LOGIK U12

Thursday, December 17, 2020 6:12 PM

Exists

$$y = f(x)$$
 $x = f(x)$
 $f(x)$
 $f(x)$

$$\begin{cases} \{2(x,y,b), \forall p(3(x)), \forall p(y)\} \\ y = \{(x) \\ (1) \leq \{(x,y,b), \forall (x), b), \forall p(f(x))\} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} (1) \leq p(y,y), 2(x,y,b) \\ \{(x) = \{(4,y), x \leq y\} \end{cases}$$

$$x=x$$
 $f(x) = f(x) = f(y) = f(y) = f(x)$

f(x) = f(x) = 5x=9 05= f(x)=19) => & gibt Name Resolvente!

(1) < p()(y)), 2(x, y, e))
(3) (72 ()(x)), 5, a), 72 (x, siy), (xx)) }

y = f(g) =) En gibt Kuhe Resolvente

1ρ(b, ν, 9), 72 (9, 6, 2) {

{πρ(x, c, α), 72 (0, 82)}

, 5 = x => 5 = c => & gibt κων Resolvente

) x = c

) x = c