Activity_Develop an algorithm

August 5, 2025

1 Activity: Develop an algorithm

1.1 Introduction

An algorithm is a set of steps that can be used to solve a problem. Security analysts develop algorithms to provide the solutions that they need for their work. For example, an analyst may work with users who bring them devices. The analyst may need an algorithm that first checks if a user is approved to access the system and then checks if the device that they have brought is the one assigned to them.

In this lab, you'll develop an algorithm in Python that automates this process.

Tips for completing this lab

As you navigate this lab, keep the following tips in mind:

- ### YOUR CODE HERE ### indicates where you should write code. Be sure to replace this with your own code before running the code cell.
- Feel free to open the hints for additional guidance as you work on each task.
- To enter your answer to a question, double-click the markdown cell to edit. Be sure to replace the "[Double-click to enter your responses here.]" with your own answer.
- You can save your work manually by clicking File and then Save in the menu bar at the top of the notebook.
- You can download your work locally by clicking File and then Download and then specifying your preferred file format in the menu bar at the top of the notebook.

1.2 Scenario

In this lab, you're working as a security analyst and you're responsible for developing an algorithm that connects users to their assigned devices. You'll write code that indicates if a user is approved on the system and has brought their assigned device to the security team.

1.3 Task 1

You'll work with a list of approved usernames along with a list of the approved devices assigned to these users. The elements of the two lists are synchronized. In other words, the user at index 0 in approved_users uses the device at index 0 in approved_devices. Later, this will allow you to verify if the username and device ID entered by a user correspond to each other.

First, to explore how indices in lists work, run the following code cell as is and observe the output. Then, replace each 0 with another index and run the cell to observe what happens.

Question 1 What did you observe about the output when approved_users[0] is displayed and when approved_devices[0] is displayed? What happens when you replace each 0 with another index?

Other element will be displayed

1.4 Task 2

There's a new employee joining the organization, and they need to be provided with a username and device ID. In the following code cell, you are given a username and device ID of this new user, stored in the variables new_user and new_device, respectively. Use the .append() method to add these variables to the approved_users and approved_devices respectively. Afterwards, display the approved_users and approved_devices variables to confirm the added information. Be sure to replace each ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before you run the following cell.

Hint 1

Use the .append() method to add new_user to approved_users.

Use the .append() method to add new_device to approved_devices.

Hint 2

Use the print() function to display the contents of approved_users.

Use the print() function to display the contents of approved_devices.

Question 2 After the new approved user is added, what did you observe about the output when approved_users is displayed and when approved_devices is displayed?

I see that wee added new element

1.5 Task 3

An employee has left the team and should no longer have access to the system. In the following code cell, you are given the username and device ID of the user to be removed, stored in the variables removed_user and removed_device respectively. Use the .remove() method to remove each of these elements from the corresponding list. Afterwards, display both the approved_users and the approved_devices variables to view the removed users. Run the code and observe the results. Be sure to replace each ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before you run the following cell.

```
[]: # Assign `approved_users` to a list of approved usernames
```

```
approved_users = ["elarson", "bmoreno", "tshah", "sgilmore", "eraab", __
# Assign `approved_devices` to a list of device IDs that correspond to the
→usernames in `approved_users`
approved_devices = ["8rp2k75", "hl0s5o1", "2ye3lzg", "4n482ts", "a307vir", __

¬"3rcv4w6"]

# Assign `removed_user` to the username of the employee who has left the team
removed_user = "tshah"
# Assign `removed device` to the device ID of the employee who has left the team
removed_device = "2ye3lzg"
# Remove that employee's username and device ID from `approved users` and
→ `approved_devices` respectively
approved_users.remove(removed_user)
approved devices.remove(removed device)
# Display `approved_users`
print(approved_users)
# Diplay `approved_devices`
print(approved_devices)
```

Hint 1

Use the .remove() method to remove removed_user from approved_users.

Use the .remove() method to remove removed_device from approved_devices.

Hint 2

Use the print() function to display the contents of approved_users.

Use the print() function to display the contents of approved_devices.

Question 3 After the user who left the team is removed, what did you observe about the output when approved_users is displayed and when approved_devices is displayed?

Element is not longer here anymore

1.6 Task 4

As part of verifying a user's identity in the system, you'll need to check if the user is one of the approved users. Write a conditional statement that verifies if a given username is an element of the list of approved usernames. If it is, display "The user _____ is approved to access the system.". Otherwise, display "The user _____ is not approved to access the system.". Be sure to replace each ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before you run the following cell.

