = L_{\max\{f\!,g\}}\!\cdot\!|x\!-\!y|
      \Rightarrow \max\{f,g\} \in \text{Lip}(D)
      \min\{f,g\}\in \operatorname{Lip}(D) \Leftrightarrow \exists L_{\min\{f,g\}}>0 \ \forall x,y\in D: \left|\min\{f,g\}(x)-\min\{f,g\}(y)\right|\leqslant L_{\min\{f,g\}}|x-y|:
      (\min\{f,\!g\})(x) = \min\{f(x),\!g(x)\} = \frac{f(x)\!+\!g(x)\!-\!|f(x)\!-\!g(x)|}{2}
  \begin{split} &|(\min\{f,g\})(x) - (\min\{f,g\})(y)| = \left|\frac{f(x) + g(x) - |f(x) - g(x)|}{2} - \frac{f(y) + g(y) - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2}\right| \\ &= \left|\frac{f(x) + g(x) - |f(x) - g(x)| - (f(y) + g(y) - |f(y) - g(y)|)}{2}\right| = \left|\frac{f(x) - f(y) + g(x) - g(y) - |f(x) - g(x)| + |f(y) - g(y)|}{2}\right| \\ &= \left|\frac{f(x) - f(y)}{2} + \frac{g(x) - g(y)}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)| - |f(x) - g(x)|}{2}\right| \\ &= \frac{|f(x) - f(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)| - |f(x) - g(x)|}{2} \\ &= \frac{|f(x) - f(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)| - |f(x) - g(x)|}{2} \\ &= \frac{|f(x) - f(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)| - |f(x) - g(x)|}{2} \\ &= \frac{|f(x) - f(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)| - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \frac{|f(x) - f(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)| - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \frac{|f(x) - f(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)| - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \frac{|f(x) - f(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)| - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \frac{|f(x) - f(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)| - |f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \frac{|f(x) - f(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \frac{|f(x) - f(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \frac{|f(x) - f(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)|}{2} \\ &= \frac{|f(x) - f(y)|}{2} + \frac{|f(y) - g(y)|}{2} + \frac
    \overset{\text{Dreiecksungl.}}{\leqslant} \frac{1}{2} |f(x) - f(y)| + \frac{1}{2} |g(x) - g(y)| + \frac{1}{2} ||f(y) - g(y)| - |f(x) - g(x)||
```

!!!SCHOENES WOCHENENDE!!!

 \Rightarrow Damit ist f konstant auf D.