

720. Longest Word in Dictionary

Solved

Medium Topics Companies Hint

Given an array of strings `words` representing an English Dictionary, return *the longest word in `words` that can be built one character at a time by other words in `words`*.

If there is more than one possible answer, return the longest word with the smallest lexicographical order. If there is no answer, return the empty string.

Note that the word should be built from left to right with each additional character being added to the end of a previous word.

Example 1:

Input: `words = ["w","wo","wor","worl","world"]`

Output: `"world"`

Explanation: The word "world" can be built one character at a time by "w", "wo", "wor", and "worl".

Example 2:

Input: `words = ["a","banana","app","appl","ap","apply","apple"]`

Output: `"apple"`

Explanation: Both "apply" and "apple" can be built from other words in the dictionary. However, "apple" is lexicographically smaller than "apply".

The screenshot shows a code editor with the problem description on the left and a C# solution on the right. The problem description includes the title, difficulty level (Medium), and examples. The C# solution is a class named `Solution` with a method `LongestWord` that sorts the words lexicographically and iterates through them to find the longest word that can be built from other words in the dictionary.

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;

public class Solution {
    public string LongestWord(string[] words) {
        Array.Sort(words); // Sort the words array lexicographically

        HashSet<string> built = new HashSet<string>(); // Set to track valid words
        string result = "";

        foreach (var word in words) {

```

Код:

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;

public class Solution
{
    public string LongestWord(string[] words)

```

```

    {
        Array.Sort(words); // Sort the words array lexicographically

        HashSet<string> built = new HashSet<string>(); // Set to track valid words
        string result = "";

        foreach (var word in words)
        {
            if (word.Length == 1 || built.Contains(word.Substring(0, word.Length -
1)))
            {
                built.Add(word); // Add the current word to the set
                if (word.Length > result.Length)
                {
                    result = word;
                }
            }
        }

        return result;
    }
}

```