Hint 1

In the if condition, be sure to check if username belongs to approved users.

Hint 2

After the if statement, use the else keyword to create an else statement that handles the case when username is not part of the approved_users.

Hint 3

Inside the else statement, use the print() function to display the message "The user _____ is not approved to access the system.".

Refer to the print() function call in the if statement and observe how commas separate a string containing the first part of the message, the username variable, and another string containing the second part of the message.

Question 4 What message do you observe in the output when username is "sgilmore"? Approved message

1.7 Task 5

The next part of the algorithm uses the .index() method to find the index of username in the approved_users and store that index in a variable named ind.

When used on a list, the .index() method will return the position of the given value in the list.

Add a statement to display ind in the following code cell to explore the value it contains. Be sure to replace the ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before you run the following cell.

Hint 1

Use the print() function to display the value of ind.

Question 5 What do you observe from the output when username is "sgilmore"? Index of this username

1.8 Task 6

This task will allow you to build your understanding of list operations for the algorithm that you'll eventually build. It will demonstrate how you can find an index in one list and then use this index to display connected information in another list. First, use the .index() method again to find the

index of username in the approved_users and store that in a variable named ind. Then, connect ind to the approved_devices and display the device ID located at the index ind. Afterwards, run the cell to observe the result. Be sure to replace each ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before you run the following cell.

Hint 1

Use the .index() method to get the index value of the username in the approved_users. Assign ind to the result.

Hint 2

To display the correct device ID from approved_devices, use ind as the index. Place ind inside the square brackets to extract the correct element from approved_devices.

Question 6 What do you observe from the output when username is "sgilmore"? "sgilmore"

1.9 Task 7

Your next step in creating the algorithm is to determine if a username and device ID correspond. To do this, write a conditional that checks if the username is an element of the approved_devices and if the device_id stored at the same index as username matches the device_id entered. You'll use the logical operator and to connect the two conditions. When both conditions evaluate to

True, display a message that the username is approved and another message that the user has their assigned device. Be sure to replace each ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before you run the following cell.

```
[]: # Assign `approved_users` to a list of approved usernames
     approved_users = ["elarson", "bmoreno", "sgilmore", "eraab", "gesparza"]
     # Assign `approved devices` to a list of device IDs that correspond to the
     →usernames in `approved_users`
     approved_devices = ["8rp2k75", "h10s5o1", "4n482ts", "a307vir", "3rcv4w6"]
     # Assign `username` to a username
     username = "sgilmore"
     # Assign `device_id` to a device ID
     device id = "4n482ts"
     # Assign `ind` to the index of `username` in `approved_users`
     ind = approved users.index(username)
     # Conditional statement
     # If `username` belongs to `approved_users`, and if the device ID at `ind` inu
     → `approved_devices` matches `device_id`,
     # then display a message that the username is approved,
     # followed by a message that the user has the correct device
     if username in approved users and device id in approved devices:
        print("The username", username, "is approved to access the system.")
        print(device_id, "is the assigned device for", username)
```

Hint 1

After the logical operator and, write the second condition in the if statement using a comparison operator to check whether the element at ind in approved_devices matches device_id.

Hint 2

Use the == comparison operator to check whether the element at ind in approved_devices matches device_id.

Question 7 What do you observe from the output when username is "sgilmore" and device id is "4n482ts"?

Access is approved

1.10 Task 8

It would also be helpful for users to receive messages when their username is not approved or their device ID is incorrect.

Add to the code by writing an elif statement. This elif statement should run when the username is part of the approved_users but the device_id doesn't match the corresponding device ID in the approved_devices. The statement should also display two messages conveying that information.

Be sure to replace each ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before you run the following cell.

