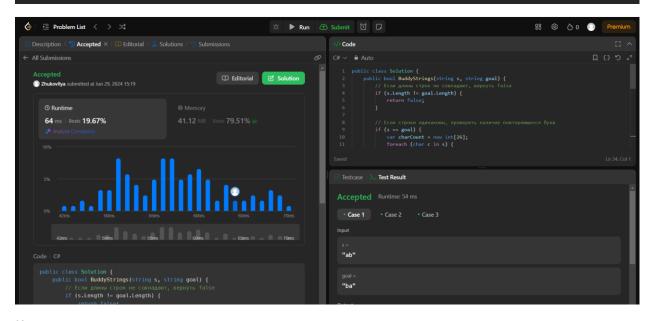
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859. Buddy Strings
                                                                                     Solved ⊘
Given two strings s and goal, return true if you can swap two letters in s so the result is equal to goal,
otherwise, return false.
Swapping letters is defined as taking two indices i and j (0-indexed) such that i != j and swapping the
characters at s[i] and s[j].
• For example, swapping at indices 0 and 2 in "abcd" results in "cbad".
Example 1:
  Input: s = "ab", goal = "ba"
  Output: true
  Explanation: You can swap s[0] = 'a' and s[1] = 'b' to get "ba", which is equal
  to goal.
Example 2:
  Input: s = "ab", goal = "ab"
  Output: false
  Explanation: The only letters you can swap are s[0] = 'a' and s[1] = 'b', which
  results in "ba" != goal.
Example 3:
```



Код:

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
public class Solution
{
    public bool BuddyStrings(string s, string goal)
```

```
{
        // Если длины строк не совпадают, вернуть false
        if (s.Length != goal.Length)
            return false;
        }
        // Если строки одинаковы, проверить наличие повторяющихся букв
        if (s == goal)
            var charCount = new int[26];
            foreach (char c in s)
                charCount[c - 'a']++;
                if (charCount[c - 'a'] > 1)
                    return true; // Найдена повторяющаяся буква
                }
            return false; // Повторяющихся букв нет
        }
        // Найти индексы, где строки отличаются
        List<int> diff = new List<int>();
        for (int i = 0; i < s.Length; i++)</pre>
        {
            if (s[i] != goal[i])
                diff.Add(i);
            }
        }
        // Проверить, что количество различий ровно два и можно ли их поменять
        return diff.Count == 2 &&
               s[diff[0]] == goal[diff[1]] \&\&
               s[diff[1]] == goal[diff[0]];
    }
}
```