(After you run the code once with a device_id of "4n482ts", you might want to explore what happens if you assign a different value to device_id.)

```
[2]: # Assign `approved_users` to a list of approved usernames
     approved_users = ["elarson", "bmoreno", "sgilmore", "eraab", "gesparza"]
     # Assign `approved_devices` to a list of device IDs that correspond to the
      →usernames in `approved_users`
     approved devices = ["8rp2k75", "h10s5o1", "4n482ts", "a307vir", "3rcv4w6"]
     # Assign `username` to a username
     username = "sgilmore"
     # Assign `device_id` to a device ID
     device_id = "4n482ts"
     # Assign `ind` to the index of `username` in `approved_users`
     ind = approved_users.index(username)
     # If statement
     # If `username` belongs to `approved users`, and if the element at `ind` in,
     → `approved_devices` matches `device_id`,
     # then display a message that the username is approved,
     # followed by a message that the user has the correct device
     if username in approved_users and device_id == approved_devices[ind]:
         print("The user", username, "is approved to access the system.")
         print(device_id, "is the assigned device for", username)
     # Elif statement
     # Handles the case when `username` belongs to `approved_users` but element at_{\sqcup}
      → `ind` in `approved_devices` does not match `device_id`,
```

```
# and displays two messages accordingly

elif username in approved_users and device_id != approved_devices[ind]:
    print("The user", username, "is approved to access the system, but", 
    device_id, "is not their assigned device.")
```

The user sgilmore is approved to access the system. 4n482ts is the assigned device for sgilmore

Hint 1

In the elif statement, use the in operator to check whether username belongs to approved_users, use a comparison operator to check whether the element at ind in approved_devices doesn't match device_id, and use a logical operator to connect these two conditions to check whether both of them are met.

Hint 2

In the elif statement, use the in operator to check whether username belongs to approved_users, use the != comparison operator to check whether the element at ind in approved_devices doesn't match device_id, and use the and logical operator to connect these two conditions to check whether both of them are met.

Question 8 What do you observe from the output when username is "sgilmore" and device_id is "4n482ts"?

The user sgilmore is approved to access the system. 4n482ts is the assigned device for sgilmore

1.11 Task 9

In this task, you'll complete your algorithm by developing a function that uses some of the code you've written in earlier tasks. This will automate the login process.

There are multiple ways to use conditionals to automate the login process. In the following code, a nested conditional is used to achieve the goals of the algorithm. There is a conditional statement inside of another conditional statement. The outer conditional handles the case when the username is approved and the case when username is not approved. The inner conditional, which is placed inside the first if statement, handles the case when the username is approved and the device_id is correct, as well as the case when the username is approved and the device_id is incorrect.

To complete this task, you must define a function named login that takes in two parameters, username and device_id. Afterwards, call the function and pass in different username and device ID combinations to experiment and observe the function's behavior. Be sure to replace the ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before you run the following cell.

```
[5]: # Assign `approved_users` to a list of approved usernames

approved_users = ["elarson", "bmoreno", "sgilmore", "eraab", "gesparza"]
```

```
→usernames in `approved_users`
approved_devices = ["8rp2k75", "hl0s5o1", "4n482ts", "a307vir", "3rcv4w6"]
# Define a function named `login` that takes in two parameters, `username` and,
→ `device id`
def login(username, device_id):
   # If `username` belongs to `approved_users`,
   if username in approved_users:
       # then display "The user ____ is approved to access the system.",
       print("The user", username, "is approved to access the system.")
       # assign `ind` to the index of `username` in `approved_users`,
       ind = approved_users.index(username)
       # and execute the following conditional
       # If `device_id` matches the element at the index `ind` in_
→ `approved_devices`,
       if device_id == approved_devices[ind]:
         # then display "____ is the assigned device for ____"
         print(device_id, "is the assigned device for", username)
       # Otherwise.
       else:
         # display "____ is not their assigned device"
         print(device_id, "is not their assigned device.")
   # Otherwise (part of the outer conditional and handles the case when \Box
→ `username` does not belong to `approved_users`),
   else:
       # Display "The user ____ is not approved to access the system."
```

```
print("The username", username, "is not approved to access the system.")

# Call the function you just defined to experiment with different username and device_id combinations

login("elarson", "4n482ts")
```

The user elarson is approved to access the system. 4n482ts is not their assigned device.

Hint 1

Use the def keyword to start the function definition.

Hint 2

After the def keyword, specify the name of the function, followed by parantheses and a colon. Inside the parantheses, specify the parameters that the function takes in.

To call the function, write the name of the function, followed by parantheses, and pass in the username and device ID that you want to experiment with.

Hint 3

After the def keyword, write login(username, device_id): to complete the function definition header.

To call the function, write login(), and pass in the username and device ID that you want to experiment with, separated by a comma. Keep in mind that the arguments you pass in are string data.

Question 9 After Python enters the inner conditional, what happens when the device_id is correct, and what happens when the device_id is incorrect?

When it's correct access is approved, when incorrect access is not approved

1.12 Conclusion

What are your key takeaways from this lab?

We learned how to build an algorithm